# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

## FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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Finance Director

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Controller

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www.miamidade.gov



#### **MIAMI-DADE COUNTY**

Carlos Alvarez
Mayor

#### **BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS**

Dennis C. Moss Chairman

José "Pepe" Diaz Vice-Chairman

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Dorrin D. Rolle

District 2

Audrey M. Edmonson

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Sally A. Heyman

District 4

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District 5

Rebeca Sosa

District 6

Carlos A. Gimenez

District 7

District 8

**Katy Sorenson** 

Dennis C. Moss

District 9

**Senator Javier D. Souto** 

District 10

Joe A. Martinez

District 11

José "Pepe" Diaz

District 12

Natacha Seijas

District 13

Harvey Ruvin
Clerk of Courts

Pedro J. Garcia Property Appraiser

George M. Burgess County Manager

Robert A. Cuevas, Jr.

County Attorney



## **Delivering Excellence Every Day**

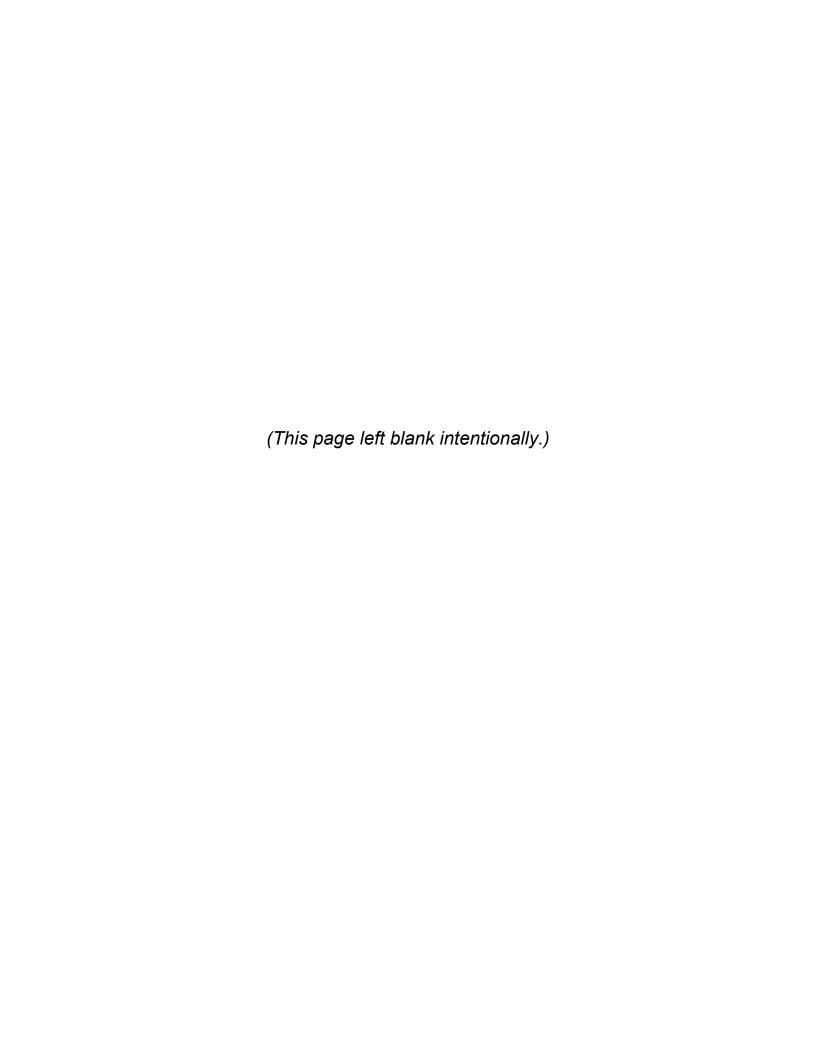
### **Our Mission**

Delivering excellent public services that address our community's needs and enhance our quality of life

## **Our Guiding Principles**

In Miami-Dade County government we are committed to being:

- Customer-focused and Customer-driven
  - ➤ Honest, Ethical, and Fair to All



### MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

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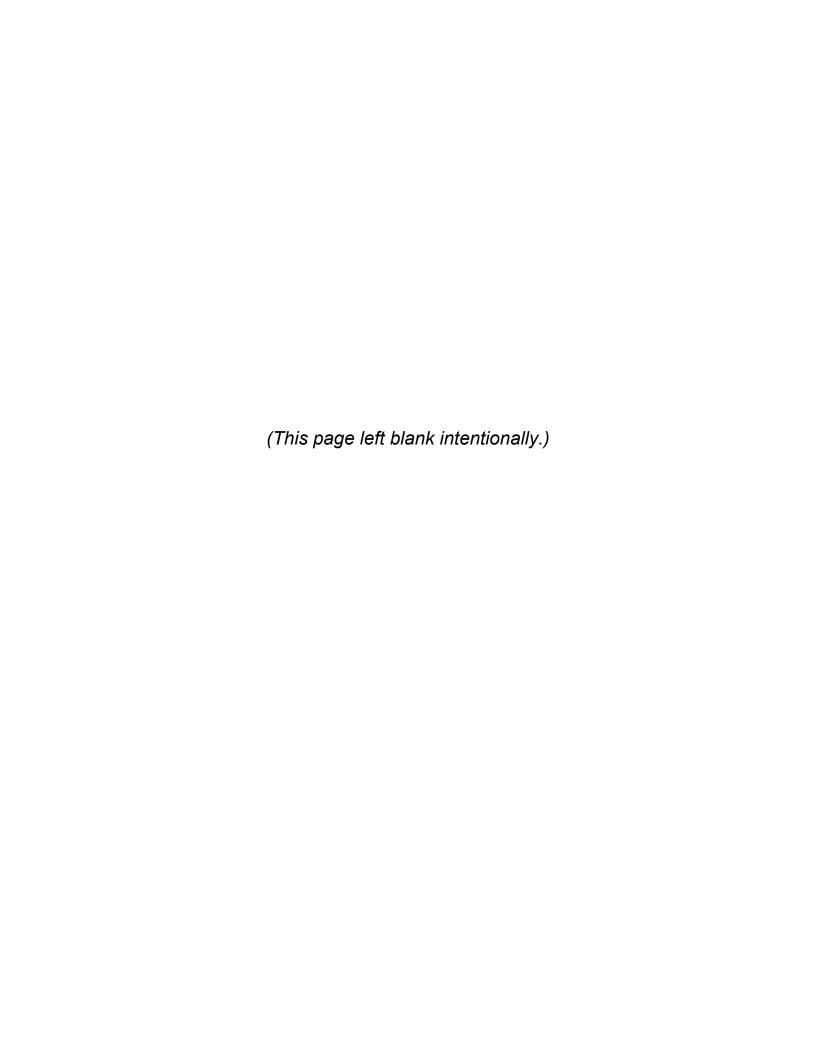
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## **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Miami-Dade County Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
September 30, 2008

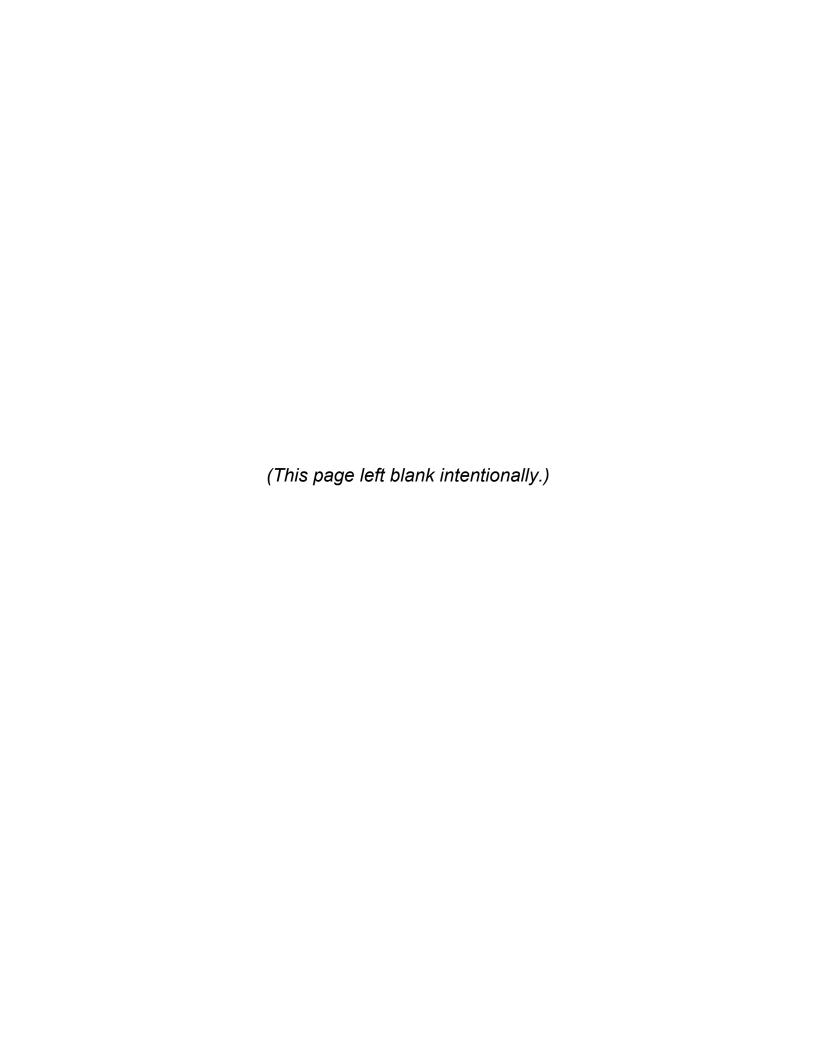
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



AR

President

Executive Director





**Finance Department** 

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May 18, 2010

Honorable Carlos Alvarez, Mayor

Honorable Dennis C. Moss, Chairman and Members of the Board of County Commissioners

Honorable Harvey Ruvin, Clerk

Mr. George M. Burgess, County Manager

Citizens of Miami-Dade County

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present the Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "County") Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, pursuant to Florida State law. The financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and audited by a firm of independent certified public accountants retained by the County and paid from its public funds. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, the County received an unqualified opinion from its independent auditor.

This report may also be accessed via the internet at http://www.miamidade.gov/finance/.

Responsibility for the accuracy and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with management of the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activity have been included. Miami-Dade County has established comprehensive internal controls designed to ensure that the County's assets are protected from loss, theft or misuse and adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). Because the cost of internal control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, the County's internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met.

#### **Profile of the Government**

Miami-Dade County is located along the southeast tip of the Florida peninsula, bounded by Biscayne Bay and the Atlantic Ocean to the east, Everglades National Park to the west, the Florida Keys to the south, and Broward County to the north. It occupies an area of more than 2,000 square miles, one-third of which is located in the Everglades National Park. The total population served by the County is more than 2.3 million, including approximately one million in its 35 municipalities and the rest in the unincorporated area. Due to its proximity and high volume of travel and trade within the region, Miami-Dade County is often referred to as the "Gateway to Latin America and the Caribbean."

#### Government Structure and Services Provided



The State Legislature in 1955 approved and submitted to a general election a constitutional amendment designed to give a new form of government to the County. The amendment was approved in a statewide general election in November 1956. A Dade County Charter Board

was constituted and, in April 1957, it completed a draft of a charter for the County. The proposed charter was adopted in a County-wide election in May 1957 and became effective on July 20, 1957 (the "Charter"). The electors of the County are granted power to revise and amend the Charter from time to time by County-wide vote. The County has home-rule powers, subject only to the limitations of the Constitution and general laws of the State. The County has, in effect, a county government with certain powers effective throughout the entire County, including 35 municipalities located within the County, and a municipal government for the unincorporated area of the County. The County has not displaced or replaced the cities, but supplements them.

On January 23, 2007, the electors of Miami-Dade approved an amendment to the Home Rule Charter which established a Strong Mayor form of government. This amendment expands the Mayor's powers over administrative matters. The County Manager, who previously was chief administrator, now reports directly to the Mayor. The Mayor has the authority to hire, fire and set the salary of the County Manager. Under this new system, the Mayor also appoints all department heads.

On January 29, 2008, a charter amendment was approved to make the Property Appraiser an elected position. November 4, 2008 was the first election for a Property Appraiser in Miami-Dade County.

The Clerk of the Board is a separate, duly elected constitutional officer as mandated by Article V, Section 16 of the Constitution of the State of Florida. The Clerk is elected to a four-year term by the electorate of Miami-Dade County. In this capacity, the Clerk serves as the Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, County Recorder, County Auditor, custodian of all County funds, and custodian of all records filed with the Court.

The Board of County Commissioners is the legislative body, consisting of 13 members elected from single-member districts. Members are elected to serve four-year terms, and elections of members are staggered. The Board chooses a Chairperson, who presides over the Commission, as well as appoints the members of its legislative committees. The Board has a wide array of powers to enact legislation, create departments, and regulate business operating within the County. It also has the power to override the Mayor's veto with a two-thirds vote.

Miami-Dade County provides a full range of services, including, but not limited to, police and fire protection; health services, to include the operation of a major hospital and various neighborhood health clinics; mass transportation; sanitation; water and sewer services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure; libraries; correctional facilities; parks, recreational and cultural facilities and events; the operation of an airport system, including an international airport, three general aviation airports and a training airport; and a full service seaport.

The financial reporting entity under which the financial statements are prepared includes all the organizations, activities and functions for which the County as the primary government is financially accountable.

#### **Budgetary Process and Control**

State of Florida statutes require that all county governments prepare, approve, adopt and execute an annual budget for such funds as may be required by law or by sound financial practices. In compliance with this, the budgets adopted by the County are either appropriated or non-appropriated in nature. Funds that have legally appropriated budgets cannot legally exceed their appropriations. The budgetary controls over funds that have non-appropriated budgets are set by enabling ordinances, such as Bond Ordinances, in which the expenditure authority extends many years into the future.

Budgets are monitored at varying levels of classification detail; however, expenditures cannot legally exceed total appropriations at the individual fund/department level. Amendments and supplements to the budget require BCC approval. Estimated beginning fund balances available for financing current appropriations are considered in the budgetary process. Budget and actual comparison for the General Fund is presented in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section of the CAFR. Budget and actual comparisons for other governmental funds, except Capital Projects Funds, are presented as supplementary information in the financial section of the report. Capital Projects Funds are budgeted on a multi-year basis.

As an additional control, the County employs an encumbrance system that reduces available appropriations in governmental funds upon issuance of purchase orders, contracts or other forms of legal commitments. Encumbrances at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, but are accounted for as a reservation of fund balance.

#### **Long-Term Debt Management**

The County continues to obtain, in an efficient and innovative manner, long-term financing for the construction or acquisition of various long-term assets. It is management's objective to adequately plan and meet the County's comprehensive construction demands for essential capital improvements and equipment, and, at the same time, ensure that the residents of the community are not overburdened with general obligation long-term debt payable from ad valorem taxes.











#### Enterprise Operations

The County operates the following enterprise funds: the Transit Agency, Solid Waste Department, the Seaport Department, the Aviation Department, the Water and Sewer Department, the Public Health Trust, the Rickenbacker Causeway, the Vizcaya Art Museum, the Section 8 Allocation Properties and Mixed Income Properties funds. Following is a brief introduction to the County's major enterprise departments.

#### Transit Agency

Miami-Dade Transit ("MDT") is the 14<sup>th</sup> largest public transit system in the nation and the largest in Florida. MDT operates a unified public transit system consisting of buses, a 22.4-mile above ground heavy rail system and a 4.4 mile automated guide-way system. As one of the largest transit systems, MDT carries approximately 45% of all transit trips in the State of Florida. Today's MDT has a viable four-mode system—Metrobus, Metrorail, Metromover, and Special Transportation System—used by over 360,800 passengers daily.



On November 5, 2002, the voters of Miami-Dade County approved a County ordinance proposed by the Board of County Commissioners to levy and impose a one-half percent Charter County Transit System Surtax (the Transit Surtax) for the purpose of funding transit and roadway improvements in Miami-Dade County and partially cover MDT's operating and maintenance costs. The Peoples Transportation Plan (PTP) listed specific transit and roadway improvements to be supported by the proposed one-half percent Transit Surtax.

The Transit Surtax proceeds may be used to meet both capital and operating needs. Eligible application includes bus service improvements, fixed guideway, rapid transit improvements, major highway and road improvements, and neighborhood improvements. Changes to County projects detailed in the PTP must go through the Citizens' Independent Transportation Trust and ultimately be approved by the County Commission. Additionally, 20% of the sales tax proceeds shall be distributed annually to municipalities in Miami-Dade County in existence at the time the tax was adopted, based upon a pro-rata share determined by population, for transportation and transit improvements.

#### Solid Waste

The Department of Solid Waste Management's principal responsibilities may be categorized as the collection, transfer, disposal, and recycling of municipal solid waste. The Department primarily provides solid waste services to single-family residential units (including certain multi-family units such as duplexes) and a small number of commercial and multi-family accounts in the unincorporated portions of the County. The Department

has entered into long-term interlocal agreements with 18 municipalities to provide solid waste disposal services and 11 municipalities for curbside recycling. It also provides solid waste collection services to the City of Aventura, the City of Doral, the City of Miami Gardens, the City of Sunny Isles Beach, the City of Sweet Water, the Town of Cutler Bay, the Town of Miami Lakes, the Village of Palmetto Bay and the Village of Pinecrest.

The Department is responsible for the operation of a variety of facilities, including Resources Recovery (waste-to-energy facility), landfills, transfer stations and neighborhood Trash and Recycling Centers. The Department is also responsible for meeting the State's countywide environmental compliance objectives, such as the State's 30% waste reduction goal, which is achieved primarily through recycling.

#### **Seaport Department**



The Seaport Department operates the Dante B. Fascell Port of Miami-Dade ("Port"). The Port is the largest cruise home port in the world and is among the top 12 container ports in the U.S. The Port is an island port and, as such, occupies approximately 640 acres of land. For fiscal year 2009 the Seaport handled approximately 4.1 million passengers. During the same period, approximately 6.8 million tons of

cargo and close to .8 million twenty-foot equivalent units (TEU's) were processed through the Seaport.

#### **Aviation Department**

The Miami-Dade County Aviation Department ("MDAD") operates the Miami International Airport ("MIA"), as well as three general aviation airports and a training airport. The general aviation airports provide a significant role as they serve to alleviate traffic at MIA. MIA is currently ranked number one in the U.S. for international freight and third for international passengers. MIA and related aviation industries contribute over 242,000 jobs directly and indirectly to the South Florida economy.

#### Water and Sewer Department



The Miami-Dade County Water and Sewer Department ("WASD") operates the County's water and wastewater systems. The WASD's water system, considered the largest water utility in the Southeast United States, serves approximately 418,000 retail customers and 15 wholesale customers within the County. The wastewater system serves approximately 336,000 retail

customers and 13 wholesale customers.

#### Public Health Trust

The Public Health Trust (the Trust) was created in October 1973 to provide for an independent governing body responsible for the operation, governance, and maintenance of designated health facilities. These facilities include Jackson Memorial Hospital, a teaching hospital operating in association with the University of Miami School of Medicine, Jackson North (formerly Parkway Regional Medical Center), Jackson South (formerly Deering Hospital), and several primary care centers and clinics throughout Miami-Dade County.

On September 3, 1991, the voters of the County approved the imposition of a one-half percent health care surtax (the Surtax) on sales transactions occurring in Miami-Dade County. The Surtax proceeds are considered unrestricted tax revenue of the Trust and shall be used only for the operation, maintenance and administration of Jackson Memorial Hospital. Additionally, the County is required to provide the Trust with a Maintenance of Effort (MOE) payment calculated as 11.873% times the millage rate levied for countywide purposes in fiscal year 2007, times 95% of the preliminary tax roll for the upcoming fiscal year, and multiplying 11.873% of general fund non-ad valorem revenues (with the exception of local and state gas taxes).

#### Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements primarily focuses on the County's financial position, as measured by its existing resources and claims on those resources. However, the County's financial condition is best understood when the focus is on both existing and future resources and potential claims on those resources. This broader concept is used to assess its financial condition, which reflects the current financial position as well as the prospects that today's financial position will improve or deteriorate.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK**

The Miami-Dade economy experienced a downturn following the effects of the same recessionary conditions driving the national economy. It was recognized that the economic conditions of the time might be affecting Miami-Dade, mainly due to the national recession that began in December 2007.

A major part of Miami-Dade's economic strength comes from the two engines powering its economy, the visitor industry and national and international trade and commerce. The year-over-year increases in these two sectors were not replicated in fiscal 2009, partly due to the slowdown in the U.S. economy. Along with the domestic economy, there was also a significant contraction in the global economy, particularly in Europe and South America, which faced similar situations to those in the U.S. These conditions had a negative impact on the number of visitors and the volume of exports.

#### **EMPLOYMENT**

In fiscal year 2009, nonagricultural wage and salary employment (annual average) declined for the second year in a row, recording an overall loss of around 35,900 jobs. In tandem with the employment losses, the unemployment rate continued its upward

trend of the past year and rose by more than 3.5%, averaging 8.9% for the year compared to 5.3% in 2008.

In conjunction with the losses in total employment, the number of businesses fell off from the 2008 level, as they recorded a loss of almost 2,550 establishments during the 2009 fiscal year, down by 2.9%.

#### REAL ESTATE MARKET



Traditionally, the real estate sector in Miami-Dade County is closely monitored and is viewed as one of the critical measures of the County's economic health. In fiscal year 2009, the residential portion of the market picked up an active sales pace and closed with an upward trend in sales activity, as the housing industry is showing early signs

toward recovery. The commercial real estate market, however, closed with sharp declines in sales activity.

During fiscal year 2009, sales of existing single-family homes increased 53.5% and existing condominium sales increased 36.6%. This positive performance in home sales can be attributed to the stable or slightly falling mortgage rates. Part of this was also the result of a higher demand for housing fueled by federal tax credits and other incentives for homebuyers.

The number of building permits for residential units was significantly down by 57.3% to about 1,547 units for fiscal year 2009 compared with about 3,619 units in fiscal year 2008.

Miami-Dade's commercial real estate market continues to remain well-positioned for long term growth. However, the near-term future remains bleak as an oversupply of office and industrial space exists in the market, and it will take some time for demand to catch up.

#### **SALES INDICATORS**

Economic activity, as measured by taxable sales, was on the minus-side throughout fiscal year 2009, probably reflecting lack of confidence and uncertainty in how consumers feel about the economy. Total taxable sales were down 9.2%, with retail sales alone declining by 8.0% compared to the previous year. Atypically, as was the case in the past three fiscal years, Miami-Dade County fared somewhat better than the State in relative taxable sales.

#### **INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND COMMERCE**

One of the best indicators of the Miami-Dade's economic performance during the fiscal year was in the area of international trade and commerce. International trade activity, which in previous years had been a major driving force for growth in the local economy, slowed down considerably in 2009, posting sizable declines in both exports and imports. While these trends in trade are not welcomed, Miami-Dade has outperformed most of the country, where the declines in import-export marks have been steeper. This latter fact demonstrates the area's strategic position to produce higher volumes of trade-

related services relative to most trading hubs and the ability to remain competitive, even amid the country's economic recession. Traditionally, most U.S. goods are exported from the Miami Customs District to South America, Central America, and the Caribbean. With the economies of the countries in these regions suffering from the throes of the global recession in 2009, there were reductions in purchases and less demand for shipping supplies of essential goods, such as industrial machinery, and high-tech products and parts. This contributed to a decrease of exports.

Two of Miami-Dade County's barometers of trade activity are the freight tonnage moving through MIA and the Seaport. Overall air freight tonnage was down by 18.5%, following the same trend as in the previous year. At the Seaport, cargo tonnage figures were down by 8.8%, moving in the same direction as in the prior year. There are expectations that economic conditions in this area's major trading partners, particularly in the South America region, will improve and that the dollar will further weaken. As a result, most trade experts are in close agreement regarding international commerce in Miami-Dade, and predict higher volume levels in freight and cargo tonnage moving through its ports in the coming year.

#### **TOURISM**



Following several years of record visitations, the tourism sector showed total visitors down by 1.6% in 2009. In total, 11.9 million people visited Miami-Dade County during the year. Miami-Dade County has a visitor market mix of 52.3% domestic and 47.7% international. Despite these declines, visitor satisfaction with their stay continued at high levels as travelers are noting the increase in improved attractions,

upgraded and expanded hotels, and great beaches.

In 2009, visitors spent \$16.6 billion, about half a billion less than the \$17.1 billion of total expenditures in 2008. This decline is more likely due to lower lodging rates among travelers. As in the past, the major portion of total expenditures can be attributed to international visitor spending.

Along with the lower number of visitors, hotel booking activity recorded some significant declines in fiscal year 2009. Hotel occupancy rate had dropped from 72.5% to 65.7% on a year-round basis, moving in the same direction as the 1% decline in the previous year. Given the current economic situation and with many additional rooms entering the market, the industry could face a fairly lengthy period of stable or even lower occupancy levels.

#### **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

After a year of a significant deceleration in economic growth, fiscal year 2010 is on track as another year of constrained expectations for Miami-Dade County with prospects similar, but somewhat better, than the previous year. As the U.S. economy continues to struggle to emerge from the recession, a generally ambivalent macro-based view can be drawn about the performance of Miami-Dade's economy from the leading indicators measured by job losses, high unemployment, and weak consumer spending. Most of the unfavorable conditions center on the area's job and real estate markets. These are the markets that will, by and large, define the local economy in the coming year.

While no significant decline appears likely, there is still a bit of optimism due in part to the return of discretionary travelers and improvements in corporate bookings in 2010. Another reason for optimism is the hosting of major events like the Super Bowl and the Miami International Boat Show.

For the tourism, merchandise trade, transportation, and real estate segments of our economy, forecasts call for a mixture of gainers and losers. In terms of job growth in the various sectors, there may be small gains in the education and health services sector and perhaps the wholesale trade sector in the coming year. At the same time, the real estate sector is a big question mark hanging over the economy, as housing remains one of the weakest links for economic recovery. The residential component is still undergoing a price correction with the problem of a large inventory, especially that of condos, and high foreclosure rates. This may result in negative contributions to economic growth and cut short the economic recovery.

In general, the Miami-Dade economy is not strongly influenced by national conditions. Yet, volatile market trends at the national level coupled with unexpected situations at the international level, could influence the growth of the area's key economic sectors.

In summary, fiscal year 2010 is foreseen as a year of hope amid signs of recovery for the Miami-Dade County economy and its most vital industries, including trade, transportation, tourism, and real estate. While an improvement is taking place in some of the economic indicators, many others, including job restoration, will still lag behind. Given their uncertainty about the future, employers are likely to remain cautious about hiring, and that may be a key determinant on the pace of recovery.

#### Construction Management



The County's Adopted Capital Budget and Multi-Year Capital Plan, covering the period October 1, 2009 through September 30, 2015 and future years, includes 787 capital projects with programmed expenditures across all Strategic Areas that total \$21.35 billion. Of this total, 4.6% represents the Public Safety Strategic Area including animal services, corrections, fire

rescue, court facilities, and police; 47.6% comprises the Transportation Strategic Area with aviation improvements comprising 63.5%, public transit improvements comprising 22.5%, roadway improvements comprising 8.3% and seaport improvements comprising 5.7%. Capital projects in the Recreation and Culture Strategic Area comprise 7.4% of the total, and Neighborhood and Unincorporated Municipal Services comprises 33.7%, with 88.6% of that figure relating to water and wastewater improvements. The remaining 6.7% of the Multi-Year Capital Improvement Plan includes the Strategic Areas of Health and Human Services, Economic Development and Enabling Strategies (internal service functions).

Major capital projects programmed to commence or continue in FY 2009-10 include:

- Construction of a new Children's Courthouse downtown and renovation of an existing facility to provide mental health services for individuals in the criminal justice system
- Continued construction of the Earlington Heights Miami Intermodal Center segment of the Orange Line connecting to the existing Metrorail, funded through the People's Transportation Plan
- Completion of a new fire rescue training facility in Doral and construction of a new ocean rescue facility at Haulover Park
- Ongoing construction of a new library, police station, and regional Head Start center complex in the north central portion of the County
- Construction close out of the new South Terminal and ongoing new construction of the North Terminal at Miami International Airport
- Ongoing restoration of the exterior façade of the historic Dade County Courthouse

The Building Better Communities General Obligation Bond Program, approved by the electorate in 2004, continues with at least two bond series during 2010, one up to \$51 million for a ballpark stadium project at the old Orange Bowl site, and one up to \$280 million for new and ongoing project funding, based on the approved debt service millage of 0.285.

The Capital Improvement Plan includes continuing the Quality Neighborhoods Improvement Bond Program (QNIP), with QNIP IV continuing from the prior year made up of \$8 million of prior years' earned interest and a programmed \$22 million new issuance. QNIP addresses infrastructure needs including sidewalks, local road paving and drainage, and local park improvements. Bond proceeds and interest are distributed by commission district based on unincorporated population and unincorporated square miles in each commission district.

Fuel tax collections include a programmed \$15.1 million of Constitutional and \$19.1 million of Capital Improvements Local Option Fuel Tax to be allocated for transportation projects benefitting both unincorporated and countywide projects in public works and transit.

Funding sources for programmed capital improvement expenditures in the Adopted Capital Budget and Multi-Year Capital Plan are allocated as follows:

(\$ in 000's)	Adopted FY 2010 Multi-Year Capital Plan			pital Plan		
Sources of Funds		Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent
Debt Proceeds	\$	1,771,497	57.74%	\$	16,910,154	79.20%
County Proprietary Operations	,	143,934	4.69%	•	1,013,803	4.75%
Federal		229,290	7.47%		1,450,570	6.79%
State		150,229	4.90%		724,195	3.39%
Impact Fees and Contributions		35,105	1.14%		390,082	1.83%
Fuel Taxes		34,150	1.11%		271,642	1.27%
Other		115,200	3.76%		590,161	2.76%
Carryover (All Sources)		588,493	19.18%			0.00%
Total	\$	3,067,898	100.00%	\$	21,350,607	100.00%

(\$ in 000's)	Adopted FY 2010			Multi-Year Capital Plan		
Uses of Funds		Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent
Public Safety		165,895	5.41%	\$	979,269	4.59%
Transportation		1,412,635	46.05%		10,157,160	47.57%
Recreation and Culture		387,113	12.62%		1,573,999	7.37%
Neighborhood and UMSA		591,887	19.29%		7,194,020	33.69%
Health and Human Services		266,794	8.70%		726,522	3.40%
Economic Development		56,970	1.86%		287,661	1.35%
Enabling Strategies		186,604	6.08%		431,976	2.02%
Total	\$	3,067,898	100.00%	\$	21,350,607	100.00%

#### CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Miami-Dade County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008. This is the 28<sup>th</sup> occasion the County has received this award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The preparation and completion of this CAFR represents the culmination of numerous processes performed by many of the accountants throughout the County departments, and of the continued excellent cooperation and assistance of all of the accounting firms associated with the audit of the County's operations. We would like to thank the Research Section of the Department of Planning and Zoning for providing the information regarding our economy. In particular, we wish to express our appreciation to the staff of the Finance Department who were responsible for compiling and collating the data comprising this report, and for developing our underlying financial accounting theory.

Finally, your guidance and cooperation in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the County in a responsible and progressive manner is greatly appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,

CARTER HAMMER

Finance Director

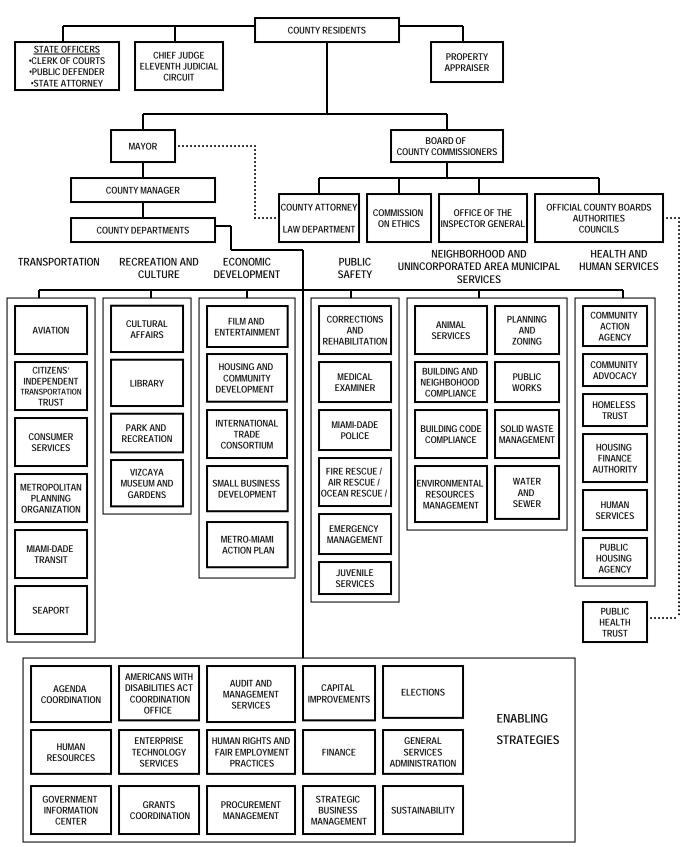
**GRACIELA CESPEDES** 

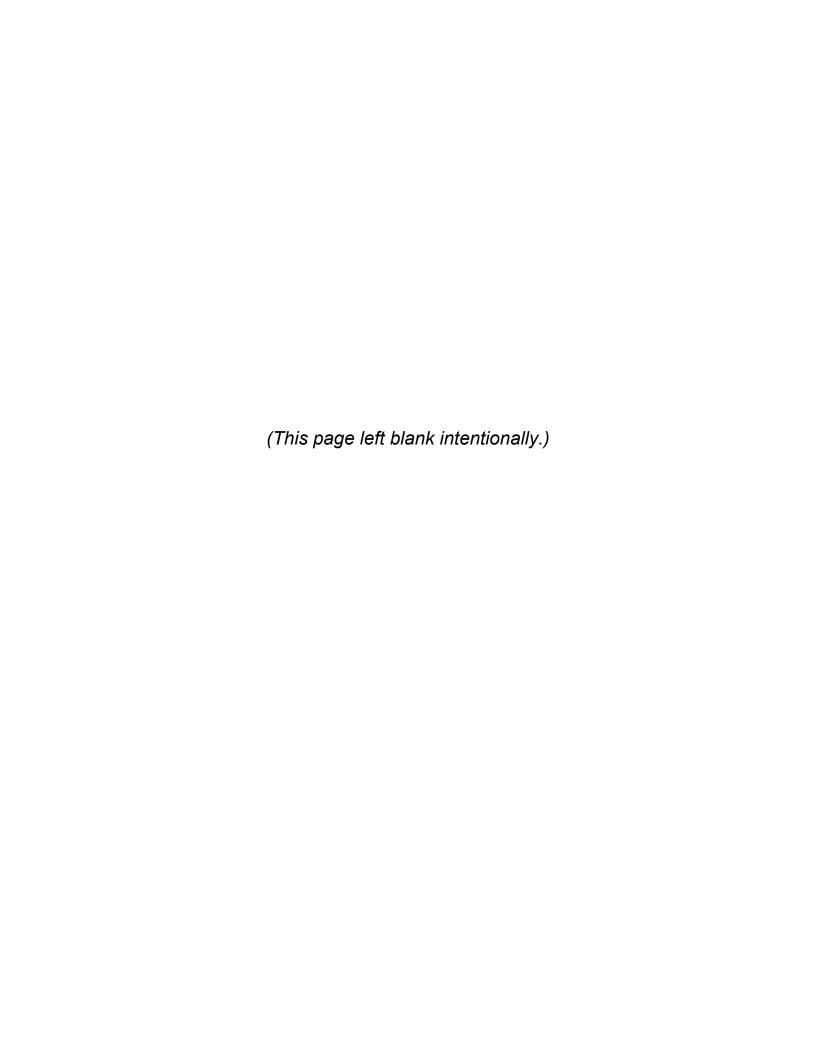
Graciela Céspedes

**Deputy Finance Director** 

## MIAMI-DADE COUNTY TABLE OF ORGANIZATION

#### 2009-10





## **FINANCIAL SECTION**



KPMG LLP Suite 2000 200 South Biscayne Boulevard Miami, FL 33131

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Honorable Mayor and Chairperson and Members of the Board of County Commissioners Miami-Dade County, Florida:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of (1) Miami-Dade Housing Finance Authority (a discretely presented component unit); (2) Jackson Memorial Foundation, Inc. (a discretely presented component unit); (3) Public Heath Trust of Miami-Dade County (a major enterprise fund); (4) Miami-Dade Water and Sewer Department (a major enterprise fund); (5) Miami-Dade Transit Department (a major enterprise fund); (6) Miami-Dade County Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts Special Revenue and Agency Funds (a nonmajor governmental fund and a nonmajor fund); (7) Miami-Dade Housing Agency – Other Housing Programs (a nonmajor governmental fund); (8) Miami-Dade Housing Agency – Section 8 Allocation Properties Fund (a nonmajor enterprise fund); (9) Miami-Dade County Mixed Income Properties Fund (a nonmajor enterprise fund); and (10) Pension Trust Fund (a nonmajor fund), which represent the percentage of assets and revenues as listed below:



	Percentage of		
	Total assets	Total revenues	
Governmental activities:			
Miami-Dade Housing Agency – Other Housing Programs	3.97%	5.86%	
Miami-Dade County Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts - Special Revenue Fund	0.05%	1.98%	
	4.02%	7.84%	
Business-type activities:			
Miami-Dade Water and Sewer Department	26.16%	16.52%	
Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County	7.91%	40.49%	
Miami-Dade Transit Department	13.38%	4.87%	
Miami-Dade Housing Agency – Section 8 Allocation Properties Fund	0.08%	0.13%	
Miami-Dade County Mixed Income Properties Fund	0.14%	0.15%	
	47.67%	62.16%	
Discretely presented component units:			
Miami-Dade Housing Finance Authority	64.16%	23.39%	
Jackson Memorial Foundation, Inc.	35.84%	76.61%	
	100.00%	100.00%	
Major funds:			
Miami-Dade Water and Sewer Department	100.00%	100.00%	
Miami-Dade Transit Department	100.00%	100.00%	
Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County	100.00%	100.00%	
Aggregate remaining fund information:			
Miami-Dade Housing Agency – Other Housing Programs	1.00%	9.23%	
Miami-Dade Housing Agency – Section 8 Allocation Properties Fund	0.36%	0.17%	
Miami-Dade County Mixed Income Properties Fund	0.64%	0.19%	
Miami-Dade County Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts – Special Revenue Fund	0.11%	3.12%	
Miami-Dade County Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts – Agency Fund	3.50%	_	
Pension Trust Fund	8.08%	2.03%	
	13.69%	14.74%	

Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the activities, component units, and funds indicated above, are based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Miami-Dade County Mixed Income Properties Fund and Jackson Memorial Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Miami-Dade County, Florida as of September 30, 2009 and the



respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As described in note 11 to the accompanying financial statements, the respective net assets and fund balances as of October 1, 2008 of the governmental activities and the aggregate remaining fund information have been restated.

As described in note 2 to the accompanying financial statements, the County has certain risks associated with the significant losses incurred and uncertainties related to the operations of the Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County, Florida.

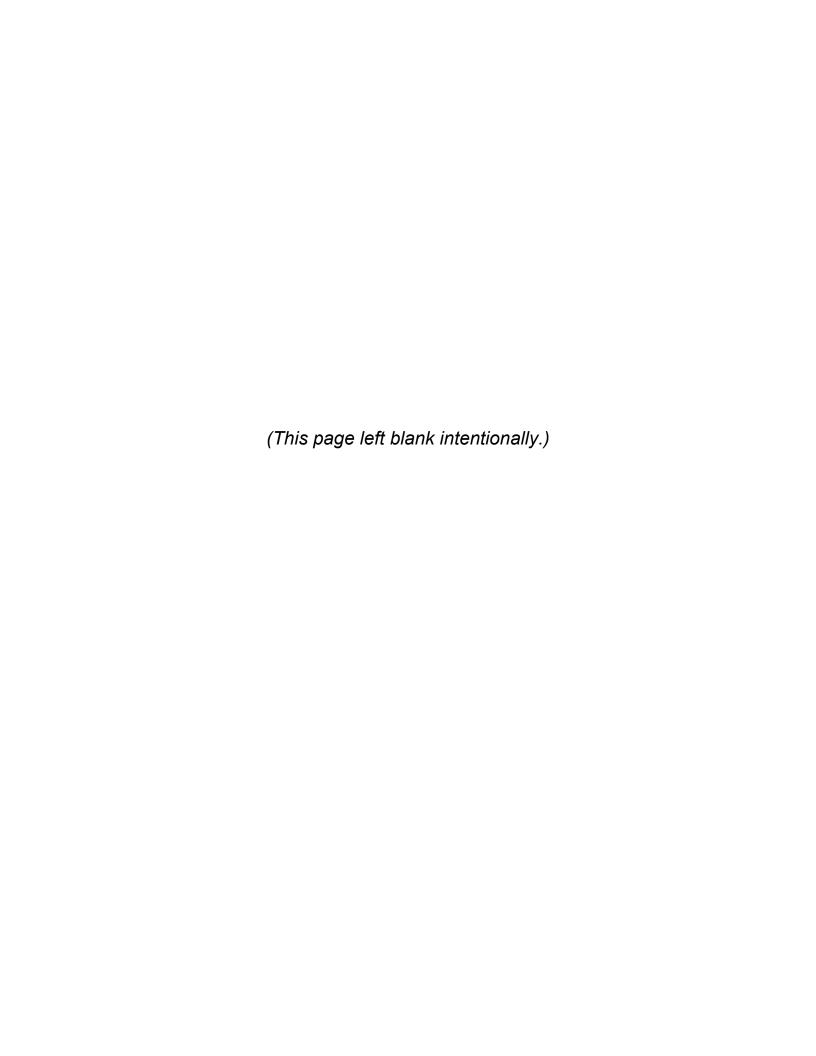
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 18, 2010 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis, general fund budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer contributions, and schedule of funding progress on pages 5 through 24, pages 125 through 127, page 128, and pages 129 through 130, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

KPMG LLP

May 18, 2010 Certified Public Accountants



## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) (UNAUDITED)

The following narrative provides an overview of Miami-Dade County's (the "County") financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. Comparative information is provided in this year's report. This narrative should be read in conjunction with the letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the financial statements and accompanying notes, which follow this section. Additional information is provided in this narrative and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

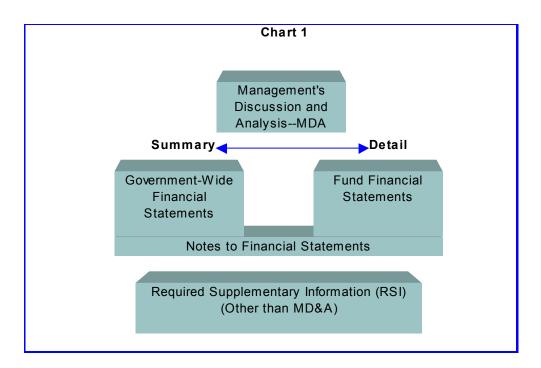
The County's financial statements reflect the restatement of beginning balances as a result of the Miami-Dade Public Housing Agency (MDPHA) audit. Refer to Note 11 for the detail of the adjustments.

#### Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2009

- At September 30, 2009, the County's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$7.1 billion (net assets). Of this amount, \$5.2 billion was invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Additionally, \$1.9 billion was restricted by law, agreements, debt covenants or for capital projects. The County had unrestricted net assets of \$30 million at September 30, 2009.
- During the fiscal year 2009, net assets decreased by \$553 million. Of this decrease, \$286 million was in business-type activities and the remaining decrease of \$267 million was in governmental activities.
- □ Total long-term liabilities had a net increase of \$1.7 billion during the fiscal year. This was due to the issuance of \$1.2 billion of Revenue Bonds; \$350 million of General Obligation Bonds; \$720 million of Special Obligation Bonds; \$21 million of loans; offset by a net reduction of principal and other liabilities of \$571 million.
- □ At September 30, 2009, the County's governmental funds had fund balances totaling \$2.3 billion. Of the total fund balance, approximately \$1.5 billion or 63% was unreserved. The net change in governmental fund balances during the year was an increase of \$443 million.
- □ At September 30, 2009, the General Fund had a fund balance of \$296.3 million, representing a decrease of approximately 18.9% from the previous year. Of the total fund balance, \$90.8 million was unreserved.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This report has been prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments.* The Statement requires that the basic financial statements include: 1) *government-wide* statements, 2) *fund* financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Other supplementary information and statistical data is also included in the report. A graphical illustration is presented below—Chart 1.



The GASB Statement No. 34 reporting model focuses attention on the County as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis for comparison and enhance the County's accountability.

**Government-wide statements.** Two government-wide statements are presented: the *statement of net assets* and *the statement of activities*. These statements provide information on the County as a whole using the accrual basis of accounting similar to those of private-sector companies. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes increases or decreases in economic resources as soon as the underlying transaction takes place. Therefore, all of the current year's revenues and expenses are reported regardless of when cash is received or paid. The economic resources measurement focus is applied to all long-term and short-term *financial* assets and liabilities, as well as all *capital* assets. These statements include the County and its component units, except for funds that are fiduciary in nature.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information for all of the County's governmental and business-type activities. Increases or decreases in net assets may be useful in assessing the County's financial position.

The Statement of Activities presents the change in net assets over the fiscal year being reported. The format for this statement reports the net (expense) revenue of each of the County's functions (groups of related activities which provide a major service). It identifies the extent to which each function is either self-supporting or relies on general revenues of the County. The County's general revenues, such as taxes, shared revenues from the State of Florida, investment earnings, and transfers, are reported after the total net expense of the County functions.

In the government-wide statements, financial information is provided separately for:

- Governmental activities. Policy Formulation and General Government, Protection of People and Property, Culture and Recreation, and Physical Environment are examples of governmental activities. These activities are principally supported by general revenues, grants or contributions.
- <u>Business-type activities</u>. The operations of the Airport, the Seaport, the Water and Sewer Department, the Solid Waste Department, the Transit Department and the Public Health Trust are the County's major business-type activities. These activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external users for goods and services.
- <u>Component units</u>. Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The Miami-Dade Housing Finance Authority and the Jackson Memorial Foundation are the County's component units.

**Fund financial statements.** Fund financial statements have traditionally been presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (the "CAFR"). A *fund* is a set of self-balancing accounts that are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives, as required by special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The Miami-Dade County's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds account for most of the County's basic services, which are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. Fund statements, however, use the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. The aim of the statements is to report the near-term (current) inflows and outflows, and the balances of spendable financial resources at the end of the fiscal year. The statements provide a short-term view of the County's ability to finance its programs in the near future, in contrast to the long-term view provided by the government-wide statements. To facilitate comparison, reconciliations are presented for the governmental funds' balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance to the government-wide statements.

The governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance include separate columns for the County's major fund, the General Fund, and Other Governmental Funds in the aggregate. Individual fund statements for the Other Governmental Funds

are included in the combining statements in the supplementary information section of the CAFR.

- Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are those funds where the County charges a user fee in order to recover costs. The County's proprietary funds are enterprise funds and internal service funds.
  - Enterprise funds are used to finance and account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of facilities and services that are intended to be entirely or predominantly self-supporting through the collection of charges from external customers. Enterprise funds are used to report the same activities as the business-type activities in the governmentwide financial statements. The County has six major enterprise funds.
  - 2. Internal service funds are used to report any activity that provides goods and services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the County, on a reimbursement basis. The County's Self-Insurance Fund is an internal service fund. In the statement of activities, any profit or loss in the Self-Insurance Fund is allocated back to the different functions that participated in the fund. Because the Self-Insurance Fund predominantly serves the government, assets and liabilities of the Self-Insurance Fund are included within the governmental activities in the statement of net assets.
- □ Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others. The County currently has funds held in an agency capacity for the Clerk of the Circuit and County Court and the Tax Collector, as well as other funds placed in escrow pending distributions. The County also has a Pension Trust Fund that accounts for the Public Health Trust Defined Benefit Retirement Plan. These funds cannot be used to support the County's own programs, and therefore, are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes include various disclosures to ensure a complete picture is presented in the financial statements. They provide information useful in understanding the data presented in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information.** This report also includes as required supplementary information a schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual, for the General Fund and additional disclosures for the Public Health Trust Pension Fund and the Miami-Dade County Retiree Health Plan. Combining and individual fund statements and budget comparisons for nonmajor funds are located in the pages following the notes to the financial statements.

#### Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

The difference between a government's assets and its liabilities is its *net assets*. The County's net assets are summarized below:

Table 1 Miami-Dade County Summary of Net Assets (in millions)

	G	overnment	tal ac	tivities	Bu	Business-type activities			Total primary government				Total percentage change	
		2008 estated)		2009		2008		2009		2008 estated)		2009	2008-2009	
Current and other assets	\$	2,930	\$	3,058	\$	3,357	\$	3,206	\$	6,287	\$	6,264	-0.4%	
Capital assets		3,682		3,821		11,064		11,941		14,746		15,762	6.9%	
Total assets		6,612		6,879		14,421		15,147		21,033		22,026	4.7%	
Long-term debt obligations		3,285		4,132		8,466		9,323		11,751		13,455	14.5%	
Other liabilities		759		446		860		1,015		1,619		1,461	-9.8%	
Total liabilities		4,044		4,578		9,326		10,338		13,370		14,916	11.6%	
Net assets:														
Invested in capital assets,														
net of related debt		1,687		1,560		3,564		3,631		5,251		5,191	-1.1%	
Restricted		1,156		1,110		984		779		2,140		1,889	-11.7%	
Unrestricted		(275)		(369)		547		399		272		30	-89.0%	
Total net assets	\$	2,568	\$	2,301	\$	5,095	\$	4,809	\$	7,663	\$	7,110	-7.2%	

Net assets may be used to assess the financial position of the County. The County's combined net assets as of September 30, 2009 were \$7.1 billion. Approximately 73%, or \$5.2 billion, of the County's net assets represent investment in capital assets, net of outstanding related debt. These assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure, and are not available for future spending. Additionally, \$1.9 billion are restricted net assets and are subject to external restrictions on how they may be spent.

At September 30, 2009, the County had unrestricted net assets of \$30 million. The governmental activities unrestricted deficit of \$369 million is primarily due to the liability for County employees' compensated absences of \$397 million.

The decrease in net assets of business-type activities of \$286 million is attributed to decreases in net assets of the Transit fund, Aviation, and Public Health Trust, and offset by increases in net assets of the Solid Waste, Seaport, and Water and Sewer. More detailed information on these changes may be found in the Financial Analysis of the County's Funds section of the MD&A.

Net assets reflect prior period adjustments that restate previous year balances of governmental activities by \$3.623 million, related to the Housing programs. See Note 11 for details of adjustments.

Table 2
Miami-Dade County, Florida
Changes in Net Assets
(in millions)

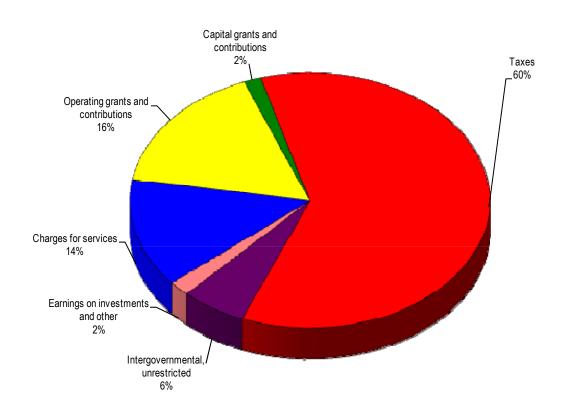
		nmental ivities	Bus	siness-ty	oe activities		Total pri governr	-	Total %change	
	2008	2009	2	008**	2009		2008	2009	2008-2009	
Revenues:				,		•				
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 571	\$ 535	\$	2,865	\$2,743	\$	3,436	\$3,278	-4.6%	
Operating grants and contributions	680	635		98	91		778	726	-6.7%	
Capital grants and contributions	109	60		278	306		387	366	-5.4%	
General revenues:										
Propertytaxes	1,700	1,732					1,700	1,732	1.9%	
Countyhospital 1/2% sales surtax	187	173					187	173	-7.5%	
Transportation 1/2% sales surtax	187	173					187	173	-7.5%	
Utilitytaxes	73	68					73	68	-6.8%	
Local option gas taxes	62	55					62	55	-11.3%	
Communication tax	51	44					51	44	-13.7%	
Other taxes	131	105					131	105	-19.8%	
Intergovernmental revenues, unrestricted	236	228					236	228	-3.4%	
Franchise fees	49	44					49	44	-10.2%	
Earnings on investments	33	22		71	29		104	51	-51.0%	
Msœllaneous	3	8		16	29 14		19	22	15.8%	
		$\overline{}$								
Total revenues	4,072	3,882		3,328	3,183		7,400	7,065	-4.5%	
Expenses:										
Policyformulation and general government	540	490					540	490	-9.3%	
Protection of people and property	1,402	1,386					1,402	1,386	-1.1%	
Physical environment	160	102					160	102	-36.3%	
Transportation	210	163					210	163	-22.4%	
Health	72	69					72	69	-4.2%	
Human services	326	334					326	334	2.5%	
Socio-economic environment	378	494					378	494	30.7%	
Culture and recreation	343	351					343	351	2.3%	
nterest on long-term debt	116	136					116	136	17.2%	
Vass transit				595	574		595	574	-3.5%	
Solid waste collection				108	98		108	98	-9.3%	
Solid waste disposal				183	174		183	174	-4.9%	
Seaport .				101	109		101	109	7.9%	
4viation				675	680		675	680	0.7%	
∧ater				228	233		228	233	2.2%	
Sewer				317	316		317	316	-0.3%	
Public health				1,814	1,886		1,814	1,886	4.0%	
Other				22	23		22	23	4.5%	
<b>Total expenses</b> norease (decrease) in net assets before	3,547	3,525		4,043	4,093		7,590	7,618	0.4%	
ransfers	525	357		(715)	(910)		(190)	(553)	-191.1%	
							(190)	(333)	-181.170	
Transfers	(676)	(624)		676	624					
ncrease (decrease) in net assets	(151)	(267)		(39)	(286)		(190)	(553)	-191.1%	
Beginning net assets (Restated-Note 11)*	2,719	2,568		5,134	5,095		7,853	7,663	-2.4%	

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning 2008 net assets were adjusted since the prior period adjustments were not identifiable to any specific activity in FY 2008.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Fiscal Year 2008 Business-type activities were adjusted to reflect reclassifications for the Public Health Trust.

**Governmental activities.** Net assets of governmental activities decreased by \$267 million in fiscal year 2009. Total revenues for the governmental activities were \$3.9 billion. The largest source of revenue is taxes (60.5%), followed by operating grants and contributions (16.4%) and charges for services (13.8%). The County experienced an increase in property tax revenues of \$32 million or 1.9% in fiscal year 2009, as compared to fiscal year 2008. This increase is primarily due to a slight increase in millage rate. The County's millage rate of 7.4052 is higher than the 7.1705 rate adopted the previous year, and is below the 10 mill rate limit established by the State.

#### **Revenues by Source--Governmental Activities**



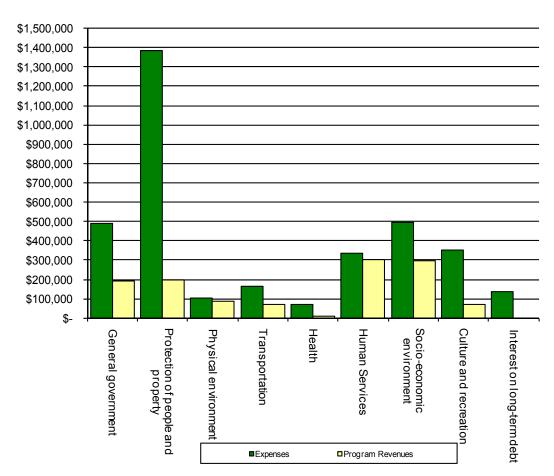
Revenue from charges for services decreased by \$36 million, or 6.3%, over fiscal year 2008. This decrease was mainly due to \$11.7 million of anticipated incorporation mitigation payments from municipalities recognized in fiscal year 2008, which were phased out in fiscal year 2009. Another \$7.2 million was due to a decrease of recording fees due to the decline in home sales in fiscal year 2009. Clerk of Court revenues decreased by \$12.1 million, due to the implementation of Senate Bills 1718 and 2108 which changed the manner in which the Clerk of Court operations were funded. Only nine months of revenues for filing fees, service charges, court costs and fines are

reflected in fiscal year 2009. Effective July 1, 2009, the Clerk of Courts is funded from State appropriations. Other charges for services decreased in the Building Department, Building Code Compliance, and Planning and Zoning due to the decrease in permits requested as a result in the decline in the construction industry.

Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$45 million, mainly due to completion of some major grant-funded programs.

Total expenses for governmental activities were \$3.5 billion. As can be seen in the chart below, the majority of these expenses were for Protection of People and Property. Net transfers to business-type activities were \$624 million, including: \$270 million to the Transit Agency, of which approximately \$125.1 million was from the half-penny sales tax for transit related costs and \$145.6 million was from the General Fund; \$172.8 million of the half-penny Indigent Care sales tax to the Public Health Trust; and \$177.9 million from the General Fund to the Public Health Trust.

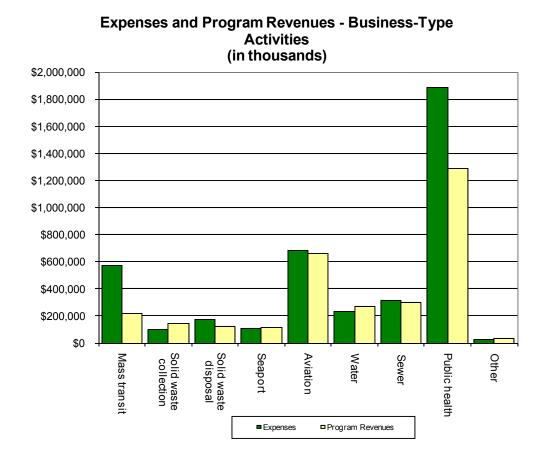
# Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (in thousands)



**Business-type activities.** The County's major business-type activities include the following enterprise funds:

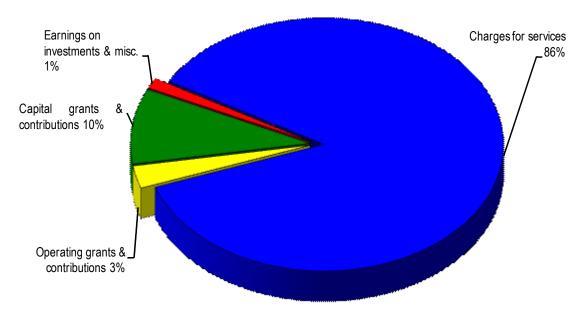
- Miami-Dade Transit Agency
- Solid Waste Collection and Disposal Department
- Seaport Department
- Miami-Dade Aviation Department
- o Miami-Dade Water and Sewer Department, and
- Public Health Trust

Net assets of business-type activities decreased by \$286 million. The bar graph below summarizes the expenses and program revenues of the business-type activities.



The pie chart below summarizes the revenues by source of the business-type activities.

#### **Revenues by Source--Business-Type Activities**



#### **Financial Analysis of the County's Funds**

**Governmental Funds.** The General Fund is the County's chief operating fund and is used to account for most of its governmental activities. The General Fund's fund balance at September 30, 2009, was \$296.3 million. Of this amount \$90.7 million, or approximately 30.6%, is unreserved. The remainder of fund balance has been reserved to pay for additional endangered land (\$61.4 million), to pay for the enhancement of the stormwater drainage system (\$57.1 million), to liquidate contracts and purchase orders outstanding at the end of fiscal year (\$22.9 million) for inventories (\$21.8 million) and for long-term advances receivables (\$42.4 million). The unreserved fund balance represents approximately 5.5% of the total General Fund's expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$68.9 million from the previous year.

**Enterprise Funds**. The proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

**Miami-Dade Transit ("MDT")** The MDT generated \$103.6 million in operating revenues in fiscal year 2009, and reported a decrease in net assets of \$77 million. Net assets for MDT totaled \$749 million at September 30, 2009, including \$901.3 million invested in capital assets, and a \$152.2 million deficit in unrestricted net assets.

As of September 30, 2009, the Transit Agency had a cash deficit balance of approximately \$146.6 million. These cash deficits are funded with cash advances from the General Fund. It is the County's practice to cover cash deficits with corresponding interfund receivables/payables in the appropriate fund. MDT reported the portion expected to be repaid within one year as current liabilities in Due to Other Funds in the amount of \$104.2 million. The remaining portion is reflected as Long-Term Advances Due to Other Funds in the amount of \$42.4 million. The General Fund recorded a reservation of fund balance of \$42.4 million for the Long-term Advances Receivable.

In 2005 MDT borrowed \$23.9 million (\$6.8 million for operating expenses, \$17.1 million for project funds) from the General Fund to cover the fiscal year 2001-02 existing shortfall. In fiscal year 2009, MDT reimbursed the General Fund the remaining balance of \$18.2 million.

MDT has borrowed \$150 million from the Citizen's Independent Transportation Trust (CITT), of which \$12 million has been repaid, leaving a balance due to CITT of \$138 million. The long-term portion of \$130.6 million is reported under Long-term Advances Due to Other Funds and the current portion of \$7.4 million is recorded as Due to Other Funds.

**Solid Waste Department ("SWD")** The SWD net assets increased by \$148 thousand reflecting revenues in excess of expenses for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. Operating revenues decreased 2% from \$270.3 million in fiscal year 2008 to \$265.1 million in fiscal year 2009. This decrease primarily resulted from a decrease in Disposal Services Revenue as a result of lower equivalent revenue tons partially offset by higher disposal fees.

**Seaport Department** The Seaport Department's operating revenues for the 2009 fiscal year were \$100.1 million, an increase of approximately 5.7% from the prior year. The Seaport's net assets increased by \$4.2 million from the prior year.

**Aviation Department** The Aviation Department had operating revenues of \$521.6 million in fiscal year 2009, a decrease of \$40.3 million or 7.2% from the prior year. This decrease is due to significant reduction on landing fee revenue, parking revenue and rental car revenue. The parking revenue reduction is due to the temporary closing of Airport Concourse A. In addition, investment income was significantly reduced due to lower yields. Net assets decreased \$12.0 million or 1.0%. This was primarily due to lower passenger facility charges, a decrease of 4.5% in commercial landings, and a decrease of 20.1% in enplaned cargo in fiscal year 2009.

Water and Sewer Department ("WASD") Total net assets as of September 30, 2009 were \$2.2 billion. The Department's net assets increased by \$37.3 million from the prior year. The increase was primarily due to an increase in operating revenues as a result of rate increases. Operating and maintenance expenses increased by \$7.0 million, or by 2.2%, in 2009. The increase is due primarily to increased level of employee compensation and increased consultant and electrical expense.

Public Health Trust ("PHT" or "Trust") During fiscal year 2009, PHT's net assets decreased by \$244.6 million. (Please note that certain PHT revenues and expenditures were reclassified from last year's CAFR). Operating revenues were \$1.252 billion, a decrease of \$128.4 million from the prior year. Net patient services revenue decreased by 10.6% or \$124.7 million due mainly to an accounting adjustment (change in estimate) of approximately \$50 million to reflect the shortfall in cash collections pertaining to legacy billing systems. The remainder of the decrease resulted from a 6% increase in nonpaying patients. Grants and other of \$28.3 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, decreased \$3.3 million or 10.4% from that reported in 2008 and was attributed to a \$2 million reduction in revenues related to FEMA for the cost of hurricane shutters for building facilities. Operating expenses, including depreciation, were \$1.870 billion, an increase of \$62.8 million from the prior year. The increase in expenses is mainly attributed to an increase in personnel and related costs, contractual and purchased services, and depreciation expense.

The PHT management is actively implementing an operational improvement plan to address the Trust's financial condition. On March 18, 2010, the Board of County Commissioners held a special meeting and placed the PHT on management watch. The PHT management, together with its business partners, developed a cash stabilization plan to insure the PHT is solvent through the remainder of the fiscal year 2010. The plan included an advance from the County of \$61 million from the budgeted Surtax for fiscal year 2010 of \$169.7 million. In addition, the County advanced \$6 million of the budgeted Maintenance of Effort (MOE) of \$158.4 million. The County is required to provide PHT with a MOE payment that is no less than 80% of the general fund support provided for the operation of PHT at the time the surtax was levied. The MOE is calculated as 11.873% times the millage rate levied for countywide purposes in fiscal year 2007 times 95% of the preliminary tax roll for the upcoming fiscal year and multiplying 11.873% of general fund non-ad valorem revenues, with the exception of local and state gas taxes. In addition, the County remitted \$13.1 million to the State Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) which the County had previously agreed in the PHT MOE for fiscal year 2010.

At this time the County does not anticipate any additional funding will be required to assist PHT. The County does have the ability to advance budgeted surtax and MOE

funds to the Trust, if such circumstances are warranted. In the event PHT's financial condition falls short of the sustainability goals forecasted, the County would evaluate available options including reducing costs and pursuing opportunities to redesign and optimize the operations and revenues and billing areas, including seeking additional Medicaid funding from the State.

On September 27, 2005, the County issued Public Facilities Revenue Bonds and Public Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds in the original combined amount of \$300,000,000 (Series 2005 Bonds). On September 2, 2009, the County issued Public Facilities Revenue Bonds in the original amount of \$83,315,000 (Series 2009 Bonds).

The Series 2005 Bonds and Series 2009 Bonds (the Bonds) are secured by the gross revenues of the Public Health Trust. The Bonds are subject to certain covenants included in Ordinance No. 05-49 (the Bond Ordinance), together with certain ordinances and Board resolutions, which authorize and issue the Bonds by and between the Trust and the County. In addition, the Trust must comply with certain covenants included in the Bond insurance agreements.

The Bond Ordinance contains significant restrictive covenants that must be met by the Trust including, among other items, the requirement to maintain a rate covenant, to make scheduled monthly deposits to the debt service fund, maintenance of insurance on the Trust's facilities and limitations on the incurrence of additional debt. In general, the bond insurance agreement contains the same covenants as the Bond Ordinance.

At September 30, 2009, the Trust failed to meet rate covenant under the Bond Ordinance. PHT's failure to meet the rate covenant does not constitute a default under the Bond Ordinance, if PHT promptly hires an independent consultant to make recommendations as to a revision of the rates, fees, and charges of the Trust or the method of operation of the Trust, which shall result in producing the net revenues used in the covenant computation, and the PHT commences action to conform in all material respects with the recommendations of the independent consultant. The Trust has employed a consultant to make recommendations as to revision of rates, fees, and charges, and is in the process of implementing their recommendations. Therefore, PHT management believes that the covenant requirement has been satisfied. Failure to meet the rate covenant does not result in acceleration of Bonds.

In April, 2010 PHT received a subpoena from the US Securities and Exchange Commission, Miami Regional Office (SEC). The subpoena requests PHT to provide documentation related with the Jackson Health System Bond Offering for Public Facilities Revenue Bonds, Jackson Health System Series 2009, as part of a formal investigation of the PHT's financial condition and projections.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During fiscal year 2009, the General Fund's budget was amended once. These budget amendments or supplemental appropriations reflect the change in projected expenditures that occurred since the budget hearings were held in September 2008 and distribute allocated funds among various County agencies from appropriate reserves and from appropriate sources. Some of the major amendments include a supplemental appropriation to the Clerk of Courts of \$4.195 million to cover underperforming recording fee revenues resulting from the continued slowdown of the real estate market; to

Elections of \$6.061 million to cover additional costs related to the run-off election for the Office of Property Appraiser, the mail ballot election for the municipal charter amendments and the Presidential election held in November 2008; to Neighborhood Compliance of \$3.831 million to cover revenue shortfall associated with lien collection resulting from the economic downturn in the housing market.

#### **General Fund Budgeted Revenues Compared to Actual Revenues**

During the year budgetary revenue estimates exceeded actual revenues by \$63.6 million. The most significant changes occurred in the following:

- □ **Taxes** were \$15 million under budget due to continued decline in property taxes primarily as a result of declining property values and an increase in Value Adjustment Board appeals.
- □ **Licenses and Permits** were \$16.8 million under budget due to the continued decline in the housing industry, resulting in lower than anticipated permitting activity.
- □ **Intergovernmental Revenues** were \$11.7 million under budget due to continued decline in the housing industry and weak economy resulting in lower than anticipated sales tax collection.
- □ **Investment Income** was \$13.7 million under the budgeted amount as a result of lower than expected interest returns.

#### **General Fund Budgeted Expenditures Compared to Actual Expenditures**

The General Fund's expenditures were \$1.64 billion, \$197.2 million less than budgeted. This variance is primarily attributed to cost containment measures put in place to deal with lower charges for services revenue, and capital expenditures that did not occur during the year and were reestablished in the following year's budget.

The following are the functional areas that recognized the largest variations from the final budget:

- Policy Formulation and General Government had lower than anticipated expenditures of \$132 million. The majority of the savings were due to postponement of capital expenditures and professional contract services, and lower than anticipated services and other commodities across various departments.
- □ Protection of People and Property expenditures were \$32.1 million under budget. The Building Department, Building Code Compliance and Planning and Zoning Departments account for \$8 million of these savings. These departments continued to reduce staffing and operating expenditures due to the continued weakening of the housing market and reduced construction activity. The remaining variance is due to the reduced police and correction department services as a result of certain municipalities ceasing contracts for local police services with Miami-Dade County coming in \$19 million under budget.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets.** At September 30, 2009, the County's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, was \$15.7 billion. This represents an increase of approximately 6.9% over the previous year. The following table summarizes the components of the County's investments in capital assets.

# Miami-Dade County Capital Assets as of September 30, 2009 and 2008 (net of depreciation, in thousands)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	
	(Restated)						
Land	\$ 614,373	\$ 646,968	\$ 650,014	\$ 671,635	\$ 1,264,387	\$ 1,318,603	
Construction in progress	336,094	503,174	2,493,006	3,330,087	2,829,100	3,833,261	
Building and building improvements	1,523,473	1,489,393	3,826,216	3,768,208	5,349,689	5,257,601	
Infrastructure	1,004,428	993,370	3,199,984	3,217,354	4,204,412	4,210,724	
Machinery and equipment	203,590	187,764	894,448	953,511	1,098,038	1,141,275	
Totals	\$3,681,958	\$3,820,669	\$ 11,063,668	\$11,940,795	\$ 14,745,626	\$15,761,464	

Capital assets of governmental activities reflect a restatement of beginning balances of \$0.2 million. Refer to Notes 4 and 11 for details.

Governmental activities' major capital assets additions during the year included:

- □ \$32.0 million expended in the improvement, widening and renovation of roads
- □ \$18.7 million for the construction of Marlins Ball Park Stadium
- □ \$14.4 million invested for Traffic Signal improvements and Signalization
- □ \$12.0 million expended in Park's construction and improvements, major projects are: Kendall Lakes Soccer Park, Haulover Marina Expansion II, Westwind Lakes Park and Metrozoo Amazon PH IV
- □ \$9.9 million for the construction of the General Services Trade Shop Facilities
- \$8.6 million in local drainage and clean up of County areas and Miami River
- \$7.8 million invested in the commencement construction of MDFD Training Facility
- □ \$5.8 million in construction, renovation and equipment installation of Chiller Thermal Plant
- □ \$2.8 million construction on New Children's' Courthouse

- □ \$14.0 million acquisition of land for roads expansion and the Endangered Land Conservation Program
- □ \$4.9 million acquisition of land and building for the Fire Rescue Vehicle Maintenance Facility
- \$3.0 million purchase of a new helicopter for Miami Dade Police Patrol Bureau
- □ \$5.0 million for the acquisition of library resources

Business-type activities' major capital assets additions during the year included:

#### **Aviation Department:**

□ \$660.3 million increase in construction in progress due to the ongoing construction of the North Terminal.

#### Water and Sewer Department:

- \$51.3 million expended for various water projects, including treatment facilities
- □ \$43.3 million expended for various wastewater projects

#### **Solid Waste Department**

During fiscal year 2009, projects continued in connection with the Collection Facility Improvements, T&R Centers Improvements, West and Southwest T&R Center, Truck wash facility, Central Transfer Station Compactor-Phase II, Environmental Improvements, Disposal Scalehouse Expansion Project and other miscellaneous projects.

#### Transit Agency

During fiscal year 2009 MDT placed into service a total fleet of approximately 863 vehicles.

#### **Public Health Trust**

□ The Trust continues to expand and improve its facilities. Approximately \$116 million was spent in fiscal year 2009 to expand and improve the Health facilities.

#### Seaport

 During fiscal year 2009 investment in capital assets increased \$13.5 million and is attributed to projects in the Seaport Master Plan and acquisitions of other capital assets necessary for the ongoing operations.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 4.

**Long-Term Liabilities.** At September 30, 2009, the County had \$13.5 billion in long-term liabilities, which are summarized in the schedule below. Additional information regarding long-term debt can be obtained in Note 8.

Miami-Dade County
Outstanding Long-term Liabilities as of September 30, 2009 and 2008
(in thousands)

	Gove	nmen	tal a	activities	ı	Business-ty	ре а	activities	To	tal Primary	/ Go	vernment
	200	8		2009		2008		2009		2008		2009
General obligation bonds	\$ 52	3,596	\$	843,961	\$	134,570	\$	130,370	\$	658,166	\$	974,331
Special obligation bonds	1,76	5,873		2,291,666		35,415		97,740		1,802,288		2,389,406
Current year accretion of interest	2	6,344		29,885						26,344		29,885
Revenue bonds						6,860,647		7,618,479		6,860,647		7,618,479
Loans and notes payable	27	7,930		255,697		549,731		549,000		827,661		804,697
Other (i.e. unamortized premiums,												
discounts)	3	2,841		29,828		(3,875)		3,648		28,966		33,476
Commercial paper notes								110,141				110,141
Sub-total Bonds, Notes and Loans	2,62	7,584		3,451,037		7,576,488		8,509,378	1	10,204,072		11,960,415
Compensated absences	38	4,155		396,903		222,936		233,379		607,091		630,282
Estimated insurance claims payable	20	6,747		210,597		34,776		30,667		241,523		241,264
Other postemployment benefits	1	0,168		14,046		5,485		8,576		15,653		22,622
Environmental remediation						95,366		89,996		95,366		89,996
Landfill closure/postclosure care costs						113,503		100,236		113,503		100,236
Lease agreements	1	0,858		10,548		354,466		306,733		365,324		317,281
Other	4	5,753		49,202		62,827		44,220		108,580		93,422
Totals	\$ 3,28	5,265	\$	4,132,333	\$	8,465,847	\$	9,323,185	\$ 1	1,751,112	\$	13,455,518

#### **Bond Ratings**

Miami-Dade County continues to meet its financial needs through prudent use of its revenues and effective debt financing programs. The County's financial strength and sound financial management practices are reflected in its general obligation bond (uninsured) investment ratings, which are among the highest levels attained by Florida counties. Following are the credit ratings assigned by the three primary credit rating agencies in the financial market, each carrying a "stable outlook":

Aa3 Moody's Investor Services

AA- Standard & Poor's

Corporation

AA- Fitch IBCA, Inc.

At September 30, 2009, the County had \$11.8 billion in bonds and loan agreements outstanding, other than commercial paper notes. This is a net increase (new debt issued less principal reductions) of \$1.6 billion or 16.1% from the previous year. During the year, the County issued approximately \$2.2 billion of new debt, which is detailed in the chart below. Additional information on the County's debt can be obtained in Note 8.

#### BONDS AND LOANS ISSUED DURING THE YEAR

(in thousands)

				Final	
			Interest Rate	M aturity	Original Amount
Date Issued	Description	Purpose	Range	Date	Issued
BONDS:					
12/18/08	Miami-Dade County, Florida General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008B	To pay for a portion of the cost to construct and improve water, sew er and flood control systems, park and recreational facilities, bridges, public infrastructure and neighborhood improvements, public safety, emergency and healthcare facilities.	5.00-6.375%	7/1/28	\$ 146,200,000
12/19/08	Water and Sew er system Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008C	To refund the outstanding Water and Sew er System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 which refunded the Water and Sew er System Revenue Bonds, Series 1995.	1.65-5.92%	10/1/25	\$ 306,845,000
3/19/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008B-1	To pay for a portion of the cost to construct and improve water, sew er and flood control systems, park and recreational facilities, bridges, public infrastructure and neighborhood improvements, public safety, emergency and healthcare facilities.	2.50-6.00%	7/1/38	\$ 203,800,000
5/7/09	Miami-Dade County , Florida Aviation Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A	To finance certain airport improvements associated with the Airport's Capital Improvement Plan previously approved by the Board.	3.00-6.00%	10/1/36	\$ 388,440,000
5/7/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A	To finance certain airport improvements associated with the Airport's Capital Improvement Plan previously approved by the Board.	3.00-5.75%	10/1/41	\$ 211,560,000
7/14/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009A	To refund the Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1998 which refunded the Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1992A, 1992B, 1992B-1 and 1995.	3.25-7.50%	4/1/49	\$ 85,701,273

7/14/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida	To refund the Professional Sports Franchica	7.08%	10/1/29	\$	5,220,000
7/14/09	Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009B	To refund the Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1998 which refunded the Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1992A, 1992B, 1992B-1 and 1995.	1.00%	10/1/29	, v	5,220,000
7/14/09	Miami-Dade County , Florida Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Bonds , Series 2009C	To pay a portion of the County's cost of the development and construction of the Marlins Baseball Stadium.	3.59-7.50%	10/1/48	\$	123,421,71
7/14/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2009D	To pay a portion of the County's cost of the development and construction of the Marlins Baseball Stadium.	7.08%	10/1/29	\$	5,000,00
7/14/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2009E	To pay a portion of the County's cost of the development and construction of the Marlins Baseball Stadium.	Variable (Weekly M ode)	10/1/48	\$	100,000,00
7/14/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Subordinate Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2009	To pay a portion of the County's cost of the development and construction of the Marlins Baseball Stadium.	7.24-8.27%	10/1/47	\$	91,207,2
9/2/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Public Facilities Revenue Bond (Jackson Health Systems), Series 2009	To provide funds, together with other available funds of the County to pay or reimburse the Public Health Trust for the acquisition, construction and equipping of certain capital improvements to the Public Health Trust Facilities.	4.00-5.75%	6/1/39	\$	83,315,00
9/3/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Capital Asset Acquisition Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2009A	To provide funds, together with other funds of the County to pay the costs of acquisition, construction, improvement or renovation of certain capital assets, including buildings occupied or to be occupied by County departments and agencies.	3.00-5.125%	4/1/39	\$	136,320,00
9/3/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Capital Asset Acquisition Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2009B (Build America Bonds-Direct payment to issuer)	To provide funds, together with other funds of the County to pay the costs of acquisition, construction, improvement or renovation of certain capital assets, including buildings occupied or to be occupied by County departments and agencies.	3.05-6.97%	4/1/39	\$	45,160,00
9/24/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Transit System Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A	To pay all or a portion of the cost of certain transportation and transit projects.	4.00-5.00%	7/1/21	\$	69,765,00
9/24/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Transit System Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B (Federally Taxable-Build America Bonds-Direct payment to issuer)	To pay all or a portion of the cost of certain transportation and transit projects.	6.71-6.91%	7/1/39	\$	251,975,00
8/3/09	Water & Sewer Regions Revolving	To pay costs of constructing or acquiring	Variable	8/3/11	Н	21,335,00
3/3/30	Line of Credit	certain improvements under the Water & Sewer Department's Multi-Year Capital Plan.	· anabio	5,5/11		21,000,00
		Fidil.				

**Other Obligations.** The County administers a self-insurance program for workers' compensation, tort liability, property, and group health and life insurance programs, subject to certain stop-loss provisions. Detailed information about the County's liability related to the self-insurance program is included in Note 7. Other obligations include compensated absences, post-retirement health insurance benefits, arbitrage liability and other contingencies.

#### **Economic Factors and Other Significant Matters**

The County's revenues and expenses and expenditures are affected by changes in international, national and local economic factors. Economic growth can be measured by various factors. Highlights of the economic factors that affected Miami-Dade County during the last fiscal year are depicted below.

- The unemployment rate for Miami-Dade County increased to approximately 8.9% from 5.3%, an increase of approximately 67.9% from prior year. (Source: Florida Agency for Workplace Innovation, Office of Workforce Information Services, Labor Market Statistics, Miami-Dade County Department of Planning and Zoning, Research Section).
- The occupancy rate for commercial real estate office market was 83%, an increase of approximately 2.6% from the previous year. (Source: Miami-Dade Department of Planning and Zoning)
- The number of visitors to Miami-Dade County was approximately \$11.9 million.
   This represents a decrease of approximately 1.6%. (Source: Greater Miami Convention and Visitors Bureau).
- The average sales price for existing single family homes decreased to \$204,808, down by 35.9% from 2008 prices. Similarly, condominium prices decreased 41.6% from fiscal year 2008, with average prices being \$151,900. (Source: Miami-Dade Department of Planning and Zoning).

#### **Requests for information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Miami-Dade County's finances to our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, creditors, and others with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Miami-Dade County, Florida Finance Department Office of the Controller 111 NW 1<sup>st</sup> Street, Suite 2620 Miami, Florida 33128-1980

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 (in thousands)

			Prim	ary Governme	nt		Compon			
		vernmental Activities		ısiness-type Activities		Total	F	lousing inance uthority	M	ackson emorial undation
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	200,082	\$	551,461	\$	751,543	\$	12,128	\$	2,565
Investments		921,702		885,906		1,807,608		8,996		6,989
Receivables, net		39,176		392,353		431,529		445		7,060
Internal balances		302,777		(302,777)						
Due from primary government								1,000		
Due from other governments		193,544		99,726		293,270				
Mortgages and notes receivable, net		167,936				167,936		3,809		
Inventories		28,890		103,564		132,454				
Other assets		13,225		90,073		103,298		32		47
Capital assets, net of depreciation										
Land		646,968		671,635		1,318,603				
Buildings and building improvements, net		1,489,393		3,768,208		5,257,601				
Machinery and equipment, net		187,764		953,511		1,141,275		13		343
Infrastructure, net		993,370		3,217,354		4,210,724				
Construction in progress		503,174		3,330,087		3,833,261				
Total capital assets		3,820,669		11,940,795		15,761,464		13		343
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		263,344		498,597		761,941				
Restricted long-term investments		893,037		615,353		1,508,390				
Deferred charges		34,665		272,502		307,167		4,017		
Total assets		6,879,047		15,147,553		22,026,600		30,440		17,004
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		199,675		620,100		819,775		109		759
Accrued interest payable		40,749		182,837		223,586				
Due to other governments		90,612		98,511		189,123				
Due to component unit		1,000		00,011		1,000				
Unearned revenue		38,132		113,683		151,815				36
Other liabilities		75,954		110,000		75,954				00
Long-term liabilities		70,004				70,004				
Due within one year		270,465		645,172		915,637		79		
Due in more than one year		3,861,868		8,678,013		12,539,881		294		
Total liabilities		4,578,455		10,338,316		14,916,771		482		795
Total liabilities		4,370,433		10,000,010		14,310,771		402		133
NET ASSETS		1 550 010		2 620 900		E 400 700		12		242
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		1,559,919		3,630,809		5,190,728		13		343
Capital projects		134,603		57,256		191,859				
Debt service		104,926		367,938		472,864				
Housing programs		147,396		,		147,396				
Fire and Rescue		70,698				70,698				
Transportation		178,093				178,093				
Public Library		76,040				76,040				
Community and Social Development		77,793				77,793				
Environmentally Endangered Lands		61,390				61,390				
Stormwater Utility		57,115				57,115				
				351 311				1 506		
Other purposes (expendable)		198,616		354,344		552,960		1,526		16 440
Other purposes (nonexpendable)		3,260		202.202		3,260		00 440		16,410
Unrestricted	_	(369,257)	•	398,890	•	29,633	۴	28,419	Φ.	(544)
Total net assets	\$	2,300,592	\$	4,809,237	\$	7,109,829	\$	29,958	\$	16,209

#### **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

				Program Revenues						
						perating		ital Grants		
			С	Charges for		ants and		and	Net (Expense)	
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses		Services	Cor	ntributions	Cor	ntributions		Revenue
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
Policy formulation and general government	\$	490,451	\$	168,256	\$	13,067	\$	12,775	\$	(296,353)
Protection of people and property		1,386,498		179,759		15,399		2,476		(1,188,864)
Physical environment		101,806		78,018		5,802		1,689		(16,297)
Transportation (streets and roads)		162,644		13,263		24,969		32,745		(91,667)
Health		68,730		8,751		2,455				(57,524)
Human services		333,518		1,505		300,024				(31,989)
Socio-economic environment		494,481		35,287		261,252				(197,942)
Culture and recreation		351,420		50,599		11,823		9,829		(279,169)
Interest on long-term debt		136,212								(136,212)
Total governmental activities		3,525,760		535,438		634,791		59,514		(2,296,017)
Business-type activities:										
Mass transit		573,556		103,594		43,382		70,410		(356,170)
Solid waste collection		98,045		142,733						44,688
Solid waste disposal		173,757		122,395				739		(50,623)
Seaport		109,335		100,058				13,315		4,038
Aviation		680,398		521,600		14,163		126,545		(18,090)
Water		233,013		225,711		509		43,634		36,841
Sewer		316,409		253,025				43,357		(20,027)
Public health		1,886,088		1,252,189		33,292				(600,607)
Other		23,348		22,186				8,496		7,334
Total business-type activities		4,093,949		2,743,491		91,346		306,496		(952,616)
Total primary government	\$	7,619,709	\$	3,278,929	\$	726,137	\$	366,010	\$	(3,248,633)
Component units:										
Housing Finance Authority	\$	2,241	\$	1,597					\$	(644)
Jackson Memorial Foundation	\$	9,093	T	,	\$	7,720			\$	(1,373)

#### **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

	Primary Government						Component Units					
	-	overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities	Total				F	Housing Finance Authority	Jackson Memorial Foundation	
Change in net assets:												
Net (expense) revenue (from previous page)	\$	(2,296,017)	\$	(952,616)	\$	(3,248,633)	\$	(644)	\$	(1,373)		
General revenues:												
Taxes:												
Property taxes, general		1,266,712				1,266,712						
Property taxes, for debt service		78,135				78,135						
Property taxes, for fire protection		306,750				306,750						
Property taxes, for libraries		80,259				80,259						
County hospital 1/2% sales surtax		172,816				172,816						
Transportation 1/2% sales surtax		172,706				172,706						
Utility taxes		68,150				68,150						
Local option gas taxes		55,115				55,115						
Communication tax		44,028				44,028						
Other taxes		104,808				104,808						
Intergovernmental revenues, unrestricted		228,435				228,435						
Franchise fees		44,241				44,241						
Earnings on investments		22,175		28,938		51,113		748		(130)		
Miscellaneous		8,083		14,196		22,279		12				
Transfersinternal activities		(623,948)		623,948								
Total general revenues and transfers		2,028,465		667,082		2,695,547		760		(130)		
Change in net assets		(267,552)		(285,534)		(553,086)		116		(1,503)		
Net assets - beginning - restated (Note 11)		2,568,144		5,094,771		7,662,915		29,842		17,712		
Net assets-ending	\$	2,300,592	\$	4,809,237	\$	7,109,829	\$	29,958	\$	16,209		

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2009** 

(in thousands)

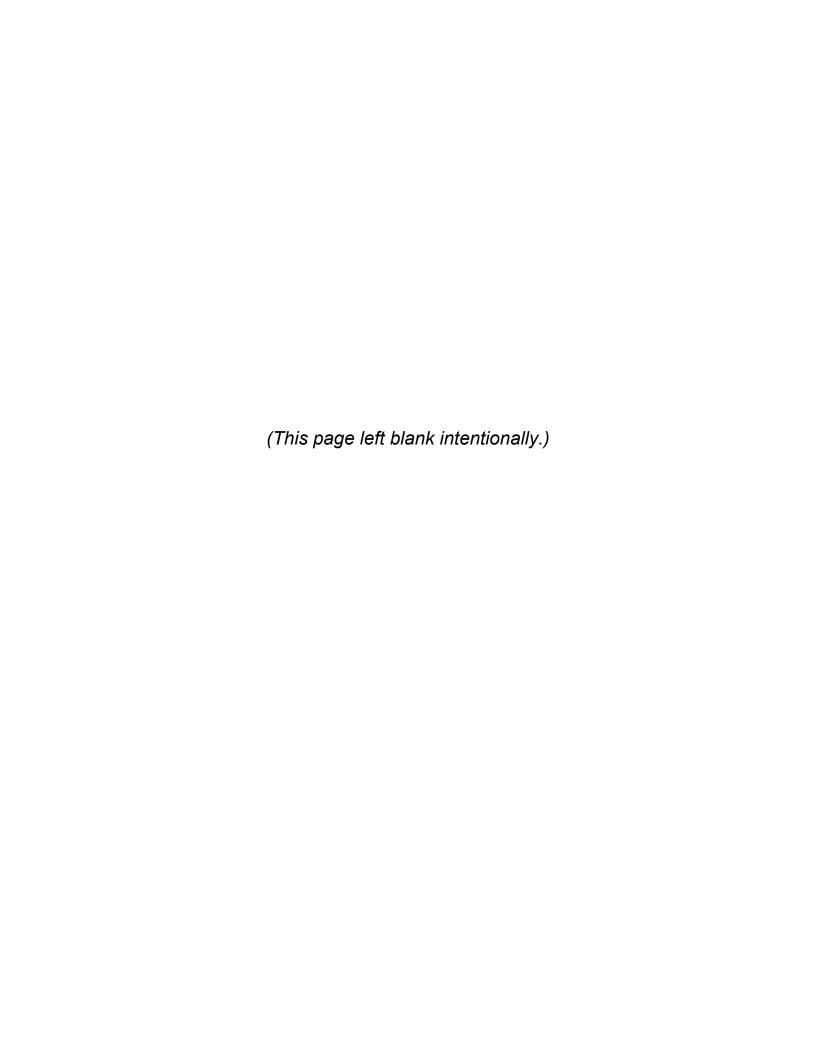
	General Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,060	\$	400,573	\$	434,633
Investments	155,798		1,517,825		1,673,623
Receivables, net	11,827		26,156		37,983
Delinquent taxes receivable	58,836		20,864		79,700
Allowance for uncollected delinquent taxes	(58,836)		(20,864)		(79,700)
Due from other funds	161,488		20,820		182,308
Due from other governments	45,090		147,715		192,805
Mortgages and notes receivable, net			167,936		167,936
Inventories	21,804		7,086		28,890
Other assets	10,092		3,133		13,225
Long-term advances receivable	42,380		139,948		182,328
Total assets	\$ 482,539	\$	2,431,192	\$	2,913,731
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 98,674	\$	81,047	\$	179,721
Retainage payable			18,887		18,887
Due to other funds	20,143		68,273		88,416
Due to other governments	60,777		29,835		90,612
Deferred revenue	6,615		118,057		124,672
Other liabilities			75,954		75,954
Total liabilities	186,209		392,053		578,262
Fund balances:					
Reserved for encumbrances	22,885		258,854		281,739
Reserved for inventories	21,804		7,086		28,890
Reserved for mortgages receivable			93,769		93,769
Reserved for long-term advances receivable	42,380		139,948		182,328
Reserved for other long-term assets			3,017		3,017
Reserved for housing assistance payments			18,399		18,399
Reserved for debt service			145,675		145,675
Reserved for permanent endowments			3,260		3,260
Reserved for environmentally endangered lands	61,390				61,390
Reserved for stormwater utility	57,115				57,115
Unreserved, reported in major funds	90,756				90,756
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor:					
Special revenue funds			375,560		375,560
Capital project funds			993,108		993,108
Permanent funds	 		463		463
Total fund balances	296,330		2,039,139		2,335,469
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 482,539	\$	2,431,192	\$	2,913,731

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2009** 

(in thousands)

The Internal Service Fund is used to charge the cost of self-insurance to individual funds.  The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities section of the Statement of Net Assets.  (19,429)  The Statement of Net Assets includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the internal service fund profit or loss to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable  \$ (3,451,037)  Accrued interest payable  \$ (40,749)  Compensated absences  \$ (396,903)  Other postemployment benefits  \$ (14,258)  Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits  \$ (2,139)	Total fund balances	governmental funds			\$	2,335,469
in the funds. These assets consist of:  Land \$ 646,968 Buildings and building improvements 2,238,377 Machinery and equipment 425,122 Infrastructure 2,414,950 Construction in progress 503,174 Accumulated depreciation (2,407,922) Total capital assets 3,820,669  The Internal Service Fund is used to charge the cost of self-insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities section of the Statement of Net Assets. (19,429) The Statement of Net Assets includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the internal service fund profit or loss to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable \$ (3,451,037) Accrued interest payable \$ (40,749) Compensated absences (396,903) Other postemployment benefits (14,258) Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits (2,139)	Amounts reported for gov	rernmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are differ	ent because:			
Buildings and building improvements  2,238,377  Machinery and equipment  425,122  Infrastructure  2,414,950  Construction in progress 503,174  Accumulated depreciation (2,407,922)  Total capital assets  3,820,669  The Internal Service Fund is used to charge the cost of self-insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities section of the Statement of Net Assets.  (19,429)  The Statement of Net Assets includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the internal service fund profit or loss to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable  \$ (3,451,037)  Accrued interest payable  \$ (40,749)  Compensated absences  \$ (396,903)  Other postemployment benefits  \$ (14,258)  Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits  \$ (2,139)	•	_	, therefore, are ı	not reported		
Machinery and equipment  Infrastructure  Construction in progress  Accumulated depreciation  Total capital assets  The Internal Service Fund is used to charge the cost of self-insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities section of the Statement of Net Assets.  The Statement of Net Assets includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the internal service fund profit or loss to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable  Accrued interest payable  Compensated absences  Other postemployment benefits  Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits  (2,139)		Land	\$	646,968		
Infrastructure 2,414,950 Construction in progress 503,174 Accumulated depreciation (2,407,922) Total capital assets 3,820,669 The Internal Service Fund is used to charge the cost of self-insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities section of the Statement of Net Assets. (19,429) The Statement of Net Assets includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the internal service fund profit or loss to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities. 6,163 Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable (40,749) Accrued interest payable (40,749) Compensated absences (396,903) Other postemployment benefits (14,258) Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits (2,139)		Buildings and building improvements		2,238,377		
Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets  The Internal Service Fund is used to charge the cost of self-insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities section of the Statement of Net Assets.  (19,429)  The Statement of Net Assets includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the internal service fund profit or loss to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable Accrued interest payable Compensated absences (396,903) Other postemployment benefits (14,258) Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits (2,139)		Machinery and equipment		425,122		
Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets  The Internal Service Fund is used to charge the cost of self-insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities section of the Statement of Net Assets.  (19,425)  The Statement of Net Assets includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the internal service fund profit or loss to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable  \$ (3,451,037)  Accrued interest payable  \$ (40,749)  Compensated absences  \$ (396,903)  Other postemployment benefits  \$ (14,258)  Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits  \$ (2,139)		Infrastructure		2,414,950		
Total capital assets  The Internal Service Fund is used to charge the cost of self-insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities section of the Statement of Net Assets.  (19,425)  The Statement of Net Assets includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the internal service fund profit or loss to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable Accrued interest payable Compensated absences (396,903) Other postemployment benefits (14,258) Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits (2,139)		Construction in progress		503,174		
The Internal Service Fund is used to charge the cost of self-insurance to individual funds.  The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities section of the Statement of Net Assets.  (19,429)  The Statement of Net Assets includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the internal service fund profit or loss to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable  \$ (3,451,037)  Accrued interest payable  \$ (40,749)  Compensated absences  \$ (396,903)  Other postemployment benefits  \$ (14,258)  Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits  \$ (2,139)		Accumulated depreciation		(2,407,922)		
The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities section of the Statement of Net Assets.  (19,429)  The Statement of Net Assets includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the internal service fund profit or loss to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable  Bonds, loans, and notes payable  Compensated absences  (396,903)  Other postemployment benefits  (14,258)  Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits  (2,139)		Total capital assets				3,820,669
activities section of the Statement of Net Assets.  (19,425)  The Statement of Net Assets includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the internal service fund profit or loss to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable  Bonds, loans, and notes payable  (40,749)  Compensated absences  (396,903)  Other postemployment benefits  (14,258)  Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits  (2,139)	The Internal Serv	rice Fund is used to charge the cost of self-insurance to indiv	idual funds.			
The Statement of Net Assets includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the internal service fund profit or loss to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable  Accrued interest payable  Compensated absences  (396,903)  Other postemployment benefits  (14,258)  Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits  (2,139)	The assets and li	abilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the gove	rnmental			
business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable \$ (3,451,037)   Accrued interest payable (40,749)   Compensated absences (396,903)   Other postemployment benefits (14,258)   Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits (2,139)	activities section	of the Statement of Net Assets.				(19,429)
statements. Those liabilities consist of:  Bonds, loans, and notes payable \$ (3,451,037) Accrued interest payable (40,749) Compensated absences (396,903) Other postemployment benefits (14,258) Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits (2,139)	business-type ac	ctivities. This adjustment increases the Internal Balances acceptable.	count of governr	mental activities.	0	6,163
Accrued interest payable (40,749) Compensated absences (396,903) Other postemployment benefits (14,258) Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits (2,139)			e not reported in	n the fund		
Accrued interest payable (40,749) Compensated absences (396,903) Other postemployment benefits (14,258) Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits (2,139)		Bonds, loans, and notes payable	\$	(3,451,037)		
Compensated absences (396,903) Other postemployment benefits (14,258) Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits (2,139)		· ·				
Other postemployment benefits (14,258) Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits (2,139)				, ,		
Accrued post-retirement health insurance benefits (2,139)						
				, ,		
Arbitrage rebate liability (2,010)		Arbitrage rebate liability		(2,010)		
Lease agreements (10,548)		Lease agreements		(10,548)		
Due to Housing Finance Authority (1,000)		Due to Housing Finance Authority		(1,000)		
Other liabilities (44,841)		Other liabilities		(44,841)		
Total long-term liabilities (3,963,485		Total long-term liabilities				(3,963,485)
Bond issuance costs are treated as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are deferred to future	Bond issuance co	osts are treated as expenditures in the governmental funds, I	out are deferred	to future		
periods in the Statement of Net Assets (amortized over the life of the bonds).  34,665	periods in the Sta	atement of Net Assets (amortized over the life of the bonds).				34,665
Some unearned revenues have met the earned criteria for recognition in the Statement of Activities.  86,540	Some unearned i	revenues have met the earned criteria for recognition in the S	Statement of Act	tivities.		86,540
Net assets of governmental activities \$ 2,300,592	Net assets of govern	mental activities			\$	2,300,592



# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

_		Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues:				
Taxes \$ 1,438,456 \$		\$ 2,346,074		
Special tax assessments	30,937	30,937		
Licenses and permits 106,217	5,034	111,251		
Intergovernmental revenues 204,635	628,647	833,282		
Charges for services 233,542	169,834	403,376		
Fines and forfeitures 11,877	30,271	42,148		
Investment income 9,092	41,705	50,797		
Other 87,588	61,813	149,401		
Total revenues 2,091,407	1,875,859	3,967,266		
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Policy formulation and general government 367,970	156,478	524,448		
Protection of people and property 916,074	436,552	1,352,626		
Physical environment 71,759	27,588	99,347		
Transportation 36,950	78,453	115,403		
Health 33,142	34,895	68,037		
Human services	334,864	334,864		
Socio-economic environment 90,047	403,208	493,255		
Culture and recreation 99,064	223,088	322,152		
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	113,337	113,337		
Interest	101,175	101,175		
Other	5,209	5,209		
Capital outlay 23,179	252,944	276,123		
Total expenditures 1,638,185	2,167,791	3,805,976		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures 453,222	(291,932)	161,290		
Other financing sources (uses):	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Long-term debt issued	1,002,096	1,002,096		
Premium on long-term debt	67	67		
Payments to bond escrow agents	(96,599)	(96,599)		
Transfers in 17,693	331,770	349,463		
Transfers out (541,799)	(431,612)	(973,411)		
Total other financing sources (uses) (524,106)	805,722	281,616		
Net change in fund balances (70,884)	513,790	442,906		
Increase in reserve for inventory 2,027	2,246	4,273		
Fund balances -beginning - restated, Note 11 365,187	1,523,103	1,888,290		
Fund balancesending \$ 296,330 \$		\$ 2,335,469		

# RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 (in thousands)

442,906

\$

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay	\$ 281,226	
Depreciation expense	(139,445)	
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense		141,781

The issuance of long-term debt provides a source of current financial resources to governmental funds. However, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, but these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. In the current year, these amounts consist of:

Bonds and notes issued, including premium of \$67	\$ (1,002,163)	
Bond issuance costs paid during the current year	16,263	
Amortization/reduction of bond premium and deferred charges on refunding	3,080	
Amortization/reduction of bond issuance costs	(1,173)	
Total bond proceeds and related transactions		(983,993)

The repayment of long-term debt is reported as a use of financial resources in governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. In the current year, these amounts consist of:

Bond, loans and notes principal retirement 205,515

Some unearned revenues in the fund statements meet the recognition criteria in the statement of activities. In FY 2009 there was a decrease in the amount recognized.

(26,476)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:

Interest accreted on capital appreciation debt	\$ (29,885)	
Increase in compensated absences	(12,748)	
Net increase in inventories	4,273	
Net increase in other long-term liabilities	 (7,017)	
Total additional expenses	 	(45,377)

# RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

	Interest expense in the Statement of Activities includes additional accrued interest calculated for bonds and notes payable. The fund statements report payments of interest expense related to prior periods, which has been eliminated in the Statement of Activities.	\$ (3,811)
	The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of self-insurance to individual funds. The change in net assets of the fund was reported with the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.	3,477
	The amount of the Internal Service Fund's loss on transactions with business-type activities was eliminated from the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.	1,496
	Loss on the sale or disposal of capital assets is reported in the Statement of Activities, but is not reported in the fund financial statements.	(9,500)
	Capital asset contributions are reported in the Statement of Activities, but not reported in the fund financial statements.	7,764
	Proceeds on the sale of capital assets are reported in the fund statements, but not reported in the Statement of Activities.	(1,334)
Chan	ge in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (267,552)

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 (in thousands)

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Transit Agency		Solid Waste Management		Seaport		Aviation partment	
Assets:								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31	7 \$	21,758	\$	2,399	\$	94,131	
Investments			105,864		11,525		86,473	
Accounts receivable, net	37	3	10,162		8,495		37,323	
Due from other funds	6	9	2,517				25,294	
Due from other governments	55,32	1	195					
Inventories	33,97	6			4,225		1,943	
Other current assets	2,39	6			608		5,197	
Total unrestricted assets	92,45	2	140,496		27,252		250,361	
Restricted assets:	·							
Cash and cash equivalents			15,608		11,093		159,771	
Investments	292,32	5	265		30,152		237,823	
Due from other governments					5,072			
Other restricted assets			8,603				50,511	
Total restricted assets	292,32	5	24,476		46,317		448,105	
Total current assets	384,77	7	164,972		73,569		698,466	
Non current assets:	·		·		·			
Capital assets:								
Land	241,19	5	57,528		198,596		88,836	
Buildings and building improvements, net	753,98	2	43,632		272,063		2,419,663	
Machinery and equipment, net	344,22	6	85,617		27,546		141,111	
Infrastructure, net			1,193		202,745		711,205	
Construction in progress	141,54	6	16,323		45,926		2,443,759	
Total capital assets, net	1,480,94		204,293		746,876		5,804,574	
Other non current assets:	, ,		,		,			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	152,78	1	31,399				314,417	
Restricted long-term investments			97,048		7,056		•	
Deferred charges and other non-current assets	8,87	7	6,785		3,463		72,370	
Total non current assets	1,642,60		339,525		757,395		6,191,361	
Total assets	2,027,38		504,497		830,964		6,889,827	

		Bu	siness-type Activit	ties - Ente	rprise Funds				ernmental
Water and Sewer			Public Health Trust		Other (Nonmajor) Total Enterprise Enterprise Funds Funds		nterprise	Self	ctivities- Insurance nal Service Fund
\$	389	\$	95,358	\$	3,489	\$	217,841	\$	28,793
φ	87,464	φ	16,699	φ	11,483	φ	319,508	φ	141,116
	90,813		244,815		372		392,353		1,193
	416		27,953		312		56,249		20,394
	410		39,138				94,654		739
	30,415		32,972		33		103,564		700
	9,501		6,368		188		24,258		
	218,998		463,303		15,565		1,208,427		192,235
	•		•		·				<u> </u>
	130,009		13,000		4,139		333,620		
			5,833				566,398		
							5,072		
			5,472		1,229		65,815		
	130,009		24,305		5,368		970,905		
	349,007		487,608		20,933		2,179,332		192,235
	44,485		36,635		4,360		671,635		
	,		249,249		29,619		3,768,208		
	220,293		130,476		4,242		953,511		
	2,265,689		9,237		27,285		3,217,354		
	620,586		54,218		7,729		3,330,087		
	3,151,053		479,815		73,235		11,940,795		
							498,597		
	289,536		221,713				615,353		
	172,580		8,425		2		272,502		
	3,613,169		709,953		73,237		13,327,247		
	3,962,176		1,197,561		94,170		15,506,579		192,235

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 (in thousands)

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	-			
	Transit	Solid Waste		Aviation
1:-1:11:4:	Agency	Management	Seaport	Department
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities payable from current assets:	40.404	40.547	2 504	24.540
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	40,121	16,517	3,501	31,546
Current portion of bonds, loans and notes payable	15,255		3,800	
Current portion of lease agreements			1,729	3,335
Accrued interest payable	4,826		665	
Compensated absences	13,080	3,922	1,620	7,555
Estimated claims payable				
Environmental remediation liability				9,615
Liability for closure and postclosure care costs		7,216		
Due to other funds	120,842	1,323	2,734	8,393
Due to other governments				
Unearned revenue and other current liabilities	9,009	646	914	10,159
Total current liabilities payable from current assets	203,133	29,624	14,963	70,603
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and deferred credits	221	1,916	9,814	209,886
Current portion of bonds, loans and notes payable		18,823	8,090	61,049
Accrued interest payable		3,737	5,055	127,269
Estimated claims payable		-, -	-,	,
Environmental remediation liability			401	
Lease agreements	292,325			
Unearned revenue	232,020			
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	292,546	24,476	23,360	398,204
Total current liabilities	495,679	54,100	38,323	468,807
Long-term liabilities:	433,013	34,100	30,323	400,007
· ·	583,159	181,660	573,790	5,017,813
Bonds, loans and notes payable, net	505,159	101,000	575,790	
Commercial paper				110,141
Estimated claims payable	00.755	44.044	4747	00.400
Compensated absences	23,755	11,244	4,747	20,402
Environmental remediation liability				79,980
Liability for closure and postclosure care costs		93,020		
Lease agreements			1,092	8,252
Long-term advances due to other funds	173,066			
Other long-term liabilities	2,633	2,593	690	4,451
Total long-term liabilities	782,613	288,517	580,319	5,241,039
Total liabilities	1,278,292	342,617	618,642	5,709,846
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	901,304	39,343	161,838	615,571
Restricted for:				
Debt service		17,113	23,895	175,107
Capital projects			19,263	
Grants and other purposes		97,642		250,260
Unrestricted (deficit)	(152,212)	7,782	7,326	139,043
Total net assets	\$ 749,092	\$ 161,880	\$ 212,322	\$ 1,179,981

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Water and Sewer	Public	Other (Nonmajor)	Total	Activities- Self-Insurance
	Health Trust	Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
	Trust	1 unus	i unus	i unu
14,028	250,304	1,300	357,317	1,06
7,176	5,230	961	32,422	1,00
7,110	0,200	001	5,064	
	5,021	72	10,584	
11,719	108,068	385	146,349	
,	6,143		6,143	64,44
	0,		9,615	<b>3</b> .,
			7,216	
6,697	39,808		179,797	
15,578	82,933		98,511	
22,660	24,963	1,600	69,951	
77,858	522,470	4,318	922,969	65,51
32,769	8,093	84	262,783	
48,724			136,686	
36,192			172,253	
904			904	
			401	
			292,325	
51,420		359	51,779	
170,009	8,093	443	917,131	
247,867	530,563	4,761	1,840,100	65,51
1,495,203	371,176	7,328	8,230,129	
	,	,	110,141	
1,290	22,330		23,620	146,15
25,882	,	1,000	87,030	-,
-,		,	79,980	
			93,020	
			9,344	
			173,066	
15,131	19,251		44,749	
1,537,506	412,757	8,328	8,851,079	146,15
1,785,373	943,320	13,089	10,691,179	211,66
1,590,038	257,770	64,945	3,630,809	
447.450	00.700	2.000	007.000	
117,458	30,736	3,629	367,938	
32,656	5,337	4.005	57,256	
400.054	5,147	1,295	354,344	/40.44
436,651	(44,749) \$ 254,241	\$ 81,081	405,053	(19,42
2,176,803	\$ 254,241	\$ 81,081	4,815,400	\$ (19,42

(Concluded)

Net assets of business-type activities

4,809,237

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND

#### CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 $\,$

(in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Transit Agency	-	Solid Waste lanagement		Seaport		Aviation epartment
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	103,594	\$	265,128	\$	100,058	\$	521,600
Operating expenses:								
Personnel costs		291,561		73,893		33,822		182,985
Contractual services		47,313		104,096		14,670		120,904
Material and supplies		59,493		7,890		2,480		15,640
Claims and policy payments								
Other		86,415		45,860		18,027		65,409
Operating expenses before depreciation and assumption of closure and postclosure								
care costs for inactive landfills		484,782		231,739		68,999		384,938
Depreciation expense		(70,737)		(32,487)		(20,790)		(138,968)
Assumption of closure and postclosure		(10,101)		(02, 101)		(20,100)		(100,000)
care costs for inactive landfills				7,211				
Operating income (loss)		(451,925)		8,113		10,269		(2,306)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		(101,020)				,		(=,==)
Investment income		1,069		4,032		247		5,981
Interest expense		(17,679)		(9,348)		(19,448)		(156,382)
Intergovernmental subsidies		43,382		(-,,		( - , - ,		(, ,
Other, net		7,023		(5,627)		(166)		75,919
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		33,795		(10,943)		(19,367)		(74,482)
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions		(418,130)		(2,830)		(9,098)		(76,788)
Transfers in		270,741		2,239		( , ,		( , ,
Capital contributions		70,410		739		13,315		64,789
Change in net assets		(76,979)		148		4,217		(11,999)
Total net assets (deficit) beginning		826,071		161,732		208,105		1,191,980
Total net assets (deficit) ending	\$	749,092	\$	161,880	\$	212,322	\$	1,179,981

		Busin	ess-type Activi	ties -	Enterprise Funds	S		Gov	/ernmental	
Water and Sewer					Other (Nonmajor) Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds	Activities- Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund		
\$	478,736	\$	1,252,189	\$	22,186	\$	2,743,491	\$	503,375	
	182,204		1,015,280		7,890		1,787,635			
	81,244		536,824		9,455		914,506			
	43,594		238,179		300		367,576			
									502,192	
	21,887		24,958		2,659		265,215			
	328,929		1,815,241		20,304		3,334,932		502,192	
	(152,428)		(55,489)		(3,650)		(474,549)			
							7,211			
	(2,621)		(618,541)		(1,768)		(1,058,779)		1,183	
	13,440		3,926		243		28,938		2,294	
	(63,787)		(13,948)		(273)		(280,865)			
					293		43,675			
	33,857		33,292		949		145,247			
	(16,490)		23,270		1,212		(63,005)		2,294	
	(19,111)		(595,271)		(556)		(1,121,784)		3,477	
			350,686		282		623,948			
	56,415				8,130		213,798			
	37,304		(244,585)		7,856		(284,038)	-	3,477	
	2,139,499		498,826		73,225				(22,906)	
\$	2,176,803	\$	254,241	\$	81,081			\$	(19,429)	

Adjustment to reflect the allocation of internal service fund net revenue (expense) to business-type activities Change in net assets of business-type activities

(1,496) \$ (285,534)

#### **PROPRIETARY FUNDS** STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 (in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Transit Agency		Solid Waste Management		Seaport		Aviation Department	
Cash flows from operating activities:						-		
Cash received from customers and tenants	\$	103,526	\$	267,776	\$	99,846	\$	520,018
Cash received for premiums								
Cash paid to suppliers		(174,742)		(122,026)		(22,979)		(170,882)
Cash paid to other County departments		(10,300)		(39,745)		(19,781)		(70,610)
Cash paid to employees for services		(290,026)		(73,458)		(33,257)		(139,974)
Cash paid for claims								
Cash paid for policies								
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(371,542)		32,547		23,829		138,552
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		, ,						
Operating grants received		51,591		(5,514)				13,086
Transfers in from other funds		287,393		, ,				
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	-	338,984		(5,514)				13,086
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		•		( , , ,				
Issuance of long-term debt and commercial paper notes		193,807				67,541		1,091,599
Principal payments - bonds, loans, notes payable		(15,145)		(20,390)		(11,095)		(452,895)
Payment of bond issue cost		, , ,		, ,		, , ,		(692)
Proceeds from swap agreements								,
Swap termination payment								
Interest paid		(18,053)		(8,091)		(19,033)		(230,976)
Proceeds from sale of assets		68		1.893		, , ,		, , ,
Proceeds from environmental reimbursements				,				1,077
Purchase of capital and intangible assets						(34,882)		(666,386)
Payments/receipts related to lease agreements		3,105				(- , ,		(,,
Acquisition and construction		(100,051)		(15,880)				
Capital contributed by federal, state and local governments		55,569		( -,,		10,027		55,728
Passenger facility charges		,				-,-		61,225
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	-	119,300		(42,468)		12,558		(141,320)
Cash flows from investing activities:		,		(1=,100)		1=,000		(***,==)
Purchase of investment securities				(203,177)		(48,733)		(1,128,540)
Interest and dividends on investments		1,069		4,201		247		5,981
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		1.069		20.088		(31,249)		(80,748)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		87,811		4,653		5,138		(70,430)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		65,287		64,112		8,354		638,749
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	153,098	\$	68,765	\$	13,492	\$	568,319

(Continued)

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							Gov	/ernmental		
Water and Sewer			Public Health Trust	(Ne	Other onmajor) nterprise Funds	ı	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities- Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund		
\$	510,479	\$	1,299,648	\$	22,970	\$	2,824,263			
								\$	497,891	
	(151,091)		(732,326)		(13,196)		(1,387,242)			
	(54,846)		(1,500)				(196,782)			
	(179,498)		(1,003,884)		(8,855)		(1,728,952)			
									(204,679)	
									(293,940)	
	125,044		(438,062)		919		(488,713)		(728)	
	509		33,292		366		93,330			
			350,686		282		638,361			
	509		383,978		648		731,691			
	382,065		82,942				1,817,954			
	(345,661)		(4,910)		(859)		(850,955)			
	(343,001)		(4,510)		(059)		(692)			
	970						970			
	(69,100)						(69,100)			
	(53,539)		(15,136)		(303)		(345,131)			
	23		(10,100)		(000)		1,984			
	20						1,077			
			(63,524)		(661)		(765,453)			
			(,)		()		3,105			
	(260,972)				(4,739)		(381,642)			
	, , ,				892		122,216			
							61,225			
	(346,214)		(628)		(5,670)		(404,442)			
	(524,954)		(81,228)		(11,897)		(1,998,529)		(141,116)	
	12,435		3,926		227		28,086		2,294	
	207,013		20,961		2,831		139,965		(6,892)	
	(13,648)		(33,751)		(1,272)		(21,499)	-	(7,620)	
	144,046		142,109		8,900		1,071,557		36,413	
\$	130,398	\$	108,358	\$	7,628	\$	1,050,058	\$	28,793	

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	Transit Agency		Solid Waste Management		Seaport		Aviation Department		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to								•	
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	(451,925)	\$	8,113	\$	10,269	\$	(2,306)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to									
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Depreciation expense		70,737		32,487		20,790		138,968	
Other - net				(7,256)					
(Increase) decrease in assets:									
Accounts receivable, net		(28)		2,465		520		(190)	
Inventories		5,351				(385)		(97)	
Other current assets		(376)		9		(16)		(1,038)	
Deferred charges and other assets		, ,		692		` ,		( , ,	
Due from other funds								2,740	
Due from other governments				183				, -	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		3,204		903		359		5,282	
Due to other funds		-, -		(335)		(7,597)		(1,433)	
Due to other governments				()		( , ,		( ,,	
Unearned revenue and other current liabilities				64		831		444	
Lease agreements						(1,562)		(1,706)	
Compensated absences		772		243		532		(758)	
Estimated claims payable								(1.55)	
Liability for closure and postclosure care costs				(6,010)					
Other long-term liabilities		723		989		88		(1,354)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(371,542)	\$	32,547	\$	23,829	\$	138,552	
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:									
Property, plant and equipment contributions									
Change in construction and related liabilities					\$	2,137			
(Decrease) increase in the fair value of investments			\$	405			\$	(1,742)	
Increase in construction in progress accrual								26,813	
Amortization of deferred issuance cost	\$	258							
(Decrease) increase in other restricted assets								(8,276)	
	(Co	ntinued)							

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Gove	ernmental
Other									tivities-
			Public		onmajor)		Total		Insurance
'	Water and		Health		terprise	I	Enterprise		al Service
	Sewer		Trust		Funds		Funds		Fund
\$	(2,621)	\$	(618,541)	\$	(1,768)	\$	(1,058,779)	\$	1,183
	152,428		55,489		3,650		474,549		
	35,327						28,071		
	(6,992)		40,244		812		36,831		5
	(981)		(2,220)		1		1,669		
	(9,469)				(17)		(10,907)		
	(73,933)		1,076				(72,165)		
	4,937		20,077				27,754		(5,504)
	5						188		15
	(4,063)		47,348		(1,729)		51,304		(277)
	(3,051)		6,364				(6,052)		
	2,149		4,243				6,392		
			1,549		(26)		2,862		
							(3,268)		
	1,994		6,148		(4)		8,927		
	(3,204)		(2,644)				(5,848)		3,850
							(6,010)		
	32,518		2,805				35,769		
\$	125,044	\$	(438,062)	\$	919	\$	(488,713)	\$	(728)

\$ 56,400

5,100

(Concluded)

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2009** 

(in thousands)

	ı	Pension	
		Trust Fund	Agency Funds
Assets:		ruliu	ruius
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value	\$	13,087	\$ 141,352 133,028
Domestic investments: Equities		103,685	
Corporate debt securities Government and agency obligations		88,557 21,748	
Total domestic investments		213,990	
International investments: Mutual funds		28,663	
Equities		7,568	
Corporate debt securities		7,414	
Total international investments		43,645	
Delinquent taxes receivable			143,606
Allowance for uncollected delinquent taxes			(143,606
Performance bonds			89,603
Other current assets  Total assets		270,722	\$ 177 364,160
Liabilities:			
Due to other governments		3,236	\$ 364,160
Total liabilities	\$	3,236	\$ 364,160
Net Assets:			
Restricted net assets reserved for Public Health Trust employees' pension benefits	\$	267,486	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

# PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

Net assets reserved for employees' pension benefits:  Balance at beginning of year	\$ 218,570
Additions: Pension contributions Net realized and unrealized gains on pension trust fund investments Total additions	40,532 9,493 50,025
Deductions: Participants benefits expense	 1,109
Net increase in net assets reserved for employees' pension benefits	48,916
Balance at end of year	\$ 267,486

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# 1-A. Reporting Entity

Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "County") is an instrumentality of the State of Florida established by an amendment to the Florida State Constitution adopted May 21, 1957 as the Dade County Home Rule Charter, to carry on a centralized government.

On January 23, 2007, the electors of Miami-Dade approved an amendment to the Home Rule Charter which established a Strong Mayor form of government. This amendment expands the Mayor's powers over administrative matters. The County Manager who previously was chief administrator now reports directly to the Mayor who has the authority to hire, fire and set the salary of the County Manager. Under this new system, the Mayor also appoints all department heads.

The Board of County Commissioners (the "BCC") is the legislative body, consisting of 13 members elected from single-member districts. Members are elected to serve four-year terms, and elections of members are staggered. The Board chooses a Chairperson, who presides over the Commission, as well as appoints the members of its legislative committees. The Board has a wide array of powers to enact legislation, create departments, and regulate business operating within the County. It also has the power to override the Mayor's veto with a two-thirds vote.

On January 29, 2008, a charter amendment was approved to make the Property Appraiser an elected position. November 4, 2008 was the first election for a Property Appraiser in Miami-Dade County.

The financial reporting entity for which the accompanying financial statements are prepared includes the County (primary government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either 1) the County's ability to impose its will on the component unit's board, or 2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden to the County.

The financial position and result of operations of the following entities are blended with the primary government in the accompanying financial statements.

#### > Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts (the "Clerk")

The Clerk is an elected official pursuant to Article V of the Florida Constitution. The Clerk serves two capacities: Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts and Clerk, Ex-Officio of the Board of County Commissioners. Under the first function, the Clerk provides support to the Courts (Civil, Family, Criminal and Traffic). His ex-officio functions include Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, County Auditor, Custodian of Public Funds and County Recorder.

In November 1998, voters approved Constitutional Revision 7 of Article V of the Florida Constitution. Effective July 1, 2004, this revision allocated state court system funding among state, counties and users of courts. Funding responsibilities were defined as pertaining to the State court system when the Clerk served in his capacity as Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts and to the Board of County Commissioners (the Board) when serving as ex-officio of the Board. Consequently, the Clerk prepares a budget in two parts.

Effective July 1, 2009, the manner in which the Clerk's court operations are funded changed at the direction of Senate Bills 1718 and 2108. New legislation provided that all of the Clerks' Offices be funded from state appropriations rather than from filing fees, services charges, court costs and fines. Funding is enacted pursuant to the General Appropriations Act where the State's Legislation appropriates for the budgets. Accordingly, the Clerk prepares budget requests and submits them to the Clerk of Courts Operations Corporation (CCOC) with a copy to the Supreme Court.

The budget for the ex-officio capacity is funded by the Board of County Commissioners as part of the County's annual budget whereby the Clerk remits all fees and other monies earned throughout the agency funds to the County for appropriation by the Board. As a result of the budgetary control by the County and its financial dependency on the County, financial information for the Clerk is presented as a special revenue fund and has been blended with the Miami-Dade primary government.

#### Naranja Lakes Community Redevelopment Agency (the "NLCRA")

The NLCRA trust fund was created by the Miami-Dade County Board of County Commissioners on May 6, 2003 as a redevelopment trust fund to be funded with ad valorem tax increment revenues to finance or refinance proposed community redevelopment in the NLCRA area. Financial information for the NLCRA for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009 has been blended with the Miami-Dade County primary government in this CAFR. Trust fund revenues and expenditures during the period were \$2.5 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, with an ending fund balance of \$4.0 million.

# > 7th Avenue Community Redevelopment Agency (the "7th Avenue CRA")

The 7<sup>th</sup> Avenue CRA trust fund was created by the BCC on June 22, 2004 as a redevelopment trust fund to be funded with ad valorem tax increment revenues to finance or refinance proposed community redevelopment in the 7<sup>th</sup> Avenue CRA area. Financial information for the 7<sup>th</sup> Avenue CRA for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009 has been blended with the Miami-Dade County primary government in this CAFR. Trust fund revenues and expenditures during the period were \$0.5 million, and \$0, respectively, with an ending fund balance of \$1.7 million.

#### West Perrine Community Redevelopment Agency (the "WPCRA")

The WPCRA was created by the BCC on June 5, 2007 as a redevelopment trust fund to be funded with ad valorem tax increment revenues to finance or refinance proposed community redevelopment in the CRA area. Financial information for the WPCRA for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009 has been blended with the Miami-Dade County primary government in this CAFR. Trust fund revenues and expenditures during the period were \$0.9 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, with an ending fund balance of \$1.1 million.

#### Educational Facilities Authority (the "EFA")

The Miami-Dade Educational Facilities Authority was created by the BCC on October 22, 1969, pursuant to Chapter 69-345, Florida Statutes, empowering it to issue tax-exempt bonds for the purpose of enabling institutions of higher education to provide facilities and structures, including the refinancing of the same, pursuant to Chapter 243, Part II, Florida Statutes. Neither the notes, bonds nor any other obligation incurred by the EFA shall be deemed a pledge of the faith or credit of Miami-Dade County. Any expenditures incurred by the EFA shall be payable solely from funds provided under the authority of Chapter 69-345. The EFA had \$0 (zero) revenues and \$0 (zero) expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009 and no fund balance at September 30, 2009.

#### Health Facilities Authority

The Miami-Dade County Health Facilities Authority was created by the BCC on October 16, 1979 pursuant to Section 154.207, Florida Statutes, empowering it to issue tax-exempt bonds for the purpose of assisting in the development and maintenance of the health facilities of Miami-Dade County. All bonds issued by the Health Facilities Authority shall not be deemed to constitute debt, liability or obligation of Miami-Dade County or a pledge of the faith and credit of Miami-Dade County. The Health Facilities Authority had \$0 (zero) revenues and \$0 (zero) expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2009, and no fund balance as of September 30, 2009.

The financial position and result of operations of the following entities are discretely presented in the accompanying financial statements:

# Housing Finance Authority (the "HFA")

The HFA was created by the Miami-Dade County Board of County Commissioners (the "BCC") on December 12, 1978. The HFA provides financing for residential housing to persons or families of moderate, middle or lesser income. The HFA is a component unit of the County since the BCC appoints the thirteen members of its governing board and has the ability to impose their will on the board. Financial information for the HFA is presented in a separate column in the County's government-wide financial statements.

Complete financial statements of the HFA may be obtained directly from their administrative offices at: Housing Finance Authority of Miami-Dade County, 7300 NW 19<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 501, Miami, Florida 33126. Telephone (305) 594-2518

#### Jackson Memorial Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation")

The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the County. The Foundation acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the County in support of its programs. The board of the Foundation is self-perpetuating and consists of community members. Although the County does not control the timing or amount of the receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources, or income thereon, that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the County by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the County the Foundation is considered a component unit of the County. Financial information for the Foundation is presented in a separate column in the County's government-wide financial statements.

Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained at: Jackson Memorial Foundation, Inc., Plaza Park East, 901 NW 17<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite G, Miami, Florida 33136. Telephone (305) 355-4999.

### Related Organizations:

#### Industrial Development Authority (the "IDA")

The Miami-Dade IDA was created by the BCC on March 21, 1978, pursuant to Chapter 159, Sections 159.44 through 159.53, Florida Statutes. The IDA develops and manages the Tax-Exempt Industrial Development Revenue Bond Program that serves as a financial incentive to support private sector business and industry expansion and location in Miami-Dade County. The Commission appoints the members of IDA's governing board. However, the County is not financially accountable for IDA because it cannot impose its will on the organization. IDA bonds are not obligations of the County. Its operations neither provide a financial benefit to nor impose a financial burden on the County and are not included in the financial statements of Miami-Dade County.

Financial statements for the IDA may be obtained directly from their administrative offices at: Miami-Dade Industrial Development Authority, 80 SW 8<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 2801, Miami, Florida 33130. Telephone (305) 579-0070

#### Miami-Dade Expressway Authority (the "MDXA")

The MDXA is an agency of the State of Florida. It constructs, maintains and operates the expressway system located in Miami-Dade County. The Commission appoints a voting majority of the MDXA governing board. However, the County is not financially accountable for the MDXA, and the MDXA is therefore not included in the accompanying financial statements.

Financial statements for the MDXA may be obtained directly from their administrative offices at: Miami-Dade Expressway Authority, 3790 NW 21<sup>st</sup> Street, Miami, Florida 33142. Telephone (305) 637-3277

#### ➤ MDHA Development Corporation (the "MDHADC")

The MDHADC was created by the Board of County Commissioners in July 2000, pursuant to Resolution R-903-00, as a Florida non-profit corporation to promote development of low- to moderate-income housing facilities for residents of Miami-Dade County. Currently, there are no County employees serving in the MDHADC's Board of Directors. The MDHADC is financially independent, and the County is not financially accountable for the MDHADC. The MDHADC is not included in the accompanying financial statements. Financial statements for the MDHADC are not readily available.

#### Performing Arts Center Trust (the "PACT")

The PACT, a non-profit corporation, was created by the Board of County Commissioners in 1991 to oversee the planning, design, construction and operation of the Performing Arts Center. The Mayor of Miami-Dade County appoints the 32 trustees of the PACT, a majority of which is predetermined by ordinance or selected by others outside the County government; hence the Mayor's appointment authority is not substantive. The PACT is financially independent from the County, and Miami-Dade County is not entitled to, nor has the ability to otherwise access, the economic resources of the PACT. Therefore, the PACT is not included in the accompanying financial statements.

Financial statements for the PACT may be obtained directly from their administrative offices at: Performing Arts Center Trust, 1300 Biscayne Blvd, Miami, Florida 33132. Telephone (786) 468-2210

# 1-B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, Basis of Presentation

In addition to the government-wide statements, separate financial statements are presented for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The financial statements may differ in terms of the measurement focus and basis of accounting used to prepare them, as discussed below.

The government-wide statements, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. (Agency funds, however, report only assets and liabilities. Since an operating statement is not presented, agency funds have no measurement focus). Revenues are generally recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow occurs. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the year for which they are levied, and grants and other similar non-exchange transactions are recorded as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. For the purpose of revenue recognition, "available" means that the revenues are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual under the above criteria include intergovernmental revenues and certain taxes. The County considers the availability for revenues susceptible to accrual to be ninety days, with the exception of expenditure driven (reimbursement) grants, for which the availability period is one year, and property taxes, which are not accrued. When the primary eligibility requirement under a grant is incurring an eligible expenditure, the County recognizes revenue at the time the expenditure is incurred. Prior year property taxes billed but uncollected as of the end of the fiscal year are reflected as delinquent taxes receivable with an offsetting allowance account. Other revenues that are not considered measurable or available are recognized when received by the County. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, and other long-term obligations, which are recorded only when payment is due.

The above differences in measurement focus and basis of accounting result in differences in the amounts reported as net assets and changes in net assets in the government-wide statements from the amounts shown in the governmental fund statements. Those differences are briefly explained in the reconciliation statements included in the governmental fund statements.

#### Government-wide financial statements:

The accompanying financial statements include a government-wide statement of activities and a government-wide statement of net assets. These statements report information on the County as a whole and its component units. They do not include the fiduciary activities of the County.

In the government-wide statements, the primary government (the County) is reported separately from its component units (the Housing Finance Authority and the Jackson Memorial Foundation). Governmental activities and business-type activities of the County are presented separately. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities rely mostly on charges for services for support.

The statement of activities shows the extent to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by its program revenues. The direct expenses of a function are clearly identifiable with that function. The program revenues of a function include: (1) amounts charged to those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by the function, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to operational uses by the function, and (3) grants and contributions that are restricted to capital uses by the function. All revenues other than program revenues are considered to be general revenues and are shown in the bottom section of the statement of activities. They include all taxes (even those levied for a particular function), unrestricted intergovernmental revenues, unrestricted investment earnings and other miscellaneous non-program revenues.

The government-wide statement of net assets reports all financial and capital resources of the County, as well as its liabilities. The difference between assets and liabilities are reported as net assets. Net assets are displayed in three components:

*Invested in capital assets, net of related debt:* Capital assets, net of depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of debt that is attributable to the acquisition or construction of those assets.

Restricted net assets: Net assets where constraints on their use are: (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted net assets (deficit):* All other assets and liabilities not part of the above categories. This amount represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The deficit in net assets of governmental activities is due to long-term liabilities, including compensated absences.

#### Fund financial statements:

The accompanying financial report includes separate financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds (though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide statements). The fund financial statements present major individual funds in separate columns. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

#### Major Governmental Funds

The following major governmental funds are included in the County's financial statements:

**General Fund:** The County's primary operating fund; also accounts for the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Major Proprietary Funds

The following major enterprise funds are included in the County's financial statements:

**Miami-Dade Transit Agency:** Operates the County's mass transit rail system, bus system, downtown metro-mover loop, and special transportation services.

**Solid Waste Management Department:** Provides solid waste collection and recycling services to the unincorporated area of Miami-Dade County and to some municipalities and also provides solid waste disposal services to 17 municipalities and operates a variety of facilities, including landfills, transfer stations and neighborhood trash and recycling centers.

Miami-Dade Seaport Department: Operates the Dante B. Fascell Port of Miami-Dade County.

**Miami-Dade Aviation Department:** Operates and develops the activities of the Miami International Airport, three other general aviation airports, and one training airport.

**Miami-Dade Water and Sewer Department:** Maintains and operates the County's water distribution system and wastewater collection and treatment system.

**Public Health Trust (PHT):** The PHT was created by a County ordinance in 1973 to provide for an independent governing body responsible for the operation, governance and maintenance of designated health facilities. These facilities include Jackson Memorial Hospital, a teaching hospital operating in association with the University of Miami School of Medicine, Jackson North (formerly Parkway Regional Medical Center), Jackson South (formerly Deering Hospital), and several primary care centers and clinics throughout Miami-Dade County.

#### Internal Service Fund

The following internal service fund is included in the County's financial statements:

**Self-Insurance Fund:** Accounts for the County's insurance programs covering property, automobile, general liability, professional and workers' compensation. Also accounts for medical, dental, life, and disability insurance for County employees.

#### Fiduciary Funds

The following fiduciary funds are included in the County's financial statements:

#### **Agency Funds:**

**Clerk of Circuit and County Courts Funds:** Accounts for funds received, maintained and distributed by the Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts in his capacity as custodian to the State and County judicial systems.

**Tax Collector Fund:** Accounts for the collection and distribution of ad-valorem taxes and personal property taxes to the appropriate taxing districts. Also accounts for the collection of motor vehicle registration fees and sales of other State of Florida licenses, the proceeds of which are remitted to the State.

Other Agency Funds: Accounts for various funds placed in escrow pending timed distributions.

**Pension Trust Fund:** The Pension Trust Fund accounts for assets held by Northern Trust Bank for the benefit of employees of the Public Health Trust who participate in the Public Health Trust Defined Benefit Retirement Plan.

# Application of FASB Standards

Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting, offers the option of following all Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") standards issued after November 30, 1989, unless the latter conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, or not following FASB standards issued after such date. The County and its enterprise funds elected the option not to follow the FASB standards issued after November 30, 1989.

#### Proprietary Funds Operating vs. Nonoperating Items

The County's proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items in their statements of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets. In general, operating revenues result from charges to customers for the purchase or use of the proprietary fund's principal product or service. Operating expenses relate to the cost of providing those services or producing and delivering those goods, and also include administrative expenses, depreciation of capital assets, and closure and postclosure care costs for active and inactive landfills.

All other revenues and expenses that do not result from the fund's principal ongoing operations are considered to be *nonoperating*. Examples of other nonoperating items include investment earnings, interest expense, grants and contributions, and passenger facility charges.

# **Grants from Government Agencies**

Certain operating grants under various federal and state programs are included in the Special Revenue Funds. Grant monies received are disbursed by these funds for goods and services as prescribed under the respective grant program or are transferred to other County funds for ultimate distribution under the terms of the grants. These programs are dependent on the continued financial assistance of the state or federal government.

Grants designated as operating subsidies to enterprise funds are recorded as nonoperating revenues upon compliance with the grant's eligibility requirements. Grant monies designated for use in acquiring property or equipment are recorded as capital contributions. Grant monies received but not earned are recorded as unearned revenues.

#### Interfund Activity

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements. An exception to this rule is that charges for services provided by the Water and Sewer Department and the Solid Waste Department have not been eliminated from the statement of activities. Elimination of these charges would understate the expenses of the user function and the program revenues of the function providing the services. Also, the General Fund charges certain funds an administrative cost overhead charge based on a cost allocation plan. An adjustment has been made to the government-wide statements to eliminate the revenue and expense reported in the General Fund so that the administrative expense is shown only by the funds/activities that were charged.

#### Flow Assumption for Restricted Assets

If both restricted and unrestricted assets are available for use for a certain purpose, it is the County's policy to use restricted assets first, and then use unrestricted assets as needed.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of

assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 1-C. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Fund Balances

# Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash includes cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits, and positions in investment pools that can be deposited or withdrawn without notice or penalty. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid securities with known market values and maturities, when acquired, of less than three months.

The County adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, which established accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments, including fair value standards. Non-participating investments, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit with redemption values that do not consider market rates, are reported at amortized cost. Participating investments are carried at fair value, and unrealized gains and losses due to variations in fair value are recognized for the year.

The provisions of GASB No. 31 also specify that the investment income of each fund be reported in the fund that is associated with the assets. If the investment income is assigned to another fund for other than legal or contractual reasons, the income has to be recognized in the fund that reports the investment, with an operating transfer to the recipient fund. The County has made the needed adjustments to the accompanying financial statements to ensure compliance with this provision.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories, consisting principally of materials and supplies held for use or consumption, are recorded at cost or weighted average for governmental funds and lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market for enterprise funds, except for the Transit Agency, Water and Sewer and Public Health Trust. These enterprise funds use the average cost method.

The purchases method of inventory accounting is used to report inventories in the governmental funds. Under this method, inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased. However, significant amounts of inventories are reported as assets and are offset by a reservation of fund balance to indicate they do not constitute resources available for appropriation. In the Statement of Net Assets, inventories are accounted for using the consumption method characteristic of full accrual accounting. Under this method, the recognition of an expense is deferred until such time when the inventories are actually consumed.

#### Mortgage and Notes Receivable

Mortgages and notes receivable arise from the County's housing development programs that provide low-income housing assistance to eligible applicants and developers. These receivables are collateralized by the property for which the mortgage has been issued. Mortgages and notes receivable total \$593,468,000 and have an estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$425,532,000.

# Accounts Receivables

Accounts receivable reported by the enterprise funds as of September 30, 2009 are net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$494,029,000.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property values are assessed as of January 1 of each year, at which time, according to the Florida Statute 197.122, taxes become an enforceable lien on property until discharged by payment or until barred under Chapter 95. Tax bills are mailed in October and are payable upon receipt with discounts at the rate of 4% if paid in November, decreasing by 1% per month with no discount available if paid in the month of March. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment and State law provides for enforcement of collection of property taxes by the sale of interest-bearing tax

certificates and the seizure of personal property to satisfy unpaid property taxes. The procedures result in the collection of essentially all taxes prior to June 30 of the year following the year of assessment.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, furniture, fixtures, equipment, machinery, utility plant and systems, infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) and construction work in progress with an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds and those used in business-type activities are reported in the applicable columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are recorded at cost if purchased or constructed. Contributed capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of contribution. The cost of maintenance, repairs and minor renewals and betterments are expensed as incurred, rather than capitalized (added to the cost of the asset). Major renewals and betterments are treated as capital asset additions.

Interest expense related to borrowings used for construction projects of business-type activities is capitalized, net of interest earned on the same funds. Interest capitalization ceases when the construction project is substantially complete. Net interest capitalized during fiscal year 2009 amounted to \$106.0 million comprised of \$93.9 million for Aviation, \$7.0 million for Water and Sewer Department, \$4.9 million for MDT, and \$0.2 million for Solid Waste Management. Interest is not capitalized for construction projects of governmental funds.

Capital assets are depreciated over their useful lives unless they are inexhaustible (e.g., land, certain individual items or collections with historical or artistic value). Pursuant to Florida Statute, the County inventories all assets with a historical cost of \$1,000 or more and a useful life of one year or greater. However, for financial reporting purposes, the County has established a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for its governmental activities and from \$1,000 to \$5,000 for its business-type activities. The County uses the straight-line method of depreciation to depreciate assets over their estimated useful lives, which range as follows:

Buildings and building improvements 5-50 years
Utility plant and systems 5-100 years
Infrastructure 10-50 years
Furniture, fixtures, machinery and equipment 3-30 years

The Solid Waste Management enterprise fund records depletion on landfill sites and the estimated cost of permanently capping and maintaining such landfills on the basis of capacity used.

#### Restricted Net Assets

Certain net assets have been identified as "restricted". These net assets have constraints as to their use externally imposed by creditors, through debt covenants, by grantors, or by enabling legislation. Restricted net assets are being reported for: Capital Projects, Debt Service, Housing Programs, Fire and Rescue, Transportation, Public Library, Community and Social Development, Environmentally Endangered Lands, Stormwater Utility, other purposes (expendable); and other purposes (nonexpendable).

Net assets restricted for "other purposes (expendable)" include the net assets of most of the other special revenue funds, including amounts for: Special Assessments; Wetlands Mitigation; Tourist and Convention Development taxes to be used for facilities such as convention centers, sports stadiums and arenas; and amounts from grants from the federal and state government. Net assets restricted for "other purposes (nonexpendable)" include permanent endowments for the Metrozoo and public libraries, and are reported in the permanent funds.

As of September 30, 2009, Miami-Dade County had \$1.889 billion of restricted net assets, of which \$780.7 million was restricted by enabling legislation.

### Reservations of Fund Balances

Reservations of fund balances in governmental fund statements represent amounts that are not available for appropriation or are restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

#### **Donor-restricted endowments**

The permanent funds for the Metrozoo and public libraries report nonexpendable restricted assets of \$2,781,000 and \$479,000, respectively, and net appreciation of \$453,000 and \$10,000 respectively. Under the terms of the endowments and consistent with State statutes, the County is authorized based on a total-return policy to spend the net appreciation on those programs. Any amounts not spent during a particular fiscal year may be carried forward to be spent in future years.

# Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts and deferral amounts on refunding are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method or the straight-line method if it does not differ materially from the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and deferral amounts on refunding. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the bonds.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts and bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of the debt issues are reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

# Compensated Absences

The County accounts for compensated absences by recording a liability for employees' compensation of future absences according to the guidelines set by GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences.

County policy permits employees to accumulate unused vacation and sick pay benefits that will be paid to them upon separation from service. In the governmental funds, the cost of vacation and sick pay benefits is recognized when payments are made to employees. The government-wide statements and proprietary funds recognize a liability and expense in the period vacation and sick pay benefits are earned.

The government-wide statement of net assets for September 30, 2009 includes a liability for accumulated vacation and sick pay of \$630,282,000. Of this amount an estimated \$254,450,000 is payable within a year and the remaining balance of \$375,832,000 is payable after one year.

### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all County employees, allows them to defer a portion of their salary to future years. The County's direct involvement in the Plan is limited to remitting the amounts withheld from employees to the Plan's administrator. The deferred compensation plan is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency. The deferred compensation plan is not included in the County's financial statements.

# Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

# Miami-Dade Public Housing Agency

On January 8, 2009, US HUD returned control of the Miami-Dade Public Housing Agency (MDPHA) to the County after 15 months in its possession. US HUD will continue to monitor progress as outlined in a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), which has a term of two years. In the MOU, the MDPHA will accomplish specific tasks and objectives with US HUD providing oversight. In addition, the Miami-Dade Housing Agency changed its name to Miami-Dade Public Housing Agency.

#### Self-Insurance Net Assets Deficit

As of September 30, 2009, the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund had a deficit in net assets of \$19.429 million. The deficit is the result of estimated losses incurred but not reported (IBNR). The County currently partially funds the IBNR liability and has steadily increased such coverage in recent years. The premium rates charged to County departments for health insurance, workers compensation and general liability have been adjusted to reflect rising costs of insurance. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GASB Codification C50.128), the County has implemented an action plan to eliminate the accumulated deficit over a reasonable period of time.

#### Legally Adopted Budgets

The County's General Fund, Debt Service Funds, Permanent Funds, and Special Revenue Funds, with the exception of the Clerk of Courts Operations Special Revenue Fund, have legally adopted annual budgets approved by the Board of County Commissioners. As dictated by Article V of the Florida Constitution, the Clerk of the Courts Operations Special Revenue Fund's budget is submitted to the State's Clerk of Court (COC) Operations Conference for their review and approval. The Clerk of the Court is accountable to the COC Operations Conference for court-related expenditures funded by the State. The General Fund's budget-to-actual comparison is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section. The remaining funds' budget-to-actual comparisons are presented in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

### Public Health Trust - Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the County would not have sufficient liquid financial resources to meet its obligations when they fall due. This may occur as a result of excessive cash outflows or reduction in revenues. During fiscal year 2009, the Public Health Trust ("PHT" or "Trust"), an enterprise fund of the County, reported a decrease in net assets of \$244.6 million. As a result, PHT management together with County management is actively implementing a financial stability plan ("Plan") to address the Trust's financial condition. The Plan includes expected savings in operations, strategic sourcing and increased revenues by implementing efficiencies in billings and patient management.

The County is obligated to make certain payments to the operation or capital needs of the designated facilities operated by the PHT. The County has levied a half-cent county public hospital sales surtax utilized for the operation, maintenance and administration of the Trust. As a result of the tax levy, the County is required to contribute each year a maintenance of effort (MOE) amount no less than 80% of the general fund support at the time of the tax levy. The MOE is calculated as 11.873% times the millage rate levied for countywide purposes in fiscal year 2007 times 95% of the preliminary tax roll for the upcoming fiscal year and by multiplying 11.873% on general fund non-ad valorem revenues with the exception of local and state gas taxes. During fiscal year 2009 the PHT received \$177.4 million of MOE from the County and \$172.8 million of sales surtax funds. In fiscal year 2010, the County budgeted \$158.4 million of MOE and \$169.7 million of sales surtax funds. During fiscal year 2010 the County assisted PHT by advancing a portion of the health surtax (\$61 million), net of debt service for PHT bonds, and provided an advance of the budgeted maintenance of effort (\$6 million) for the fiscal year.

County management is closely monitoring the progress of the PHT's Plan. The County has placed PHT under "management watch" and has named a leadership team to work on site with Trust management. The team will provide an additional level of due diligence for the County and provide a fresh perspective

on operations. On a weekly basis the County Manager and a team of senior financial, budgetary, procurement and human resources professionals meet with the PHT management team to discuss the progress of the Plan and address any changes or additional initiatives in order to stabilize the PHT financial condition. At this time the County does not anticipate any additional funding will be required to assist PHT. The County does have the ability to advance budgeted surtax and MOE funds to the Trust, if such circumstances are warranted. In the event PHT's financial condition falls short of the sustainability goals forecasted, the County would evaluate available options including reducing costs and pursuing opportunities to redesign and optimize the operations and revenue and billing areas, including seeking additional Medicaid funding from the State.

# Note 3 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

#### Deposits and Investments:

Miami-Dade County ("the County") is authorized through Florida Statutes §218.415, Ordinance No. 84-47, Resolution R-31-09 and its Investment Policy to make certain investments. The Investment Policy was updated and adopted on January 22, 2009 in response to current and possible uncertainties in the domestic and international financial markets. The County's overall investment objectives are, in order of priority, the safety of principal, liquidity of funds and maximizing investment income.

The County pools substantially all cash, cash equivalents and investments, except for separate cash and investment accounts that are maintained in accordance with legal restrictions. Each fund's equity share of the total pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments is included in the accompanying financial statements under the caption "Cash and cash equivalents" and "Investments."

All cash deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to State of Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act" (the Act). Under the Act, all qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral pledging level. The pledging level may range from 50% to 125% depending upon the depository's financial condition and establishment period. All collateral must be deposited with an approved financial institution. Any losses to public depositors are covered by applicable deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral and, if necessary, assessments against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

As a rule, the County intends to hold all purchased securities until their final maturity date. There may be occasional exceptions, including, but not limited to the need to sell securities to meet unexpected liquidity needs.

At September 30, 2009, the cash on hand of the primary government and fiduciary funds totaled \$612,485,000 exclusive of cash in PHT's Pension Trust Fund (Note 9). The carrying value of cash equivalents and investments of the primary Government and fiduciary funds, other than PHT's Pension Trust Fund, include the following (in thousands):

Investment Type	Fair Value			
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	\$	719,341		
Federal Home Loan Bank		809,193		
Federal Farm Credit Bank		724,938		
Fannie Mae		801,095		
Time Deposits		81,367		
Treasury Notes		312,763		
Interest Bearing Accounts		440,948		
Money Market		160,779		
Municipal Bonds		79,428		
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		361,525		
	\$	4,491,377		

#### Credit Risk

The County's Investment Policy (the Policy), minimizes credit risk by restricting authorized investments to: Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act; Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, pursuant to Florida Statutes §280.02, which are defined as banks, savings bank, or savings association organized under the laws of the United States with an office in the State of Florida that is authorized to receive deposits, and has deposit insurance under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act: direct obligations of the United States Treasury; federal agencies and instrumentalities; securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management-type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided that the portfolio is limited to the obligations of the United States government or any agency or instrumentality thereof and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States government obligations, and provided that such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian; commercial paper of prime quality with a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of its issuance, which has the highest letter and numerical rating from at least two rating agencies which are Standard & Poor's (A1), Moody's (P1), or Fitch (F1); bankers acceptances which have a stated maturity of 180 days or less from the date of its issuance, and have the highest letter and numerical rating from at least two rating agencies (as noted for commercial paper above) and are drawn and accepted by commercial banks and which are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve Bank; investments in repurchase agreements ("Repos") collateralized by securities authorized within this policy. All Repos shall be governed by a standard SIFMA Master Repurchase Agreement; municipal securities issued by U.S. state or local governments, having at time of purchase, a stand-alone credit rating of AA or better assigned by two or more recognized credit rating agencies or a short-term credit rating of A1/P1 or equivalent from one or more recognized credit rating agencies.

Securities Lending - Securities or investments purchased or held under the provisions of this section may be loaned to securities dealers or financial institutions provided the loan is collateralized by cash or securities having a market value of at least 102% of the market value of the securities loaned upon initiation of the transaction. As of October 2008, the County discontinued securities lending transactions. No losses were incurred as a result of these transactions.

The table below summarizes the investments by credit rating at September 30, 2009.

	Credit Rating (N/A
Investment Type	= not rated)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AAA
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA
Time Deposits	N/A
Treasury Notes	N/A
Municipal Bonds	AA
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	N/A
Interest Bearing Accounts	N/A

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

The Policy requires that time deposits made in banks and savings and loan associations must be made with qualified public depositories in accordance with Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. The County deposits funds only in qualified public depositories, pursuant to Florida Statutes 280.02, which are defined as banks, savings banks, or savings associations organized under the laws of the United States with an

office in the State of Florida that is authorized to receive deposits, and has deposit insurance under the provisions of the FDIC. At September 30, 2009 all of the County's bank deposits were in qualified public depositories and as such the deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risks.

Securities may be purchased only through financial institutions that are state-certified public depositories. For third-party custodial agreements, the County will execute a Custodial Safekeeping Agreement with a commercial bank. All securities purchased and/or collateral obtained by the County shall be the property of the County and be held apart from the assets of the financial institution.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by investment type and by issuer to limit its exposure to concentration of credit risk. The Policy provides that a maximum of 50% of the portfolio may be invested in the State of Florida Local Government Surplus Trust Fund (the "Pool"); however, bond proceeds may be temporarily deposited in the Pool until alternative investments have been purchased. Prior to any investment in the Pool, approval must be received from the Board of County Commissioners. A maximum of 30% of the portfolio may be invested in SEC registered money market funds with no more than 10% to any single money market fund. A maximum of 20% of the portfolio may be invested in interest bearing time deposits or demand accounts with no more than 5% deposited with any one issuer. There is no limit on the percent of the total portfolio that may be invested in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury or federal agencies and instrumentalities; with no limits on individual issuers (investment in agencies containing call options shall be limited to a maximum of 25% of the total portfolio). A maximum of 5% of the portfolio may be invested in open-end or closed-end funds. A maximum of 50% of the portfolio may be invested in prime commercial paper with a maximum of 5% with any one issuer. A maximum of 25% of the portfolio may be invested in bankers acceptances with a maximum of 10% with any one issuer, but a maximum of 60% of the portfolio may be invested in both commercial paper and bankers acceptances. A maximum of 20% of the portfolio may be invested in repurchase agreements with the exception of one (1) business day agreements, with a maximum of 10% of the portfolio in any one institution or dealer with the exception of one (1) business day agreements. Investments in derivative products shall be prohibited by Miami-Dade County. A maximum of 25% of the portfolio may be directly invested in municipal obligations, up to 5% with any one municipal issuer.

As of September 30, 2009 the following issuers held 5% or more of the investment portfolio:

	% of	
Issuer	Portfolio	
Federal Farm Credit Bank	17.52%	
Federal Home Loan Bank	19.58%	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	17.43%	
Fannie Mae	19.39%	

The above excludes investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Policy limits interest rate risk by requiring the matching of known cash needs and anticipated net cash outflow requirements; following historical spread relationships between different security types and issuers; evaluating both interest rate forecasts and maturity dates to consider short-term market expectations. The Policy requires that investments made with current operating funds shall maintain a weighted average of no longer than twelve (12) months. Investments for bond reserves, construction funds and other non-operating funds shall have a term appropriate to the need for funds and in accordance with debt covenants. The Policy limits the maturity of a single investment in the portfolio to a maximum of five (5) years.

As of September 30, 2009 the County had the following investments with the respective weighted average maturity.

Investment Type	Weighted Average in Years
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	0.95
Federal Home Loan Bank	0.65
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.71
Fannie Mae	0.58
Time Deposits	0.42
Treasury Notes	0.49
Municipal Bonds	0.75

# Foreign Currency Risk

The Policy limits the County's foreign currency risk by excluding foreign investments as an investment option.

#### Cash Deficits

As of September 30, 2009, the Transit Agency, the Hurricane Funds and the Community and Social Development Funds had cash deficit balances of approximately \$146.6 million, \$7.2 million and \$2.2 million, respectively. It is the County's practice to reclassify cash deficits with a corresponding interfund receivable/payable in the appropriate fund. These cash deficits are funded with cash advances from the County's General Fund.

### Swaps

Swaps are made in accordance with the provisions of County Resolution R-311-05, "Master SWAP Policy." The Board must authorize the swap agreement and its provisions. Generally, the County will enter into transactions only with counterparties whose obligations are rated in the double-A category or better from at least one nationally recognized rating agency. In instances when the credit rating is lowered below the A rating the County requires the counterparty to collateralize its exposures or the County will exercise its right to terminate. The County's swap policy seeks to mitigate counterparty risk, termination risk, interest rate risk, basis risk, amortization risk, liquidity risk and pricing risk.

# Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2009 for the governmental activities, business-type activities and major proprietary funds was as follows (in thousands)

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance As Previously Reported September 30, 2008	(F	ior Period djustment Restated - Note 11)	Beginning Balance Restated ptember 30, 2008	,	Additions	D	Deletions	Sep	Ending Balance ptember 30, 2009
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$ 633,979	\$	(19,606)	\$ 614,373	\$	32,942	\$	(347)	\$	646,968
Construction in progress	336,094			336,094		221,446		(54,366)		503,174
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	970,073		(19,606)	950,467	_	254,388	_	(54,713)	_	1,150,142
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Building and building improvements	2,205,104		19,643	2,224,747		13,630				2,238,377
Infrastructure	2,375,192			2,375,192		39,758				2,414,950
Machinery and equipment	432,752			432,752		31,130		(38,760)		425,122
Total capital assets, being depreciated	5,013,048	·	19,643	5,032,691		84,518		(38,760)		5,078,449
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Building and building improvements	(701,436)		162	(701,274)		(47,710)				(748,984)
Infrastructure	(1,370,764)			(1,370,764)		(50,816)				(1,421,580)
Machinery and equipment	(229, 162)			(229, 162)		(40,919)		32,723		(237,358)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,301,362)		162	(2,301,200)		(139,445)		32,723		(2,407,922)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,711,686		19,805	2,731,491		(54,927)		(6,037)		2,670,527
Total gov ernmental capital assets, net	\$ 3,681,759	\$	199	\$ 3,681,958	\$	199,461	\$	(60,750)	\$	3,820,669
Business-type activities:										
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$ 650,014			\$ 650,014	\$	22,681	\$	(1,060)	\$	671,635
Construction in progress	2,493,006			2,493,006		1,244,397		(407,316)		3,330,087
Total non-depreciable assets	3,143,020			 3,143,020		1,267,078		(408,376)		4,001,722
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Building and building improvements	6,246,312			6,246,312		141,671		(9,125)		6,378,858
Infrastructure	5,108,776			5,108,776		156,704		(17,824)		5,247,656
Machinery and equipment	2,393,741			2,393,741		305,165		(183,976)		2,514,930
Total capital assets, being depreciated	13,748,829			13,748,829		603,540		(210,925)		14,141,444
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Building and building improvements	(2,420,096)			(2,420,096)		(191,313)		759		(2,610,650)
Infrastructure	(1,908,792)			(1,908,792)		(138,456)		16,946		(2,030,302)
Machinery, and equipment	(1,499,293)			(1,499,293)		(144,917)		82,791		(1,561,419)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,828,181)			(5,828,181)		(474,686)		100,496		(6,202,371)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	7,920,648			 7,920,648		128,854		(110,429)		7,939,073
Total business-type capital assets, net	\$ 11,063,668			\$ 11,063,668	\$	1,395,932	\$	(518,805)	\$	11,940,795

MDT	Balance September 30, 2008			Additions	Balance September 30, 2009			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	226,349	\$	14,956	\$ (110)	\$	241,195	
Construction in progress		173,749		52,027	(84,230)		141,546	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		400,098		66,983	(84,340)		382,741	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and building improvements		1,404,510					1,404,510	
Machinery and equipment		624,471		118,110	(30,584)		711,997	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		2,028,981		118,110	(30,584)		2,116,507	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and building improvements		(615,415)		(35,113)			(650,528)	
Machinery and equipment		(362,029)		(35,624)	29,882		(367,771)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(977,444)		(70,737)	29,882		(1,018,299)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,051,537		47,373	(702)		1,098,208	
Total MDT capital assets, net	\$	1,451,635	\$	114,356	\$ (85,042)	\$	1,480,949	
SOLID WASTE								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	57,586			\$ (58)	\$	57,528	
Construction in progress		10,387	\$	11,793	(5,857)		16,323	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		67,973		11,793	(5,915)		73,851	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and building improvements		310,529					310,529	
Infrastructure		134,201					134,201	
Machinery and equipment		160,286		10,492	(7,865)		162,913	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		605,016		10,492	(7,865)		607,643	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and building improvements		(258, 257)		(8,640)			(266,897)	
Infrastructure		(125,202)		(7,806)			(133,008)	
Machinery and equipment		(68,797)		(16,041)	7,542		(77,296)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(452,256)		(32,487)	7,542		(477,201)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		152,760		(21,995)	(323)		130,442	
Total Solid Waste capital assets, net	\$	220,733	\$	(10,202)	\$ (6,238)	\$	204,293	

SEAPORT		Balance ptember 30, 2008	Additions	Deletions	Balance September 30, 2009		
		2000		Additions	 Deletions		2009
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	198,659	\$	911	\$ (974)	\$	198,596
Construction in progress		15,185		32,095	(1,354)		45,926
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		213,844		33,006	(2,328)		244,522
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and building improvements		423,546		575	(2,086)		422,035
Infrastructure		279,485		956	(794)		279,647
Machinery and equipment		38,924		4,945			43,869
Total capital assets, being depreciated		741,955		6,476	(2,880)		745,551
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and building improvements		(138,396)		(11,576)			(149,972)
Infrastructure		(70,222)		(6,680)			(76,902)
Machinery and equipment		(13,789)		(2,534)			(16,323)
Total accumulated depreciation		(222,407)		(20,790)			(243, 197)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		519,548		(14,314)	(2,880)		502,354
Total Seaport capital assets, net	\$	733,392	\$	18,692	\$ (5,208)	\$	746,876
AVIATION							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	88,836				\$	88,836
Construction in progress		1,783,441	\$	790,246	\$ (129,928)		2,443,759
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,872,277		790,246	(129,928)		2,532,595
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and building improvements		3,553,164		75,366	(172)		3,628,358
Infrastructure		1,097,364		49,025			1,146,389
Machinery and equipment		341,120		10,813	(4,739)		347,194
Total capital assets, being depreciated		4,991,648		135,204	(4,911)		5,121,941
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and building improvements		(1,094,338)		(114,529)	172		(1,208,695)
Infrastructure		(427,476)		(7,708)			(435, 184)
Machinery and equipment		(193,942)		(16,731)	4,590		(206,083)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,715,756)		(138,968)	4,762		(1,849,962)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		3,275,892		(3,764)	(149)		3,271,979
Total Aviation capital assets, net	\$	5,148,169	\$	786,482	\$ (130,077)	\$	5,804,574

WATER & SEWER	Balance September 30,				Balance September 30,			
		2008		Additions	Deletions		2009	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	37,671	\$	6,814		\$	44,485	
Construction in progress		426,471		282,874	\$ (88,759)		620,586	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		464,142		289,688	(88,759)		665,071	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and building improvements								
Infrastructure		3,523,644		98,222	(16,946)		3,604,920	
Machinery and equipment		836,258		29,864	(9, 100)		857,022	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		4,359,902		128,086	(26,046)		4,461,942	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and building improvements								
Infrastructure		(1,243,120)		(113,057)	16,946		(1,339,231)	
Machinery and equipment		(606, 321)		(39,508)	9,100		(636,729)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,849,441)		(152,565)	26,046		(1,975,960)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		2,510,461		(24,479)			2,485,982	
Total Water and Sewer capital assets, net	\$	2,974,603	\$	265,209	\$ (88,759)	\$	3,151,053	
РНТ								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	36,635				\$	36,635	
Construction in progress		81,592	\$	67,361	\$ (94,735)		54,218	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		118,227		67,361	(94,735)		90,853	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and building improvements		505,751		65,670	(5,736)		565,685	
Infrastructure		29,900		596	(84)		30,412	
Machinery and equipment		386,571		130,600	(133,802)		383,369	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		922,222		196,866	(139,622)		979,466	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and building improvements		(296,013)		(20,385)	(38)		(316,436)	
Infrastructure		(20,037)		(1,138)			(21,175)	
Machinery and equipment		(252,619)		(33,966)	33,692		(252,893)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(568,669)		(55,489)	33,654		(590,504)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		353,553		141,377	(105,968)		388,962	
Total PHT capital assets, net	\$	471,780	\$	208,738	\$ (200,703)	\$	479,815	

Depreciation expense was charged to the different functions of governmental activities as follows (in thousands):

# Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense by Function (in thousands)

Function	A	Amount			
Policy formulation and general government	\$	35,996			
Protection of people and properties		23,525			
Physical environment		1,343			
Transportation		48,810			
Health		801			
Socio-economic environment		6,557			
Culture and recreation		22,413			
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	139,445			

Depreciation expense was charged to the different functions of business-type activities as follows (in thousands):

# Business-type Activities Depreciation Expense by Function (in thousands)

Function	1	Amount
Mass transit	\$	70,737
Solid waste collection		9,777
Solid waste disposal		22,710
Seaport		20,790
Aviation		138,968
Water		59,028
Sewer		93,400
Public health		55,489
Other		3,650
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	474,549

#### Note 5 - Leases

#### **Lease Leaseback Transactions**

General Segment - During fiscal year 1998, the County entered into a three party Lease/Sublease agreement with Dana Commercial Credit Corporation ("Dana") regarding the leasing rights of the Stephen P. Clark Center (the "Metro Center"). The terms of the Lease/Sublease agreement provide for the leasing of the County's leasing rights of the Metro Center to a third party, Wilmington Savings as trustee for Redade, a subsidiary of Dana, which in turn subleased the asset back to the County for a period of 29 years, commencing June 1, 1998. In April 2002, Dana sold its equity in the lease to Rabo Bank. During the lease period, the County retains title and control of the facility. The building facility is included in the capital assets of the County in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

At closing, the County received a total of \$79 million, of which \$3.7 million was considered an upfront payment and was recognized as revenue in fiscal year 1998. \$57 million of the remaining \$75.3 million was deposited with a financial institution and the proceeds will be used to meet the payment obligations by the County under the sublease agreement. The remaining \$18 million will mature to an amount sufficient, approximately \$49 million, to fully defease its sublease obligations and buy-out option, 17.5 years subsequent to the commencing date. There is a purchase option allowed under the agreement in the year 2015.

The total original minimum lease payments of approximately \$125 million will be amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term. This Lease/Sublease agreement has been accounted for as a non-cancelable operating lease as part of the other nonmajor governmental funds. Refer to Note 14 – Subsequent Events, concerning this lease / leaseback agreement.

The future minimum lease payments are as follows (in thousands):

Vear Ending

September 30,	
2010	\$ 5,029
2011	5,171
2012	5,324
2013	5,488
2014	2,748
2015-2019	 62,103
	\$ 85,863

**Transit Agency** - During fiscal year 1997, the County entered into a three party lease-in/lease-out arrangement ("Lease 1") with the Bank of New York Leasing Corporation for a total of 134 commuter rail cars. The agreements provide for the lease of the equipment owned by the County to a financial party lessee and the lessee, in turn, subleases such equipment back to the County for a period ranging from 22 to 24 years commencing May 1997. At the time of the transaction, the County received from the financial party lessee the total minimum rental payments required under the lease of approximately \$95 million.

The County deposited \$70,350,000 with a financial institution sufficient to meet all of its payment obligations under the terms of the sublease and acquired \$17,583,000 in United States Treasury Strips that will mature to an amount sufficient to satisfy each agreement's purchase of the Head Lease Rights option. The funds on deposit and the United States Treasury Strips have been included as restricted assets in the accompanying financial statements.

In December 1998, the County entered into a second lease-in/lease-out arrangement ("Lease 2"). The agreement which was entered into with NationsBanc Leasing and Finance, provided for the lease of six different facilities owned by the County to a financial party lessee and the lessee, in turn, subleased the facilities back to the County for a period of 35 years. At the time of commencement, the County received from the financial party approximately \$133 million.

The County deposited approximately \$120.9 million with a financial institution sufficient to meet all its payment obligations under the terms of the sublease agreement and buy-out options, ranging from 19 to 20 years subsequent to the commencing date.

On August 14, 2002, a portion of the third lease-in/lease-out arrangement (QTE Lease) commenced. This agreement which was entered into with the Bank of America Leasing & Capital Group, provided for the lease of certain Qualified Technological Equipment owned by the County and consisted of the MDT control system. The agreement provided for the lease of the equipment to a financial party lessee and the sublease of such equipment back to the County for a period of 16 years.

At the time of commencement, the County received from the financial party a total of approximately \$239 million. The County deposited approximately \$229 million with a financial institution sufficient to meet all its payment obligations.

On April 7, 2008, MDT and Equity Trust entered into an early buyout and amendment agreement on the 134 rail cars lease agreement whereby the County and MDT exercised its purchase option and paid the purchase option price. In the purchase option, the County and MDT assumed all of the obligations of Lessor and headlessee thereby terminating the 1997 agreement. Upon the execution of the early buyout, all equity collateral was automatically released from the lien of the pledge and security agreement and the obligations of the Custodian (MDT) under the custody agreement were automatically terminated.

The balance in the Investment and the Capital lease payable of \$36,521,000 were closed and the remaining unamortized upfront benefit of \$4,592,000 was fully amortized to income. In addition, the purchase option provided for the County to receive \$200,000 as termination fee.

Refer to Note 14 – Subsequent Events, concerning these lease / leaseback agreements. Future minimum lease payments are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending

rear Litaling	
September 30,	
2010	\$ 21,396
2011	21,419
2012	21,484
2013	57,087
2014	29,985
2015-2019	227,541
	378,912
Less amount	
representing interest	(86,587)
Present value of	
minumum sublease	
payments	\$ 292,325

### **Operating Leases**

**General Segment** – The County leases various facilities under noncancelable operating leases. Total cost for the leases was \$17.5 million for the year ended September 30, 2009. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending September 30,	
2010	\$ 13,349
2011	10,188
2012	4,161
2013	2,071
2014	1,264
2015-2019	3,813
2020-2024	3,795
2025-2029	3,780
2030-2034	3,654
2035-2039	 379
	\$ 46,454

**Seaport** – The Seaport has several operating leases consisting principally of the leasing of land, office space and warehouses to several tenants. The lease agreements consist of both cancelable and non-cancelable agreements. The agreements expire over the next 15 years. Future minimum lease income under the non-cancelable operating leases (with initial remaining lease terms in excess of one year) as of September 30, 2009 are summarized in the table below (in thousands):

Year Ending September 30,	
2010	\$ 11,504
2011	9,837
2012	8,536
2013	8,151
2014	7,707
2015-2019	37,723
2020-2024	 30,490
	\$ 113,948

**Public Health Trust** – The Public Health Trust leases various equipment and facilities under operating leases. Rent expense for all operating leases was approximately \$12.519 million in 2009. At September 30, 2009, future minimum lease payments by year under non-cancelable operating leases are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending September 3	0,	
2010	\$	7,224
2011		5,198
2012		4,342
2013		3,786
2014		2,784
	\$	23,334

**Aviation** - The major portion of the Aviation Department's property, plant and equipment is held for lease. Substantial portions of the leases are cancelable and provide for periodic adjustment to rental rates to maximize operational flexibility. The non-cancelable lease agreements also provide for periodic adjustments to the rental rates. All leases are classified as operating leases. The Aviation Department recognized \$104.008 million of rental income for the year ended September 30, 2009.

In addition, the Aviation Department leases certain properties under management and concession agreements. Certain of these leases provide for minimum rentals plus a specified percentage of the tenants' gross revenues. The agreements generated revenues of \$103.500 million during the year ended September 30, 2009. At September 30, 2009 minimum rentals under such lease agreements are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending September 30,	
2010	\$ 61,954
2011	59,165
2012	52,532
2013	43,123
2014	40,859
2015-2019	42,608
2020-2024	32,028
2025-2029	17,332
2030-2034	6,467
2035-2039	5,834
2040-2044	2,535
2045-2049	1,977
2050-2054	659
	\$ 367,073

# Note 6 – Disaggregation of Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable Balances

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Receivables are comprised of amounts owed to the County by customers, patients, carriers and others that conduct business with the County and are expected to be collected within a year. Receivables in the General Fund are 33% customer receivables, 45% utilities taxes for the month of September, and the remaining amount due from other entities. Receivables in the Other Governmental Funds are 86% from Fire Department transport fees, 6% from Miami Dade Housing Department's tenants and others, and 8% from miscellaneous charges. Net receivables in the Business-type Activities are 62% due from patients and carriers, 23% due from water and sewer customers, 9% due from airlines and concessionaires, 3% from solid waste disposal and collection customers, 2% from water ports and terminal charges, and the remaining 1% from transit fees and rental facility fees.

	Accounts	Allowance for uncollectible accounts			Total Net
Governmental activities:					
General Fund	\$ 12,723	\$	(896)	\$	11,827
Internal Service Fund	1,193				1,193
Other Governmental Funds	 91,040		(64,883)		26,156
Total - governmental activities	\$ 104,956	\$	(65,779)	\$	39,176
Business-type activities:					
Public Health Trust	\$ 692,161	\$	(447,346)	\$	244,815
Water and Sewer Department	115,656		(24,843)		90,813
Aviation Department	52,864		(15,541)		37,323
Miami-Dade Transit	2,490		(2,117)		373
Seaport Department	12,253		(3,758)		8,495
Solid Waste Department	10,586		(424)		10,162
Other Non-major proprietary	 372				372
Total - business-type activities	\$ 886,382	\$	(494,029)	\$	392,353

**Accounts Payable**Accounts payable and accrued expenses at September 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands):

	Salaries and							
	\	/endors	E	Benefits		Total		
Governmental activities:								
General	\$	65,290	\$	33,384	\$	98,674		
Other non-major governmental		94,422		5,512		99,934		
Internal Service Fund		1,067				1,067		
Total - governmental activities	\$	160,779	\$	38,896	\$	199,675		
Business-type activities:								
Miami-Dade Transit	\$	33,231	\$	7,111	\$	40,342		
Solid Waste Department		16,821		1,612		18,433		
Seaport Department		12,576		739		13,315		
Aviation Department		236,603		4,829		241,432		
Water and Sewer Department		39,352		7,445		46,797		
Public Health Trust		227,673		30,724		258,397		
Other Non-major proprietary		1,184		200		1,384		
Total - business-type activities	\$	567,440	\$	52,660	\$	620,100		

# Note 7 - Self-Insurance Program

The County's Risk Management Division (RMD) administers workers' compensation and general liability self-insurance programs. No excess coverage is purchased for these programs. A large portion of the group medical insurance program is also self-insured and is managed by an independent third party administrator. The County continues to offer one fully insured HMO program. Premiums are charged to the various County departments based on amounts necessary to provide funding for current losses and to meet the required annual payments during the fiscal year. The County purchases commercial property insurance for County-owned properties and also in certain instances due to exposure to loss and/or contractual obligations.

The estimated liability for reported and unreported claims of the self-insurance programs administered by RMD is determined annually based on the estimated ultimate costs of settling claims, past experience adjusted for current trends, and other factors that would modify past experience. Outstanding claims are evaluated through a combination of case-by-case reviews and application of historical experience. The estimate of incurred but not reported losses is based on historical experience and is performed by an independent actuary.

The Risk Management Division also administers the self-insurance program for the Enterprise Funds. Water and Sewer only participates in the workers' compensation and certain group health self-insurance programs. Water and Sewer has established a self-insurance program for general and automobile liability exposures. RMD administers the claims on their behalf. The Public Health Trust (the Trust) maintains its own self-insurance programs for general and professional liability claims. Until January 1, 2008, the County acted as the servicing agent for the Trust's self-insurance worker's compensation program. Currently, the Trust uses a Third Party Administrator to administer their workers compensation coverage. The Trust participates in the County's benefit programs, including the self-insured medical plan and the fully insured dental and life insurance programs. The RMD places and administers a commercial property insurance program for Trust properties.

The Aviation Department pays premiums to commercial insurance carriers for airport liability insurance, construction wrap-up insurance and participates in the County's property insurance program. The airport liability coverage provides comprehensive general liability, contractual liability, personal injury and on-site automobile liability at all airports.

The County's Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund has an accumulated deficit of approximately \$19.4 million for various self-insurance programs administered by the County. The County has implemented an action plan in an effort to reduce the accumulated deficit. County management believes that the deficit will be made up over a reasonable period of time.

### MIAMI-DADE COUNTY. FLORIDA

Changes in the Internal Service Fund estimated liability amount for fiscal years 2008 and 2009 are as follows (in thousands):

	_	Vorkers npensation	Α	Seneral, uto, and Police Liability	Gr	oup Health	Other	Total
Balance as of October 1, 2007	\$	163,570	\$	23,660	\$	20,782		\$ 208,012
Claims paid		(69,145)		(40,749)		(119,197)	\$ (4,321)	(233,412)
Claims and changes in estimates		60,369		45,206		122,251	4,321	232,147
Liabilities as of September 30, 2008	\$	154,794	\$	28,117	\$	23,836		\$ 206,747
Claims paid		(49,346)		(38,562)		(111,434)	\$ (5,337)	(204,679)
Claims and changes in estimates		54,251		36,753		112,188	5,337	208,529
Liabilities as of September 30, 2009	\$	159,699	\$	26,308	\$	24,590		\$ 210,597

Changes in estimated liabilities for the Water and Sewer Department and the Public Health Trust for fiscal years 2008 and 2009 are as follows (in thousands):

	Water & Sewer Departmen	ıblic Health Trust	Total	
Balance as of October 1, 2007 Claims paid Claims and changes in estimates Liabilities as of September 30, 2008	\$ 4,10 (48 <u>4</u> \$ 3,65	4) )	36,229 (13,535) 8,423 31,117	\$ 40,332 (14,019) 8,463 34,776
Balance as of October 1, 2008 Claims paid Claims and changes in estimates Liabilities as of September 30, 2009	\$ 3,65 (53 (92 \$ 2,19	3) 7)	31,117 (10,566) 7,922 28,473	\$ 34,776 (11,104) 6,995 30,667

# Note 8 - Long-Term Debt

# LONG-TERM LIABILITY ACTIVITY

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2009 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	В	Beginning Balance September 30, 2008		dditions Reductions		Additions Reductions		Se	Ending Balance ptember 30, 2009	Wi	Due thin One Year
Governmental Activities											
Bonds, loans and notes payable:											
General obligation bonds	\$	523,596	\$	350,000	\$	(29,635)	\$	843,961	\$	13,260	
Special obligation bonds		1,793,217		652,096		(153,647)		2,291,666		53,914	
Current year accretions of interest				29,885				29,885			
Loans and notes pay able		277,930				(22,233)		255,697		23,585	
Add/subtract deferred amounts:											
For bond issuance premiums/discounts/refundings		32,841		67		(3,080)		29,828			
Total bonds, loans and notes payable		2,627,584		1,032,048		(208,595)		3,451,037		90,759	
Other liabilities:											
Compensated absences		384,155		155,632		(142,884)		396,903		108,101	
Estimated insurance claims pay able		206,747		208,529		(204,679)		210,597		64,445	
Other postemployment benefits		10,168		16,222		(12,344)		14,046			
Departure Incentive Plan		2,774				(635)		2,139		555	
Arbitrage rebate liability		2,890				(880)		2,010			
Capital Lease Agreements		10,858				(310)		10,548		325	
Other		40,089		7,981		(3,017)		45,053		6,280	
Total gov ernmental activity long-term liabilities	\$	3,285,265	\$	1,420,412	\$	(573,344)	\$	4,132,333	\$	270,465	
Business-type Activities											
Bonds, loans, and notes payable:											
Revenue bonds	\$	6,860,647	\$	1,183,204	\$	(425, 372)	\$	7,618,479	\$	131,059	
General obligation bonds		134,570				(4,200)		130,370		4,470	
Special obligation bonds		35,415		68,630		(6,305)		97,740		6,860	
Current year accretions of interest		5,690		1,819				7,509			
Loans and notes payable		549,731		21,335		(22,066)		549,000		26,719	
Add/subtract deferred amounts:											
For bond issuance premiums/discounts/refundings		(9,565)		6,744		(1,040)		(3,861)			
Commercial paper notes				498,171		(388,030)		110,141			
Total bonds, loans and notes payable		7,576,488		1,779,903		(847,013)		8,509,378		169,108	
Other liabilities:											
Estimated insurance claims payable		34,776		7,922		(12,031)		30,667		7,047	
Compensated absences		222,936		48,666		(38,223)		233,379		146,349	
Other postemployment benefits		5,485		3,091				8,576			
Environmental remediation liability		95,366		401		(5,771)		89,996		10,016	
Liability for landfill closure/post closure care costs		113,503		1,974		(15,241)		100,236		7,216	
Lease agreements		354,466		•		(47,733)		306,733		297,389	
Other		62,827		16,332		(34,939)		44,220		8,047	
Total business-ty pe activities long-term liabilities	\$	8,465,847	\$	1,858,289	\$	(1,000,951)	\$	9,323,185	\$	645,172	

Changes in long-term liabilities for the County's major enterprise funds are as follows (in thousands):

	Beginning Balance September 30,							Ending Balance ptember 30,	Due Within	
		2008	-	Additions		Reductions		2009	C	ne Year
Miami-Dade Transit Agency (MDTA)										
Bonds and loans payable:									_	
Revenue bonds	\$	354,180	\$	193,044	\$	(5,127)	\$	542,097	\$	5,602
Special obligation bonds		21,445				(3,915)		17,530		4,065
Loans payable		31,959				(5,343)		26,616		5,588
Add/subtract deferred amounts:										
For bond issuance premiums/discounts/refundings		9,912		3,019		(760)		12,171		
Total bonds and loans payable		417,496		196,063		(15,145)		598,414		15,255
Other liabilities:										
Compensated absences		36,063		19,974		(19,202)		36,835		13,080
Other postemployment benefits		1,870		763				2,633		
Lease agreements		336,791				(44,466)		292,325		292,325
Other		11,802				(3,755)		8,047		8,047
Total long-term liabilities - MDTA	\$	804,022	\$	216,800	\$	(82,568)	\$	938,254	\$	328,707
Solid Waste Department										
Bonds and loans payable:										
Revenue bonds	\$	184,307			\$	(12,565)	\$	171,742	\$	15,107
Special obligation bonds		13,970				(2,390)		11,580		2,495
Current year accretions of interest		5,690	\$	1,819				7,509		
Loans and notes payable		8911				(1,213)		7,698		1,221
Add/subtract deferred amounts:						, ,				
For bond issuance premiums/discounts/refundings		1,775		179				1,954		
Total bonds and loans payable		214,653		1,998		(16,168)		200,483		18,823
Other liabilities:		,		•		( , ,		,		,
Compensated absences		14,923		5,358		(5,115)		15,166		3,922
Other postemployment benefits		501		204		( , - /		705		•
Liability for landfill closure/postclosure care costs		113,503		1,974		(15,241)		100,236		7,216
Other		1,103		785		(, )		1,888		.,•
Total long-term liabilities - Solid Waste	\$	344,683		10,319	\$	(36,524)	\$	318,478		29,961

	Beginning Balance September 30, 2008		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance September 30, 2009		e Within e Year
Seaport									
Bonds and loans payable:									
Revenue bonds	\$	61,395		\$	(3,395)	\$	58,000	\$	3,620
General obligation bonds		134,570			(4,200)		130,370		4,470
Special obligation bonds			\$ 68,630				68,630		300
Loans payable		341,805			(3,500)		338,305		3,500
Add/subtract deferred amounts:									
For bond issuance premiums/discounts/refundings		(10,806)	1,181				(9,625)		
Total bonds and loans payable		526,964	69,811		(11,095)		585,680		11,890
Other liabilities:									
Compensated absences		5,835	2,649		(2,117)		6,367		1,620
Other postemployment benefits		215	87				302		
Environmental remediation liability		3,146	401		(3,146)		401		401
Lease agreements		4,383			(1,562)		2,821		1,729
Other		420			(31)		389		
Total long-term liabilities - Seaport	\$	540,963	\$ 72,948	\$	(17,951)	\$	595,960	\$	15,640
Aviation									
Bonds, loans, and notes payable:									
Revenue bonds	\$	4,522,365	\$ 600,000	\$	(63,250)	\$	5,059,115	\$	55,370
Loans payable		53,095			(1,615)		51,480		5,679
Add/subtract deferred amounts:									
For bond issuance premiums/discounts/refundings		(25,162)	4,861		(11,432)		(31,733)		
Commercial paper notes			498,171		(388,030)		110,141		
Total bonds, loans and notes payable		4,550,298	1,103,032		(464,327)		5,189,003		61,049
Other liabilities:									
Compensated absences		27,199	758				27,957		7,555
Other postemployment benefits		679	277				956		
Environmental remediation liability		92,220			(2,625)		89,595		9,615
Lease agreements		13,292			(1,705)		11,587		3,335
Other		4,018			(523)		3,495		
		1,010			(020)		0,100		

	Beginning Balance September 30, 2008			Additions	Reductions	Se	Ending Balance ptember 30, 2009	Due Within One Year		
Water and Sewer Department		2000		- Countries		\caucion3		2003	_	- Ic Icai
Bonds and loans payable:										
Revenue bonds	\$	1,440,015	\$	306,845	\$	(335,475)	\$	1,411,385	\$	45,385
Loans payable		107,943		21,335		(10,186)		119,092		10,515
Add/subtract deferred amounts:		•				, ,		·		
For bond issuance premiums/discounts/refundings		12,112		(2,638)		11,152		20,626		
Total bonds and loans payable		1,560,070		325,542		(334,509)		1,551,103		55,900
Other liabilities:										
Estimated insurance claims payable		3,659				(1,465)		2,194		904
Compensated absences		35,607		13,682		(11,688)		37,601		11,719
Other postemployment benefits		1,098		747				1,845		
Other		30,160		13,755		(30,630)		13,285		
Total long-term liabilities - Water and Sewer Dept.	\$	1,630,594	\$	353,726	\$	(378,292)	\$	1,606,028	\$	68,523
Public Health Trust (PHT)										
Bonds and loans payable:										
Revenue bonds	\$	295,255	\$	83,315	\$	(4,910)	\$	373,660	\$	5,230
Add/subtract deferred amounts:										
For bond issuance premiums/discounts/refundings		2,604		142				2,746		
Total bonds and loans payable	-	297,859		83,457		(4,910)		376,406		5,230
Other liabilities:										
Estimated insurance claims payable		31,117		7,922		(10,566)		28,473		6,143
Compensated absences		101,920		6,148				108,068		108,068
Other postemployment benefits		1,122		1,013				2,135		
Other		15,324		1,792				17,116		
Total long-term liabilities - Public Health Trust	\$	447,342	\$	100,332	\$	(15,476)	\$	532,198	\$	119,441

Compensated absences have typically been liquidated in the General Fund, other governmental funds and enterprise funds. Liabilities for landfill and postclosure care costs have been liquidated in the Solid Waste enterprise fund. Legal contingencies have typically been liquidated in the General Fund. Insurance claims liabilities have typically been liquidated in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund and in the enterprise funds. The Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund predominantly serves the governmental funds. When an internal service fund predominantly serves governmental funds the residual balances of the internal service fund should be reported as part of governmental activities. Therefore, the long-term liabilities of the fund are included in the above totals for governmental activities.

#### **Demand Bonds**

At September 30, 2009, the County had \$800 thousand of Capital Asset Acquisition Floating / Fixed Rate Special Obligation Bonds, Series 1990 (the "Bonds") that were due within seven days of demand by the holder at a price equal to principal plus accrued interest. The County's remarketing agent is authorized to use its best efforts to sell the repurchased bonds at par by adjusting the interest rate.

Under a standby bond purchase agreement (the "Agreement") issued by a bank, the fiscal agent can draw amounts sufficient to repurchase the Bonds if they cannot be resold by the remarketing agent. In the absence of monies available under the Agreement, the monies will be drawn under an irrevocable letter of credit. The letter of credit has a stated termination date of November 1, 2012. There were no amounts outstanding under the letter of credit at September 30, 2009.

# **Long-Term Debt -- Governmental Activities**

Long-term debt of the County's governmental activities include general and special obligation bonds, installment purchase contracts and loan agreements that are payable from property tax levies and specific revenue sources. General obligation bonds are payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes on all taxable real and tangible personal property of the County, and are backed by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the County. Special obligation bonds are limited obligations of the County, payable solely from and secured by pledged non-ad valorem revenues of the County. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the County is pledged to the payment of the special obligation bonds. Interest on variable-rate bonds, currently in an auction rate mode, is based on the BMA index and is currently reset every 28 days. Debt service requirements for interest on variable-rate debt was calculated using the rates in effect as of September 30, 2009.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (in thousands):

### Long-Term Bonded Debt, Governmental Activities

(amounts in thousands)

Maturing in	G	eneral Obliç	gatio	n Bonds	Special Oblig	n Bonds	Lo	ans and N	otes Payable			
Fiscal Year	ļ	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	<u> </u>	Principal	<u> </u>	nterest	
2010	\$	13,260	\$	25,065	\$ 53,914	\$	81,549	\$	23,585	\$	11,398	
2011		13,930		24,607	74,554		87,631		23,882		10,389	
2012		14,630		24,117	66,928		86,376		24,531		9,364	
2013		15,025		23,601	69,154		85,233		23,246		8,308	
2014		15,445		23,060	93,941		88,523		21,312		7,297	
2015-2019		84,961		106,329	366,368		442,382		83,051		22,596	
2020-2024		123,785		91,683	396,796		442,190		39,872		8,754	
2025-2029		185,260		68,941	512,208		442,095		16,218		1,055	
2030-2034		238,295		36,645	557,996		565,791					
2035-2039		139,370		4,394	611,763		489,497					
2040-2044					99,820		656,375					
2045-2049					34,247							
		843,961		428,442	2,937,689		3,467,642		255,697		79,161	
Less:												
Unaccreted value					(616, 138)							
Accretions to date							(171,230)					
Add:												
Unamortized premium /												
discount and deferred												
charges on bond refundings					29,828							
Total	\$	843,961	\$	428,442	\$ 2,351,379	\$	3,296,412	\$	255,697	\$	79,161	

## <u>Long-Term Debt – Business-type Activities</u>

Long-term debt of business-type activities includes revenue bonds, special obligation bonds and loans payable from specified revenues of the County's enterprise funds. Also included are general obligation bonds issued on behalf of the Seaport Department, which will be paid from Seaport revenues and, to the extent those revenues are insufficient, from ad valorem taxes. Interest on variable-rate bonds, currently in an auction rate mode, is based on the BMA index and is currently reset every 28 days. Debt service requirements for interest on variable-rate debt was calculated using the rates in effect as of September 30, 2009.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (in thousands):

Maturing in	Revenu	e Bonds	General Obli	igation Bonds	Special Obl	igation Bonds	Loans and N	otes Payable
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2010	\$ 131,059	\$ 363,089	\$ 4,470	\$ 6,663	\$ 6,860	\$ 3,327	\$ 26,719	\$ 10,465
2011	142,415	380, 191	4,755	6,363	7,185	4,374	26,313	9,727
2012	145,904	375,335	5,070	6,079	7,575	4,022	26,967	8,989
2013	151,173	369,017	5,330	5,812	10,110	3,647	21,805	8,147
2,014	156,899	362,394	5,600	5,532	2,815	3,164	44,734	10,476
2015-2019	899,020	1,691,386	32,620	22,931	13,060	14,006	111,199	29,252
2020-2024	1,141,984	1,423,868	41,885	13,433	12,550	11,220	83,543	19,172
2025-2029	1,366,679	1,102,736	30,640	2,407	12,535	8,286	104,754	12,660
2030-2034	1,167,314	782,567			12,525	5,135	94,966	3,648
2035-2039	1,436,562	453,478			12,525	1,926	8,000	78
2040-2044	889,925	93,172						
	7,628,934	7,397,233	130,370	69,220	97,740	59,107	549,000	112,614
Less:								
Unaccreted value	(2,946)							
Accretions to date		(7,509)						
Unamortized discount and								
deferred amounts	(70,448)		(7,303)				(2,053)	
Add:								
Unamortized bond								
premium	75,050				893			
Total	\$ 7,630,590	\$ 7,389,724	\$ 123,067	\$ 69,220	\$ 98,633	\$ 59,107	\$ 546,947	\$ 112,614

#### Public Health Trust Bonds Payable

On September 27, 2005, the County issued Public Facilities Revenue Bonds and Public Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds in the original combined amount of \$300,000,000 (Series 2005 Bonds). On September 2, 2009, the County issued Public Facilities Revenue Bonds in the original amount of \$83,315,000 (Series 2009 Bonds).

The Series 2005 Bonds and Series 2009 Bonds (the Bonds) are secured by the gross revenues of the Public Health Trust (PHT or the Trust). The Bonds are subject to certain covenants included in Ordinance No. 05-49 (the Bond Ordinance), together with certain ordinances and Board resolutions, which authorize and issue the Bonds by and between the Trust and the County. In addition, the Trust must comply with certain covenants included in the Bond insurance agreements.

The Bond Ordinance contains significant restrictive covenants that must be met by the Trust including, among other items, the requirement to maintain a rate covenant, to make scheduled monthly deposits to the debt service fund, maintenance of insurance on the Trust's facilities and limitations on the incurrence of additional debt. In general, the bond insurance agreement contains the same covenants as the Bond Ordinance.

At September 30, 2009, the Trust failed to meet rate covenant under the Bond Ordinance. PHT's failure to meet the rate covenant does not constitute a default under the Bond Ordinance, if PHT promptly hires an independent consultant to make recommendations as to a revision of the rates, fees, and charges of the Trust or the method of operation of the Trust, which shall result in producing the net revenues used in the covenant computation, and the PHT commences action to conform in all material respects with the recommendations of the independent consultant. The Trust has employed a consultant to make recommendations as to revision of rates, fees, and charges, and is in the process of implementing their recommendations. Therefore, PHT management believes that the covenant requirement has been satisfied. Failure to meet the rate covenant does not result in acceleration of Bonds. Please refer to Note 14 – Subsequent Events, for additional information.

## Commercial Paper Notes (Short-term Debt to be Refinanced on a Long-Term Basis)

At September 30, 2009, the County had \$110,141,000 outstanding of Aviation Commercial Paper Notes. The proceeds of such Notes were used to finance certain airport and airport related improvements. The Notes and accrued interest are payable solely from proceeds of future Revenue Bonds and any unencumbered monies in the Improvement Fund. The Notes are secured by an irrevocable stand-by letter of credit. The letter of credit, in the amount of \$400,000,000 was approved for the purpose of making funds readily available for the payment of principal and interest on the Notes. As of September 30, 2009, there was no amount outstanding on the letter of credit. The letter of credit expires on August 1, 2010,

The outstanding Notes and accrued interest have been excluded from current liabilities because the Aviation Department intends to refinance the commercial paper with long-term revenue bonds.

Following is a schedule of commercial paper notes (in thousands):

Balance on September 30, 2008	\$ -
Additions	498,171
Deductions	 (388,030)
Balance on September 30, 2009	\$ 110,141

#### State Infrastructure Bank Note

On February 6, 2007, the Board of County Commissioners approved the construction of the N.W. 25th Street Viaduct Project (Viaduct Project) by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) and approved a County loan in the amount of \$50 million from the FDOT State Infrastructure Bank to fund the County's share of the total cost of the Viaduct Project. FDOT and the County subsequently entered into a joint participation agreement on March 12, 2007 whereby FDOT will construct the Viaduct Project. The loan, which closed on March 21, 2007, is secured by a County covenant to annually budget and appropriate from County legally available non-ad valorem revenue funds sufficient to pay debt service costs. The debt service costs will be reimbursed to the County by the Aviation Department.

The funds are held in escrow by the FDOT State Infrastructure Bank for the construction of the project. As of September 30, 2009, cash held in escrow by agent totaled \$21.5 million (included in "Other Restricted Assets"). During fiscal year 2009 there were drawdowns totaling \$8.3 million. As of September 30, 2009, the outstanding loan balance was \$50 million. The loan bears interest at 2% per annum. The maturity date of the loan is October 1, 2019 and the first scheduled payment of \$5 million is due on October 1, 2009.

## **Long-Term Debt Issued During the Year**

The table below describes bonds and loans that were issued during the year (other than commercial paper) for governmental and business-type activities (in thousands):

## BONDS AND LOANS ISSUED DURING THE YEAR

(in thousands)

		(III trousarus)		Final		
			Interest Rate	Maturity	Or	iginal Amount
Date Issued	Description	Purpose	Range	Date		Issued
BONDS:	·	·				
12/18/08	Miami-Dade County, Florida General	To pay for a portion of the cost to construct	5.00-6.375%	7/1/28	\$	146,200,000
	Obligation Bonds, Series 2008B	and improve water, sewer and flood control				
		systems, park and recreational facilities,				
		bridges, public infrastructure and				
		neighborhood improvements, public safety,				
		emergency and healthcare facilities.				
12/19/08	Water and Sewer system Revenue	To refund the outstanding Water and Sewer	1.65-5.92%	10/1/25	\$	306,845,000
	Refunding Bonds, Series 2008C	System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series				
		2005 which refunded the Water and Sewer				
		System Revenue Bonds, Series 1995.				
3/19/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida General	To pay for a portion of the cost to construct	2.50-6.00%	7/1/38	\$	203,800,000
	Obligation Bonds, Series 2008B-1	and improve water, sewer and flood control				
		systems, park and recreational facilities,				
		bridges, public infrastructure and				
		neighborhood improvements, public safety,				
		emergency and healthcare facilities.				
5/7/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation	To finance certain airport improvements	3.00-6.00%	10/1/36	\$	388,440,000
	Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A	associated with the Airport's Capital				
		Improvement Plan previously approved by				
		the Board.				
5/7/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation	To finance certain airport improvements	3.00-5.75%	10/1/41	\$	211,560,000
	Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A	associated with the Airport's Capital				
		Improvement Plan previously approved by				
		the Board.				
7/14/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida	To refund the Professional Sports Franchise	3.25-7.50%	4/1/49	\$	85,701,273
	Professional Sports Franchise	Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds,				
	Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding	Series 1998 which refunded the				
	Bonds, Series 2009A	Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax				
		Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1992A,				
		1992B, 1992B-1 and 1995.				
7/14/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida	To refund the Professional Sports Franchise	7.08%	10/1/29	\$	5,220,000
	Professional Sports Franchise	Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds,				
	Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding	Series 1998 which refunded the				
	Bonds, Taxable Series 2009B	Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax				
		Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1992A,				
		1992B, 1992B-1 and 1995.				

7/14/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida	To pay a portion of the County's cost of the	3.59-7.50%	10/1/48	\$	123,421,712
1/14/03	1	' ' '	3.33-1.3076	10/1/40	Ψ	125,421,712
	Professional Sports Franchise	development and construction of the Marlins				
	Facilities Tax Revenue Bonds,	Baseball Stadium.				
	Series 2009C					
7/14/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida	To pay a portion of the County's cost of the	7.08%	10/1/29	\$	5,000,000
	Professional Sports Franchise	development and construction of the Marlins				
	Facilities Tax Revenue Bonds,	Baseball Stadium.				
	Series 2009D					
7/14/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida	To pay a portion of the County's cost of the	Variable (Weekly	10/1/48	\$	100,000,000
	Professional Sports Franchise	development and construction of the Marlins	Mode)		,	,,
	Facilities Tax Revenue Bonds,	Baseball Stadium.	Wiodo)			
	· ·	Basebali Statitum.				
7////00	Series 2009E		7.04.0.070/	40/4/4=		04.00=.044
7/14/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida	To pay a portion of the County's cost of the	7.24-8.27%	10/1/47	\$	91,207,214
	Subordinate Special Obligation	development and construction of the Marlins				
	Bonds, Series 2009	Baseball Stadium.				
9/2/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Public	To provide funds, together with other	4.00-5.75%	6/1/39	\$	83,315,000
314109	Facilities Revenue Bond (Jackson	To provide funds, together with other	7.00-3.13/0	0/1/08	۳	00,010,000
	,	available funds of the County to pay or				
	Health Systems), Series 2009	reimburse the Public Health Trust for the				
		acquisition, construction and equipping of				
		certain capital improvements to the Public				
		Health Trust Facilities.				
9/3/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Capital	To provide funds, together with other funds	3.00-5.125%	4/1/39	\$	136,320,000
0,0,00	Asset Acquisition Special Obligation	of the County to pay the costs of	0.00 02070	., ., 00	Ť	.00,020,000
	Bonds, Series 2009A	acquisition, construction, improvement or				
	Borius, Series 2009A	' '				
		renov ation of certain capital assets,				
		including buildings occupied or to be				
		occupied by County departments and				
		agencies.				
9/3/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Capital	To provide funds, together with other funds	3.05-6.97%	4/1/39	\$	45,160,000
	Asset Acquisition Special Obligation	of the County to pay the costs of				
	Bonds, Series 2009B (Build America	acquisition, construction, improvement or				
	Bonds-Direct payment to issuer)	renov ation of certain capital assets,				
	20.100 2.100t payo.ii to 10000.7	including buildings occupied or to be				
		occupied by County departments and				
0/04/00	Ministration of Figure 1	agencies.	4.00 5.000/	7/4/04	Φ.	00 705 000
9/24/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Transit	To pay all or a portion of the cost of certain	4.00-5.00%	7/1/21	\$	69,765,000
	System Sales Surtax Revenue	transportation and transit projects.				
1	Bonds, Series 2009A					
9/24/09	Miami-Dade County, Florida Transit	To pay all or a portion of the cost of certain	6.71-6.91%	7/1/39	\$	251,975,000
	System Sales Surtax Revenue	transportation and transit projects.				
	Bonds, Series 2009B (Federally	· ·				
	Tax able-Build America Bonds-Direct					
1	payment to issuer)					
LOANS:	pay mone to locatory	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
8/3/09	Water & Sewer Regions Revolving	To pay costs of constructing or acquiring	Variable	8/3/11	I	21,335,000
0,0,00	Line of Credit	' '	v di idbie	U/U/II		21,000,000
	LINE OF CTECH	certain improvements under the Water &				
		Sewer Department's Multi-Year Capital				
1		Plan.				

Total long-term debt issued during the year

\$ 2,275,265,199

## Current and Advanced Refundings in Fiscal Year 2009 (in thousands)

Issue Date	Description	Amount Issued	Amount Defeased	Cash Flow Difference	Economic Loss
12/18/08	Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008C (current refunding)	\$306,845	\$295,240	(\$20,824)	(\$12,706)
7/14/09	Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009A (advance refunding)	\$85,701	\$80,800	(\$409,662)	(\$32,704)
7/14/09	Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009B (advance refunding)	\$5,220	\$6,944	\$4,501	(\$2,894)

On December 18, 2008, \$306.8 million of Miami-Dade County Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008C were issued to redeem all of the Dade County Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Variable Rate Demand Bonds, Series 2005. The refunding was necessary after the required Series 2005 Liquidity Facility expired and the County was unable to obtain a Substitute Series 2005 Liquidity Facility due to the credit crisis and uncertainty in the markets at the time. The refunding of the Series 2005 bonds resulted in an economic loss of \$12.7 million and an increase in future debt service payments of \$20.8 million.

On July 14, 2009, \$85.7 million of Miami-Dade County Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009A and \$5.2 million of Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Bonds, Series 2009B were issued to redeem all of the Miami-Dade County Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1998 Bonds. The refunding of the Series 1998 Bonds was necessary to release the liens created under those bonds on the professional sports franchise tax receipts (PST) and the tourist development tax receipts (TDT). By releasing those liens, the PST and CDT could be pledged toward the issuance of other bonds to fund a baseball stadium. The issuance of the Series 2009A and Series 2009B for the refunding resulted in an economic loss of \$32.7 million and \$2.9 million, respectively. The Series 2009A Bonds will have debt service payments of \$409.7 million higher than the Series 1998 Bonds it refunded. The Series 2009B Bonds will have debt service payments \$4.5 million lower than the Series 1998 Bonds it refunded.

## **Defeased Debt**

The County has defeased certain debt as listed in the table below (in thousands), by placing the proceeds of new bond issues in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments of the defeased debt. Such proceeds are invested in direct obligations of the U.S. government, and in the opinion of the County and its Bond Counsel, will provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased debt. Accordingly, the trust account's assets and the liability for the defeased debt are not included in the accompanying financial statements. Following is a schedule of defeased debt (in thousands):

Туре	Series	Date of Defeasance	Call Date	Final Maturity Defeased	A	rincipal Amount efeased	Ou	Principal tstanding, tember 30, 2009
Special Obligation Bonds:								
Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax	1992B	7/9/98	10/01/11	10/1/22	\$	59,609	\$	5,775
Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax	1995	7/9/98	10/01/30	10/1/30		30,162		28,844
Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax	1998	7/14/09	10/1/09	10/1/30		6,944		17,195
Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax	1998	7/14/09	10/1/09	10/1/18		80,800		80,800
Total Special Obligation Bonds Defeased					\$	177,515	\$	132,614

## **Interest Rate Swap Agreements**

As a debt management tool, the County has entered into several swap transactions.

**The Fair Value of Swap** is determined at September 30, 2009 based on the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipates future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement of the swap.

Below is a recap in chart form of the swaps in effect as of September 30, 2009.

## Water and Sewer

## Objective

To obtain a lower fixed rate than what was available in the Bond Market and to obtain the lower cost of borrowing.

	Date of Execution	Notional Amount	Termination Date <sup>(1)</sup>	Associated Bonds	County Payment	Counter- party Payment	Counter- party Credit Rating	Paid Termination Value at 11/19/08
1	10/1/05	\$295,240,000 amortizing in step with the Bonds.	10/1/25	W&S Series 2005	Fixed – 5.27%	SIFMA	Aaa, AA+, AA	(\$69,100,000)

<sup>(1)</sup> The swap was terminated on November 19, 2008.

In December 2008, \$306,845,000 of the Miami-Dade County, Florida Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008C were issued to redeem all the Miami-Dade County, Florida Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005, and to pay issuance and insurance and surety costs. In conjunction with the refunding of the Miami-Dade County, Florida Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005, the swap associated with these bonds was terminated. The \$69,100,000 termination value was paid using cash on hand at the Water and Sewer Department and the cash reserve associated with the Miami-Dade County, Florida Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005.

	Execution Date	Notional Amount	Termination Date	Associated Bonds	County Payment	Counter- party Payment	Counter- party Credit Rating	Fair Value at 9/30/09
2	8/27/98	\$200,000,000 amortizing in step with the Bonds commencing 9/1/21.	10/1/26	W&S Series 2007	SIFMA	Variable SIFMA plus (USD-LIBOR- BBA plus 1.455%)minus (SIFMA divided by 0.604)	Caa2, CC, Rating Withdrawn	\$186,057

<sup>(1)</sup> The Counterparty is not rated by the rating agencies and was backed by an "AAA" guarantor at the time the swap was entered. The swap's rating is based on the rating of the guarantor. The guarantor was downgraded from "Aaa" to "Aa3" on 6/19/08, again on 11/5/08 to "Baa1" and then again on 7/21/09 to "Caa2" by Moody's; downgraded from "AAA" to "AA" on 6/5/08, again on 11/19/08 to "A", and finally to "CC" on 7/25/09 by S&P, and had its "AAA" rating withdrawn on 6/26/08 by Fitch. The downgrade below "A3"/"A-," gave the County the right to terminate the swap. The swap was novated and assigned on October 2, 2009 to a new counterparty rated "Aaa", "AA" and "AA-" by Moody's, S&P and Fitch, respectively.

Fiscal Year	Varia	ble Rate Bonds	Interest Rate Swap	
Ending 09/30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest (2)	Net Receipts (3)	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$380	\$16,406	\$2,942	\$13,844
2011	10,715	16,151	2,942	23,924
2012	11,200	15,657	2,942	23,915
2013	11,695	15,176	2,942	23,929
2014	12,160	14,680	2,942	23,898
2015 - 2019	68,930	65,121	14,712	119,339
2020 - 2024	86,600	46,787	14,025	119,362
2025 - 2027	142,820	<u> 14,805</u>	5,532	152,093
Total	\$344,500	\$204,783	<u>\$48,979</u>	\$500,304

<sup>(1)</sup> In thousands.

<sup>(2)</sup> Interest rate on the Bonds is the actual fixed rate on the Bonds.

<sup>(3)</sup> The rate is calculated as the difference between the taxable variable rate plus a constant paid by the Counterparty to the County (0.5969% + 1.4550% = 2.0519%) and the tax-exempt variable rate divided by the divisor paid by County to the Counterparty (0.3508%/.604 = 0.5808%) as of September 30, 2009 (2.0519% - 0.5808% = 1.4711%).

	Execution Date	Notional Amount	Termination Date	Associated Bonds	County Payment	Counter- party Payment	Counter- party Credit Rating	Fair Value at 9/30/09
3	3/6/06	\$205,070,000 amortizing in step with the Bonds commencing 10/1/22.	10/1/29	W&S Series 1999A	SIFMA	Variable SIFMA plus (90.15% of USD-ISDA- Swap Rate plus 1.580%) minus (SIFMA divided by 0.604)	Aaa, AA, AA- <sup>(1)</sup>	\$13,725,327

<sup>(1)</sup> The Counterparty is not rated by the rating agencies and is backed by an "Aaa" guarantor. The swap's rating is based on the rating of the guarantor whose ratings are "Aaa," "AA" and "AA-".

Fiscal Year	Variable R	ate Bonds	Interest Rate Swap	
Ending 09/30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest (2)	Net Receipts (3)	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$380	\$16,406	\$8,904	\$7,882
2011	10,715	16,151	8,904	17,962
2012	11,200	15,657	8,904	17,953
2013	11,695	15,176	8,904	17,967
2014	12,160	14,680	8,904	17,936
2015 - 2019	68,930	65,121	44,521	89,530
2020 - 2024	86,600	46,787	42,130	91,257
2025 - 2029	240,360	24,987	30,499	234,848
2030	52,460	1,312	2,278	51,494
Total	<u>\$494,500</u>	<u>\$216,277</u>	<u>\$163,948</u>	\$546,829

<sup>(1)</sup> In thousands.

<sup>(2)</sup> Interest rate on the Series 1999A Bonds is the actual fixed rate on the Bonds.

The net swap rate is calculated as the difference between the 90.15% of taxable variable rate plus a constant paid by the Counterparty to the County ((90.15%\*3.708% + 1.5800%) = 4.9228%) and the tax-exempt variable rate divided by a divisor paid by County to the Counterparty (0.3508%/.604 = 0.5807%) as of September 30, 2009 (4.9228% - 0.5807% = 4.3421%).

## Special Obligation Bonds and Subordinate Special Obligation Bonds

## Objective

To lower the County's overall cost of borrowing.

	Execution Date	Notional Amount	Termination Date	Associated Bonds	County Payment	Counter- party Payment	Counter- party Credit Rating	Fair Value at 9/30/09
1	5/12/00	\$74,950,346 amortizing in step with the Bonds commencing 10/1/00.	10/1/22	SOB Series 1996B	SIFMA divided by 0.604	Libor plus a constant of 1.6534%	Caa2, CC, Rating Withdrawn	\$1,672,288
2	7/21/04	\$ 822,436 amortizing in step with the Bonds commencing 10/1/04.	10/1/10	SOB Series 1996B	SIFMA divided by 0.604	Libor plus a constant of 1.770%	Caa2, CC, Rating Withdrawn	\$39,368

(1) The Counterparty is not rated by the rating agencies and was backed by an "AAA" guarantor at the time the swap was entered. The swap's rating is based on the rating of the guarantor. The guarantor was downgraded from "Aaa" to "Aa3" on 6/19/08, again on 11/5/08 to "Baa1" and then again on 7/21/09 to "Caa2" by Moody's; downgraded from "AAA" to "AA" on 6/5/08, again on 11/19/08 to "A", and finally to "CC" on 7/25/09 by S&P, and had its "AAA" rating withdrawn on 6/26/08 by Fitch. The downgrade below "A3"/"A-" gave the County the right to terminate the swap. The swap was novated on November 19, 2009 to a new counterparty rated "Aa1", "A+" and "AA-" by Moody's, S&P and Fitch, respectively.

Fiscal Year	Variable Rate Bonds		Interest Rate Sw	Interest Rate Swap Net Receipts		
Ending 09/30	<u>Principa</u> l	Interest (2)	Swap 1 (3)	Swap 2 (4)	<u>Total</u>	
2010	\$2,135	\$5,201	\$1,114	\$15	\$6,207	
2011	3,696	7,270	1,082	0	9,884	
2012	3,669	7,821	1,027	0	10,463	
2013	3,541	8,275	973	0	10,843	
2014	0	3,096	920	0	2,176	
2015 - 2019	0	15,478	4,600	0	10,878	
2020 - 2024	0	15,478	2,760	0	12,718	
2025 - 2029	0	15,478	0	0	15,478	
2030 - 2034	0	15,478	0	0	15,478	
2035 - 2036	61,910	<u>3,165</u>	0	0	65,075	
Total	\$74,951	\$96,740	<u>\$12,476</u>	<u>\$15</u>	<u>\$159,200</u>	

<sup>(1)</sup> In thousands.

<sup>(2)</sup> Interest rate on the Bonds is the actual fixed rate on the Bonds.

The net swap rate is calculated as the difference between the taxable variable rate paid by the Counterparty to the County (0.4135% + 1.6534% = 2.0669%) and the tax-exempt variable rate paid by County to the Counterparty (0.3508/.604 = 0.5808%) as of September 30, 2009 (2.0669% - 0.5807% = 1.4862%).

The net swap rate is calculated as the difference between the taxable variable rate paid by the Counterparty to the County (0.5969% + 1.7700% = 2.3669%) and the tax-exempt variable rate paid by County to the Counterparty (0.3508%/.604 = 0.5808%) as of September 30, 2009 (2.3669% - 0.5807%= 1.7862%).

	Execution Date	Notional Amount	Termination Date	Associated Bonds	County Payment	Counter- party Payment	Counter- party Credit Rating	Fair Value at 9/30/09
3	5/12/00	\$275,075,853 amortizing in step with the Bonds commencing 10/1/00.	10/1/22	Subordinate SOB Series 1997A, B & C	SIFMA divided by 0.604	Libor plus a constant of1.6534%	Caa2, CC, Rating Withdrawn	\$6,726,152
4	7/21/04	\$135,315,527 amortizing in step with the Bonds commencing 10/1/04.	10/1/22	Subordinate SOB Series 1997A,B & C	SIFMA divided by 0.604	Libor plus a constant of 1.7700%	Caa2,CC, Rating Withdrawn	\$4,615,685

(1) The Counterparty is not rated by the rating agencies and was backed by an "AAA" guarantor at the time the swap was entered. The swap's rating is based on the rating of the guarantor. The guarantor was downgraded from "Aaa" to "Aa3" on 6/19/08, again on 11/5/08 to "Baa1" and then again on 7/21/09 to "Caa2" by Moody's; downgraded from "AAA" to "AA" on 6/5/08, again on 11/19/08 to "A", and finally to "CC" on 7/25/09 by S&P, and had its "AAA" rating withdrawn on 6/26/08 by Fitch. The downgrade below "A3"/"A-," gave the County the right to terminate the swap. The swap was novated and assigned on November 19, 2009 to a new counterparty rated "Aa1", "A+" and "AA-" by Moody's, S&P and Fitch, respectively.

Fiscal Year	Variable	Variable Rate Bonds		Interest Rate Swap Net Receipts		
Ending 09/30	<u>Principa</u> l	Interest (2)	Swap 1 (3)	Swap 2 (4)	<u>Total</u>	
2010	\$209	\$6,014	\$4,088	\$2,417	(\$282)	
2011	745	6,543	4,085	2,511	692	
2012	965	6,863	4,074	2,594	1,160	
2013	1,152	7,206	4,060	2,678	1,620	
2014	5,338	12,880	4,042	2,773	11,403	
2015 - 2019	29,085	81,004	18,968	15,402	75,719	
2020 - 2024	34,932	124,637	10,318	10,562	138,689	
2025 - 2029	37,155	173,642	0	0	210,797	
2030 - 2034	39,844	251,880	0	0	291,724	
2035 - 2036	125,651	83,400	0	0	209,051	
Total	<u>\$275,076</u>	<u>\$754,069</u>	<u>\$49,635</u>	<u>\$38,937</u>	<u>\$940,573</u>	

- (1) In thousands.
- (2) Interest rate on the Bonds is the actual fixed rate on the Bonds.
- The rate is calculated as the difference between the taxable variable rate paid by the Counterparty to the County (0.4135% + 1.6534% = 2.0669%) and the tax-exempt variable rate paid by the County to the Counterparty (0.3508%/.604 = 0.5808%) as of September 30, 2009 (2.0669% 0.5807%= 1.4862%).
- The rate is calculated as the difference between the taxable variable rate paid by the Counterparty to the County (0.5969% + 1.7700% = 2.3669%) and the tax-exempt variable rate paid by County to the Counterparty (0.3508%/.604 = 0.5808%) as of September 30, 2009 (2.3669% 0.5807%= 1.7862%).

## Special Obligation Bonds (Capital Asset Acquisition Floating Rate (CPI-MUNI))

## **Objective**

To lower the County's overall cost of borrowing.

	Execution Date	Notional Amount	Termination Date	Associated Bonds	County Payment	Counter- party Payment	Counter- party Credit Rating	Fair Value at 9/30/09
1	4/16/04 – Effective 4/27/04	\$35,000,000 amortizing in step with the Bonds commencing 4/1/05.	4/1/14	SOB Series 2004A Capital Asset Acquisition (MUNI-CPI)	SIFMA plus 0.235%	CPI plus premium <sup>(1)</sup>	Aa1, AĀ-, AA-	\$1,995,479

<sup>(1)</sup> The premium on the \$10 million, 4/1/11 maturity is 0.50% and on the \$25 million, 4/1/14 maturity is 0.70%

Fiscal Year	Variable Ra	te Bonds	Interest Rate Swap	
Ending 09/30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest (2)	Net Receipts (3)	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$0	\$1,616	\$1,311	\$305
2011	10,000	1,616	1,311	10,305
2012	0	1,154	937	217
2013	0	1,154	937	217
2014	25,000	<u>1,154</u>	937	25,217
Total	<u>\$35,000</u>	\$6,694	<u>\$5,433</u>	\$36,261

<sup>(1)</sup> In thousands.

Interest rate on the Bonds is the CPI Index plus 50 bpi on the bonds maturing on 4/1/11 and 70 bpi on the Bonds maturing on 4/1/14.

The rate is calculated as the difference between the variable rate (CPI plus premium) paid by the Counterparty to the County (3.9750% + 0.6429% = 4.6179%) and the variable rate (SIFMA) plus premium paid by County to the Counterparty (0.6362% + 0.235% = 0.8712%) as of September 30, 2009 (4.6179% - 0.8712%= 3.7467%).

#### **Risk Disclosure:**

Credit Risk. As of September 30, 2009, all of the County's swaps have a positive termination value. Because all of the County's swaps rely upon the performance of the third parties who serve as swap counterparties, the County is exposed to credit risk, or the risk that the counterparty fails to perform according to its contractual obligations. The appropriate measurement of this risk at the reporting date is the Fair Value of the swaps, as shown in the columns labeled Fair Value in the tables above. All Fair Values have been calculated using the Zero Coupon Method. To mitigate credit risk, the County maintains strict credit standards for swap counterparties. All swap counterparties for longer term swaps are to be rated at least in the double-A category by both Moody's and Standard & Poor's. To further mitigate credit risk, the County's swap documents require counterparties to post collateral for the County's benefit if they are downgraded below a designated threshold. Since September 30, 2009, AMBAC, the guarantor for five of the County's swaps, has been downgraded below the County's acceptable threshold. The County has replaced AMBAC on all five of the County swaps for which Ambac was the guarantor with new counterparties rated above the thresholds and within the County's Swap Policy for acceptable counterparties.

**Basis Risk.** Many of the County's swaps expose the County to basis risk. Should the relationship between the variable rate the County receives on the swap fall short of the variable rate on the associated bonds, the expected savings may not be realized. As of September 30, 2009, the SIFMA rate was 0.3508% and the LIBOR rate was 0.4135%. A form of Basis Risk is tax risk. The swaps on the Special Obligation Bonds and the Subordinate Special Obligation Bonds have a high degree of tax risk. If the tax laws change the personal income tax rates, the relationship between taxable rates (LIBOR) and tax exempt rates (SIFMA) will change. The swaps on the Special Obligation Bonds and the Subordinate Special Obligation Bonds are solely dependent on the relationship between Libor and SIFMA.

**Termination Risk.** The County's swap agreements do not contain any out-of-the-ordinary termination events that would expose it to significant termination risk. In keeping with market standards the County or the counterparty may terminate each swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. In addition, the swap documents allow either party to terminate in the event of a significant loss of creditworthiness. If at the time of the termination a swap has a negative value, the County would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the Fair Value of such swap unless the counterparty is the defaulting party.

**Rollover Risk.** With the exception of the swaps on the Special Obligation Bonds and the Subordinate Special Obligation Bonds, the County is not exposed to rollover risk. Because the swaps for the Special Obligation Bonds and the Subordinate Special Obligation Bonds terminate prior to the maturity of such bonds, the County is exposed to rollover risk. Upon the termination of the swap, the County will no longer realize the synthetic rate on the bonds and will be exposed to the full fixed rate on the underlying bonds if no new swap is put in place.

## Contingent Liability / Loan Guarantee

The County's General Fund is contingently liable for the payment of certain obligations from available non ad valorem taxes, and has pledged to budget and appropriate annually for the debt service payments in the event revenues from the benefiting enterprise operations are not sufficient to meet the debt service requirements. These instances are delineated below.

Series	Department	Original Amount	Principal Outstanding at 9/30/2009	Final Maturity
Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission, Series 1987 Program	Seaport	\$50,000,000	\$31,245,000	June 30, 2016
Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission, Series 1986 Program	Parks	\$2,000,000	\$1,004,134	October 1, 2014
Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission, Series 1986 Program, Issued 2004	Naranja Lakes CRA	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000	July 1, 2016
Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission, Series 1986 Program, Issued 2006	Naranja Lakes CRA	\$5,000,000	\$3,500,000	July 1, 2016
Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission, Series 2005	Seaport	\$75,000,000	\$75,000,000	September 1, 2035
Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission, Series 2006	Seaport	\$232,060,000	\$232,060,000	September 30, 2032
Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission, Series 2008	Various	\$223,578,000	\$182,831,000	September 1,2026
Industrial Development Revenue Bonds-BAC Funding Project Series 2000A and 2000B	Various	\$21,775,000	\$18,495,000	October 1, 2030

Miami-Dade County entered into a lease agreement whereby the developer of an office-building complex pursuant to an installment sales agreement. Miami-Dade County will lease the entire building and the lease payments are pledged to the bondholders. Additionally, the County has unconditionally guaranteed to budget and appropriate any shortfalls in pledged revenues from non ad valorem taxes.

#### Debt Authorized, but Unissued

As of September 30, 2009, the County has authorized but not issued the following:

- a) \$1,280,000 of general obligation bonds for general public improvements;
- \$247,500,000 of general obligation bonds for capital improvements for County airports to be paid by Aviation net revenues, if issued;
- s) \$156,300,000 Equipment Floating/Fixed Rates Special Obligation Bond to finance cost of capital equipment for various County departments;
- d) \$35,700,000 Equipment Floating/Fixed Rate Special Obligation Bonds;
- e) \$131,474,000 of general obligation bonds for capital improvements to the County's water and sewer system, to be paid by Water and Sewer net revenues, if issued;
- f) \$60,958,622 Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Bonds for use of construction, equipping and maintaining any Professional Sports Franchise venue;
- g) \$290,000,000 Aviation Bond Anticipation Notes for improvements to airport facilities (the "1997 Authorization");
- h) \$1,458,485,000 Aviation Bond Anticipation Notes to pay costs for improvements to airport facilities;
- \$815,985,000 Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds to finance the cost of capital improvements to the water and sewer systems of the County;
- j) \$50,000,000 Solid Waste System Bond Anticipation Notes to pay the costs of improvements to, and new capital project for, the Solid Waste System of the County;
- k) \$49,605,000 Solid Waste System Revenue Bonds to pay the outstanding Solid Waste System Bond Anticipation Notes and any additional improvements to, and new capital project for, the Solid Waste System of the County;
- I) \$18,880,000 Capital Acquisition Special Obligation Bonds;
- m) \$29,545,000 Special Obligation Bonds (Juvenile Courthouse Project) to fund the acquisition, construction and equipping of the Juvenile Courthouse Project;
- n) \$6,000,000 Special Obligation Bonds (Correction Facility Project) to fund a portion of the cost of acquisition, construction and equipping of a new holding facility;
- o) \$77,275,000 Special Obligation Bonds (Capital Asset Acquisition) to fund the acquisition, renovation, improvement, construction or purchase of capital assets;
- p) \$16,493,417 Solid Waste System Revenue Bonds to pay the cost of improvements to, and new capital projects for, the County's Solid Waste System;
- q) \$65,939,865 Special Obligation Bonds (Convention Development Tax) to pay the cost of various visitor related capital facilities;
- r) \$2,226,150,000 General Obligation Bonds to fund the projects under the "Building Better Communities" Bond Program;
- s) \$217,260,000 Transit System Sales Surtax Bonds to fund the projects of the People's Transportation Plan;
- t) \$4,215,000 Special Obligation Bonds to fund UMSA Public Improvements; and
- u) \$159,480,000 Special Obligation Bonds (Capital Acquisition) to acquire, construct, improve or renovate certain capital assets.
- v) \$21,320,000 Special Obligation Bonds (Capital Acquisition) to acquire, construct, improve or renovate certain capital assets.

## Note 9 - Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

## Florida Retirement System

The County participates in the Florida Retirement System (the "System"), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, public employee retirement plan, which covers substantially all of its full-time and part-time employees. The System was created in 1970 by consolidating several employee retirement systems. All eligible employees (as defined by the State) that were hired after 1970 and those employed prior to 1970 that elect to be enrolled, are covered by the System. Benefits under the plan vest after six years of service. Benefit provisions are established under Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, which may be amended by the Florida Legislature.

The System is a defined benefit plan, qualified under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, with defined contribution options. Under the defined benefit option, employees who retire at or after age 62 with six years of credited service (vesting period), are entitled to an annual retirement benefit payable monthly for life. The System also provides for early retirement at reduced benefits and death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute.

The Florida Legislature created a new defined contribution program that was added to the menu of choices available to FRS members beginning in June 2002. Formally created as the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program (PEORP), the FRS Investment Plan is available as an option for all current and future FRS members, including renewed members (FRS retirees who have returned to FRS employment). The FRS Investment Plan is a defined contribution plan where the contribution amount is fixed by a set percentage determined by law and the contribution is made to an individual account in each participant's name. With a defined contribution plan, in which the monthly contribution rate is fixed, the final benefit will be the total account value (contributions plus investment earnings less expenses and losses) distributed during retirement.

## Summary of Florida Retirement System ("FRS") Contributions, Covered Payroll and Percentage of Covered Payroll for the (in thousands)

	2009	2008		2007
Covered Payroll	\$ 2,197,064	\$ 2,145,709	\$ 2	2,099,613
Contributions	\$ 284,429	\$ 281,048	\$	272,101
% of Covered Payroll	12.9%	13.1%		13.0%

The FRS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due based upon plan assumptions. Employer contributions rates are established by state law as a level percentage of payroll (Chapter 121.70 Florida Statutes). Employer contribution rates are determined using the entry-age actuarial cost method. The consulting actuary recommends rates based on the annual valuation, but actual contribution rates are established by the Florida Legislature. Pension costs for the County ranged from 9.85% to 20.92% of gross salaries for fiscal year 2009. For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007, the County contributed 100% of the required contributions.

A copy of the System's annual report for the year ended June 30, 2009 can be obtained by writing to the Division of Retirement, Research and Education Section, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000, by calling toll-free (877) 377-1737, or by visiting their website at http://FRS.myFlorida.com.

# Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County, Florida, Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

The Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County, Florida, Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (the Plan) was created in 1996. The Plan is a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan and is an employee-noncontributory plan administered by the Public Health Trust (PHT). The Plan does not issue standalone financial statements. This report includes a Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets for the Plan for the year ended September 30, 2009.

All PHT employees working in a full-time or part-time regularly established position who were hired after January 1, 1996 are covered by the Plan. Benefits under the Plan vest after six years of service. Employees who retire at or after age 62 with six years credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit payable monthly for life. The Plan also provides for early retirement at reduced benefits, and death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are set forth in the Plan document. Benefits increase by approximately 2.5% per year for cost-of-living adjustments. The Board of Trustees of the PHT (the Board) reserves the right to modify, alter or amend the Plan subject to certain limitations.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2009, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	118
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	686
Active plan members	7,585
Total	8,389
Number of participating employers	1

## **Funded Status and Funding Progress (Unaudited)**

The funded status of the Plan as of January 1, 2009, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, was as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Estimated Covered Payroll ( c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ([b-a]/c)
1/1/2008	\$228,617	\$233,618	\$5,001	98%	\$413,953	1%
1/1/2009	\$244,340	\$301,791	\$57,451	81%	\$489,730	12%

The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information (immediately following the notes to the financial statements) provides multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

The contribution rate for normal cost is determined using the aggregate actuarial cost method. Under this method, the excess of the present value of projected benefits over the actuarial value of assets is spread evenly over the expected future salaries of the active participants presently under Normal Retirement

Age. This method does not identify or separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities. Gains and losses resulting from fluctuations in Plan experience are similarly amortized as part of normal cost. The significant assumptions used to compute the annual required contribution include an 8% rate of return on investment, projected salary increase of 7% in the first 10 years of service and 6% after 10 years of service. The rate of return on investments and the projected salary increase rate include projected inflation of 2.5%.

This plan uses the Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method which cannot be used to prepare a schedule of funding progress because it does not separately determine actuarial accrued liabilities. In order to provide information that serves as a surrogate for the funding progress of the plan per GASB Statement No. 50, the Entry Age Normal Cost method has been used to calculate the funded status. The current year information has been restated and calculated using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method which calculates the funding progress by a ratio of the Actuarial Value of assets to the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL). The aggregate actuarial cost method used does not identify or separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities.

The PHT's funding policy provides for actuarially determined rates deemed sufficient to pay benefits as due. The assumptions used to compute the contribution requirement are the same as those used to compute pension benefits earned. The PHT's funding policy is to make contributions based on a percentage of payroll.

The Trust's funding policy provides for actuarially determined rates deemed sufficient to pay benefits as due. The assumptions used to compute the contribution requirement are the same as those used to compute pension benefits earned. Contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were approximately \$40,532,000, \$38,068,000 and \$33,432,000 respectively. The PHT's most recent actuarial report as of January 1, 2009 determined the annual pension cost to be approximately \$56,048,000, \$42,996,000 and \$24,137,000 which represent 9.92%, 8.62% and 8.79% of payroll for the Plan years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007, respectively. The PHT has contributed 100% of the annual cost for all of the years.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Plan's investment authority is derived from the authorization of the Board and is in accordance with the Florida Statute 215.47 (the Statute) and the Employment Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA).

The following is a summary of the fair value (based on quoted market prices) of assets held in the pension trust fund at September 30, 2009: (in thousands)

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,087
Investments, at fair value	
Domestic investments:	
Equities	103,685
Corporate debt securities	88,557
Government and agency obligations	21,748
Total domestic investments	213,990
International investments:	
Mutual funds	28,663
Equities	7,568
Corporate debt securities	7,414
Total international investments	43,645
Total	\$ 270,722

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, requires governments to disclose deposits and investments exposed to custodial credit risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter-party to a transaction, a government may not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of September 30, 2009, the Plan's investment portfolio was held with a single third-party custodian.

#### **Credit Risk**

The Plan's investment policy (the Investment Policy) is designed to minimize credit risk by restricting authorized investments to only those investments permitted by the Statute, subject to certain additional limitations. These additional limitations consist of prohibitions against investments in derivative securities, options, futures or short positions; however the Investment Policy allows for investments in mortgage pass-through securities. Generally, the Statute permits investments in the Florida State Board of Administration Pooled Investment account (the SBA Pool), U.S. Government and agency securities, common and preferred stock of domestic and foreign corporations, repurchase agreements, commercial paper and other corporate obligations, bankers acceptances, state or local government taxable or tax exempt debt, real estate and real estate securities, and money market funds. With the exception of obligations directly issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, investments in the SBA Pool, and certain state and local government debt instruments, the Statute provides limits as to the maximum portion of the Plan's portfolio which can be invested in any one investment category or issuer.

At September 30, 2009, the Plan's investment securities had the following credit ratings: (in thousands)

Investment Type	Fair Market Value	Credit Rating	_
Domestic investments			
U.S. Government agency securities, by issuer			
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association	\$ 10,329	AAA	*
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	2,896	AAA	*
U.S. Treasury Bills	8,522	AAA	*
Equities - common stock	103,685	Not Rated	
Corporate debt securities	,		
Corporate bonds	181	Α	
Corporate bonds	11,937	A1-A3	**
Corporate bonds	747	AAA	*
Corporate bonds	2,916	Aa1-Aa3/Aaa	**
Corporate bonds	652	B1-B3	**
Corporate bonds	399	BBB	*
Corporate bonds	578	Ba2-Ba3	**
Corporate bonds	16,099	Baa1-Baa3	**
Corporate bonds	210	Caa1	**
Corporate bonds	29,002	Not rated	
Corporate bonds	2,271	Not rated	
Corporate bonds	521	A-	*
Convertible bonds - Victory	757	BB+/BB	*
Convertible bonds - Victory	1,478	BBB+/BBB	*
Convertible bonds - Victory	478	AAA	*
Convertible bonds - Victory	281	A1-A3	**
Convertible bonds - Victory	6,516	A/A+/A-	*
Convertible bonds - Victory	1,735	AA/AA-	*
Convertible bonds - Victory	698	BB+	**
Convertible bonds - Victory	9,882	BBB/BBB+/BBB-	*
Convertible bonds - Victory	1,221	Not Rated	
International investments:	,		
Mutual funds	28,663	Not Rated	
Equities-Common stock	7,568	Not Rated	
Corporate debt securities:	,		
International Bonds	328	A1-A3	**
International Bonds	205	Aa1-Aa3/Aaa	**
International Bonds	113	B2	**
International Bonds	161	Ba1	**
International Bonds	4,950	Baa1-Baa3	**
Convertible bonds - Victory	557	A+	*
Convertible bonds - Victory	1,099	BBB	*
Cash and cash equivalents	13,087	Not Rated	
Total	\$ 270,722	•	
	,	ı	

<sup>\*</sup> Standards & Poor's ratings

<sup>\*\*</sup> Moody's Investor Services ratings

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Investment Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by investment type and by issuer to limit its exposure to concentration of credit risk. The Investment Policy provides that a maximum of 25% be invested in bonds, notes, or obligations of any municipality or political subdivision or any agency or authority of the State of Florida; a maximum of 80% be invested in common stock, preferred stock, and interest-bearing obligations of a corporation having an option to convert into common stock; a maximum of 75% be invested in internally managed common stock; a maximum of 80% be invested in interest-bearing obligations with a fixed maturity of any corporation or commercial entity within the United States; a maximum of 20% be invested in corporate obligations and securities of any kind of a foreign corporation or a foreign commercial entity having its principal office located in any country other than the United States of America or its possessions or territories, not including United States dollar-denominated securities listed and traded on a United States exchange; a maximum of 5% be invested in private equity through participation in limited partnerships and limited liability companies.

At September 30, 2009, the composition of the Plan's investments by investment type as a percentage of total investments was as follows:

	Percentage of Portfolio
Domestic investments:	
Equities	38.3%
Corporate debt securities	32.7%
Government and agency obligations	8.0%
International investments:	
Mutual funds	10.6%
Equities	2.8%
Corporate debt securities	2.7%
Other:	
Cash and cash equivalents	4.9%

The following represents individual investments whose fair value (based on quoted market prices) exceeded 5% of the Plan's net assets at September 30, 2009 (in thousands):

\$ 29,001
15,334
14,635
14,029
\$ 72,999

## **Interest Rate Risk**

The Plan manages its exposure to rising interest rate risk in fair value by forecasting cash outflows and inflows. To the extent possible, an attempt will be made to match investment maturities with known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements.

As of September 30, 2009 the Plan had the following investments with the respective weighted average maturity in years.

	Weighted Average Maturity
Domestic investments:	
Equities	N/A
Corporate debt securities:	
Corporate bonds	9.39
Corporate bonds	N/A
Government and agency obligations:	
Federal Home Loan Bank	N/A
Federal National Mortgage Association	25.38
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	26.64
U.S. Treasury bills	8.77
International investments:	
Mutual funds	N/A
Equities	N/A
Corporate debt securities	12.12
Other:	
Cash and cash equivalents	N/A

## **Foreign Currency Risk**

GASB 40 requires governments to disclose deposits or investments exposed to foreign currency risk, the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk at September 30, 2009 was as follows: (in thousands)

	Currency	Va	Market lue (in dollars)
International equities:			
Common stock	Canadian Dollars	\$	2,735
Common stock	Swiss Franc		344
Common stock	Japanese Yen		349
Common stock	British Pounds		909
Common stock	Chinese Yuan Renminbi		1,702
Common stock	Indian Rupee		346
Common stock	Russian Rouble		277
Common stock	Euros		237
Common stock	Hong Kong Dollars		208
Common stock	Korean Won		461
		\$	7,568
International corporate debt securi	ties		
Corporate bonds	Canadian Dollars	\$	2,262
Corporate bonds	Euro		1,697
Corporate bonds	Israeli New Shekel		380
Corporate bonds	Caymanian Dollar		429
Corporate bonds	Brazillian Real		411
Corporate bonds	Bermudian Dollar		943
Corporate bonds	Mexican Peso		54
Corporate bonds	British Pounds		1,110
Corporate bonds	Australian Dollars		128
		\$	7,414

In addition, at September 30, 2009, the Plan's investments include approximately \$28,663,000 in mutual funds which principally invest in international stocks and other international securities. Although these mutual funds are United States dollar-denominated and United States exchange-traded, the underlying investments expose the Plan to an additional degree of foreign currency risk.

## **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions**

<u>Plan Description</u>. Miami-Dade County ("the County") administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Plan") that provides postretirement medical and dental coverage to retirees as well as their eligible spouses and dependents. Benefits are provided through the County's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefits are established and may be amended by the Miami-Dade County Board of County Commissioners ("the BCC"), whose powers derive from F.S. 125.01(3)(a). The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

*Eligibility:* To be eligible to receive retiree medical and dental benefits, participants must be eligible for retirement benefits under the Florida Retirement System (FRS) or the Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County, Florida, Defined Benefit Retirement Plan and pay required contributions.

- Regular Class (All employees not identified as members of the Special Risk Class)
  - Eligibility for Unreduced Pension Benefits under FRS
    - Age 62 with 6 years of service
    - 30 years of service (no age requirement)
  - Eligibility for Reduced Pension Benefits under FRS
    - 6 years of service (no age requirement)
- Special Risk Class (Police Officers, Firefighters and Corrections Officers)
  - Eligibility for Unreduced Pension Benefits under FRS
    - Age 55 with 6 years of special risk service
    - 25 years of special risk service (no age requirement)
    - Age 52 and 25 years of creditable service, including special risk service and up to maximum of 4 years of active duty wartime military service credit,
    - Regular Class criteria

*Benefits:* The medical plans offered provide hospital, medical and pharmacy coverage. Pre-65 retirees are able to select from five medical plans as follows.

- AvMed POS
- AvMed HMO High Option
- AvMed HMO Low Option
- JMH HMO High Option
- JMH HMO Low Option

Post-65 retirees are able to select from five medical plans as follows. The County only contributes to post-65 retirees electing an AvMed Medicare Supplement Plan.

- AvMed Medicare Supplement Low Option
- AvMed Medicare Supplement High Option with RX
- AvMed Medicare Supplement High Option without RX
- JMH HMO High Option
- JMH HMO Low Option

Participation in the Health Plan consisted of the following at October 1, 2009:

Actives	37,121
Retirees under age 65	1,640
Eligible spouses under age 65	808
Retirees age 65 and over	1,873
Eligible spouses age 65 and over	379
Total	41,821

Funding Policy. The County contributes to both the pre-65 and post-65 retiree medical coverage. Retirees pay the full cost of dental coverage. Medical contributions vary based on plan and tier. For pre-65 retirees, the County explicitly contributes an average of 21% of the cost for the AvMed POS plan, 41% for the AvMed HMO High and AvMed HMO Low plans. The JMH HMO plans receive no explicit contribution. However, it is the County's policy that after fiscal year 2008 its per capita contribution for retiree health care benefits will remain at the 2008 dollar level. As a result, the retiree contributions will be increased to the extent necessary so that they are sufficient to provide for the difference between the gross costs and the fixed County contributions.

The pre-65 retirees also receive an implicit subsidy from the County since they are underwritten with the active employees. The implicit contribution is approximately 5% of the cost. The pre-65 cost is approximately 57% greater than the combined pre-65 and active cost. The post-65 retiree contributions also vary by plan and tier with the County contributing an average of 28% of the entire plan cost.

For fiscal year 2009, the County contributed \$21,841,000 to the plan. The postretirement medical and dental benefits are currently funded on a pay-as-you go basis (i.e., Miami-Dade County funds on a cash basis as benefits are paid). No assets have been segregated and restricted to provide postretirement benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for fiscal year 2009, the amount actually contributed, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation (dollar amounts in thousands):

Annual required contribution	\$ 28,778
Interest on net OPEB obligation	690
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(658)
Annual OPEB cost	 28,810
Contributions made	(21,841)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	6,969
Net OPEB obligation—beginning of year	15,653
Net OPEB obligation—end of year	\$ 22,622

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal years 2008 and 2009 were as follows (dollar amounts in thousands):

	Annual	Percentage of	
Fiscal Year	OPEB	<b>Annual OPEB</b>	Net OPEB
Ended	Cost	<b>Cost Contributed</b>	Obligation
09/30/2008	\$ 26,997	42.0%	\$15,653
09/30/2009	\$ 28,810	75.8%	\$22,622

**Funded Status and Funding Progress (Unaudited).** The schedule below shows the balance of the actuarial accrued liability (AAL), all of which was unfunded as of September 30, 2009 (dollar amounts in thousands).

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Estimated Covered Payroll ( c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ([b-a]/c)
10/1/2007	\$0	\$284,024	\$284,024	0%	\$2,048,371	14%
10/1/2008	\$0	\$300,847	\$300,847	0%	\$2,109,822	14%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions by the County are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, provides multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the County and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The actuarial cost method used in the valuation to determine the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) and the Actuarial Required Contribution (ARC) was the Projected Unit Credit Method with service prorated. Under this method, the total present value of benefits is determined by projecting the benefit to be paid after the expected retirement date (or other event) and discounting those amounts to the valuation date. The normal cost is computed by dividing the total present value of benefits by the participant's total service (actual plus expected service) at retirement. The AAL under this method represents the total present value of benefits multiplied by the ratio of the participant's actual service to date and divided by expected service at retirement. The AAL for participants currently receiving payments and deferred vested participants is calculated as the actuarial present value of future benefits expected to be paid. No normal cost for these participants is payable. The AAL and normal cost were calculated at the measurement date, which is the beginning of the applicable fiscal year using standard actuarial techniques.

The following summarizes other significant methods and assumptions used in valuing the AAL and benefits under the plan.

Actuarial valuation date 10/1/2008

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate 4.75% Payroll growth assumption 3.00%

Health care cost trend rates 10% initial to 5.25% ultimate

Mortality table RP 2000

Further, the valuation assumes that the County will continue to fund the liability on a pay-as-you-go basis and that the County's per-capita contribution for retiree benefits will remain at the 2008 level. As a result, the retiree contributions will be increased to the extent necessary so that they are sufficient to provide for the difference between the gross costs and the fixed County contributions.

The Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) for Other Postemployment Benefits, Annual Required Contribution (ARC) and contributions made during Fiscal Year 2009 were allocated as follows:

					Ol	PEB liability
	AAL	ARC	Co	ntribution		@ 9/30/09
General Government	\$ 170,480	\$ 15,962	\$	12,006		13,660
Miami-Dade Public Housing Agency	4,795	449		338		386
Solid Waste Department	8,747	819		616		705
Aviation Department	11,876	1,112		836		956
Seaport Department	3,749	351		264		302
Miami-Dade Transit Agency	32,703	3,062		2,303		2,633
Water and Sewer Department	22,909	2,145		1,613		1,845
Public Health Trust	45,588	4,878		3,865		2,135
Total	\$ 300,847	\$ 28,778	\$	21,841	\$	22,622

## **Note 10 - Contingencies and Commitments**

## **Pollution Remediation Obligations**

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, the County adopted GASB Statement 49 (GASB 49), Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations. GASB 49 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution remediation obligations. As of September 30, 2009, the County has identified a number of sites that are undergoing pollution remediation activities or have violations of pollution related permits and licenses that must be cured. Pollution at most sites is due to contamination from petroleum, ammonia, and metals in soil and in groundwater. In addition, certain sites must continue to be monitored for a number of years due to methane gas emission. As of September 30, 2009, the County has recorded a pollution remediation liability of \$7.8 million in governmental activities.

## Aviation Department Environmental Matters

In August 1993, the Miami-Dade County Aviation Department ("MDAD" or "Aviation Department") and the Dade County Department of Environmental Resources Management (DERM) entered into a Consent Order. Under the Consent Order, the Aviation Department was required to correct environmental violations resulting from various tenants' failure to comply with their environmental obligations at the Airport including those facilities previously occupied by Eastern Airlines and Pan Am Airlines. In addition, the Aviation Department had a preliminary study performed by an independent engineering firm to estimate the cost to correct the environmental violations noted in the Consent Order. This study was used as a basis to record the environmental remediation liability as of September 30, 1993. In each subsequent year, the Aviation Department has received an updated study performed by MACTEC Engineering and Consulting (MACTEC), an independent engineering firm to further update the estimated costs to correct the environmental violations noted in the Consent Order based on additional information and further refinement of estimated costs to be incurred.

As a result of the updated study and costs incurred in fiscal year 2009, the total cumulative estimate to correct such violations was \$223.2 million. This estimate allows for uncertainties as to the nature and extent of environmental reparations and the methods, which must be employed for the remediation. The cumulative amount of environmental expenditures spent through September 30, 2009 approximated \$133.6 million. The Aviation Department has also spent \$55.5 million in other environmental related projects not part of any consent order.

During fiscal year 1998, a Consent Order ("FDEP Consent Order") was signed with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP"). The new FDEP Consent Order encompasses and replaces the DERM agreement and includes additional locations. The FDEP Consent Order includes all locations at the Miami International Airport (MIA) that are contaminated as well as additional sites where contamination is suspected. The Aviation Department included other sites where contamination is suspected in the FDEP Consent Order under a "Protective Filing". If contamination is documented at these sites, the State would be required to incur the costs of remediation. Because the State will be required to pay for remediation of sites filed in the Protective Filing and because the contamination at the sites is unknown, an accrual amount is not reflected in the Opinion of Cost report or in the accompanying financial statements.

Currently, the County has several pending lawsuits in State Court against the Potentially Responsible Parties ("PRPs") and insurers to address recovery of past and future damages associated with the County's liability under the FDEP Consent Order. As of September 30, 2009, the Aviation Department has received approximately \$51.6 million from the State, insurance companies and PRP's.

The Aviation Department has recorded a liability of \$89.6 million at September 30, 2009, representing the unexpended environmental remediation costs based on the Opinion of Cost performed by MACTEC. Management has allocated a portion of bond proceeds to fund this obligation and believes that the remaining amount can be funded from recoveries and the operations of the Aviation Department. The liability recorded by the Aviation Department does not include an estimate of any environmental violations

at the three general aviation airports or at the two training airports. Management is not aware of any such liabilities and the occurrence of any would not be material to the financial statements.

In addition to the studies conducted to determine the environmental damage to the sites occupied by Eastern and Pan Am, the Aviation Department caused studies to be performed to determine the amount required to remove or otherwise contain the asbestos in certain buildings occupied by the airlines. The Aviation Department has also estimated the amount required to remove or otherwise contain the asbestos in buildings other than those formerly occupied by Eastern and Pan Am. The studies estimate the cost to correct such damage related to all buildings were assessed at approximately \$4.5 million. The Aviation Department has no intention of correcting all assessed damage related to asbestos in the near future as they pose no imminent danger to the public. Specifics issues will be addressed when and if the department decides to renovate or demolish related buildings. At such time, the department will obligate itself to the clean-up or asbestos abatement. As emergencies or containment issues may arise from this condition, they will be isolated and handled on a case-by-case basis as repair and maintenance. Such amounts do not represent a liability of the Aviation Department until such time as a decision is made by the Aviation Department's management to make certain modifications to the buildings, which would require the Aviation Department to correct such matters. As such, no liability was recorded at September 30, 2009.

## Water and Sewer Department Settlement Agreement

In 1993, the County entered into a settlement agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP") resulting in very limited restrictions on new sewer construction in certain areas of the County until adequate capacity becomes available in the wastewater system. Subsequently, in 1994 and 1995, two consent decrees were entered into with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") whereby the County accelerated its improvement program of the wastewater system, subject to a schedule of stipulated penalties if certain established completion dates are not met. The County continues to be in compliance with all provisions and through fiscal year 2009 has not incurred any penalties for not completing tasks within deadlines.

On April 29, 2004, the Consent Order, OGC File No. 03-1376, was entered into between the FDEP and Miami-Dade County. It requires the County to provide high level disinfection for the effluent prior to injection. The total project cost of these improvements is approximately \$600 million and completion is anticipated in 2014.

On November 15, 2007, the South Florida Water Management District (the District) issued a consolidated 20-year Water Use Permit, which sets limits on the use of the Biscayne Aquifer and the Floridian Aquifer. In addition, the permit includes a schedule for the construction of the alternative water supply projects needed to meet demand. The plan developed by the County and submitted to the District includes the use of the Biscayne Aquifer to meet current demand and also for future growth, but also provides that additional amounts will be offset by providing ground water replenishment with highly treated reclaimed water.

## Seaport Department Consent Order

During fiscal year 2002, the Miami-Dade County Board of County Commissioners authorized the County Manager to execute a Consent Order between the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP") and Miami-Dade County for settlement of Miami Harbor dredging permit violations committed by the Seaport's former dredging contractor. Accordingly, the County recognized an expense and related liability for the fiscal year 2002 in the amount of \$2.5 million, which was the amount estimated to satisfy the Consent Order. In fiscal year 2009, the County paid \$2.3 million to partially satisfy the Consent Order. The remaining balance to satisfy the Consent Order of \$0.4 million is recorded as a current liability as of September 30, 2009.

## Solid Waste Department Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

Current laws and regulations require the County to place final covers on landfill cells as they are closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill cell sites for thirty years after closure. These laws and regulations also require the County, on an annual basis, to disclose the extent of its financial responsibility for the costs involved, which are referred to as "closure and postclosure care" costs. The County was in compliance with these requirements as of September 30, 2009.

At September 30, 2009, the County's total liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs was approximately \$100.2 million. Of this amount, \$74.1 million relates to active landfills and approximately \$26.2 million relates to inactive landfills.

The County accounts for and discloses closure and postclosure care costs in accordance with GASB Statement No. 18 Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs (the "Statement"). The Statement requires, among other matters: (1) that the liability for closure and postclosure care costs be estimated based on applicable federal, state or local regulations that were in existence as of the date of the statement of net assets, (2) that the cost estimates be reevaluated and adjusted on an annual basis for changes due to inflation or deflation, or for changes due to advancements in technology, (3) that a portion of these estimated closure and postclosure costs be recognized in each operating period that the landfill is active, based on the amount of waste received during the period, even though the majority of the costs will not be disbursed until the landfill cells are closed, and (4) that changes in the estimated costs for closure and postclosure care which occur after the landfill stops accepting waste be recognized entirely in the period of the change.

Expenses for closure and postclosure care are funded from bond proceeds, of which the principal and interest are subsequently repaid from Utility Service Fees assessed on all countywide water and wastewater users, in accordance with Chapter 24 of the Dade County Code (the "Code"). Under the Code, funds collected from this fee can be used for solid waste landfill closure and postclosure care costs that are the financial responsibility of the County, for environmental remediation at landfill sites, and for land acquired to protect groundwater.

Active Landfills - Active landfills consist of the North Dade Landfill, the South Dade Landfill, and the Resources Recovery Ashfill.

The liability balance of \$74.1 million as of September 30, 2009 represents a decrease of approximately \$5.2 million when compared to the preceding year. This decrease resulted from the combined effects of (1) a credit (instead of amortization expense) of \$45 thousand in the current period to adjust the recorded liability to the amount required to be recognized based on the current estimates for closure and postclosure care costs and the use of approximately 87.4% of the existing landfill capacity, and (2) reductions of approximately \$5.2 million for amounts paid or due to vendors actually performing closure or postclosure work during the current period on closed "cells" of active landfills.

There were no unrecognized costs as of September 30, 2009. Unrecognized costs are recognized on a current basis as the existing estimated capacity of approximately \$4.5 million tons at September 30, 2009 is used. This estimated capacity is expected to last until 2016 based on current waste flows.

Inactive Landfills - Inactive landfills consist of the Main Landfill at 58th Street, the Ojus Landfill, and the Old South Dade Landfill.

The liability balance of the inactive landfills as of September 30, 2009 is approximately \$26.2 million. When compared to the preceding year, the liability balance decreased approximately \$8.0 million reflecting the effects of (1) the reduction to expense (credit) recognized in the current period of approximately \$7.2 million to adjust the recorded liability to the amount required to be recognized based on the current estimates for postclosure care costs, and (2) reductions of approximately \$.8 million for amounts paid or due to vendors actually performing closure and postclosure work during the current period.

#### **Construction Commitments**

As of September 30, 2009, the County's enterprise funds had contracts and commitments totaling \$3.468 billion, as follows:

- Miami-Dade Transit, \$422.8 million;
- Miami-Dade Water and Sewer Department, \$330.4 million;
- Public Health Trust, \$75.3 million;
- Aviation Department, \$2.6 billion;
- Solid Waste Department, \$8.6 million; and
- Miami-Dade Seaport Department, \$31.0 million.

The Reserve for Encumbrances at September 30, 2009, for the Capital Project Funds reflect construction commitments entered into by the County. The following table sets forth these commitments by program classification (in thousands):

Street and Safety Improvements	\$ 83,201
Recreational Facilities and Cultural Improvements	36,484
Public Safety Facilities	14,666
Judicial and Correctional Facilities	552
Physical Environment	25,451
Health	26,088
General Governmental Facilities	29,093
Total	\$ 215,535

#### Aviation Department North Terminal Development Program (NTD)

In 1989, the County agreed to allow a major carrier (collectively, the parties) to create an international passenger hub at Miami International Airport. The North Terminal Development Project (NTD or the Project) evolved out of this plan and commitment to improve the level and quality of services to passengers. The carrier worked with the County to develop the concept plan for NTD and in October 1995, the parties entered into a Lease, Construction and Financing Agreement (the LCF Agreement), which authorized the carrier to design and construct the Project.

The LCF Agreement was approved by the Board in 1995 and provided for costs up to \$974.9 million. In July 1999, the parties agreed to the First Amendment which increased the scope of work and the costs to \$1.3 billion. In January 2002, the parties agreed to the Second Amendment which eliminated the 250 flights per day requirement in the LCF Agreement. In April 2002, the parties entered into the Third Amendment which increased the costs to \$1.5 billion.

Due to the complexity of the project, coordination and construction problems, along with insufficient project management and controls, the project encountered substantial delays and significant cost overruns resulting in a series of unprocessed and unpaid claims from subcontractors and suppliers related to change orders and cost overruns. As a result of the aforementioned delays and issues, the County assumed responsibility for the management and completion of the Project with the assistance of consultants.

A Fourth Amendment was entered into between the parties, which was approved by the Board on June 21, 2005. The Fourth Amendment primarily terminated the carrier's management of the Project and attempted to resolve the unprocessed and unpaid claims. Under the Fourth Amendment, the carrier has agreed to contribute to the Project \$105 million, payable in installments over a period of ten years beginning in fiscal year 2005. The contribution shall be maintained in a claims reserve fund to pay such claims. Once all claims have been settled, any excess funds available are retained by the Aviation Department to be applied to construction of the Project. Payments in the amount of \$10 million were

received in fiscal years 2009 and 2008. The County's best estimate is an allowance for uncollectible amounts equal to 100% of the unpaid balance of \$45 million.

Although it is probable that the Aviation Department will have to pay claims associated with the NTD Project, the total amount to be paid or accrued cannot be reasonably estimated. As of September 30, 2009, \$62.5 million of claims had been paid and none had been accrued.

## Seaport Department Gantry Cranes Operating Agreement

The County's gantry crane operation had been maintained by a private company (the "Operating Company") under a restated and amended operating agreement dated November 1, 1988. During 1997, certain activities of the Operating Company came under investigation by local, state and federal authorities to determine whether user fees belonging to the County were spent by the Operating Company for improper or illegal purposes. In addition, County investigation indicates that shipping companies may not have been billed or were under billed for gantry crane services. This contract was terminated by the County on May 19, 1998.

During the term of the Restated and Amended Agreement, the County received approximately \$3.9 million (cumulatively) from the Operating Company for user fees in excess of the amounts retained. In addition, the County believes the Operating Company has an obligation to repay certain operating advances and ground lease rentals of approximately \$11.5 million that carried forward from the previous agreement, plus accrued interest thereon. This obligation has not been reflected in the accompanying financial statements due to uncertainty of receipt. Such balances accrue simple interest at an annual rate of 7.8% and are reduced by excess usage fees paid by the Operating Company. The County has received approximately \$500 thousand (cumulatively) from the Operating Company for excess usage fees. The County believes that collection of any amounts owed by the Operating Company pursuant to the Agreement is doubtful due to the negative net worth of the Operating Company.

The County has filed a claim against the Operating Company for breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty, civil theft, and declaratory relief, among others. The County believes it has a claim against the Operating Company for recovery of improper expenditures. The full amount has not been determined. The County has concluded at this time that it is not possible to determine the amount, if any, that may be collectible from the Operating Company, if it is determined that amounts were spent improperly. Therefore, no amounts have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

The Operating Company has filed a counterclaim against the County alleging that Seaport officials required them to pay for expenses that were not related to gantry crane activities; therefore, creating deficits that could have been used to reduce amounts owed to the County. Management does not believe this will have an adverse effect on the financial statements.

On May 19, 1998, pursuant to Resolutions R-456-98 and R-514-98, the County terminated the Agreement with the Operating Company and entered into an Interim Gantry Crane Management Agreement (the "Interim Agreement") with a company (the "Interim Operator") to take over the maintenance of the gantry cranes.

On June 6, 1999, the Board of County Commissioners adopted Resolution R-671-99 adopting in principle the Crane Maintenance Company Business Plan proposed by the Seaport and recommended by the County Manager. This plan provided for the creation of a not-for-profit company, Port of Miami Crane Management, Inc. ("Crane Management"), to replace the Interim Operator. On August 5, 2002, the County and Crane Management entered into an Agreement for maintenance and management of the container handling cranes and cargo handling equipment at the Port. The term of the Agreement is for a period of five years with a renewal option for another five years at the County's sole discretion. Crane Management became fully operational in October 2002 and took over the maintenance of the Port's gantry cranes. Crane Management is responsible to a board of directors appointed by the Board of County Commissioners, the County Manager, the Port Director, and Port users. Container crane user revenues for fiscal year 2009 were \$8.0 million.

## Seaport Department Building Lease/Terminal Usage Agreements

The County entered into an office building lease agreement (the "Agreement") with one of its cruise line customers (the "Lessee") to finance and construct an office building and related improvements (the "Building") at the Seaport. The Building was to be occupied and used by the Lessee. The County would assume any financing, up to a maximum of \$16.6 million, enter into an agreement for the Lessee to finance the construction of the Building and would possess fee simple title to the Building. Under terms of the Agreement, the Lessee is to pay base rent of an amount per year equal to the debt service payments on the financing assumed by the County.

The construction of the Building has been completed; however, the County and the Lessee are currently in dispute over certain terms and conditions of the Agreement. As a result, the County has neither assumed any financing which may have been entered into by the Lessee to finance the construction of the Building nor possesses fee simple title to the Building. Until the County obtains title to the building and assumes any debt and any other uncertainties regarding the contract are resolved, the County will not included such asset and related liability, if any, in its financial statements.

## Seaport Department – Port Tunnel Letter of Credit

On July 24, 2007, the Board of County Commissioners adopted Resolution R-889-07 approving the Master Agreement which requires the County to participate in the development of the Port Tunnel. One of the County's commitments towards the tunnel project was to provide an irrevocable letter of credit (LOC) to fund its share of a \$150 million Geotechnical and Relief Contingency Reserve (GRCR). The County's share of the GRCR is \$75 million. The GRCR is to be used first to pay any unforeseen geotechnical costs associated with the digging of the tunnel and with respect to the County, certain other relief events. The Master Agreement provides that the County shall deliver the LOC at the time Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) and the concessionaire enter into a concession agreement.

On September 25, 2009, the County entered into a Reimbursement Agreement (LOC) with Wachovia Bank, National Association (the Bank) in the amount of \$75 million for the County's share of the GRCR. The LOC will automatically extend for an additional one year effective September 25, 2010 and each September 25 thereafter unless the Bank shall have notified the County in writing at least 120 days prior to such date and the Beneficiary in writing at least 30 days prior to such date. The amount drawn under the LOC shall be converted to an interest-only Line of Credit (the Credit Line) on the date of the draw.

On September 25, 2014, the outstanding amount of the Credit Line shall be converted to a term loan. The principal and interest on the Term Loan shall be payable on September 25, 2015 and annually thereafter on each September 25 through September 25, 2019.

The County anticipates and has programmed into its capital development plan issuing bonds to pay the LOC. As of September 30, 2009, the County had not drawn down on the letter of credit.

## Aviation Department Agreement with Florida Department of Transportation

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT), in cooperation with the County, has borrowed \$433 million from the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) under the Transportation Infrastructure Financing Innovation Act (TIFIA) loan program. Approximately \$269 million of the Ioan proceeds will be used to construct the Miami Intermodal Center and approximately \$164 million for a consolidated rental car facility (RCF) adjacent to the Airport. The \$164 million was to be used by FDOT to purchase the land needed for the RCF and then design and construct the facility. The portion of the Ioan relating to the RCF will be repaid through the collection of the Customer Facility Charges (CFCs) from car rental company customers at the Airport. The remainder of the Ioan will be repaid by the State. The repayment of the TIFIA Ioan is not secured by revenues or any other revenues of the Aviation Department. On December 7, 1999 the County entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with FDOT. The MOU provides that FDOT's portion of the TIFIA Ioan is \$269 million and that County's portion of the TIFIA Ioan is approximately \$164 million. This funding of \$164 million is expressly for the purpose of paying FDOT for the cost of the land underlying the RCF and the construction of the RCF. The County has agreed to purchase from FDOT all Iand acquired by FDOT for use in connection with the RCF

site as part of the capital cost for the RCF. As of September 30, 2009 the purchase by the County from FDOT has not taken place, the purchase cannot occur until FDOT completes the construction of the RCF. The negotiation and purchase of the land and the RCF are estimated to take place shortly after the RCF's current estimated completion date of April 2010. As such, as of September 30, 2009, the County has not recorded the loan payable.

On April 1, 2005, a security agreement was entered into among USDOT, FDOT, and the County regarding FDOT's loan agreement for the TIFIA loan in an amount up to \$170 million. Under the security agreement, the USDOT requires as a condition to loaning the TIFIA funds to FDOT that FDOT and the County pledge and assign to a fiscal agent a security interest in the Pledged Revenues, which includes the CFC's collected by the County and any contingent rent that is imposed by the County on participating car rental companies in the event CFCs are not sufficient to meet the debt service requirements. As to the nature of the payment by the County to FDOT, the County is under no obligation to expend its own funds for the purchase. All payments to FDOT for the purchase of the land and the RCF will come exclusively from a pool of funds made of Customer Facility Charge proceeds (as well as any contingent rents that are imposed on the rental car companies).

On July 19, 2007 the Board of County Commissioners approved the First Amendment to the Rental Car Concession Agreement and Facility Lease Agreement (the RCCA). The RCCA was one of the contractual documents all rental car companies desiring to participate in the RCF were required to sign. Resolution No. R-910-07 approving the First Amendment also accepted FDOT's new estimate of \$370 million for the design and construction costs of the RCF, and approved an increase in the County portion of the TIFIA loan from \$164 million to \$270 million, with the balance of the costs to be paid by the CFCs already collected from rental car company customers. The RCCA as amended confirmed that the debt service of the RCF portion of the TIFIA loan and additional RCF financing shall be paid solely from CFCs and contingent rent, if any. In no event shall the County be required to use general airport revenues for the payment of debt service on the RCF portion of the TIFIA loan or any additional RCF financing.

#### Public Health Trust Annual Operating Agreement

In accordance with the annual operating agreement between the Public Health Trust (the "Trust") and the University of Miami (the "University"), the Trust pays certain amounts for staff and services to be provided by the University. Under the annual operating agreement, costs incurred by the Trust for the year ended September 30, 2009 were approximately \$124.4 million. At September 30, 2009 the Trust had a liability to the University of approximately \$51.4 million.

#### Interlocal Agreement with the City of Miami Beach

The County entered into an interlocal agreement (the "Interlocal Agreement") with the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the "City") in 1996 regarding the use and disposition of the two-thirds (2/3) portion of the Convention Development Tax (the "Tax"). The Tax is imposed by the County, pursuant to Section 212.0305(4)(b) of the Florida Statutes, on the leasing or letting of transient rental accommodations. Prior to this agreement, the Tax proceeds were collected by the County and remitted to the City as security for the payment of debt service on any bonds secured by the Tax. The Interlocal Agreement provides that the Tax proceeds be held by the County for projects permitted by State law and distributed after debt service is paid on the Miami-Dade County Special Obligation and Refunding Bonds Taxable Series 1996A and Series 1996B (the "1996 Senior Lien Bonds") and an annual operating subsidy payment of \$1.5 million (the "Operating Subsidy") is remitted to the City for the Miami Beach Convention Center Complex (the "Complex").

During fiscal year 1998, the County issued three series of bonds (the "1997 Subordinate Bonds") at one time. The 1997 Subordinate Bonds were comprised of the Subordinate Special Obligation Refunding Series 1997A, in the amount of \$86.6 million, Subordinate Special Obligation Bonds, Series 1997B, in the amount of \$170.0 million and Subordinate Special Obligation Bonds, Series 1997C in the amount of \$42.0 million. The 1997 bond proceeds were used to refund a portion of the 1996 Senior Lien Bonds, to provide additional funds for the construction of the Performing Arts Center (the "Downtown PAC"), to renovate and construct other cultural facilities and to acquire real property for the construction of a new multi-purpose professional sports facility in the City of Miami (the "Arena Project"). The 1996 Senior Lien

Bonds and the Operating Subsidy have a first lien on the Tax that is superior to the lien on the Tax in favor of the 1997 Subordinate Bonds.

In 2001, the City and the County amended the Interlocal Agreement to provide, among other matters, for an increase in the Operating Subsidy to \$3 million for April 1, 2002 and to \$4.5 million on each April 1 thereafter until the end of the term of the Agreement. It also provided that the County and the City would share in any Tax proceeds that exceed a certain growth factor for each year commencing in 2004. Moreover, the County agreed to fund \$15 million of capital improvements for the Complex from the next bond transaction in which the Tax is pledged and to pay an additional \$50 million in available tax proceeds to the City if the Tax is not pledged to a new baseball stadium by December 2003. The County Commission prior to the December 2003 deadline pledged the revenues for a new baseball stadium. The additional payments to the City agreed to in the amendment to the Interlocal Agreement are payable from Tax proceeds only and are subordinate to the lien on the Tax in favor of the 1996 Senior Bonds, the original \$1.5 million Operating Subsidy and the 1997 Subordinate Bonds.

#### **Other Commitments**

## Legal Contingencies

The County is a defendant to other legal proceedings that occur in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the County Attorney, the ultimate resolution of these legal proceedings are not likely to have a material, adverse impact on the financial position of the County or the affected funds.

#### **Departure Incentive Program**

The County offered a Departure Incentive Program (the "Program") to employees with ten years of continuous service who were eligible for an unreduced Florida Retirement System benefit on or before January 31, 1996, and to employees who completed 20 years or more of continuous service, regardless of age, on or before January 31, 1996. The Program offered single health insurance coverage in a County approved group health plan or a \$300 a month cash payment for a minimum of eight years or until the employee becomes eligible for Medicare. The total estimated cost of the Program, discounted at 5%, is approximately \$2.1 million as of September 30, 2009 and is recorded in long-term debt.

#### Arbitrage Rebates

At September 30, 2009, the County recorded obligations to rebate arbitrage interest earnings on certain General Obligation and Special Obligation Refunding and Equipment Floating Bonds (the "Bonds") issued after the passage of the Tax Reform Act of 1986. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund existing debt and to finance certain capital projects and acquisitions accounted for within the governmental and proprietary fund types of the County.

The rebate to the Federal Government, required to be paid within five years from the date of issuance and each five years thereafter, is estimated to be approximately \$4.2 million as of September 30, 2009. The liability related to governmental activities, not expected to be paid with available financial resources, is \$2.0 million and is recorded in long-term debt. The liability related to the enterprise funds at September 30, 2009 amounted to \$2.2 million, and is also included in long-term debt. The ultimate amount of the County's obligation will be determined based on actual interest earned.

#### Federal and State Grants

Federal grant awards are audited in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and state grants are audited in accordance with Florida Rules of the Auditor General, Section 10.550 and the State of Florida Single Audit Act to determine that the terms and conditions of the grant awards have been complied with. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. It is the County management's opinion that no material liabilities will result from any such audits.

On March 20, 2003, the U.S. Department of Transportation, Office of the Inspector General (OIG) issued Report No. AV-2003-030 entitled Oversight of Airport Revenue in connection with their audit of amounts paid to Miami-Dade County by the Miami-Dade Aviation Department (MDAD). The OIG reported Miami-Dade County diverted MDAD revenues of approximately \$38 million from 1995 to 2000. On August 9, 2005, upon receiving additional information from MDAD, the OIG agreed to adjust the finding to \$8.1 million, plus interest. The Oversight of Airport Revenue report was then updated to include the years 2001 through 2005, and the total diversion of revenues was increased to \$12 million, plus interest of \$2.3 million for a total of \$14.3 million. As of September 30, 2009, the unpaid balance is \$4.5 million, which will be repaid by the County in quarterly installments of \$564.3 thousand over the next two fiscal years.

## Note 11 - Restatements - Prior Period Adjustments

## **Fund statements**

Beginning fund balance reflects a prior period adjustment to restate amounts in previous year statements. The prior period adjustment took place in the Other Housing Programs Special Revenue Fund. The effect of restatement of fund balance in the fund statements is as follows (in thousands):

	Other	Governmental Funds
At September 30, 2008:		
Fund Balance - as previously reported	\$	1,526,925
Prior period adjustment:		
(1) To adjust various accounts of the Other		
Housing Programs Special Revenue Fund		(3,822)
Fund Balance - restated	\$	1,523,103

## **Government-wide statements**

Beginning net assets reflect prior period adjustments to restate amounts in previous year statements. The prior period adjustments took place in the Other Housing Programs Special Revenue Fund and in the Miami Dade Public Housing Agency. The effect in the government-wide statements is as follows (in thousands):

	Governm	nental Activities
At September 30, 2008:		
Net Assets - as previously reported	\$	2,571,767
Prior period adjustments:		
(1) To adjust various accounts of the Other		(2,022)
Housing Programs Special Revenue Fund		(3,822)
(2) To adjust capital assets of the Miami-Dade		400
Public Housing Agency		199
Total prior period adjustments		(3,623)
Net Assets - restated	\$	2,568,144
		, ,

The above adjustments were not identifiable to any specific activity in FY 2008.

Total Transfers Out

TRANSFER FROM

## Note 12 - Interfund Transfers and Balances

(in thousands)

Т 0

		General Fund	onmajor vernmental	Miami-Dade Transit	Solid Waste Management
Т	General Fund		\$ 17,693		
R	Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 217,000	114,770		
Α	Miami-Dade Transit Department	145,576	125,165		
N.	Public Health Trust	177,870	172,816		
	Solid Waste Management	1,071	1,168		
	All Others	282			

The General Fund transfer out of \$541.8 million includes: \$145.6 million to the Miami-Dade Transit Department (MDT) to support its operations in accordance with the Maintenance of Effort Agreement (MOE); \$177.9 million to Public Health Trust from ad valorem taxes to support its operations; \$31.9 million to the Debt Service Fund to make debt service payments as they become due; \$66.2 million to the Capital Projects Fund to fund capital projects as per the approved budget, \$54.5 million to the Community and Social Development Fund to finance its programs in accordance with the approved budget; \$24 million to Fire Rescue to support different activities of the department, and \$39 million to Other Special Revenues Funds.

\$

431,612

541,799

The Nonmajor Governmental transfer out of \$431.6 million includes \$125.1 million to Miami-Dade Transit from the People's Transportation Plan (half penny transit system sales surtax), and \$172.8 million to the Public Health Trust from the Health Development Fund (half penny indigent sales surtax).

		DUE FROM/ADVANCES							
		General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental		Miami-Dade Transit		Solid Waste Management	
D	General Fund			\$	16,232	\$	146,614		
U	Nonmajor Governmental				15,602		140,442		
E	Internal Service Fund				333		6,852	\$	1,323
	Miami-Dade Transit Department				69				
	Solid Waste Management				2,517				
Т	Aviation Department	\$	20,143		5,151				
0	Water and Sewer Management				416				
	Public Health Trust	-			27,953				
	Total Due to Other Funds	\$	20,143	\$	68,273	\$	293,908	\$	1,323

The General Fund balance of \$146.6 million due from Miami-DadeTransit includes a Long-term Advance Receivable of \$42.4 million not scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year (a decrease of \$29.6 million from fiscal year 2008), and \$104.2 million recorded as Due from Other Funds. The Nonmajor Governmental Funds balance of \$140.4 million due from Miami-Dade Transit includes a Long-term Advance Receivable of \$131 million not scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year and a Short-term Advance Receivable of \$7 million due to the People's Transportation Fund (PTP) (\$138 million total due to PTP), and \$2.4 million due to other nonmajor governmental funds. During fiscal year 2009, Solid Waste paid off existing equipment loan from GSA in the amount of \$4.2 million.

(Continued)

#### TRANSFER FROM

		• •		•••		
Seaport Department	Aviation Department	Water and Sewer Department	Public Health Trust	Internal Service Fund	7	Total Fransfer In
					\$	17,693
						331,770
						270,741
						350,686
						2,239
						282
					\$	973,411

#### DUE FROM/ADVANCES

eaport partment	viation partment	\$ Water and Sewer partment	Public Health Trust	Internal Service Fund	Total ue from ner Funds
\$ 2,344	\$ 4,677	\$ 2,944	\$ 31,057		\$ 203,868
	2,239	1,941	544		160,768
390	1,477	1,812	8,207		20,394
					69
					2,517
					25,294
					416
					27,953
\$ 2,734	\$ 8,393	\$ 6,697	\$ 39,808		\$ 441,279

#### Note 13 - New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2007, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets" (GASB 51) which is effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2009. GASB 51 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for intangible assets including easements, water rights, timber rights, patents, trademarks, and computer software. The County will implement the requirements of GASB 51 beginning with fiscal year 2010.

In June 2008, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments" (GASB 53) which is effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2009. A key provision of GASB 53 is that derivative instruments covered in its scope, with the exception of synthetic guaranteed investment contracts (SGICs) that are fully benefit-responsive, be reported at fair value. The County will implement the requirements of GASB 53 beginning with fiscal year 2010.

In March 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" (GASB 54) which is effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2010. GASB 54 provides new fund balance classifications and clarifies the existing governmental fund type definitions. The County will implement the requirements of GASB 54 beginning with fiscal year 2011.

#### Note 14 - Subsequent Events

On October 20, 2009 and through December 16, 2009, the Aviation Department issued an additional \$175,300,000 in commercial paper to fund construction of capital projects. The commercial paper is secured by an Irrevocable Stand-by letter of Credit in the amount of \$400 million.

On January 28, 2010, the Aviation Department issued \$600,000,000 in General Aviation Revenue Bonds as part of its ongoing CIP. The proceeds are to be used to pay off the outstanding Commercial Paper and fund future CIP cost.

On January 28, 2010, the Letter Agreement to assign the Third Amended and Restated Operations and Management Agreement between Miami-Dade County and Montenay-Dade Ltd., to Covanta Southeastern Florida Renewable Energy LLC was executed. Among the terms of the agreement, Montenay and Covanta agree to expunge the County's Recyclable Trash shortfalls for fiscal year 2008 and 2009. In addition, the County agrees to expunge any and all Montenay and Covanta potential penalties for fiscal year 2008 and 2009. As a result, the Department of Solid Waste recognized a \$5,700,000 expense for the Recyclable Trash shortfalls as of September 30, 2009.

On February 4, 2010, the County issued \$50,980,000 Miami Dade County General Obligation Bonds (Building Better Communities Programs (BBC) Series 2010A. Proceeds of the Series 2010A will be used to pay a portion of the costs of the Baseball Stadium. The bonds pay interest ranging from 2.25%-4.50%.

On March 4, 2010, the County issued \$239,755,000 of Double-Barreled Aviation Bonds (General Obligation) Series 2010. The proceeds from the Series 2010 Bonds will be used to provide long-term financing for certain capital improvements comprising a part of the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) for the County's Aviation Department.

On March 11, 2010, the County issued \$594,330,000 of Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds Series 2010. The proceeds from the Series 2010 Bonds will be used to pay costs of construction or acquiring certain improvements under the Miami-Dade Water and Sewer Department's Multi-Year Capital Plan (MYCP). The bonds pay interest ranging from 2.00%-4.63%.

#### Lease / Leaseback Transactions

Over a six-year period (1997-2002), Miami-Dade County participated in four Lease Leaseback Transactions, commonly known as LILO (lease-in lease-out) transactions, with fifteen tranches. Fourteen tranches involved assets of the Miami-Dade Transit Agency, including Metro Rail Cars, Transit Maintenance and Parking Facilities, and Qualified Technological Equipment (QTEs). The other tranche involved the Stephen P. Clark Center, an administrative office building for various County departments. These transactions are summarized below and are further explained in Note 5 – Leases.

Lease #	<u>Asset</u>	<u>Equity</u>	<u>Guarantor</u>	Equity Payment Undertaking	Equity Payment Undertaking Provider	Early Buy-Out Date
1	Metro Rail Cars	Bank of NY	AMBAC	Strips	AMBAC	Mutually terminated Apri 2008
2	Stephen P. Clark Center	Mirasol Business Trust - Rabo Bank	AMBAC	GIC	AMBAC	January 2015
3	Transit Maintenance and Parking Facilities	Bank of America Leasing (4 tranches); Norlease Leasing (2 tranches)	AIG	GIC	AIG	Bank of America tranches - January 2018; Norlease tranches - terminated March 31, 2009
4	Qualified Technological Equipment (QTEs)	PNC Leasing (1 tranche); Bank of Hawaii (1 tranche); Bank of America Leasing (5 tranches)	AIG	GIC	AIG	January 2018 (all tranches)

At the time of closing of these transactions, part of the funds received by the County (Equity Payment Undertaking) were deposited with a "AAA" rated Guarantor, who in turn purchased a Guaranteed Investment Contract (GIC) made up of securities that would grow to equal the lease value at the expected Early Buy-Out dates from 2015-2018. The value of the securities would fluctuate with the market. The Guarantor deposited the GIC with a Trustee that would hold the GIC until directed by the County to sell and disburse the maturity amount in payment of lease on the Early Buy-Out date. The GIC would be used to pay a portion of the termination value if the County were to default. The Guarantor has guaranteed that the GIC will equal the lease value at the Early Buy-Out date. If the Guarantor was downgraded below AA-/AA3, the County, upon request by the counterparty (Equity), would be required to direct the Guarantor to post additional collateral equal to the difference between the market value of the securities and the carrying value of the GIC. Upon the downgrade below AA-/AA3, the County may also be required to terminate the Guarantor's guarantee and procure another guarantee from a "AAA" guarantor. The County's failure to direct the Guarantor to post collateral, or the Guarantor's failure to replace the Guarantor is an event of default.

In September 2008, AIG, the Guarantor on thirteen of the County's existing (Transit) tranches was downgraded below A-/A3. In October 2008, AMBAC, the Guarantor on the other County tranche, was also downgraded below A-/A3. In October 2008, Bank of America, Bank of Hawaii, and PNC Leasing requested that AIG be asked to collateralize the Equity Payment Undertaking and the County replace them as the guarantor. In November 2008, Rabo Bank asked the County to have AMBAC collateralize the Equity Payment Undertaking and be replaced.

On March 31, 2009, the County terminated the two leases with Norlease Leasing. Norlease Leasing was willing to accept the liquidated GIC value as of March 31, 2009 as termination payment.

On February 12, 2010, Rabo Bank accepted a posting of \$7.1 million with a bank as collateral by the County equal to the present value of the difference between the lease value of the GIC on the Early Buyout date and the current projected value of the GIC as a waiver of default caused by the downgrade of Ambac. The County must maintain the value of the difference in additional collateral, Ambac must continue to post collateral equal to the carrying value of the GIC, and Ambac must continue to be solvent, in order for the waiver to remain in effect.

The County continues to negotiate with Bank of America, PNC and Bank of Hawaii to find an acceptable alternative to replacing AIG as the Guarantor.

#### **Public Health Trust Financial Position**

During fiscal year 2009 the Public Health Trust net assets decreased approximately \$244.6 million and reported unrestricted fund net assets of approximately \$44.7 million. The net patient revenue decreased by \$124.7 million for fiscal year 2009. This decrease was partially due to an accounting adjustment (change in estimate) of \$50 million, to reflect the shortfall in cash collections pertaining to legacy system billings. The conversion of the patient accounting system, the deterioration in economic conditions, and increase in nonpaying patients contributed to increases in bad debts resulting in a decrease of net patient receivables from \$268.4 million in fiscal year 2008 to \$231.7 million in 2009, a \$36.7 million decrease or 13.7%.

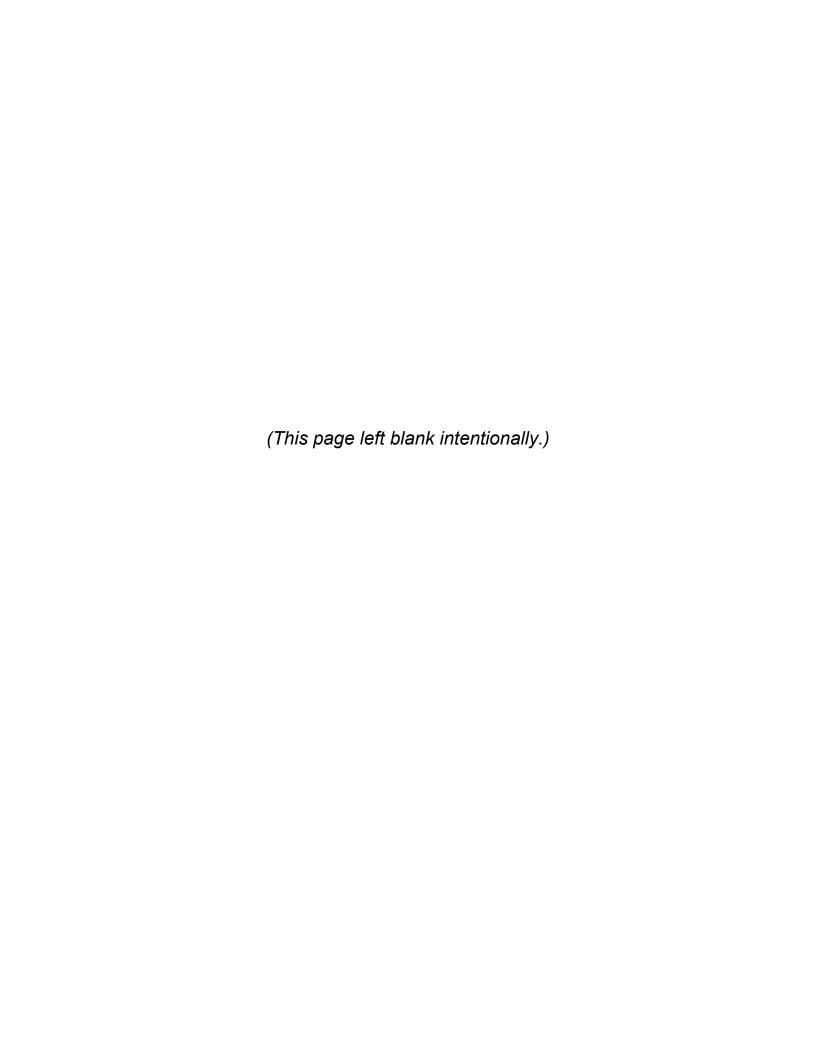
At September 30, 2009, the Trust was in violation of the debt service coverage ratio covenant under its debt agreements with the County. In accordance with the provisions of the agreements, the PHT can remedy this covenant without a technical default by employing an independent consultant to make recommendations as to revision of rates, fees, and charges. The Trust has employed a consultant to address the revenue shortfalls, therefore, has satisfied the requirement. It should be noted that on March 1, 2005, the BCC approved a Memorandum of Understanding between the County and PHT, prior to the issuance of the revenue bonds, requiring the County to withhold debt service requirements on bonds from the Public Hospital Healthcare Surtax (Surtax) before it is remitted to the PHT. The arrangement guarantees the payment of debt service on the bonds from the healthcare revenues, so that no draw will be necessary from the debt service reserve fund, which would trigger the County covenant to replenish the fund in the event of a deficiency.

The PHT management is actively implementing an operational improvement plan to address the Trust's financial condition. On March 18, 2010 the Board of County Commissioners held a special meeting and placed the PHT on management watch. The PHT management, together with its business partners, developed a cash stabilization plan to insure the PHT is solvent through the remainder of the fiscal year 2010. The plan included an advance from the County of \$61 million of the budgeted Surtax for fiscal year 2010 of \$169.7 million. In addition, the County advanced \$6 million from the budgeted Maintenance of Effort (MOE) of \$158.4 million. The County is required to provide PHT with a MOE payment that is no less than 80% of the general fund support provided for the operation of PHT at the time the surtax was levied. The MOE is calculated as 11.873% times the millage rate levied for countywide purposes in fiscal year 2007 times 95% of the preliminary tax roll for the upcoming fiscal year and by multiplying 11.873% of general fund non-ad valorem revenues, with the exception of local and state gas taxes. In addition, the County remitted \$13.1 million to the State Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) which the County had previously agreed in the PHT MOE for fiscal year 2010.

The other initiatives include union contract revisions, cash acceleration of accounts receivables, including Medicare and Medicaid settlements with the State, deferred capital expenditures, work efficiencies, vendor contract renegotiations and terminations, and various other operational consolidations. The County will meet weekly with PHT management to review operational, budgetary and financial matters and monitor the progress of the Financial Stabilization Plan.

At this time the County does not anticipate any additional funding will be required to assist PHT. The County does have the ability to advance budgeted surtax and MOE funds to the Trust, if such circumstances are warranted. In the event PHT's financial condition falls short of the sustainability goals forecasted, the County would evaluate available options including reducing costs and pursuing opportunities to redesign and optimize the operations and revenue and billing areas, including seeking additional Medicaid funding from the State.

In April 2010, PHT received a subpoena from the US Securities and Exchange Commission, Miami Regional Office (SEC). The subpoena requests PHT to provide documentation related to the Jackson Health System Bond Offering for Public Facilities Revenue Bonds, Jackson Health System Series 2009, as part of a formal investigation of the PHT's financial condition and projections.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes				
General property taxes	\$ 1,275,287	\$ 1,275,287	\$ 1,262,973	\$ (12,314)
Utility taxes	65,273	65,273	68,150	2,877
Communication taxes	49,355	49,355	44,028	(5,327)
Local option gas tax	54,500	54,500	52,669	(1,831)
Occupational license tax	9,071	9,071	10,636	1,565
Total	1,453,486	1,453,486	1,438,456	(15,030)
Licenses and permits				
Building	51,810	51,810	41,816	(9,994)
Franchise fees	51,799	51,799	44,241	(7,558)
Other licenses	19,425	19,425	20,160	735
Total	123,034	123,034	106,217	(16,817)
Intergovernmental revenues				
State sales tax	121,548	121,548	113,916	(7,632)
State revenue sharing	78,560	78,560	75,963	(2,597)
Gasoline and motor fuel tax	13,629	13,629	12,738	(891)
Alcoholic beverages license	851	851	955	104
Other	1,761	1,761	1,063	(698)
Total	216,349	216,349	204,635	(11,714)
Charges for services				,
Clerk of Circuit and County Court	10,108	10,108	11,556	1,448
Tax Collector fees	33,073	33,073	37,158	4,085
Merchandise sales & recreational fees	37,619	37,619	31,721	(5,898)
Sheriff and police services	38,072	38,072	48,150	10,078
Other	117,791	117,791	104,957	(12,834)
Total	236,663	236,663	233,542	(3,121)
Fines and forfeitures		,	,-	(2) /
Clerk of Circuit and County Court	12,866	12,866	11,877	(989)
Investment income	22,747	22,747	9,092	(13,655)
Other	89,883	89,883	87,588	(2,295)
Total revenues	2,155,028	2,155,028	2,091,407	(63,621)
Expenditures:		_,,0	_,00.,.01	(00,021)
Policy formulation and general government				
Office of the Mayor	9,118	9,118	9.028	90
County Commission	20,042	24,287	19,380	4,907
Strategic Business Management	5,734	5,734	5,202	532

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

(Continued)

# GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands) (Continued)

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Policy formulation and general government (contil				· • · · ·
Personnel	<sup>′</sup> 11,451	11,451	9,680	1,771
Finance	37,973	37,973	30,506	7,467
Audit and Management Services	7,212	7,212	6,594	618
Property Appraiser	28,260	28,260	25,979	2,281
Clerk of Circuit and County Court	21,961	21,961	15,444	6,517
Procurement Management	16,686	16,686	11,461	5,225
Office of Sustainability	543	543	515	28
Enterprise Technology Services Department	58,449	58,449	54,512	3,937
Elections	21,684	27,745	27,697	48
Fair Employment Practices	1,257	1,257	943	314
Law	20,799	20,799	20,197	602
Planning and zoning	7,970	7,970	6,526	1,444
Judicial Administration	35,573	35,573	32,744	2,829
Agenda Coordination	1,145	1,145	1,060	85
Office of the Inspector General	356	356	49	307
Commission on Ethics	2,343	2,343	2,024	319
General Service Administration	30,360	30,360	24,100	6,260
Government Information Center	19,692	19,692	18,360	1,332
Office of Grants Coordination	4,305	4,305	3,712	593
General government costs	150,582	126,394	42,257	84,137
Total	513,495	499,613	367,970	131,643
Protection of people and property				
Police	540,819	540,819	531,245	9,574
Corrections and rehabilitation	315,644	315,644	306,228	9,416
Building code compliance	15,306	15,306	10,787	4,519
Consumer services	12,912	12,912	10,254	2,658
Building	27,564	27,564	24,758	2,806
Planning and zoning	7,511	7,511	6,979	532
Neighborhood Compliance	12,031	15,862	14,266	1,596
Juvenile assessment	8,911	8,911	8,400	511
Emergency Management/Homeland Security	3,103	3,103	2,631	472
General government costs	528	528	526	2
Total	944,329	948,160	916,074	32,086

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

(Continued)

### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Physical environment				· • · · ·
Environmentally Endangered Lands	3,832	3,832	3,832	
Public Works	24,437	24,437	17,312	7,125
Environmental Resources	54,273	54,273	50,129	4,144
Non-departmental	49	49	49	,
General government costs	469	469	437	32
Total	83,060	83,060	71,759	11,301
Transportation			,	,
Public Works	40,696	41,599	35,981	5,618
General Service Administration	3,418	3,418	969	2,449
Total	44,114	45,017	36,950	8,067
Health		10,011	00,000	0,001
Public Works	2,259	2,259	2,096	163
Animal Services	10,075	10,075	9,950	125
Countywide Health/Planning and Zoning	677	677	570	107
General government costs	21,300	21,300	20,526	774
Total	34,311	34,311	33,142	1,169
Socio-economic environment	<u> </u>	04,011	00,142	1,100
Office of Economic Development	979	979	635	344
Community Advocacy	5,043	5,043	2,322	2,721
Metro Miami Action Plan	997	997	687	310
Office of ADA Coordination	1,047	1,047	771	276
Office of Grants Coordination	1,829	1,829	1,262	567
General government costs	85,948	85,948	84,370	1,578
Total	95,843	95,843	90,047	5,796
Culture and Recreation	33,043	33,043	30,047	3,730
Cultural Affairs Coordination	3,991	3,991	3,991	
Park and Recreation	100,468	100,468	93,296	7,172
Planning and Zoning	173	173	173	1,112
General government costs	1,604	1,604	1,604	
Total	106,236	106,236	99,064	7,172
Capital outlay	23,179	23,179	23,179	1,112
Total expenditures	1,844,567	1,835,419	1,638,185	197,234
Excess of revenues over expenditures	310,461	319,609	453,222	133,613
•	310,401	319,009	400,222	133,013
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	1 050	1 050	17 602	16 625
	1,058	1,058	17,693	16,635
Transfers out	(553,433)	(562,581)	(541,799)	20,782
Reserve for future expenditures:	(00.470)	(00.470)		00 470
Physical environment	(98,472)	(98,472)	(504.400)	98,472
Total other financing sources (uses)	(650,847)	(659,995)	(524,106)	135,889
Net change in fund balances	(340,386)	(340,386)	(70,884)	269,502
Fund balance - beginning	340,386	340,386	365,187	24,801
Increase in reserve for inventories Reserve adjustment			2,027	2,027
Fund balance - ending	-		\$ 296,330	\$ 296,330
rana balance - chaing			Ψ 200,000	Ψ 200,000

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement. (Concluded)

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended December 31	Annual Required (a) Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2001	¢ 0.774.244	100%
	\$ 8,771,314	100%
2002	\$ 12,711,107	100%
2003	\$ 17,740,441	100%
2004	\$ 25,470,445	100%
2005	\$ 24,353,498	100%
2006	\$ 27,173,609	100%
2007	\$ 34,956,333	100%
2008	\$ 39,038,314	100%

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Estimated Covered Payroll ( c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ([b-a]/c)
1/1/2008	\$228,617	\$233,618	\$5,001	98%	\$413,953	1%
1/1/2009	\$244,340	\$301,791	\$57,451	81%	\$489,730	12%

This plan uses the Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method which cannot be used to prepare a schedule of funding progress because it does not separately determine actuarial liabilities. In order to provide information that serves as a surrogate for the funding progress of the plan per GASB Statement No. 50, the entry age normal cost method has been used to calculate the funded status. This method calculates the funding progress by a ratio of the Actuarial Value of Assets to the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL).

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

#### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

#### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE MIAMI-DADE COUNTY RETIREE HEALTH PLAN (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Estimated Covered Payroll ( c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ([b-a]/c)
10/1/2007	\$0	\$284,024	\$284,024		\$2,048,371	14%
10/1/2008	\$0	\$300,847	\$300,847		\$2,109,822	14%

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - (Unaudited)

Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, requires that all county governments prepare, approve, adopt and execute an annual budget for such funds as may be required by law or by sound financial practices and generally accepted accounting principles. The budgets control the levy of taxes and the expenditure of money for County purposes for the ensuing fiscal year. The budgeting process is based on estimates of revenues and expenditures. The County budgets are prepared on a modified-accrual basis or accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

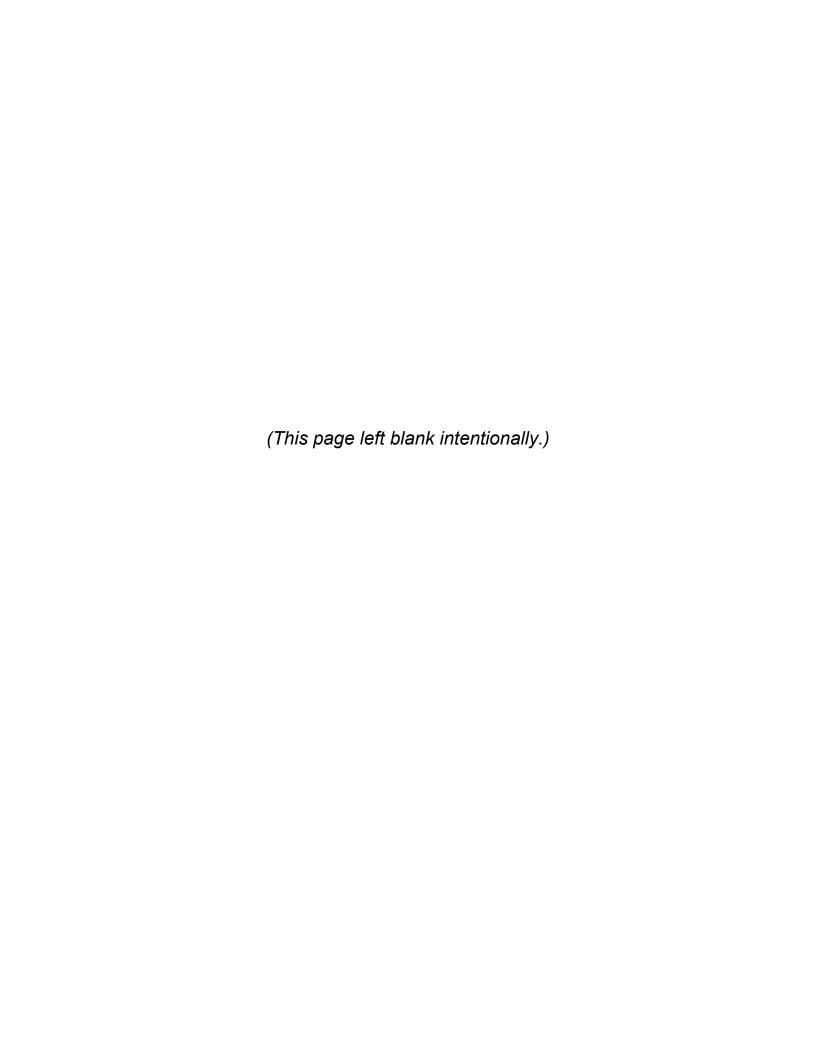
The County's budgets have to be approved by the Board of County Commissioners. Every September the County holds two public hearings and adopts the annual budgets for substantially all County funds through the enactment of budget ordinances. Most funds have annually appropriated budgets, meaning that their budgets are established annually. Capital project funds and certain grant funds, however, have budgets that extend over the duration of the project or grant, which may be several years. At the end of the fiscal year, the appropriations of annually adopted budgets lapse, but the appropriations of project-length budgets continue until the end of the capital project or grant.

The adopted budgets are either appropriated or non-appropriated in nature. Funds that have appropriated budgets cannot legally exceed their appropriations. The budgetary control over funds that have non-appropriated budgets are dependent on other enabling ordinances, such as bond ordinances, in which expenditure authority extends over several years into the future.

Budgets are monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, expenditures cannot legally exceed total appropriations at the individual fund/department level. Amendments and supplements to the budget at fund/department level require County Commissioners' approval. Department directors are authorized to make transfers of appropriations within their fund/department. Transfers of appropriations between fund/departments require County Commissioners' approval as well. Estimated fund balances are considered in the budgetary process.

Encumbrance accounting is used in the County's governmental funds. Encumbrances are commitments for future expenditures, based on purchase orders or contracts issued, where the goods or services have been ordered but have not been received. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities to the County since no resources are expended until the goods or services are received. They are used to help ensure that actual expenditures and commitments for future expenditures do not exceed authorized appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balance in the balance sheets of the governmental funds since they will be carried over and reappropriated in the following year.

A budget and actual comparison for the General Fund is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report. Budget and actual comparisons for other funds are reflected in the Other Supplementary section.



### COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Combining and individual fund statements and schedules provide a more detailed view of the information aggregated to develop the basic financial statements presented in the preceding section.

### GENERAL FUND SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

Revenues: Taxes General property taxes Utility taxes	\$1,262,973 68,150 44,028
General property taxes	68,150
· · ·	68,150
I Itility taxes	
Other taxes	44 028
Communication taxes	
Local option gas tax	52,669
Occupational license tax	10,636
Total	1,438,456
Licenses and permits	
Building	41,816
Franchise fees	44,241
Other licenses	20,160
Total	106,217
Intergovernmental revenues	
State sales tax	113,916
State revenue sharing	75,963
Gasoline and motor fuel tax	12,738
Alcoholic beverages license	955
Other	1,063
Total	204,635
Charges for services	
Clerk of Circuit and County Court	11,556
Tax Collector fees	37,158
Merchandise sales and recreation fees	31,721
Sheriff and police services	48,150
Other	104,957
Total	233,542
Fines and forfeitures	
Clerk of Circuit and County Court	11,877
Investment income	9,092
Other	
Administrative	49,785
Rentals	3,551
Reimbursements and other	34,252
Total	87,588
Total revenues	2,091,407

(Continued)

# GENERAL FUND SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

Expenditures:	
Policy formulation and general government	
Financial administration	126,915
Judicial	47,874
Executive	9,028
Legislative	19,380
Other general government	164,773
Total	367,970
Protection of people and property	
Police and crime control	540,171
Corrections and rehabilitation	306,228
Protective services and inspection	69,675
Total	916,074
Physical environment	71,759
Transportation	36,950
Health	33,142
Socio-economic environment	
Social services	90,047
Culture and recreation	99,064
Capital outlay	23,179
Total expenditures	1,638,185
Excess of revenues over expenditures	453,222
Other financing sources (uses):	
Transfers in	17,693
Transfers out	(541,799)
Total other financing (uses)	(524,106)
Net change in fund balances	(70,884)
Fund balance - beginning	365,187
Increase in reserve for inventories	2,027
Fund balance - ending	\$ 296,330

(Concluded)

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY FUND TYPE

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds	,	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects	ermanent Funds	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 91,428	\$	30,334	\$ 278,175	\$ 636	\$ 400,573
Investments	434,335		115,341	965,062	3,087	1,517,825
Receivables, net	21,987			4,169		26,156
Delinquent taxes receivable	17,519		3,345			20,864
Allowance for uncollected delinquent taxes	(17,519)		(3,345)			(20,864)
Due from other funds	19,618			1,202		20,820
Due from other governments	139,636			8,079		147,715
Mortgages and notes receivable, net	167,936					167,936
Inventories	7,086					7,086
Other assets	3,083			50		3,133
Long-term advances receivable	139,948					139,948
Total assets	\$ 1,025,057	\$	145,675	\$ 1,256,737	\$ 3,723	\$ 2,431,192
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 57,817			\$ 23,230		\$ 81,047
Retainage payable	217			18,670		18,887
Due to other funds	65,756			2,517		68,273
Due to other governments	29,347			488		29,835
Deferred revenue	115,221			2,836		118,057
Other liabilities	75,601			353		75,954
Total liabilities	 343,959			48,094		392,053
Fund balances:						
Reserved for encumbrances	43,319			215,535		258,854
Reserved for inventories	7,086					7,086
Reserved for mortgages receivable	93,769					93,769
Reserved for long-term advances receivable	139,948					139,948
Reserved for other long-term assets	3,017					3,017
Reserved for housing assistance payments	18,399					18,399
Reserved for debt service		\$	145,675			145,675
Reserved for permanent endowments					\$ 3,260	3,260
Unreserved fund balances	375,560			993,108	463	1,369,131
Total fund balances	681,098		145,675	1,208,643	3,723	2,039,139
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,025,057	\$	145,675	\$ 1,256,737	\$ 3,723	\$ 2,431,192

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY FUND TYPE

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects	Permanent Funds	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 827,037	\$ 78,135	\$ 2,446		\$ 907,618
Special tax assessments	24,437		6,500		30,937
Licenses and permits	5,034				5,034
Intergovernmental revenues	585,660	18,933	24,054		628,647
Charges for services	169,834				169,834
Fines and forfeitures	30,063		208		30,271
Investment income	14,387	10,965	16,308	\$ 45	41,705
Other	 43,376	2,386	16,051		61,813
Total revenues	1,699,828	110,419	65,567	45	1,875,859
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Policy formulation and general government	109,005		47,473		156,478
Protection of people and property	427,932		8,620		436,552
Physical environment	5,870		21,718		27,588
Transportation	51,138		27,315		78,453
Health	11,645		23,250		34,895
Human services	334,864				334,864
Socio-economic environment	403,152		56		403,208
Culture and recreation	155,588		67,473	27	223,088
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		113,337			113,337
Interest payments		101,175			101,175
Other		5,209			5,209
Capital outlay	20,183		232,761		252,944
Total expenditures	1,519,377	219,721	428,666	27	2,167,791
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	180,451	(109,302)	(363,099)	18	(291,932)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Long-term debt issued		90,921	911,175		1,002,096
Premium (discount) on long-term debt			67		67
Payments to bond escrow agents		(96,599)			(96,599)
Transfers in	125,166	133,922	72,682		331,770
Transfers out	(353,039)	(4,651)	(73,922)		(431,612)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(227,873)	123,593	910,002		805,722
Net change in fund balances	(47,422)	14,291	546,903	18	513,790
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	2,246	,=0 :	2.2,200		2,246
Fund balancesbeginning, as restated, Note 11	726,274	131,384	661,740	3,705	1,523,103
Fund balancesending	\$ 681,098	\$ 145,675	\$ 1,208,643	\$	\$ 2,039,139

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for revenues, from specific sources, which are restricted by law or policy to finance specific activities. The County's special revenue funds are numerous. Accordingly, for financial reporting purposes, special revenue funds of a similar nature have been combined within the following classifications:

**Fire & Rescue Fund:** To account for revenues received from the special taxing district established to provide uniform fire suppression services throughout the County for participating municipalities and the unincorporated area.

**Health Development Fund:** To account for revenues received from Federal and State grants, half-cent sales tax used to support the operations of the Public Health Trust, and user charges for the operation of the Office of Rehabilitative Services.

**People's Transportation Fund:** To account for revenues received from the half-cent transportation sales tax used to support transportation operations, transportation related capital projects and acquisition of capital transportation assets.

**Public Library Fund:** To account for revenues received from the unincorporated area and participating municipalities for the operation of a uniform public library system.

**Community and Social Development Funds:** These funds account for revenues received from Federal and State grants for the operation of the Community Development Block Grants and low-income housing assistance and acquisition programs.

**State Housing Initiatives Program (SHIP):** To account for documentary stamp tax revenues received from the Local Government Housing Trust Fund. The purpose of SHIP is to provide housing assistance, including mortgages, to very low, low and moderate income households.

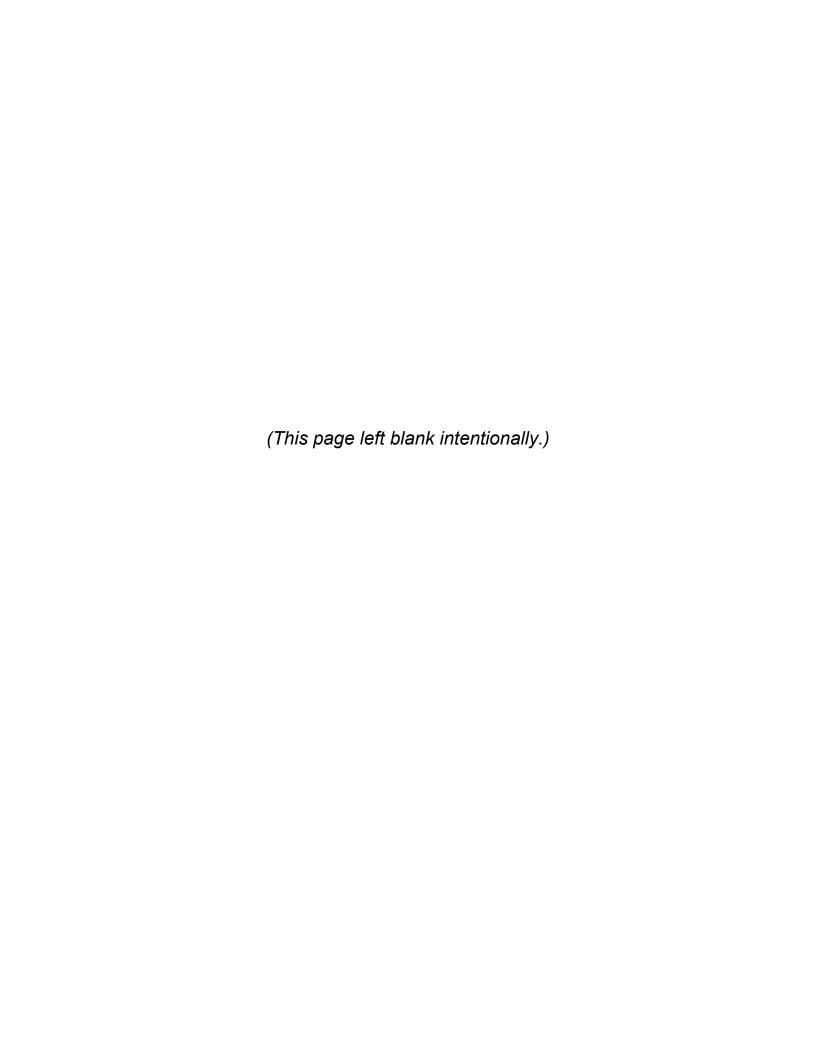
**Documentary Stamp Surtax Program:** To account for revenues received from locally generated documentary stamp surtax for special housing programs.

**Other Housing Programs:** To account for Housing programs, including the Housing General Fund and Section 8, Homeless Programs and Low-Income Public Housing funded by revenues received from US HUD.

**Clerk of Courts Operations Fund:** To account for revenues and expenditures applicable to the general ex-officio operations of the Clerk of the Courts and of the Circuit and County court functions.

**Hurricane Restoration Fund:** To account for revenues received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency grants, insurance, and other reimbursements from Federal and State agencies for countywide disaster assistance.

Other Special Revenue Funds: To account for revenues received from miscellaneous sources for a wide range of programs, including tourist development, criminal justice, and recreational development.



### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS NONMAJOR COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2009** 

(in thousands)

		Fire Rescue Fund	D	Health evelopment Fund	Tı	People's ransportation Fund	Public Library Fund	a	ommunity and Social evelopment Funds
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,338	\$	2	\$	3,575	\$ 13,504	\$	2,026
Investments		49,807				17,331	65,429		2,058
Accounts receivable, net		13,975					355		630
Delinquent taxes receivable		13,415					3,655		
Allowance for uncollected							/a a		
delinquent taxes		(13,415)					(3,655)		
Mortgages and notes receivable									186,520
Allowance for mortgages receivable									(134,018)
Due from other funds		1,301				7,376			5,455
Due from other governments				28,485		27,952			31,931
Inventories		7,086							
Other assets									261
Long-term advances receivable	_					130,686	 		
Total assets	\$	82,507	\$	28,487	\$	186,920	\$ 79,288	\$	94,863
Liabilities and Fund Balances:									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued									
liabilities	\$	11,809	\$	364	\$	2,589	\$ 3,230	\$	14,278
Retainage payable									
Due to other funds				28,040		70			14,630
Due to other governments						6,168			
Deferred revenues		5,751		83			18		35,336
Other liabilities									
Total liabilities		17,560		28,487		8,827	3,248		64,244
Fund Balances:									
Reserved for encumbrances		15,915					1,940		3,048
Reserved for inventories		7,086							
Reserved for mortgages and notes receivable									21,472
Reserved for long-term advances receivable						130,686			
Reserved for other long-term assets									250
Reserved for housing assistance payments									
Unreserved fund balances		41,946				47,407	74,100		5,849
Total fund balances		64,947				178,093	76,040		30,619
Total liabilities and fund									
balances	\$	82,507	\$	28,487	\$	186,920	\$ 79,288	\$	94,863

(Continued)

	State Housing Initiatives Program		ocumentary amp Surtax Program	Other Housing Programs	Clerk of Courts Operations Fund	Hurricane Restoration Fund	Other Special Revenue Funds	Total Special Revenue Funds
\$	2,979 14,440	\$	9,231 44,749	\$ 9,253 13,162 5,294	\$ 461 2,236		\$ 40,059 225,123 1,733 449	\$ 91,428 434,335 21,987 17,519
	85,431 (69,294)		288,120 (220,220) 3,138	4,397 100			(449) 29,000 (2,000) 2,248	(17,519) 593,468 (425,532) 19,618
	2		1,037 1,585	245 1,182	881	\$ 33,945	15,158 55	139,636 7,086 3,083
\$	33,558	\$	9,262 136,902	\$ 33,633	\$ 3,578	\$ 33,945	\$ 311,376	\$ 139,948 1,025,057
\$	142	\$	162	\$ 8,480		\$ 832 3	\$ 15,931 214	\$ 57,817 217
			959	9,050 3,214	\$ 3,578	13,007 15,965	422	65,756 29,347
	33,416			1,274		2,095	38,522 74,327	115,221 75,601
_	33,558		1,121	22,018	3,578	31,902	129,416	343,959
							22,416	43,319 7,086
			67,900 9,262	4,397				93,769 139,948
			1,585	1,182 18,399				3,017 18,399
_			57,034 135,781	(12,363) 11,615		2,043 2,043	159,544 181,960	375,560 681,098
\$	33,558	\$	136,902	\$ 33,633	\$ 3,578	\$ 33,945	\$ 311,376	\$ 1,025,057

(Concluded)

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS NONMAJOR COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

	Fire Rescue Fund	Health Development Fund	People's Transportation Fund	Public Library Fund	Community and Social Development Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 306,750	\$ 172,816	\$ 172,706	\$ 80,259	\$ 749
Special tax assessments					
Licenses and permits					
Intergovernmental revenues	19	2,155		1,693	270,242
Charges for services	63,598	107		340	1,715
Fines and forfeitures	36			954	
Investment income	1,121		1,048	1,100	411
Other	2,248	774	3,071	84	22,006
Total revenues	373,772	175,852	176,825	84,430	295,123
Expenditures:					
Policy formulation and					
general government					
Protection of people and					
property	374,871				
Physical environment					
Transportation			34,541		
Health		11,521			
Human services					301,811
Socio-economic environment					36,705
Culture and recreation				70,463	
Capital outlay	2,986	6		6,139	4,254
Total expenditures	377,857	11,527	34,541	76,602	342,770
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(4,085)	164,325	142,284	7,828	(47,647)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	24,358	8,491			46,171
Transfers out	(5,337)	(172,816)	(133,870)	(1,815)	(3,116)
Long-term debt issued					
Total other financing sources (uses)	19,021	(164,325)		(1,815)	43,055
Net change in fund balances	14,936		8,414	6,013	(4,592)
Increase in reserve for inventories	2,246				
Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11	47,765		169,679	70,027	35,211
Fund balances - ending	\$ 64,947		\$ 178,093	\$ 76,040	\$ 30,619

(Continued)

	State Housing Initiatives Program	Sta	cumentary mp Surtax rogram	Other Housing Programs	Clerk of Courts Operations Fund	Hurricane Restoration Fund	Other Special Revenue Funds	Total Special Revenue Funds
		\$	8,614				\$ 85,143	\$ 827,037
							24,437	24,437
							5,034	5,034
\$	9,079			\$ 198,171	17,605	\$ 10,346	76,350	585,660
				28,806	\$ 48,384		26,884	169,834
					17,192		11,881	30,063
	455		2,152	387	130	204	7,379	14,387
	1,538		626		(6,570)	24	19,575	43,376
_	11,072		11,392	227,364	76,741	10,574	256,683	1,699,828
					78,232	607	30,166	109,005
						611	52,450	427,932
						(471)	6,341	5,870
						2,240	14,357	51,138
							124	11,645
							33,053	334,864
	11,072		49,030	252,282		7,348	46,715	403,152
						431	84,694	155,588
						7	6,791	20,183
	11,072		49,030	252,282	78,232	10,773	274,691	1,519,377
			(37,638)	(24,918)	(1,491)	(199)	(18,008)	180,451
						42	46,104	125,166
						12	(36,085)	(353,039)
						42	10,019	(227,873)
			(37,638)	(24,918)	(1,491)	(157)	(7,989)	(47,422)
			,	, , ,	, , ,	, ,	, ,	2,246
			173,419	36,533	1,491	2,200	189,949	726,274
		\$	135,781	\$ 11,615		\$ 2,043	\$ 181,960	\$ 681,098

(Concluded)

## NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

		ı	ire	Rescue Fund	d		Heal	th D	evelopment	Fund	ł
	Bud	lget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
		.5				(9)					<u>-</u>
Revenues:											
Taxes	\$ 3	308,386	\$	306,750	\$	(1,636)	\$ 178,128	\$	172,816	\$	(5,312)
Special tax assessments											
Licenses and permits											
Intergovernmental revenues				19		19	2,565		2,155		(410
Charges for services		35,053		63,598		28,545	75		107		32
Fines and forfeitures				36		36					
Investment income		457		1,121		664					
Other		23,126		2,248		(20,878)	1,176		774		(402)
Total revenues	3	367,022		373,772		6.750	181,944		175,852		(6,092
Expenditures:						•	•				( )
Policy formulation and general											
government											
Protection of people and property	3	395,080		374,871		20,209					
Physical environment		,		, ,		,					
Transportation											
Health							12,201		11.521		680
Human services							, -		,-		
Socio-economic environment											
Culture and recreation											
Capital outlay		2,986		2,986			6		6		
Total expenditures		398,066		377,857		20.209	12,207		11,527		680
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		,,,,,,,,		011,001		20,200	12,201		11,021		
over expenditures	(	(31,044)		(4,085)		26,959	169,737		164,325		(5,412
Other financing sources (uses):		(01,011)		(1,000)		20,000	100,101		101,020		(0,112
Transfers in		26,265		24,358		(1,907)	8,391		8,491		100
Transfers out		(10,256)		(5,337)		4,919	(178,128)		(172,816)		5,312
Reserve for future expenditures		(40,479)		(0,007)		40,479	(170,120)		(172,010)		0,012
Total other financing		(10,110)				10,170					
sources (uses)		(24,470)		19,021		43,491	(169,737)		(164,325)		5,412
Net change in fund balances		(55,514)		14,936		70,450	(100,101)		(104,020)		0,712
Increase in reserve for inventories	`	(55,51-1)		2,246		2,246					
Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11		55,514		47,765		(7,749)					
Fund balances - ending		55,014	\$	64,947	•	64,947					

(Continued)

	reopie	3 11	ansportation	V	/ariance Positive	<u> </u>	ubii	c Library Fur		Variance Positive	 Community	anu	Social Develo	٠ ١	/ariance Positive
E	Budget		Actual	(N	legative)	Budget		Actual	(	Negative)	Budget		Actual	(N	legative)
	178,100	\$	172,706	\$	(5,394)	\$ 81,011	\$	80,259	\$	(752)	\$ 547	\$	749	\$	202
						1,500		1,693		193	262,269		270,242		7,973
								340		340	8,044		1,715		(6,329
						1,054		954		(100)					
	5,000		1,048		(3,952)	162		1,100		938	40.040		411		411
	183,100		3,071 176,825		3,071 (6,275)	1,703 85,430		84,430		(1,619)	13,616 284,476		22,006 295,123		8,390 10,647
	35,620		34,541		1,079	83,306		70,463		12,843	301,811 77,917		301,811 36,705		41,212
						6,140		6,139		12,043	4,254		4,254		
	35,620		34,541		1,079	89,446		76,602		12,844	383,982		342,770		41,212
	147,480		142,284		(5,196)	(4,016)		7,828		11,844	(99,506)		(47,647)		51,859
	8,018 (180,105) (21,672)		(133,870)		(8,018) 46,235 21,672	(1,969) (40,676)		(1,815)		154 40,676	45,186 (5,749)		46,171 (3,116)		985 2,633
	(193,759)		(133,870)		59,889	(42,645)		(1,815)		40,830	39,437		43,055		3,618
	(46,279)		8,414		54,693	(46,661)		6,013		52,674	(60,069)		(4,592)		55,477
	46,279		169,679		123,400	46,661		70,027		23,366	60,069		35,211		(24,858
		\$	178,093	\$	178,093		\$	76,040	\$	76,040		\$	30,619		30,619

# NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

						Documentary Stamp								
	State Ho	usi	ng Initiatives	Pro				Su	rtax Program					
	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Vegative)			
Revenues:														
Taxes						\$	22,000	\$	8,614	\$	(13,386			
Special tax assessments														
Licenses and permits														
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 12,828	\$	9,079	\$	(3,749)									
Charges for services							700				(700			
Fines and forfeitures														
Investment income	630		455		(175)		1,128		2,152		1,024			
Other			1,538		1,538		15,000		626		(14,374			
Total revenues	13,458		11,072		(2,386)		38,828		11,392		(27,436			
Expenditures:			-											
Policy formulation and general government														
Protection of people and property														
Physical environment														
Transportation														
Health														
Human services														
Socio-economic environment	17,678		11,072		6,606		82,885		49,030		33,855			
Culture and recreation														
Capital outlay														
Total expenditures	17,678		11,072		6,606		82,885		49,030		33,855			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
over expenditures	(4,220)				4,220		(44,057)		(37,638)		6,419			
Other financing sources (uses):														
Transfers in														
Transfers out														
Reserve for future expenditures														
Total other financing														
sources (uses)	 (4.000)				4.000		(44.055)		(07.000)		0.440			
Net change in fund balances	(4,220)				4,220		(44,057)		(37,638)		6,419			
Increase in reserve for inventories	4.000				(4.000)		44.0==		470 440		400.000			
Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11	 4,220				(4,220)		44,057		173,419		129,362			
Fund balances - ending								\$	135,781	\$	135,781			

(Continued)

Othe	r Ho	using Progi	rams				rk of Courts ations Fund (			Hurricane Restoration - FEMA - Fund							
Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
\$ 226,017 27,453	\$	198,171 28,806	\$	(27,846) 1,353	\$	17,605 49,594	\$	17,605 48,384	\$	(1,210)	\$	178,611	\$	2,032	\$	(176,579)	
,		387		387		17,200		17,192 130 (6,570)	·	(8) 130				204 15		204 15	
 253,470		227,364		(26,106)		(2,372) 82,027		76,741		(4,198) (5,286)		178,611		2,251		(176,360)	
						82,027		78,232		3,795		607 130 403,766 2,240		607 (340) (471) 2,240		470 404,237	
253,470		252,282		1,188								25 431 7		(24) 431 7		49	
253,470		252,282		1,188		82,027		78,232		3,795		407,206		2,450		404,756	
		(24,918)		(24,918)				(1,491)		(1,491)		(228,595)		(199)		228,396	
														42		42	
		(24.049)		(24.049)				(1.404)		(4.404)		(229 505)		42		42	
		(24,918)		(24,918) 36,533				(1,491) 1,491		(1,491) 1,491		(228,595) 228,595		(157) 2,200		228,438 (226,395)	
	\$	11,615	\$	11,615				•		•		, -	\$	2,043	\$	2,043	

<sup>(1)</sup> Not a legally adopted budget of the County.

## NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

	Other Hurricane Restoration Fund							Parks and Recreation Fund						
	Budget		Actual			Variance Positive (Negative)		Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
						· · · ·						,		
Revenues:														
Taxes														
Special tax assessments														
Licenses and permits														
Intergovernmental revenues			\$	8,314	\$	8,314	\$	5,800	\$	1,565	\$	(4,235		
Charges for services														
Fines and forfeitures														
Investment income								50		25		(25		
Other				9		9				1,589		1,589		
Total revenues				8,323		8,323		5,850		3,179		(2,671		
Expenditures:														
Policy formulation and general														
government														
Protection of people and property	\$	1,089		951		138								
Physical environment		26,721				26,721								
Transportation														
Health														
Human services														
Socio-economic environment		7,395		7,372		23								
Culture and recreation								4,025		3,114		911		
Capital outlay								2,529		2,529				
Total expenditures		35,205		8,323		26,882		6,554		5,643		911		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
over expenditures		(35,205)				35,205		(704)		(2,464)		(1,760		
Other financing sources (uses):		,						, ,		, ,		,		
Transfers in								903		1,805		902		
Transfers out								(699)		(699)				
Reserve for future expenditures														
Total other financing														
sources (uses)								204		1,106		902		
Net change in fund balances		(35,205)				35,205		(500)		(1,358)		(858)		
Increase in reserve for inventories														
Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11		35,205				(35,205)		500		1,293		793		
Fund balances - ending						·			\$	(65)	\$	(65		

(Continued)

	Environme	ntal	& Cultural A	٧	ariance	 Metropolitar	Pla	nning Organ	iza	Variance	 Spec	ial A	Assessments	٧	ariance
E	Budget		Actual		ositive egative)	Budget		Actual		Positive (Negative)	Budget		Actual		Positive egative)
											\$ 23,886	\$	22,859	\$	(1,027
ò	89,156	\$	69,354	\$	(19,802)	\$ 5,953	\$	5,007	\$	(946)			9		!
			86		86								312		31
			1,935		1,935			57		57					
	89,156		71,375		(17,781)	5,953		5,064		(889)	23,886		23,180		(70
	7,479 23,888 6,617		5,357 11,765 5,120		2,122 12,123 1,497						15,547		10,779		4,76
	38		10		28	6,881		5,836		1,045	12,790		8,521		4,26
	28,646 19,224		28,646 17,813		1,411										
	280 2,964		183 2,964		97						8,066 16		4,693 16		3,37
	89,136		71,858		17,278	6,881		5,836		1,045	36,419		24,009		12,41
	20		(483)		(503)	(928)		(772)		156	(12,533)		(829)		11,70
	606 (20)		526 (20)		(80)	928		928							
	586		506		(80)	928		928							
	606		23		(583)			156		156	(12,533)		(829)		11,70
	(606)		420		1,026			361		361	12,533		15,910		3,37
_		\$	443	\$	443		\$	517	\$	517		\$	15,081	\$	15,08

# NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

			Law	Library Fund	d				Le	gal Aid Fund		
	E	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Budget		Actual	(	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:												
Taxes												
Special tax assessments												
Licenses and permits			\$	77	\$	77						
Intergovernmental revenues			٧		Ψ	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
Charges for services	\$	778		686		(92)	\$	450	\$	474	\$	24
Fines and forfeitures	Ψ	110		000		(32)	Ψ	400	Ψ	7/7	Ψ	24
Investment income		10		10								
Other		10		10				1,625		1,740	¢	115
		700		770		(4.5)					Ψ	
Total revenues		788		773		(15)		2,075		2,214		139
Expenditures:												
Policy formulation and general												
government												
Protection of people and property		1,566		833		733		3,938		3,678		260
Physical environment												
Transportation												
Health												
Human services												
Socio-economic environment												
Culture and recreation												
Capital outlay												
Total expenditures		1,566		833		733		3,938		3,678		260
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures		(778)		(60)		718		(1,863)		(1,464)		399
Other financing sources (uses):												
Transfers in								1,675		1,600		(75
Transfers out												
Reserve for future expenditures												
Total other financing												
sources (uses)								1,675		1,600		(75
Net change in fund balances		(778)		(60)		718		(188)		136		324
Increase in reserve for inventories		. ,		. ,				. ,				
Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11		778		876		98		188		335		147
Fund balances - ending			\$	816	\$	816			\$	471	\$	471

(Continued)

		Art	Trust Fund		Pa	rks -	Metrozoo Fu	ınd		Cul	tural Affairs Fun	d
E	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget		Actual	(	Variance Positive Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
					\$ 7,591	\$	9,160	\$	1,569	\$ 50		\$ (5
		\$	39 1,438	\$ 39 1,438						1,232	\$ 57 2,216	5 98
			1,477	1,477	7,591		9,160		1,569	1,282	2,273	99
	3,102		2,403	699	18,962 59		17,956 59		1,006	21,841	17,887	3,95
	3,102		2,403	699	19,021		18,015		1,006	21,841	17,887	3,95
	(3,102)		(926)	2,176	(11,430)		(8,855)		2,575	(20,559)	(15,614)	4,94
	858		840	(18)	11,510 (80)		9,533 (80)		(1,977)	15,293	13,567	(1,72
	858		840	(18)	11,430		9,453		(1,977)	15,293	13,567	(1,72
	(2,244)		(86)	2,158			598		598	(5,266)	(2,047)	3,21
	2,244		3,311	1,067			1		1	5,266	6,535	1,26
	2,277								•	0,200		

# NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

<u>-</u>	Correc	tions	and Rehabilit	ation	Fund	Metro-Dad	de P	olice Departi	ment F	und
	Budget		Actual	ı	/ariance Positive legative)	Budget		Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
	Buuget		Actual	(1)	egalive)	Buuget		Actual	(14	egative)
Revenues:										
Taxes										
Special tax assessments										
Licenses and permits										
Intergovernmental revenues		\$	174	\$	174					
Charges for services	\$ 3,6	74	3,527		(147)	\$ 3,600	\$	474	\$	(3,126)
Fines and forfeitures						1,285		4,598		3,313
Investment income			100		100	45		19		(26)
Other			156		156			269		269
Total revenues	3,6	74	3,957		283	4,930		5,360		430
Expenditures:								•		
Policy formulation and general										
government										
Protection of people and property	8,7	33	457		8,276	10,649		8,557		2,092
Physical environment										
Transportation										
Health										
Human services										
Socio-economic environment										
Culture and recreation										
Capital outlay										
Total expenditures	8,7	33	457		8,276	10,649		8,557		2,092
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					-, -	-,-		-,		,
over expenditures	(5,0	59)	3,500		8,559	(5,719)		(3,197)		2,522
Other financing sources (uses):			*		,	( , ,		( , ,		,
Transfers in						3,603		3,603		
Transfers out	(6	62)	(662)			•		•		
Reserve for future expenditures	,	,	( )							
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	(6	62)	(662)			3,603		3,603		
Net change in fund balances	(5,7		2,838		8,559	(2,116)		406		2,522
Increase in reserve for inventories		•				, ,				
Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11	5,7	21	7,328		1,607	2,116		3,714		1,598
Fund balances - ending		\$	10,166	\$	10,166		\$	4,120	\$	4,120

(Continued)

	Courts	s Tra	affic Program	ı Fun	d	Me	dica	I Examiner F	und		Co	mm	unications Fu	und	
E	Budget		Actual	F	ariance Positive legative)	Budget		Actual	ı	/ariance Positive Negative)	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
\$	2,762	\$	1,579 1,236	\$	(1,183) 1,236	\$ 535	\$	627	\$	92	\$ 100 1,359	\$	89	\$	(11 (1,359
	62		33		(29)			0			200		9		9
	250 3,074		3,296		198 222	535		629		94	800 2,259		2,075 2,173		1,275
	3,036 2,362		3,036		2,362	10,570		10,231		339	2,286 95		2,081 95		205
	5,398		3,036		2,362	144 10,714		144 10,375		339	2,381		2,176		205
	(2,324)		260		2,584	(10,179)		(9,746)		433	(122)		(3)		119
	175				(175)	10,179		9,700		(479)	1,708 (1,774)		1,508 (1,774)		(200
	175		-		(175)	10,179		9,700		(479)	(66)		(266)		(200
	(2,149)		260		2,409			(46)		(46)	 (188)		(269)		(81)
	2,149		2,578		429			81		81	188		541		353
		\$	2,838	\$	2,838		\$	35	\$	35		\$	272	\$	272

# NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

		Econo	mic	Developmen	nt F	und		L	egal	Services Fund	d	
	В	udget		Actual		Varia Posit (Nega	ive	Budget		Actual	Varia Posi (Nega	itive
		9				(****3**	,				(****3	,
Revenues:												
Taxes												
Special tax assessments												
Licenses and permits	\$	4,065	\$	4,015	\$		(50)					
Intergovernmental revenues												
Charges for services								\$ 70			\$	(70
Fines and forfeitures												
Investment income								10	\$	(66)		(76
Other										60		60
Total revenues		4,065		4,015			(50)	80		(6)		(86
Expenditures:		,		•			( )			( )		
Policy formulation and general												
government								340		339		1
Protection of people and property												
Physical environment												
Transportation												
Health												
Human services		4,065		4,016			49					
Socio-economic environment		,		,-								
Culture and recreation												
Capital outlay												
Total expenditures		4,065		4,016			49	340		339		1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		4,000		7,010			70	0+0		000		- '
over expenditures				(1)			(1)	(260)		(345)		(85
Other financing sources (uses):				(')			(1)	(200)		(040)		(00)
Transfers in												
Transfers out												
Reserve for future expenditures												
Total other financing												
sources (uses)												
Net change in fund balances				(1)			(1)	(260)		(345)		(85
Increase in reserve for inventories				(1)			(')	(200)		(0-0)		(00)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11				16			16	260		378		118
Fund balances - ending			\$	15	\$		15	200	\$	33		33

(Continued)

В	Business & Eco	onomic Develo	Variance Positive	 Office of t	he I	nspector Ge	Variance Positive	 Le	ase	/Sublease Fu	١	/ariance
l	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget		Actual	(Negative)	Budget		Actual		Negative)
,	1,100 \$	4,142	\$ 3,042	\$ 3,485	\$	4,396	\$ 911					
				20		31	11	\$ 2,846	\$	4,653	\$	1,80
	4.400	3	3	0.505		4 407	000	5,893		4,300		(1,59
_	1,100	4,145	3,045	3,505		4,427	922	8,739		8,953		21
				5,578		5,305	273	8,739		8,739		
	6,096	5,689	407									
	6,096	5,689	407	5,578		5,305	273	8,739		8,739		
	(4,996)	(1,544)	3,452	(2,073)		(878)	1,195			214		21
	4,288	1,240	(3,048)	363			(363)					
	4,288	1,240	(3,048)	363			(363)					
	(708)	(304)	404	(1,710)		(878)	832			214		21
	708	529	(179)	1,710		2,383	673			5,796		5,79
	\$	225	\$ 225		\$	1,505	\$ 1,505		\$	6,010	\$	6,01

# NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

				ive Services								
	В	He	alth	Mitigation F  Actual	un	Variance Positive (Negative)		Touri Budget	st C	Development  Actual	V P	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues:												
Taxes							\$	17,848	\$	14,346	\$	(3,502)
Special tax assessments							Ψ.	,0.0	Ψ.	,	Ψ	(0,002)
Licenses and permits												
Intergovernmental revenues												
Charges for services												
Fines and forfeitures												
Investment income								120		106		(14)
Other	\$	309	\$	309								( )
Total revenues		309		309				17,968		14,452		(3,516)
Expenditures:												, ,
Policy formulation and general												
government												
Protection of people and property		309		249	\$	60						
Physical environment												
Transportation												
Health												
Human services								38		38		
Socio-economic environment												
Culture and recreation								18,601		9,046		9,555
Capital outlay												
Total expenditures		309		249		60		18,639		9,084		9,555
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures				60		60		(671)		5,368		6,039
Other financing sources (uses):												
Transfers in										12		12
Transfers out								(3,688)		(2,973)		715
Reserve for future expenditures												
Total other financing												
sources (uses)								(3,688)		(2,961)		727
Net change in fund balances				60		60		(4,359)		2,407		6,766
Increase in reserve for inventories												
Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11				349		349		4,359		7,328		2,969
Fund balances - ending			\$	409	\$	409			\$	9,735	\$	9,735

(Continued)

	Tourist Deve	elopment Surt	ax Fund	Spo	rts F	acilities Tax F	und	Dome	stic	Violence Tax	Fund
В	udget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
;	5,733 \$	4,617	\$ (1,116)	\$ 8,924	\$	7,169	(1,755)	\$ 2,064	\$	2,216	\$ 15.
				20		14	(6)	413		123	(29)
	5,733	4,617	(1,116)	8,944		7,183	(1,761)	2,477		2,339	(138
	5,660	4,633	1,027					1,882		1,882	
	5,660	4,633	1,027					1,882		1,882	
	73	(16)	(89)	8,944		7,183	(1,761)	595		457	(13
	(73)	(59)	14	(8,944)	)	(7,183)	1,761	(1,819) (8,301)			1,81 8,30
	(73)	(59)	14	(8,944	)	(7,183)	1,761	(10,120)			10,12
	. /	(75)	(75)	•	-	, _	•	(9,525)		457	9,98
		202	202			494	494	9,525		9,961	43
		127	\$ 127			494	\$ 494			10,418	\$ 10,41

# NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

		Hom	eless Trust Fu	ınd		Conventi	on Development	Tax Fund	
	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		Budget	Actual	Variai Posit (Negat	ive
	Daaget		Autuui	(Negative)		Duaget	Aotuui	(Negat	
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$ 11,6	96 \$	12,334	\$ 63	8	\$ 47,986	\$ 40,721	\$	(7,265)
Special tax assessments									
Licenses and permits									
Intergovernmental revenues									
Charges for services									
Fines and forfeitures									
Investment income		75	54	(2	1)	600	452		(148)
Other		00	279	`7		11.611	1.612		(9,999)
Total revenues	11,9	71	12,667	69	ŝ	60,197	42,785		17,412)
Expenditures:			12,001			00,107	72,100	( '	17, 712)
Policy formulation and general									
government									
Protection of people and property									
Physical environment									
Transportation									
Health									
Human services		38		3	R				
Socio-economic environment	15,1		13,297	1,84		3,462	2,981		481
Culture and recreation	10,	72	10,237	1,04	,	28,292	28,292		401
Capital outlay						20,232	20,232		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	45.4	00	40.007	4.00		04.754	04.070		404
Total expenditures	15,1	80	13,297	1,88	3	31,754	31,273		481
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(0.6	00)	(000)	0.55		00.110	44.540		40.004
over expenditures	(3,2	09)	(630)	2,57	9	28,443	11,512	(1	16,931)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in									
Transfers out		32)	(32)			(21,611)	, ,		9,549
Reserve for future expenditures						(14,632)		1	14,632
Total other financing									
sources (uses)		32)	(32)			(36,243)			24,181
Net change in fund balances	(3,2	41)	(662)	2,57	9	(7,800)	(550)		7,250
Increase in reserve for inventories									
Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11	3,2		4,065	82		7,800	30,575		22,775
Fund balances - ending		\$	3,403	\$ 3,40	3		\$ 30,025	\$ 3	30,025

(Continued)

	Ореск	al Purpose Fun	Variance	 Law Li	11010	cement Trust	Variance		******	iaiia	s Mitigation Fu	Variance
			Positive				Positive					Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget		Actual	(Negative)		Budget		Actual	(Negative)
			· · ·									
6	3,740 \$	3,740										
	1,138	1,138						\$	440	\$	440	
	942	942										
	250	250										
	1,721	1,721										
	1,840	1,840		\$ 4,207	\$	4,207						
	834	834		116		116			372		372	
	1,070	1,070							17		17	
	11,535	11,535		4,323		4,323			829		829	
	5,309	5,309										
	1,370	1,370		4,531		4,531						
	1,113	1,113							13		13	
	114	114										
	353	353										
	420	420										
	570	570							550		550	
	1,079	1,079										
	10,328	10,328		4,531		4,531			563		563	
	1,207	1,207		(208)		(208)			266		266	
	692	692							550		550	
	(2,638)	(2,638)							(7,903)		(7,903)	
	(1,946)	(1,946)							(7,353)		(7,353)	
	(739)	(739)		(208)		(208)			(7,087)		(7,087)	
	739	44,969	\$ 44,230	208		8,959	8,75	1	7,087		30,661	23,5
	\$		\$ 44,230		\$		\$ 8,75		.,,,,,,,	\$	23,574	

# NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

Special tax assessments         25,464         24,437         (1,0           Licenses and permits         5,007         5,034         (216,8           Intergovernmental revenues         802,554         585,660         (216,8           Charges for services         146,835         169,834         22,9           Fines and forfeitures         26,945         30,063         3,1           Investment income         12,970         14,387         1,4           Other         75,256         43,376         (31,8           Total revenues         1,961,194         1,699,828         (261,3           Expenditures:         Policy formulation and general government         115,401         109,005         6,3           Protection of people and property         479,762         427,932         51,8         6,3           Protection of people and property         479,762         427,932         51,8         6,3           Physical environment         438,325         5,870         432,4           Transportation         57,531         51,138         6,3           Health         12,353         11,645         7           Human services         334,951         334,864         334,864           Socio-economic env			Total	Spe	cial Revenue F	unc	ds
Taxes   \$ 866,163   \$ 827,037   \$ (39,11)     Special tax assessments   25,464   24,437   (1,01)     Licenses and permits   5,007   5,034     Intergovernmental revenues   802,554   585,660   (216,81)     Charges for services   146,835   169,834   22,91     Fines and forfeitures   26,945   30,063   3.1     Investment income   12,970   14,387   1,44     Other   75,256   43,376   (31,81)     Total revenues   1,961,194   1,699,828   (261,31)     Expenditures:			Budget		Actual		Positive
Taxes   \$ 866,163   \$ 827,037   \$ (39,11)     Special tax assessments   25,464   24,437   (1,01)     Licenses and permits   5,007   5,034     Intergovernmental revenues   802,554   585,660   (216,81)     Charges for services   146,835   169,834   22,91     Fines and forfeitures   26,945   30,063   3.1     Investment income   12,970   14,387   1,44     Other   75,256   43,376   (31,81)     Total revenues   1,961,194   1,699,828   (261,31)     Expenditures:	Revenues:						
Special tax assessments		\$	866 163	\$	827 037	\$	(39,126)
Licenses and permits         5,007         5,034           Intergovernmental revenues         802,554         585,660         (216,8           Charges for services         146,835         169,834         22,9           Fines and forfeitures         26,945         30,063         3,1           Investment income         12,970         14,387         1,4           Other         75,256         43,376         (31,8           Total revenues         1,961,194         1,699,828         (261,3           Expenditures:         Policy formulation and general government         115,401         109,005         6,3           Protection of people and property         479,762         427,932         51,8           Protection of people and property         479,762         427,932         51,8           Physical environment         438,325         5,870         432,4           Transportation         57,531         51,138         6,3           Health         12,353         11,645         7           Human services         334,951         334,864         334,864           Cocio-economic environment         491,256         403,152         88,1           Culture and recreation         188,026         155,588	Special tax assessments	•		•		•	(1,027)
Intergovernmental revenues   802,554   585,660   (216,8	•				,		27
Charges for services         146,835         169,834         22,95           Fines and forfeitures         26,945         30,063         3,1           Investment income         12,970         14,387         1,4           Other         75,256         43,376         (31,8           Total revenues         1,961,194         1,699,828         (261,3           Expenditures:         Policy formulation and general government         115,401         109,005         6,3           Protection of people and property         479,762         427,932         51,8           Linuary         43,35         5,87	· ·		•				(216,894)
Fines and forfeitures         26,945         30,063         3,1           Investment income         12,970         14,387         1,4           Other         75,256         43,376         (31,8           Total revenues         1,961,194         1,699,828         (261,3           Expenditures:         Policy formulation and general government         115,401         109,005         6,3           Protection of people and property         479,762         427,932         51,8           Physical environment         438,325         5,870         432,4           Transportation         57,531         51,138         6,3           Health         12,353         11,645         7           Human services         334,951         334,864         334,864           Socio-economic environment         491,256         403,152         88,1 <t< td=""><td>· ·</td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td>*</td><td></td><td>22,999</td></t<>	· ·		,		*		22,999
Investment income	•		,		*		3,118
Other         75,256         43,376         (31,8 mode)           Total revenues         1,961,194         1,699,828         (261,3 mode)           Expenditures:         Policy formulation and general government         115,401         109,005         6,3 mode)           Protection of people and property         479,762         427,932         51,8 mode)           Physical environment         438,325         5,870         432,4 mode)           Transportation         57,531         51,138         6,3 mode)           Health         12,353         11,645         7           Human services         334,951         334,864         334,864           Socio-economic environment         491,256         403,152         88,1           Culture and recreation         188,026         155,588         32,4           Capital outlay         20,184         20,183         20,183           Total expenditures         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Transfers in         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditur			•		,		1,417
Total revenues         1,961,194         1,699,828         (261,3           Expenditures:           Policy formulation and general government         115,401         109,005         6,3           Protection of people and property         479,762         427,932         51,8           Physical environment         438,325         5,870         432,4           Transportation         57,531         51,138         6,3           Health         12,353         11,645         7           Human services         334,951         334,864         5           Socio-economic environment         491,256         403,152         88,1           Culture and recreation         188,026         155,588         32,4           Capital outlay         20,184         20,183           Total expenditures         2,137,789         1,519,377         618,4           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):         (141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers in         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expendit	Other		•				(31,880)
Policy formulation and general government   115,401   109,005   6,3     Protection of people and property   479,762   427,932   51,8     Physical environment   438,325   5,870   432,4     Transportation   57,531   51,138   6,3     Health   12,353   11,645   7     Human services   334,951   334,864     Socio-economic environment   491,256   403,152   88,1     Culture and recreation   188,026   155,588   32,4     Capital outlay   20,184   20,183     Total expenditures   2,137,789   1,519,377   618,4     Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures   (176,595)   180,451   357,0     Other financing sources (uses):   Transfers in   141,191   125,166   (16,0     Transfers out   (426,150)   (353,039)   73,1     Reserve for future expenditures   (125,760)   125,7     Total other financing sources (uses)   (410,719)   (227,873)   182,8     Net change in fund balances   (587,314)   (47,422)   539,8     Increase in reserve for inventories   2,246   2,2     Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11   587,314   726,274   138,9     Total other financing as restated, Note 11   587,314   726,274   138,9     Total other financing as restated, Note 11   587,314   726,274   138,9     Total other financing as restated, Note 11   587,314   726,274   138,9	Total revenues	-					(261,366)
Policy formulation and general government 115,401 109,005 6,3 Protection of people and property 479,762 427,932 51,8 Physical environment 438,325 5,870 432,4 Transportation 57,531 51,138 6,3 Health 12,353 11,645 7 Human services 334,951 334,864 Socio-economic environment 491,256 403,152 88,1 Culture and recreation 188,026 155,588 32,4 Capital outlay 20,184 20,183 Total expenditures 2,137,789 1,519,377 618,4 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (176,595) 180,451 357,0 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 141,191 125,166 (16,0 Transfers out (426,150) (353,039) 73,1 Reserve for future expenditures (125,760) 125,7 Total other financing sources (uses) (410,719) (227,873) 182,8 Net change in fund balances (587,314) (47,422) 539,8 Increase in reserve for inventories 2,246 2,2 Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11 587,314 726,274 138,9	Expenditures:		.,,		.,,		(==:,===)
government         115,401         109,005         6,3           Protection of people and property         479,762         427,932         51,8           Physical environment         438,325         5,870         432,4           Transportation         57,531         51,138         6,3           Health         12,353         11,645         7           Human services         334,951         334,864         5           Socio-economic environment         491,256         403,152         88,1           Culture and recreation         188,026         155,588         32,4           Capital outlay         20,184         20,183         20,183           Total expenditures         2,137,789         1,519,377         618,4           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers in         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8<	•						
Protection of people and property         479,762         427,932         51,8           Physical environment         438,325         5,870         432,4           Transportation         57,531         51,138         6,3           Health         12,353         11,645         7           Human services         334,951         334,864         5           Socio-economic environment         491,256         403,152         88,1           Culture and recreation         188,026         155,588         32,4           Capital outlay         20,184         20,183         20,183           Total expenditures         2,137,789         1,519,377         618,4           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246	,		115.401		109.005		6,396
Physical environment         438,325         5,870         432,4           Transportation         57,531         51,138         6,3           Health         12,353         11,645         7           Human services         334,951         334,864         5           Socio-economic environment         491,256         403,152         88,1           Culture and recreation         188,026         155,588         32,4           Capital outlay         20,184         20,183         20,183           Total expenditures         2,137,789         1,519,377         618,4           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers in         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2	•		,		*		51,830
Transportation         57,531         51,138         6,3           Health         12,353         11,645         7           Human services         334,951         334,864         7           Socio-economic environment         491,256         403,152         88,1           Culture and recreation         188,026         155,588         32,4           Capital outlay         20,184         20,183         20,183           Total expenditures         2,137,789         1,519,377         618,4           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers in         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,27			438.325		•		432,455
Health         12,353         11,645         7           Human services         334,951         334,864         7           Socio-economic environment         491,256         403,152         88,1           Culture and recreation         188,026         155,588         32,4           Capital outlay         20,184         20,183         20,183           Total expenditures         2,137,789         1,519,377         618,4           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers in         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	•		,				6,393
Human services         334,951         334,864           Socio-economic environment         491,256         403,152         88,1           Culture and recreation         188,026         155,588         32,4           Capital outlay         20,184         20,183           Total expenditures         2,137,789         1,519,377         618,4           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers in         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	•		•				708
Socio-economic environment         491,256         403,152         88,1           Culture and recreation         188,026         155,588         32,4           Capital outlay         20,184         20,183           Total expenditures         2,137,789         1,519,377         618,4           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	Human services		334,951		334,864		87
Culture and recreation         188,026         155,588         32,4           Capital outlay         20,184         20,183         24,4           Total expenditures         2,137,789         1,519,377         618,4           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	Socio-economic environment				403,152		88,104
Capital outlay         20,184         20,183           Total expenditures         2,137,789         1,519,377         618,4           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	Culture and recreation						32,438
Total expenditures         2,137,789         1,519,377         618,4           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	Capital outlay		20,184		20,183		1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (176,595) 180,451 357,0  Other financing sources (uses):  Transfers in 141,191 125,166 (16,0  Transfers out (426,150) (353,039) 73,1  Reserve for future expenditures (125,760) 125,7  Total other financing sources (uses) (410,719) (227,873) 182,8  Net change in fund balances (587,314) (47,422) 539,8  Increase in reserve for inventories 2,246 2,2  Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11 587,314 726,274 138,9	•						618,412
over expenditures         (176,595)         180,451         357,0           Other financing sources (uses):           Transfers in         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	•		_,,,,,,,,		1,212,211		,
Other financing sources (uses):           Transfers in         141,191         125,166         (16,0           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	, -,		(176.595)		180.451		357,046
Transfers in         141,191         125,166         (16,0)           Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	•		(,)		,		
Transfers out         (426,150)         (353,039)         73,1           Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	· , ,		141.191		125.166		(16,025)
Reserve for future expenditures         (125,760)         125,7           Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	Transfers out						73,111
Total other financing sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	Reserve for future expenditures		. ,		, , ,		125,760
sources (uses)         (410,719)         (227,873)         182,8           Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	•		, , ,				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net change in fund balances         (587,314)         (47,422)         539,8           Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	•		(410,719)		(227,873)		182,846
Increase in reserve for inventories         2,246         2,2           Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11         587,314         726,274         138,9	,	-	, ,		,		539,892
Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11 587,314 726,274 138,9	•		` ' '		, ,		2,246
	Fund balances - beginning, as restated, Note 11		587,314				138,960
rung palances - enging \$ 681,098 \$ 681,0	Fund balances - ending	-		\$	681,098	\$	681,098

### NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on long-term obligations. Separate funds are maintained, as their titles indicate, to account for transactions arising from obligations of a similar nature.

### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS NONMAJOR COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2009** 

(in thousands)

		Special Ob	oligat	ions				Total
				Other				Debt Service
\$ 3,717	\$	398	\$	22,476	\$	3,743	\$	30,334
18,017		1,931		92,615		2,778		115,341
3,070				275				3,345
(3,070)				(275)				(3,345)
\$ 21,734	\$	2,329	\$	115,091	\$	6,521	\$	145,675
\$ 21,059	\$	2,329	\$	70,279	\$	6,521	\$	100,188
675				44,812				45,487
21,734		2,329		115,091		6,521		145,675
\$ 21,734	\$	2,329	\$	115,091	\$	6,521	\$	145,675
Ob \$	18,017 3,070 (3,070) \$ 21,734 \$ 21,059 675 21,734	General Obligations Ent  \$ 3,717 \$ 18,017 3,070  (3,070) \$ 21,734 \$ \$ 21,059 \$ 675 21,734	General Obligations         Guaranteed Entitlement           \$ 3,717 \$ 398           18,017 3,070         1,931           \$ 21,734 \$ 2,329           \$ 21,734 \$ 2,329           675 21,734 2,329	General Obligations       Guaranteed Entitlement         \$ 3,717       \$ 398         18,017       1,931         3,070       1,931         \$ 21,734       \$ 2,329         \$ 21,059       \$ 2,329         675       21,734         21,734       2,329	Obligations         Entitlement         Other           \$ 3,717         \$ 398         \$ 22,476           18,017         1,931         92,615           3,070         275           \$ 21,734         \$ 2,329         \$ 115,091           \$ 21,059         \$ 2,329         \$ 70,279           675         44,812           21,734         2,329         115,091	General Obligations         Guaranteed Entitlement         Other         Agr           \$ 3,717         \$ 398         \$ 22,476         \$ 18,017         \$ 1,931         92,615         \$ 275           \$ 3,070         \$ 275         \$ 275         \$ 275         \$ 275         \$ 275         \$ 275         \$ 21,059         \$ 2,329         \$ 115,091         \$ 21,059         \$ 2,329         \$ 70,279         \$ 44,812         \$ 21,734         2,329         \$ 115,091         \$ 115,091         \$ 21,734         2,329         \$ 115,091         \$ 21,734         2,329         \$ 115,091         \$ 21,734         2,329         \$ 115,091         \$ 21,091         \$ 2	General Obligations         Guaranteed Entitlement         Other         Loan Agreements           \$ 3,717         \$ 398         \$ 22,476         \$ 3,743           18,017         1,931         92,615         2,778           3,070         275         275           \$ 21,734         \$ 2,329         \$ 115,091         \$ 6,521           \$ 21,734         2,329         \$ 70,279         \$ 6,521           675         44,812         21,734         2,329         115,091         6,521	General Obligations         Guaranteed Entitlement         Other         Loan Agreements           \$ 3,717         \$ 398         \$ 22,476         \$ 3,743         \$ 18,017         1,931         92,615         2,778           3,070         275         275         275         275           \$ 21,734         \$ 2,329         \$ 115,091         \$ 6,521         \$ 6,521         \$ 675           \$ 21,734         2,329         \$ 115,091         6,521         \$ 6,521

## DEBT SERVICE FUNDS NONMAJOR COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

				Special Ob	ligat	ions				Total
	(	- General		aranteed		-		Loan		Debt
	Ob	ligations	Ent	itlement		Other	Agı	reements	;	Service
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$	65,793			\$	12,342			\$	78,135
Intergovernmental revenue			\$	12,941		5,992				18,933
Investment income		308		76		10,557	\$	24		10,965
Other								2,386		2,386
Total revenues		66,101		13,017		28,891		2,410		110,419
Expenditures:										
Principal retirement		29,635		8,390		53,079		22,233		113,337
Interest		33,827		5,247		53,528		8,573		101,175
Other		130		34		5,045				5,209
Total expenditures		63,592		13,671		111,652		30,806		219,721
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		2,509		(654)		(82,761)		(28,396)		(109,302)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Long-term debt issued (for bond refunding)						90,921				90,921
Payments to bond escrow agents						(96,599)				(96,599)
Transfers in						103,672		30,250		133,922
Transfers out						(4,429)		(222)		(4,651)
Total other financing sources						93,565		30,028		123,593
Net changes in fund balances		2,509		(654)		10,804		1,632		14,291
Fund balances - beginning		19,225		2,983		104,287		4,889		131,384
Fund balances - ending	\$	21,734	\$	2,329	\$	115,091	\$	6,521	\$	145,675

## DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

								Sp	ecia	l Obligatio	ns	
		Ge	nera	l Obligation	ons			Guara	ntee	d Entitleme	ent	
		udget		Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)		Budget		Actual	Po	riance ositive egative)
Revenues:		uuyei		Actual	(14)	egative)		Buuget		Actual	(IAE	gative
Taxes	\$	66,486	\$	65,793	\$	(693)						
Intergovernmental revenue	Ψ	00,100	Ψ	00,700	Ψ	(000)	\$	12,957	\$	12,941	\$	(16)
Investment income		349		308		(41)	•	30	Ψ	76	*	46
Other		0.0				()				. •		
Total revenues		66,835		66,101		(734)		12,987		13,017		30
Expenditures:	-	•		,		,		,		,		
Principal retirement		29,635		29,635				8,390		8,390		
Interest		33,827		33,827				5,247		5,247		
Other		130		130				52		34		18
Total expenditures		63,592		63,592				13,689		13,671		18
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures		3,243		2,509		(734)		(702)		(654)		48
Other financing sources (uses):												
Proceeds from bond refundings-face value												
Payments to bond escrow agents												
Transfers in												
Transfers out		(69)				69						
Reserve for future expenditures	(	20,125)				20,125		(2,274)				2,274
Total other financing sources (uses)	(	20,194)				20,194		(2,274)				2,274
Net change in fund balances	(	16,951)		2,509		19,460		(2,976)		(654)		2,322
Fund balances - beginning		16,951		19,225		2,274		2,976		2,983		7
Fund balances - ending			\$	21,734	\$	21,734			\$	2,329	\$	2,329

## DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

		Sp	ecial	Obligation	ns		Sį	ecia	I Obligatio	ns	
		Fire a	and F	Rescue Di	strict	t	Spor	ts Fr	anchise B	onds	3
					Va	riance				V	ariance
					P	ositive				Р	ositive
	I	Budget		Actual	(Ne	egative)	Budget		Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:											
Taxes	\$	5,928	\$	5,897	\$	(31)					
Intergovernmental revenue											
Investment income		90		40		(50)	\$ 71	\$	221	\$	150
Other											
Total revenues		6,018		5,937		(81)	71		221		150
Expenditures:											
Principal retirement		6,045		6,045			1,185		1,185		
Interest		1,161		1,111		50	3,931		3,931		
Other		25		(223)		248	4,712		4,712		
Total expenditures		7,231		6,933		298	9,828		9,828		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		(1,213)		(996)		217	(9,757)		(9,607)		150
Other financing sources (uses):											
Proceeds from bond refundings-face value									90,921		90,921
Payments to bond escrow agents									(96,599)		(96,599)
Transfers in							8,944		7,183		(1,761)
Transfers out							(672)		(517)		155
Reserve for future expenditures		(2,381)				2,381	(20,811)				20,811
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,381)				2,381	(12,539)		988		13,527
Net change in fund balances		(3,594)		(996)		2,598	(22,296)		(8,619)		13,677
Fund balances - beginning		3,594		3,751		157	22,296		14,832		(7,464)
Fund balances - ending			\$	2,755	\$	2,755		\$	6,213	\$	6,213

(Continued)

	Sp	l Obligationd Service	ns		-	Obligatio				•	l Obligatio Γax Reven		
В	Budget	Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)	Budget	Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)	E	Budget	Actual	P	ariance Positive egative)
\$	8,572	\$ 6,445	\$	(2,127)									
	5,438	8,068		2,630	\$ 53	\$ 55	\$	2	\$	147	\$ 159	\$	12
	14,010	14,513		503	53	55		2		147	159		12
	4,052	4,052			5,535	5,535				1,522	1,522		
	9,096	9,096		00	7,752	7,752		0		5,057	5,055		2
	56	36		20	47	38		9		24	17		
	13,204	13,184		20	13,334	13,325		9		6,603	6,594		9
	806	 1,329		523	 (13,281)	 (13,270)		11		(6,456)	 (6,435)		21
	6,487	14,768		8,281	13,321	13,306		(15)		6,479	16,137		9,658
,	(3,912)	(3,912)		00.400	(04.404)			04.404		(0.705)			0.705
	(98,122)	10,856		98,122 106,403	(21,481)	13,306		21,481 21,466		(9,725)	16,137		9,725
	(95,547) (94,741)	12,185		106,403	(21,441)	36		21,400		(3,246) (9,702)	9,702		19,404
,	94,741)	32,182		(62,559)	21,441	7,950		(13,491)		9,702)	5,702		(4,318)
	÷ 1,1 11	\$ 44,367	\$	44,367	,,	\$ 7,986	\$	7,986		0,102	\$ 15,086	\$	15,086

## DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

			Obligatio				-	Obligation		
				٧	ariance				V	ariance
				P	ositive				Р	ositive
	E	Budget	Actual	(N	egative)	Bu	dget	Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:										
Taxes										
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	7,601	\$ 5,992	\$	(1,609)					
Investment income		68	16		(52)	\$	40	\$ 31	\$	(9)
Other										
Total revenues		7,669	6,008		(1,661)		40	31		(9)
Expenditures:										
Principal retirement		2,170	2,170			:	2,930	2,930		
Interest		5,464	4,212		1,252		4,688	4,688		
Other		291	291				22	22		
Total expenditures		7,925	6,673		1,252		7,640	7,640		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(256)	(665)		(409)	(	7,600)	(7,609)		(9)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from bond refundings-face value										
Payments to bond escrow agents										
Transfers in							7,645	7,645		
Transfers out										
Reserve for future expenditures		(14,206)			14,206	(1	1,523)			11,523
Total other financing sources (uses)		(14,206)			14,206	(	3,878)	7,645		11,523
Net change in fund balances		(14,462)	(665)		13,797	(1	1,478)	36		11,514
Fund balances - beginning		14,462	 2,610		(11,852)	1	1,478	 3,779		(7,699)
Fund balances - ending			\$ 1,945	\$	1,945			\$ 3,815	\$	3,815

(Continued)

Sp	ecial	Obligation	ns			Sp	ecial	Obligatio	ns						
Capita	I Ac	quisition l	Prog	gram				Notes			 L	_oan	Agreemer	ıts	
			۷	ariance					Va	riance				Va	ariance
			F	Positive					Po	sitive				P	ositive
Budget		Actual	(N	legative)	l	Budget		Actual	(Ne	gative)	Budget		Actual	(No	egative)
\$ 2	\$	1,918	\$	1,916			\$	49	\$	49		\$	24	\$	24
													2,386		2,386
 2		1,918		1,916				49		49			2,410		2,410
29,695		29,640		55							\$ 22,442		22,233		209
16,482		16,482			\$	1,201		1,201			14,923		8,573		6,350
218		146		72		16		6		10					
46,395		46,268		127		1,217		1,207		10	37,365		30,806		6,559
 (46,393)		(44,350)		2,043		(1,217)		(1,158)		59	(37,365)		(28,396)		8,969
36,287		42,910		6,623		1,393	\$	1,723	\$	330	37,386		30,250		(7,136)
											(222)		(222)		
(60,028)				60,028		(600)				600					
(23,741)		42,910		66,651		793		1,723		930	37,164		30,028		(7,136)
(70,134)		(1,440)		68,694		(424)		565		989	(201)		1,632		1,833
70,134		33,736		(36,398)		424		63		(361)	201		4,889		4,688
	\$	32,296	\$	32,296			\$	628	\$	628		\$	6,521	\$	6,521

## DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

		7	Total	Debt Service	9	
		Budget		Actual	,	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues:		-				
Taxes	\$	80,986	\$	78,135	\$	(2,851)
Intergovernmental revenue		20,558		18,933		(1,625)
Investment income		6,288		10,965		4,677
Other				2,386		2,386
Total revenues		107,832		110,419		2,587
Expenditures:						
Principal retirement		113,601		113,337		264
Interest		108,829		101,175		7,654
Other		5,593		5,209		384
Total expenditures		228,023		219,721		8,302
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(120,191)		(109,302)		10,889
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from bond refundings-face value				90,921		90,921
Payments to bond escrow agents				(96,599)		(96,599)
Transfers in		117,942		133,922		15,980
Transfers out		(4,875)		(4,651)		224
Reserve for future expenditures		(261,276)				261,276
Total other financing sources (uses)		(148,209)		123,593		271,802
Net change in fund balances		(268,400)		14,291		282,691
Fund balances - beginning	_	268,400		131,384		(137,016)
Fund balances - ending			\$	145,675	\$	145,675

### NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital project funds account for financial resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital facilities and other infrastructure needs:

**General Obligation Bond (G.O.B.) Projects:** To account for the receipt and disbursement of bond proceeds from general obligation debt to be used for construction and/or acquisition activities for the County, other than those financed by enterprise funds.

**Special Obligation Bond (S.O.B.) Projects:** To account for the receipt and disbursement of bond proceeds from special obligation debt and loan agreements to be used for construction and/or acquisition activities for the County, other than those financed by enterprise funds.

**Impact Fees:** To account for the collection and disbursement of impact fees contributed by property owners.

**Other Capital Projects:** To account for all other resources (primarily from current revenues, Federal and State grants) used to finance long-lived construction projects other than those financed by enterprise funds.

### NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2009** 

(in thousands)

	I	GOB Bond Projects	ı	SOB Bond Projects	Impact Fees	ner Capital Projects	Total Capital Projects
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	59,545	\$	189,658	\$ 14,141	\$ 14,831	\$ 278,175
Investments		289,280		535,053	68,704	72,025	965,062
Accounts receivable				504		3,665	4,169
Due from other funds						1,202	1,202
Due from other governments						8,079	8,079
Other current assets						50	50
Total assets	\$	348,825	\$	725,215	\$ 82,845	\$ 99,852	\$ 1,256,737
Liabilities and Fund Balances:							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and							
accrued liabilities	\$	4,827	\$	13,834	\$ 835	\$ 3,734	\$ 23,230
Retainage payable		5,859		9,219	1,838	1,754	18,670
Due to other funds					2,517		2,517
Due to other governments						488	488
Deferred revenues						2,836	2,836
Other liabilities						353	353
Total liabilities	-	10.686		23,053	5,190	9,165	48,094
Fund balances:		.,		.,	-,	-,	, , , , , ,
Reserved for encumbrances		73.383		96,180	15,680	30,292	215,535
Unreserved fund balance		264.756		605.982	61.975	60.395	993,108
Total fund balances		338,139		702,162	77,655	90,687	1,208,643
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	348.825	\$	725,215	\$ 82,845	\$ 99,852	\$ 1,256,737

## NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

		GOB	SOB				Total
		Bond	Bond	Impact	Oth	er Capital	Capital
	F	Projects	Projects	Fees		rojects	Projects
Revenues:							
Local option gas tax					\$	2,446	\$ 2,446
Special tax assessments				\$ 6,446		54	6,500
Intergovernmental revenue						24,054	24,054
Fines and forfeitures						208	208
Investment income	\$	5,701	\$ 8,018	1,407		1,182	16,308
Other				57		15,994	16,051
Total revenues		5,701	8,018	7,910		43,938	65,567
Expenditures:							
Policy formulation and general government		5,424	37,011	906		4,132	47,473
Protection of people and property		1,332	1,644	594		5,050	8,620
Physical environment		13,105	1,495			7,118	21,718
Transportation		2,261	3,159	3,808		18,087	27,315
Health		22,807				443	23,250
Socio-economic environment						56	56
Culture and recreation		48,164	10,412	3,604		5,293	67,473
Capital outlay		49,293	124,542	22,755		36,171	232,761
Total expenditures		142,386	178,263	31,667		76,350	428,666
Excess (deficiency) of		·				•	
revenues over expenditures		(136,685)	(170,245)	(23,757)		(32,412)	(363,099)
Other financing sources (uses):				· ·			
Long-term debt issued		350,000	561,175				911,175
Premium (discount) on long-term debt		(1,134)	1,201				67
Transfers in		, ,	222			72,460	72,682
Transfers out		(4,231)	(32,022)	(2,047)		(35,622)	(73,922)
Total other financing sources (uses)		344,635	530,576	(2,047)		36,838	910,002
Net changes in fund balances		207,950	360,331	(25,804)		4,426	546,903
Fund balances - beginning		130,189	341,831	103,459		86,261	661,740
Fund balances - ending	\$	338,139	\$ 702,162	\$ 77,655	\$	90,687	\$ 1,208,643

### **NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS**

Permanent funds are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used to support County programs.

**Metrozoo Permanent Fund:** To account for the principal trust amount received for the benefit of the Metrozoo, and the related interest income. Only the interest portion may be used to support Metrozoo operations.

**Libraries Permanent Fund:** To account for the principal trust amount received for the benefit of the County libraries, and the related interest income. Only the interest portion may be used to support library operations.

### NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2009** 

(in thousands)

	Pe	etrozoo rmanent Fund	Pern	raries nanent und	Total Permanent Funds		
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	553	\$	83	\$	636	
Investments		2,681		406		3,087	
Total assets	\$	3,234	\$	489	\$	3,723	
Fund balances:							
Reserved for permanent endowments	\$	2,781	\$	479	\$	3,260	
Unreserved fund balances		453		10		463	
Total fund balances		3,234		489		3,723	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,234	\$	489	\$	3,723	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

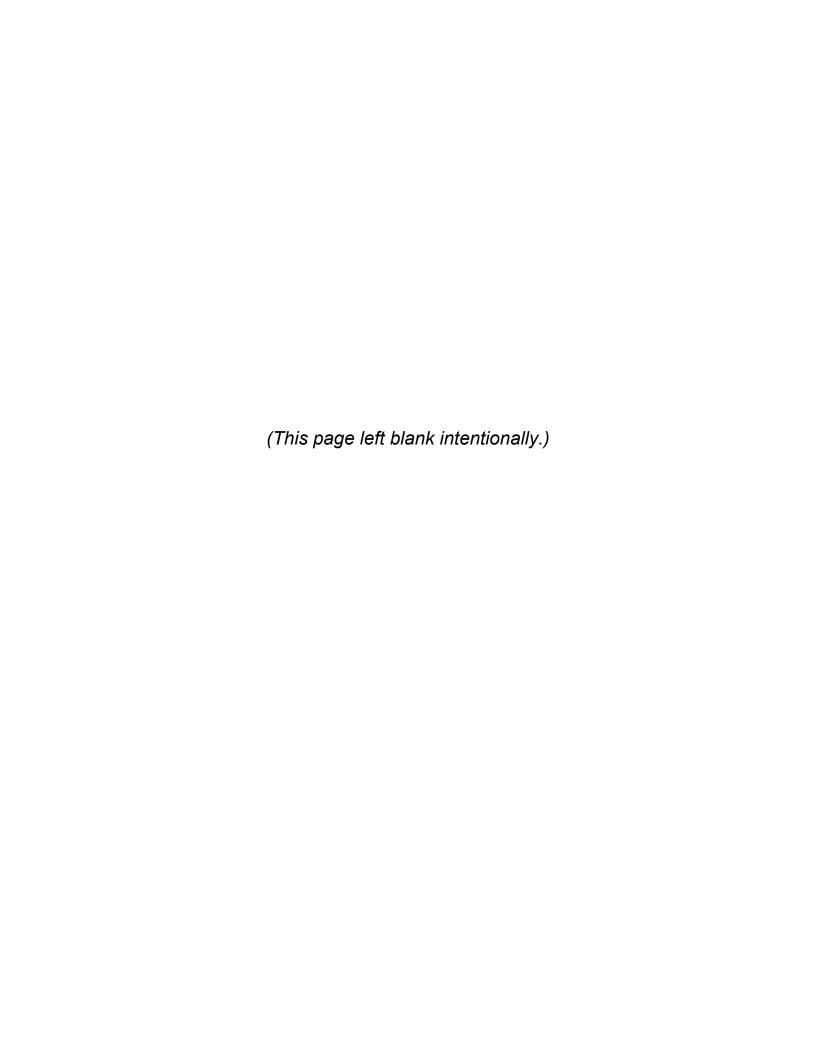
	Per	etrozoo manent Fund	Pern	raries nanent und	Total Permanent Funds		
Revenues:							
Investment income	\$	39	\$	6	\$	45	
Total revenues		39		6		45	
Expenditures:							
Culture and recreation				27		27	
Total expenditures				27		27	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		39		(21)		18	
Net change in fund balances		39		(21)		18	
Fund balancesbeginning		3,195		510		3,705	
Fund balancesending	\$	3,234	\$	489	\$	3,723	

## NONMAJOR - PERMANENT FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

	Metrozoo Permanent Fund					Libraries Permanent Fund					<b>Total Permanent Funds</b>						
					V	ariance				Va	riance					Va	ariance
					P	ositive				Po	sitive					P	ositive
	E	Budget		Actual	(N	egative)	Budget		Actual	(Ne	gative)		Budget		Actual	(Ne	egative)
Revenues:																	
Investment income	\$	39	\$	39			\$ 27	\$	6	\$	(21)	\$	66	\$	45	\$	(21)
Total revenues		39		39			27		6		(21)		66		45		(21)
Expenditures:																	
Current:																	
Culture and recreation		39			\$	39	27		27				66		27		39
Total expenditures		39				39	27		27				66		27		39
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																	
over expenditures				39		39			(21)		(21)				18		18
Net change in fund balances				39		39			(21)		(21)				18		18
Fund balances-beginning				3,195		3,195			510		510				3,705		3,705
Fund balancesending			\$	3,234	\$	3,234		\$	489	\$	489			\$	3,723	\$	3,723



### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds are used by the County to account for the operations of those services rendered to the general public where the intent is to recover costs or generate revenues through user charges. These activities are accounted for in a manner similar to private business enterprise. The County maintains the following Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:

**Rickenbacker Causeway:** Operates the Rickenbacker Causeway, consisting of a high level bridge and other roadway facilities.

**Vizcaya Art Museum:** Operates a museum which is a major tourist attraction.

**Section 8 Allocation Properties:** Used to account for the operation of residential rental properties provided to low-income families, assisted by US HUD under the Section 8 Special Allocation program.

**Mixed Income Properties:** Used to account for the operation of rental properties funded by market rents paid by tenants.

### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

	kenbacker nuseway	/izcaya Art luseum	A	ection 8 llocation roperties	Mixed Ir Prope		Total
Assets:							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,184	\$ 185	\$	86	\$	1,034	\$ 3,489
Investments	10,584	899					11,483
Receivable, net		28		289		55	372
Inventories	33						33
Other current assets		13		95		80	188
Total unrestricted assets	12,801	1,125		470		1,169	15,565
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents				3,714		425	4,139
Other restricted assets						1,229	1,229
Total restricted assets				3,714		1,654	5,368
Total current assets	 12,801	1,125		4,184		2,823	20,933
Non current assets							
Capital assets:							
Land	16	219				4,125	4,360
Buildings and building improvements, net	1,648	6,917		7,771		13,283	29,619
Machinery and equipment, net	282	3,345		120		495	4,242
Infrastructure, net	27,285						27,285
Construction in progress		7,131				598	7,729
Total capital assets, net	 29,231	17,612		7,891		18,501	73,235
Other non current assets:							
Deferred charges and other non current assets						2	2
Total non current assets	 29,231	17,612		7,891		18,503	73,237
Total assets	 42,032	18,737		12,075		21,326	94,170
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities payable from current assets:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	843	183		172		102	1,300
Current portion of bonds, loans and notes payable	216			745			961
Accrued interest payable				72			72
Compensated absences	227	158					385
Unearned revenue and other current liabilities	 1,345	243		6		6	1,600
Total current liabilities payable from current assets	 2,631	584		995		108	4,318
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:							
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities							
and deferred credits				84			84
Unearned revenue						359	359
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets				84		359	443
Long-term liabilities:							
Bonds, loans and notes payable, net	5,593			1,735			7,328
Compensated absences	 572	428					1,000
Total long-term liabilities	 6,165	428		1,735			8,328
Total liabilities	 8,796	1,012		2,814		467	13,089
Net Assets:	00.100	47.044				40.507	<b>6.6</b> 7=
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	23,422	17,611		5,411		18,501	64,945
Restricted for:							
Debt service				3,629			3,629
Grants and other purposes						1,295	1,295
Unrestricted	 9,814	 114		221		1,063	11,212
Total net assets	\$ 33,236	\$ 17,725	\$	9,261	\$	20,859	\$ 81,081

### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

	Rickenbacker Causeway		Vizcaya Art Museum		Section 8 Allocation Properties		Mixed Income Properties		Total	
Operating revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	9,111	\$	4,182	\$	4,237	\$	4,656	\$ 22,186	
Operating expenses:										
Personnel costs		4,405		3,485					7,890	
Contractual services		2,018		581		3,447		3,409	9,455	
Material and supplies		150		150					300	
Other		394		772		517		976	2,659	
Operating expenses before depreciation		6,967		4,988		3,964		4,385	20,304	
Depreciation		(2,243)		(102)		(380)		(925)	(3,650)	
Operating income (loss)		(99)		(908)		(107)		(654)	(1,768)	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		, ,				, ,		<u> </u>	, ,	
Investment income		166		11		60		6	243	
Interest expense		(129)				(144)			(273)	
Intergovernmental subsidies				293					293	
Other, net		892		73				(16)	949	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		929		377		(84)		(10)	1,212	
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions		830		(531)		(191)		(664)	(556)	
Transfers in				282		,		` ,	282	
Capital contributions		999		7,131					8,130	
Change in net assets		1,829		6,882		(191)		(664)	7,856	
Total net assets beginning		31,407		10,843		9,452		21,523	73,225	
Total net assets ending	\$	33,236	\$	17,725	\$	9,261	\$	20,859	\$ 81,081	

### MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

# NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 (in thousands)

	 enbacker auseway	Vizcaya Art Museum		Section 8 Allocation Properties	 d Income	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received from customers and tenants	\$ 9,195	\$ 4,087	\$	5,012	\$ 4,676	\$ 22,970
Cash paid to suppliers	(4,247)	(1,500)		(3,979)	(3,470)	(13,196)
Cash paid to employees for services	(4,301)	(3,586)			(968)	(8,855)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 647	(999)		1,033	238	919
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:						
Operating grants received		366				366
Transfers in from other funds		282				282
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		648				648
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Principal payments - bonds, loans, notes and advances payable	(209)			(650)		(859)
Interest paid	(140)			(163)		(303)
Purchase of capital and intangible assets				(74)	(587)	(661)
Acquisition and construction (including capitalized interest)	(4,725)	(14)				(4,739)
Capital contributed by federal, state and local	892					892
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	 (4,182)	(14)		(887)	(587)	(5,670)
Cash flows from investing activities:	 , , ,			,	, ,	
Purchase of investments securities	(10,584)	(899)		(397)	(17)	(11,897)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investment securities	12,569	1,120		396	416	14,501
Interest and dividends on investments	166	11		44	6	227
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	 2,151	232		43	405	2,831
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 (1,384)	(133)		189	56	(1,272)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	3,568	318		3,611	1,403	8,900
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 2,184	\$ 185	\$	3,800	\$ 1,459	\$ 7,628

(Continued)

### MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

# NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

		enbacker useway	zcaya Art useum	Alle	ction 8 ocation operties	 d Income perties	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash							
provided (used) by operating activities:	_						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(99)	\$ (908)	\$	(107)	\$ (654)	\$ (1,768)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net							
cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Depreciation expense		2,243	102		380	925	3,650
(Increase) decrease in assets:							
Accounts receivable, net			8		777	27	812
Inventories		1					1
Other current assets					(4)	(13)	(17)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					. ,	` '	` ,
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(1,679)	3		(11)	(42)	(1,729)
Unearned revenue and other current liabilities		84	(103)		(2)	(5)	(26)
Compensated absences		97	(101)		( )	( )	(4)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	647	\$ (999)	\$	1,033	\$ 238	\$ 919

(Concluded)

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee or agency capacity for employees, individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units. The County administers the following fiduciary funds:

## Agency Funds:

Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts Fund: To account for funds received, maintained, and distributed by the Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts in his capacity as custodian to the State and County judicial systems.

**Tax Collector Fund:** To account for the collection and distribution of ad-valorem taxes and personal property taxes to the appropriate taxing districts. The fund is also used to account for the collection of motor vehicle registration fees and sales of other State of Florida licenses, the proceeds of which are remitted to the State.

**Other Agency Funds:** To account for various monies placed in escrow pending timed distributions.

### MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

# AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

	an	Clerk f Circuit d County Courts	c	Tax Collector Fund	,	Other Agency Funds	Total
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	114,469	\$	20,127	\$	6,756	\$ 141,352
Investments		2,700		97,574		32,754	133,028
Delinquent taxes receivable				143,606			143,606
Allowance for uncollected							
delinquent taxes				(143,606)			(143,606)
Performance bonds						89,603	89,603
Other current assets		177					177
Total assets	\$	117,346	\$	117,701	\$	129,113	\$ 364,160
Liabilities:							
Due to other governments Assets held in trust	\$	117,346	\$	117,701	\$	129,113	\$ 364,160
Total liabilities	\$	117,346	\$	117,701	\$	129,113	\$ 364,160

### MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

# AGENCY FUNDS

## **COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(in thousands)

		Balance ctober 1,					Balance September 30,				
		2008	A	dditions	De	ductions		2009			
CLERK OF CIRCUIT AND COUNTY COURTS											
Assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	112,365	\$	574,337	\$	572,233	\$	114,469			
Investments		2,964		8,908		9,172		2,700			
Other current assets		286		13,832		13,941		177			
Total assets	\$	115,615	\$	597,077	\$	595,346	\$	117,346			
Liabilities:											
Due to other governments	\$	115,615	\$	597,771	\$	596,040	\$	117,346			
Total liabilities	\$	115,615	\$	597,771	\$	596,040	\$	117,346			
TAX COLLECTOR FUND		·		•							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,907	\$	20,127	\$	23,907	\$	20,127			
Investments	*	84,221	*	97,574	Ψ.	84,221	*	97,574			
Delinquent taxes receivable		82,643		110,301		49,338		143,606			
Allowance for uncollected delinquent taxes		(82,643)		(110,301)		(49,338)		(143,606)			
Total assets	\$	108,128	\$	117,701	\$	108,128	\$	117,701			
Liabilities:	Ψ	100,120	Ψ	117,701	Ψ	100,120	Ψ	117,701			
Due to other governments	¢	108,128	¢	153.309	¢	143,736		117 701			
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u> \$	108,128	\$ \$	153,309	<u>\$</u> \$	143,736	\$	117,701 117,701			
	<u> </u>	100,120	Ф	155,509	Ą	143,730	φ	117,701			
OTHER AGENCY FUNDS											
Assets:	•	0.047	•	0.750	•	0.047	•	0.750			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,317	\$	6,756	\$	9,317	\$	6,756			
Investments		32,820		32,754		32,820		32,754			
Performance bonds	_	88,499	_	15,624		14,520		89,603			
Total assets	\$	130,636	\$	55,134	\$	56,657	\$	129,113			
Liabilities:											
Due to other governments	\$	130,636		99,559		101,082	\$	129,113			
Total liabilities	\$	130,636	\$	99,559	\$	101,082	\$	129,113			
TOTALS-ALL AGENCY FUNDS											
Assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	145,589	\$	601,220	\$	605,457	\$	141,352			
Investments		120,005		139,236		126,213		133,028			
Delinquent taxes receivable		82,643		110,301		49,338		143,606			
Allowance for uncollected delinquent taxes		(82,643)		(110,301)		(49,338)		(143,606)			
Performance bonds		88,499		15,624		14,520		89,603			
Other current assets		286		13,832		13,941		177			
Total assets	\$	354,379	\$	769,912	\$	760,131	\$	364,160			
Liabilities:		,		1	-	,		,			
Due to other governments	\$	354,379	\$	850,639	\$	840,858		364,160			
Total liabilities	\$	354,379	\$	850,639	<u>Ψ</u> \$	840.858	\$	364,160			
i otal liabilities	Ψ	JJ <del>T</del> ,J1 J	ψ	000,009	Ψ	040,000	φ	JU <del>1</del> , 100			

# STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of Miami-Dade County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	age
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and financial condition have changed over time	197
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its most significant revenue source, property taxes	203
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the County's current debt burden and the County's ability to issue additional debt	208
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the socioeconomic environment within which the County operates	216
Dperating Information  These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services it provides and the activities it performs	218
Miscellaneous Information These schedules provide supplemental data and statistics to readers of the County's financial statements	224

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement 34 in Fiscal Year 2001-2002. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

# CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Unaudited) LAST EIGHT YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

					ı	iscal Ye	ear			
		2002	2003	2004	2005		2006	2007	2008	2009
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
Policy formulation and general government	\$	314,771 \$	385,888	\$ 400,239 \$	467	374 \$	456,874	\$ 561,376	\$ 539,678	\$ 490,451
Protection of people and property		956,910	1,006,193	1,069,154	1,111,		1,286,718	1,362,855	1,401,900	1,386,498
Physical environment		88,759	141,536	137,244	161,	154	198,986	126,755	160,349	101,806
Transportation (streets and roads)		138,828	206,197	238,098	206	289	202,887	229,381	210,010	162,644
Health		48,052	33,250	51,464	56,	050	60,494	59,783	72,049	68,730
Human Services		214,147	224,021	257,318	283	487	290,468	334,619	325,808	333,518
Socio-economic environment		278,472	359,002	371,384	380	854	392,234	365,077	377,541	494,48
Culture and recreation		176,893	220,623	245,018	238	501	298,376	324,313	343,049	351,420
Interest on long-term debt		72,096	85,708	77,309	84,	495	98,827	114,302	116,131	136,212
Total governmental activities expenses	_	2,288,928	2,662,418	2,847,228	2,989	285	3,285,864	3,478,461	3,546,515	3,525,760
Business-type activities:										
Mass transit		349,120	426,198	460,062	494.	991	575,741	567,805	595,205	573,556
Solid waste collection		77,438	81,187	75,906	86.	979	98,997	70,555	107,776	98,045
Solid waste disposal		138,408	140.880	151.982	168		176,995	169,101	182,752	173.757
Seaport		83,352	89,531	88,934	92.	918	85,638	119,631	100,918	109,335
Aviation		506,857	567,351	540,953	564		573,954	604,302	674,622	680,398
Water		137.767	150.291	156,900	171		226,373	203,164	227,931	233.013
Sewer		253,562	267,258	273,912	274		323,363	313,027	317,149	316,409
Public health		1,236,427	1,319,108	1,350,380	1,424		1,447,819	1,697,648	1,869,640	1,886,088
Other		16.239	17.949	15,785		078	18.837	21.685	22,100	23,348
Total business-type activities expenses	-	2,799,170	3,059,753	3,114,814	3,296		3,527,717	3,766,918	4,098,093	4,093,949
Total primary government expenses	\$	5,088,098 \$	5,722,171	\$ 5,962,042 \$	6,285			\$ 	\$ 	\$ 7,619,709
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
Policy formulation and general government	\$	134,949 \$	130,240	\$ 160,683 \$		774 \$	168,166	\$ 218,231	\$ 203,155	\$ 168,256
Protection of people and property		144,981	147,772	155,174	191		222,338	218,634	196,168	179,759
Physical environment		94,798	83,856	77,125	85,	604	77,730	82,287	92,927	78,018
Transportation (streets and roads)		24,336	13,719	13,129		662	17,497	16,466	13,266	13,26
Health		6,789	6,997	7,273		872	7,881	7,943	8,571	8,75
Human Services		5,870	6,325	7,831		378	6,788	1,205	1,043	1,50
Socio-economic environment		26,496	29,136	26,134		976	67,898	23,054	5,915	35,28
Culture and recreation		32,613	34,093	35,026		709	40,976	44,614	49,853	50,599
Operating grants and contributions		538,031	680,559	702,544	709	487	889,492	739,157	680,135	634,79
Capital grants and contributions		56,193	41,595	69,228	75,		236,941	108,191	109,275	59,514
Total governmental activities program revenues		1,065,056	1,174,292	1,254,147	1,323	329	1,735,707	1,459,782	1,360,308	1,229,743

(Continued)

# CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Unaudited) LAST EIGHT YEARS (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

					Fiscal Yea	r			
		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Business-type activities:									
Charges for services:									
Mass transit		95,615	77,552	80,502	94,737	100,939	106,387	97,560	103,594
Solid waste collection		104,449	108,867	125,656	127,366	130,544	144,424	144,044	142,733
Solid waste disposal		92,105	95,734	96,316	120,349	150,596	130,002	126,215	122,395
Seaport		80,540	83,153	79,271	85,006	87,981	84,568	94.698	100,058
Aviation		451.994	451.246	472.017	495.481	525.200	554.983	561.940	521.600
Water		152.234	157.007	170.091	170,905	198.162	190,710	190.544	225.711
Sewer		202.477	207.346	215.482	221.055	242.153	237.910	246.932	253.025
Public health		943,135	1,004,205	953,301	1,084,419	1,132,479	1,282,263	1,435,602	1,252,189
Other		14,409	13,741	12,928	14,532	16,877	17,742	21,969	22,186
Operating grants and contributions		94,463	144,802	137,272	198,065	181,842	163,562	97,772	91,346
Capital grants and contributions		184,278	177,578	163,377	155,301	216,192	200.248	278,094	306,496
Total business-type activities program revenues		2,415,699	2,521,231	2,506,213	2,767,216	2,982,965	3,112,799	3,295,370	3,141,333
Total primary government revenues	\$	3,480,755 \$	3,695,523 \$	3,760,360 \$	4,091,045 \$	4,718,672 \$	4,572,581 \$	4,655,678 \$	4,371,076
Net (Expense)/Revenue									
Governmental activities	\$	(1,223,872) \$	(1,488,126) \$	(1,593,081) \$	(1,665,456) \$	(1,550,157) \$	(2,018,679) \$	(2,186,207) \$	(2,296,017
Business-type activities	•	(383.471)	(538.522)	(608,601)	(529,348)	(544,752)	(654,119)	(802.723)	(952,616
Total primary government net expense	\$	(1,607,343) \$	(2,026,648) \$	(2,201,682) \$	(2,194,804) \$	(2,094,909) \$	(2,672,798) \$	(2,988,930)	(3,248,633
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net As	ssets								
Governmental activities:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	954,341 \$	1,040,028 \$	1,152,019 \$	1,282,773 \$	1,505,199 \$	1,759,148 \$	1,700,029 \$	1,731,856
Sales surtax		146,529	251,542	323,120	340,471	379,218	382,203	373,909	345,522
Utility taxes		70,469	71,795	73,046	67,085	68,279	70,251	73,274	68,150
Other taxes		233,671	221,594	232,553	241,649	251,430	271,720	243,840	203,951
Intergovernmental revenues, unrestricted		200,202	198,098	206,430	221,195	233,982	235,312	235,618	228,435
Franchise fees								48,668	44,241
								40,000	
Earnings on investments		37,351	22,879	17,677	31,545	34,716	47,728	33,432	
Earnings on investments Miscellaneous		37,351 19,301	22,879 1,780	17,677 1,318	31,545 9,616	34,716 6,713	47,728 39,664	,	22,175
•			,	, .		. , .	, -	33,432	22,175 8,083
Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities		19,301	1,780	1,318	9,616	6,713	39,664	33,432 2,978	22,175 8,083 (623,948
Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities Total governmental activities		19,301 (325,462)	1,780 (401,462)	1,318 (389,695)	9,616 (511,752)	6,713 (557,916)	39,664 (643,750)	33,432 2,978 (676,484)	22,175 8,083 (623,948
Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities		19,301 (325,462)	1,780 (401,462)	1,318 (389,695)	9,616 (511,752)	6,713 (557,916)	39,664 (643,750)	33,432 2,978 (676,484)	22,175 8,083 (623,948 2,028,465
Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities Total governmental activities Business-type activities:	_	19,301 (325,462) 1,336,402	1,780 (401,462) 1,406,254	1,318 (389,695) 1,616,468	9,616 (511,752) 1,682,582	6,713 (557,916) 1,921,621	39,664 (643,750) 2,162,276	33,432 2,978 (676,484) 2,035,264	22,175 8,083 (623,948 2,028,465
Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Earnings on investments		19,301 (325,462) 1,336,402	1,780 (401,462) 1,406,254	1,318 (389,695) 1,616,468	9,616 (511,752) 1,682,582	6,713 (557,916) 1,921,621	39,664 (643,750) 2,162,276	33,432 2,978 (676,484) 2,035,264 70,808	22,175 8,083 (623,948 2,028,465 28,938
Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Earnings on investments Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities	_	19,301 (325,462) 1,336,402 76,407	1,780 (401,462) 1,406,254 69,955	1,318 (389,695) 1,616,468 21,289	9,616 (511,752) 1,682,582 46,358	6,713 (557,916) 1,921,621 114,338 7,751 557,916	39,664 (643,750) 2,162,276 112,838 4,591	33,432 2,978 (676,484) 2,035,264 70,808 16,315	22,175 8,083 (623,948 2,028,465 28,938 14,196
Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Earnings on investments Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities Total business-type activities	\$	19,301 (325,462) 1,336,402 76,407 325,462	1,780 (401,462) 1,406,254 69,955 401,462	1,318 (389,695) 1,616,468 21,289 389,695	9,616 (511,752) 1,682,582 46,358 511,752	6,713 (557,916) 1,921,621 114,338 7,751	39,664 (643,750) 2,162,276 112,838 4,591 643,750	33,432 2,978 (676,484) 2,035,264 70,808 16,315 676,484	22,175 8,083 (623,948 2,028,465 28,938 14,196 623,948
Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Earnings on investments Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities Total business-type activities Total primary government	\$	19,301 (325,462) 1,336,402 76,407 325,462 401,869	1,780 (401,462) 1,406,254 69,955 401,462 471,417	1,318 (389,695) 1,616,468 21,289 389,695 410,984	9,616 (511,752) 1,682,582 46,358 511,752 558,110	6,713 (557,916) 1,921,621 114,338 7,751 557,916 680,005	39,664 (643,750) 2,162,276 112,838 4,591 643,750 761,179	33,432 2,978 (676,484) 2,035,264 70,808 16,315 676,484 763,607	22,175 8,083 (623,948 2,028,465 28,938 14,196 623,948 667,082
Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Earnings on investments Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities Total business-type activities Total primary government Change in Net Assets		19,301 (325,462) 1,336,402 76,407 325,462 401,869 1,738,271 \$	1,780 (401,462) 1,406,254 69,955 401,462 471,417 1,877,671 \$	1,318 (389,695) 1,616,468 21,289 389,695 410,984 2,027,452 \$	9,616 (511,752) 1,682,582 46,358 511,752 558,110 2,240,692 \$	6,713 (557,916) 1,921,621 114,338 7,751 557,916 680,005 2,601,626 \$	39,664 (643,750) 2,162,276 112,838 4,591 643,750 761,179 2,923,455 \$	33,432 2,978 (676,484) 2,035,264 70,808 16,315 676,484 763,607 2,798,871 \$	22,175 8,083 (623,948 2,028,465 28,938 14,196 623,948 667,082 2,695,547
Miscellaneous Transfersinternal activities Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Earnings on investments Miscellaneous	\$	19,301 (325,462) 1,336,402 76,407 325,462 401,869	1,780 (401,462) 1,406,254 69,955 401,462 471,417	1,318 (389,695) 1,616,468 21,289 389,695 410,984	9,616 (511,752) 1,682,582 46,358 511,752 558,110	6,713 (557,916) 1,921,621 114,338 7,751 557,916 680,005	39,664 (643,750) 2,162,276 112,838 4,591 643,750 761,179	33,432 2,978 (676,484) 2,035,264 70,808 16,315 676,484 763,607	22,175 8,083 (623,948 2,028,465 28,938 14,196 623,948 667,082

(Continued)

# CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Unaudited) LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

Fiscal Year

				Fiscal Year				
	 2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ 1,402,365 \$	1,570,648 \$	1,766,115 \$	1,919,143 \$	2,196,444 \$	2,470,428 \$	2,391,523 \$	2,346,074
Special tax assessments	57,376	55,461	50,708	50,550	209,552	48,529	41,226	30,937
Licenses and permits	81,377	82,683	90,873	95,487	99,657	85,754	113,567	111,251
Intergovernmental revenues	738,528	771,409	816,557	853,739	1,035,332	948,044	904,538	833,282
Charges for services	231,724	244,550	270,488	341,628	391,115	409,361	413,327	403,376
Fines and forfeitures	45,351	48,754	51,935	44,267	43,421	52,128	49,642	42,148
Investment income	49,023	33,374	27,691	42,799	99,688	119,270	84,139	50,797
Other	167,081	174,648	211,549	205,578	190,000	131,611	138,736	149,401
Total revenues	 2,772,825	2,981,527	3,285,916	3,553,191	4,265,209	4,265,125	4,136,698	3,967,266
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Policy formulation and general government	352,407	396,681	409,259	475,944	498,328	573,478	556,798	524,448
Protection of people and property	906,384	947,893	1,014,434	1,077,091	1,238,942	1,324,973	1,363,434	1,352,626
Physical environment	87,745	140,538	134,665	159,640	198,011	128,580	158,738	99,347
Transportation	92,909	169,723	192,054	157,989	156,256	183,557	162,592	115,403
Health	48,052	33,141	51,448	55,073	58,625	59,086	71,376	68,037
Human services	212,249	219,033	254,157	283,751	292,274	335,138	326,523	334,864
Socio-economic environment	262,490	351,226	358,260	383,525	375,651	358,403	372,711	493,255
Culture and recreation	164,774	202,677	229,922	225,902	280,870	300,710	320,399	322,152
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	97,195	93,089	74,870	53,247	63,500	98,875	114,404	113,337
Interest	49,911	50,157	50,867	53,490	73,186	79,413	90,973	101,175
Other	274	393	439	437	474	2,742	903	5,209
Capital outlay	 279,342	248,554	280,535	218,931	313,948	304,531	251,803	276,123
Total expenditures	2,553,732	2,853,105	3,050,910	3,145,020	3,550,065	3,749,486	3,790,654	3,805,976
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	219,093	128,422	235,006	408,171	715,144	515,639	346,044	161,290
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Long-term debt issued	163,215	101,810	131,080	684,943	183,148	367,210	195,815	1,002,096
Premium (discount) on long-term debt	6,148	514	2,200	20,058	2,116	13,749	3,027	67
Payments to bond escrow agents						(117,440)		(96,599)
Capital leases			11,888					
Transfers in	279,060	295,705	291,277	333,864	355,968	394,628	334,601	349,463
Transfers out	 (604,522)	(697,167)	(680,972)	(845,291)	(913,884)	(1,038,378)	(1,011,085)	(973,411)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (156,099)	(299,138)	(244,527)	193,574	(372,652)	(380,231)	(477,642)	281,616
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 62,994 \$	(170,716) \$	(9,521) \$	601,745 \$	342,492 \$	135,408 \$	(131,598) \$	442,906
Debt Service as a Percentage of								
Noncapital Expenditures	6.48%	5.51%	4.55%	3.66%	4.24%	5.25%	5.83%	6.22%

# PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

					Fisca	I Yea	r			
	200	2	2003	2004	2005		2006	2007	2008	2009
Function/Program										
Governmental activities:										
Policy formulation and general government	\$ 1	44,248 \$	138,769	\$ 178,558	\$ 168,322	\$	186,142	\$ 250,970	\$ 235,334	\$ 194,098
Protection of people and property	1	64,723	210,840	196,119	210,623		286,309	241,021	218,738	197,634
Physical environment	1	06,923	145,193	174,743	167,164		189,678	125,505	145,642	85,509
Transportation (streets and roads)		75,395	86,318	88,712	107,813		245,363	102,518	88,600	70,977
Health		10,798	10,665	11,394	10,660		11,317	11,056	11,130	11,206
Human Services	1	94,871	207,361	228,370	259,164		281,724	292,977	293,724	301,529
Socio-economic environment	2	94,664	326,788	315,302	340,745		403,962	340,186	289,621	296,539
Culture and recreation		73,434	48,358	60,949	59,338		131,212	95,549	77,519	72,251
Subtotal governmental activities	1,0	65,056	1,174,292	1,254,147	1,323,829		1,735,707	1,459,782	1,360,308	1,229,743
Business-type activities:										
Mass transit	1	81,374	186,958	185,845	215,827		221,806	243,858	233,089	217,386
Solid waste collection	1	04,630	108,867	125,656	127,366		130,544	144,424	144,044	142,733
Solid waste disposal	1	02,091	97,136	96,576	120,384		150,596	130,002	126,431	123,134
Seaport		89,862	99,310	111,348	100,320		95,324	112,298	101,910	113,373
Aviation	5	43,944	570,314	563,305	598,955		666,890	671,334	691,112	662,308
Water	2	09,411	204,586	213,353	225,917		233,957	228,785	211,679	269,854
Sewer	2	02,477	207,346	215,482	221,055		301,295	278,913	284,987	296,382
Public health	g	64,626	1,029,443	978,490	1,139,619		1,162,652	1,282,263	1,479,737	1,285,481
Other		17,284	17,271	16,158	17,773		19,901	20,922	22,381	30,682
Subtotal busines-type activities	2,4	15,699	2,521,231	2,506,213	2,767,216		2,982,965	3,112,799	3,295,370	3,141,333
Total primary government	\$ 3,4	80,755 \$	3,695,523	\$ 3,760,360	\$ 4,091,045	\$	4,718,672	\$ 4,572,581	\$ 4,655,678	\$ 4,371,076

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Unaudited)

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(in thousands)

Fiscal Year

					10001 1001							
	2002	2003	2004	20	05 Restated	20	06 Restated	20	07 Restated	20	008 Restated	2009
General Fund												
Reserved	\$ 157,738	\$ 131,250	\$ 117,813	\$	148,254	\$	210,890	\$	221,051	\$	240,464	\$ 205,574
Unreserved	82,259	63,730	66,566		126,490		158,525		183,838		124,723	90,756
Total General Fund	\$ 239,997	\$ 194,980	\$ 184,379	\$	274,744	\$	369,415	\$	404,889	\$	365,187	\$ 296,330
All Other Governmental Funds												
Reserved	\$ 656,123	\$ 526,983	\$ 505,442	\$	482,622	\$	440,311	\$	565,217	\$	608,597	\$ 670,008
Unreserved, reported in:												
Special revenue funds	138,116	176,276	277,892		295,157		421,290		454,163		416,088	375,560
Capital projects funds	233,887	199,668	121,599		629,721		660,218		597,013		497,973	993,108
Permanent funds	324	233	135		184		292		416		445	463
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 1,028,450	\$ 903,160	\$ 905,068	\$	1,407,684	\$	1,522,111	\$	1,616,809	\$	1,523,103	\$ 2,039,139

# NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT (Unaudited) LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

						FISCAI	1 6	11				
						Restated		Restated	Restated	Restated		
	2002		2003		2004	2005		2006	2007	2008		2009
mental activities												
sted in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,830,2	71 \$	1,920,019	\$	1,909,695	\$ 1,825,550	\$	1,862,450	\$ 1,775,460	\$ 1,686,956	\$	1,559,919
tricted	670,	66	560,355		565,679	745,089		1,018,176	1,180,148	1,156,148		1,109,930
estricted	(210,	67)	(272,376)	)	(243,989)	(305,661)		(273,798)	(232,898)	(274,960)		(369,257)
overnmental activities net assets	\$ 2,289,8	70 \$	2,207,998	\$	2,231,385	\$ 2,264,978	\$	2,606,828	\$ 2,722,710	\$ 2,568,144	\$	2,300,592
ss-type activities												
sted in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 4,247,	01 \$	4,245,740	\$	3,822,853	\$ 4,158,036	\$	3,958,799	\$ 3,105,263	\$ 3,564,692	\$	3,630,809
tricted	608,0	59	626,547		1,071,596	576,220		896,806	1,213,251	983,038		779,538
estricted	318,9	24	235,092		(34,509)	154,347		166,955	815,373	547,041		398,890
usiness-type activities net assets	\$ 5,174,4	84 \$	5,107,379	\$	4,859,940	\$ 4,888,603	\$	5,022,560	\$ 5,133,887	\$ 5,094,771	\$	4,809,237
government												
sted in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 6,077,7	72 \$	6,165,759	\$	5,732,548	\$ 5,983,586	\$	5,821,249	\$ 4,880,723	\$ 5,251,648	\$	5,190,728
tricted	1,278,2	25	1,186,902		1,637,275	1,321,309		1,914,982	2,393,399	2,139,186		1,889,468
estricted	108,	57	(37,284)	)	(278,498)	(151,314)		(106,843)	582,475	272,081		29,633
imary government net assets	\$ 7,464,3	54 \$	7,315,377	\$	7,091,325	\$ 7,153,581	\$	7,629,388	\$ 7,856,597	\$ 7,662,915	\$	7,109,829
ricted estricted	1,278,2 108,3	25 57	1,186,902 (37,284)		1,637,275 (278,498)	\$ 1,321,309 (151,314)	\$	1,914,982 (106,843)	\$ 2,393,399 582,475	2,13 27	39,186 72,081	39,186 72,081

# ACTUAL VALUE AND ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands)

					Total Actual					
Fiscal Year		Real Property			and Assessed		Exemptions <sup>a</sup>		Total	
		Commercial /				Real Property -				
Ended	Residential	Industrial	Government /	Personal	Value of Taxable	Amendment 10	Real Property -	Personal	Taxable	Total Direct
September 30,	Property	Property	Institutional	Property	Property	Excluded Value <sup>b</sup>	Other Exemptions	Property	Assessed Value	Tax Rate
2000	\$ 71,442,168 \$	\$ 25,196,147 \$	\$ 11,030,062 \$	11,889,283	\$ 119,557,660	\$ 2,996,068	\$ 22,397,240	\$ 3,268,556	\$ 90,895,796	9.765
2001	76,087,033	26,668,298	11,363,847	12,297,090	126,416,268	3,726,657	23,833,488	3,297,721	95,558,402	9.563
2002	85,606,675	28,553,272	12,031,675	12,579,974	138,771,596	6,822,996	24,759,993	3,305,120	103,883,487	9.450
2003	99,013,490	30,575,866	12,772,725	14,081,331	156,443,412	12,130,872	25,879,693	4,420,409	114,012,438	9.409
2004	116,239,333	33,758,008	13,853,198	14,130,977	177,981,516	18,795,770		4,526,608	127,196,133	9.329
2005	139,613,985	38,815,238	15,207,320	14,189,142	207,825,685	28,070,316	ਲ	4,575,028	144,990,969	9.120
2006	169,866,793	47,406,357	17,847,477	14,623,349	249,743,976	38,586,357	34,190,689	4,624,481	172,342,449	600.6
2007	215,572,532	57,763,162	20,904,964	14,957,659	309,198,317	57,656,531	39,258,084	4,650,725	207,632,977	8.732
2008	258,170,144	64,690,401	23,385,545	15,318,056	361,564,146	74,022,146	43,736,755	4,718,343	239,086,902	7.233
2009°	259,434,650	71,935,279	24,255,006	16,343,140	371,968,075	65,766,359	54,570,563	5,737,400	245,893,753	7.446

Source: Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser.

Note: Property in the County is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at actual market value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Exemptions for real property include: \$25,000 homestead exemption; an additional \$25,000 homestead exemption (excluding School Board taxes) in FY 2009; widows/widowers exemption; governmental exemption; disability/blind age 65 and older exemption; institutional exemption; economic development exemption and other exemptions as allowed by law.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Amendment 10 was an amendment to the Florida Constitution in 1992 which capped the assessed value of properties with homestead exemption to increases of 3% per year or the Consumer Price Index, whichever is less (193.155, F.S.).

Value Adjustment Board. The Final Certified Tax Roll for 2008 has not been released as of the date of this report. Approximately \$82 billion in taxable value has <sup>c</sup> Total actual and assessed values are estimates based on the First Certified 2008 Tax Roll made on October 2008, prior to any adjustments processed by the been petitioned for reassessment to the Value Adjustment Board.

# ACTUAL VALUE AND ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands)

### Total Actual

Fiscal Year			F	Real Property		ii		á	and Assessed		Ex	emptions <sup>a</sup>		in .	Total	
Ended September 30,	1	Residential Property	C	Commercial / Industrial Property	overnment /		Personal Property	V	alue of Taxable Property	Real Property - Amendment 10 Excluded Value <sup>b</sup>		Real Property - her Exemptions	Personal Property	As	Taxable ssessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2000	\$	71,442,168	\$	25,196,147	\$ 11,030,062	\$	11,889,283	\$	119,557,660	\$ 2,996,068	\$	22,397,240	\$ 3,268,556	\$	90,895,796	9.765
2001		76,087,033		26,668,298	11,363,847		12,297,090		126,416,268	3,726,657		23,833,488	3,297,721		95,558,402	9.563
2002		85,606,675		28,553,272	12,031,675		12,579,974		138,771,596	6,822,996		24,759,993	3,305,120		103,883,487	9.450
2003		99,013,490		30,575,866	12,772,725		14,081,331		156,443,412	12,130,872		25,879,693	4,420,409		114,012,438	9.409
2004		116,239,333		33,758,008	13,853,198		14,130,977		177,981,516	18,795,770		27,463,005	4,526,608		127,196,133	9.329
2005		139,613,985		38,815,238	15,207,320		14,189,142		207,825,685	28,070,316		30,189,372	4,575,028		144,990,969	9.120
2006		169,866,793		47,406,357	17,847,477		14,623,349		249,743,976	38,586,357		34,190,689	4,624,481		172,342,449	9.009
2007		215,572,532		57,763,162	20,904,964		14,957,659		309,198,317	57,656,531		39,258,084	4,650,725		207,632,977	8.732
2008		258,170,144		64,690,401	23,385,545		15,318,056		361,564,146	74,022,146		43,736,755	4,718,343		239,086,902	7.233
2009 <sup>c</sup>		259,434,650		71,935,279	24,255,006		16,343,140		371,968,075	65,766,359		54,570,563	5,737,400		245,893,753	7.446

Source: Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser.

Note: Property in the County is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at actual market value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Exemptions for real property include: \$25,000 homestead exemption; an additional \$25,000 homestead exemption (excluding School Board taxes) in FY 2009; widows/widowers exemption; governmental exemption; disability/blind age 65 and older exemption; institutional exemption; economic development exemption and other exemptions as allowed by law.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Amendment 10 was an amendment to the Florida Constitution in 1992 which capped the assessed value of properties with homestead exemption to increases of 3% per year or the Consumer Price Index, whichever is less (193.155, F.S.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Total actual and assessed values are estimates based on the First Certified 2008 Tax Roll made on October 2008, prior to any adjustments processed by the Value Adjustment Board. The Final Certified Tax Roll for 2008 has not been released as of the date of this report. Approximately \$82 billion in taxable value has been petitioned for reassessment to the Value Adjustment Board.

### **DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (Unaudited)**

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(per \$1,000 of assessed value)

<del>-</del>	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
County Direct Rates										
Countywide Operating	5.8090	5.7510	5.7130	5.8890	5.9690	5.9350	5.8350	5.6150	4.5796	4.8379
Fire and Rescue Service District	2.6830	2.6830	2.6830	2.5820	2.5820	2.5920	2.6090	2.6090	2.2067	2.1851
Public Library System	0.3210	0.3510	0.4510	0.4860	0.4860	0.4860	0.4860	0.4860	0.3842	0.3822
Total rates subject to statutory										
limit	8.8130	8.7850	8.8470	8.9570	9.0370	9.0130	8.9300	8.7100	7.1705	7.4052
Statutory limit (Note 1)	10.0000	10.0000	10.0000	10.0000	10.000	10.0000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000
Unincorporated Municipal Service										
Area (UMSA)	2.4470	2.4470	2.4470	2.4470	2.4470	2.4470	2.4470	2.4470	2.0416	2.0083
County debt service	0.8160	0.6520	0.5520	0.3900	0.2850	0.2850	0.2850	0.2850	0.2850	0.2850
Fire and Rescue debt service	0.0690	0.0690	0.0690	0.0790	0.0790	0.0690	0.0520	0.0420	0.0420	0.0420
Total direct rate (Note 2)	9.7650	9.5630	9.4500	9.4090	9.3290	9.1200	9.0090	8.7320	7.2330	7.4460
Overlapping Rates:										
Children's Trust Rate					0.5000	0.4442	0.4288	0.4223	0.4223	0.4212
Miami Downtown Development Auth	ority Rate							0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
School Board Rates										
General	8.6540	8.7020	8.5280	8.4820	8.4180	8.0900	7.9470	7.6910	7.5700	7.5330
Debt service	0.9900	0.9150	0.8480	0.7700	0.6820	0.5970	0.4910	0.4140	0.3780	0.2640
Total Schools Board rates	9.6440	9.6170	9.3760	9.2520	9.1000	8.6870	8.4380	8.1050	7.9480	7.7970
State Rates										
South Florida Water Management	0.5970	0.5970	0.5970	0.5970	0.5970	0.5970	0.5970	0.5970	0.5346	0.5346
Environmental Projects	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.0894	0.0894
Florida Inland Navigation District	0.0440	0.0410	0.0385	0.0385	0.0385	0.0385	0.0385	0.0385	0.0345	0.0345
Total State rates	0.7410	0.7380	0.7355	0.7355	0.7355	0.7355	0.7355	0.7355	0.6585	0.6585

### Municipalities - next page

### Notes:

Miami-Dade County and the other thirty-five municipalities and all other townships and unincorporated areas therein have: (1) no personal income tax, (2) no gross receipts tax, (3) no inheritance tax, (4) no gift tax, and (5) no commuter tax.

- 1 The combined Countywide General, Fire and Rescue and Library rates may not exceed the Florida statutory limit of \$10.000 per \$1,000 of assessed value. Other statutory limits are \$10.000 for the School Board and \$1.000 for the State.
- 2 "Total direct rate" is the weighted average of all individual County direct rates based on the proportion of their respective tax rolls to the countywide rolls. For FY 2008-2009, the Fire District rates are weighted by 61 percent, the Library by 91 percent and UMSA by 31 percent.

Source: Miami-Dade County Finance Department, Tax Collector's Division.

### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (Unaudited)(continued)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Municipalities:										
Aventura	2.227	2.227	2.227	2.227	2.227	2.227	2.227	2.227	1.726	1.726
Bay Harbor Island	4.654	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000	4.900	4.750	3.657	3.975
Bal Harbour	3.270	3.110	3.230	2.960	2.902	2.902	2.902	2.902	2.320	2.309
Biscayne Park	8.900	8.900	8.700	8.200	7.900	7.900	8.200	9.200	8.340	8.890
Coral Gables	5.500	5.500	5.841	5.841	5.990	5.990	6.150	6.150	5.250	5.250
Cutler Bay (5)							2.447	2.447	2.447	2.447
Doral (4)						2.447	2.447	2.447	2.447	2.447
El Portal	7.700	7.700	8.700	8.700	8.700	8.700	8.700	8.700	7.031	7.844
Florida City	7.900	8.400	8.900	8.900	8.900	8.900	8.900	8.900	7.750	7.750
Golden Beach	8.590	8.590	8.590	8.590	8.590	8.590	8.590	8.590	8.500	8.500
Hialeah	7.481	7.528	7.528	7.528	7.528	7.100	6.800	6.800	6.540	6.540
Hialeah Gardens	7.327	6.912	6.480	6.120	6.120	6.120	6.120	6.120	4.909	4.900
Homestead	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.500	8.250	7.750	6.750	6.250	5.159	5.341
Indian Creek	9.960	9.661	9.661	10.700	10.575	10.450	10.200	8.700	6.950	6.950
Islandia	9.226	9.226	10.000	10.000	9.621	9.492	9.123	8.193	7.967	6.804
Key Biscayne	3.606	3.606	3.606	3.606	3.606	3.606	3.606	3.450	3.200	3.200
Medley	7.923	7.923	7.923	7.800	7.450	7.250	7.150	6.900	5.751	5.700
Miami	11.400	10.775	10.713	10.568	10.343	10.166	9.765	9.496	8.378	8.754
Miami Beach	9.653	9.508	9.286	9.516	9.296	9.296	8.887	8.011	6.933	6.616
Miami Gardens (3)						3.648	3.638	5.149	5.149	5.140
Miami Lakes (1)			3.057	3.057	2.968	2.912	2.825	2.740	2.480	2.480
Miami Shores	8.969	8.878	8.515	8.265	8.265	9.375	9.180	9.106	7.816	8.293
Miami Springs	8.298	8.038	8.412	8.744	8.687	8.652	8.342	7.895	6.658	6.799
North Bay Village	5.455	5.784	6.281	6.212	6.212	6.212	6.212	6.098	4.799	4.799
North Miami	9.038	8.701	8.823	8.771	8.758	8.732	8.693	8.463	6.932	7.057
North Miami Beach	8.404	8.396	9.290	9.095	8.896	8.781	8.608	8.409	7.479	7.438
Opa Locka	9.800	9.800	9.800	9.800	9.800	9.800	9.800	9.800	8.008	8.208
Palmetto Bay (2)					2.447	2.447	2.447	2.374	2.374	2.448
Pinecrest	2.100	2.100	2.100	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	1.950	1.981
South Miami	6.373	6.373	6.373	6.373	7.373	7.213	6.681	5.881	4.818	5.279
Sunny Isles Beach	2.303	2.500	2.650	3.350	3.350	3.350	2.950	2.950	2.398	2.484
Surfside	5.603	5.603	5.603	5.603	5.603	5.603	5.603	5.600	4.250	4.733
Sweetwater	3.490	3.440	3.449	3.449	3.949	3.949	3.949	3.949	3.279	3.404
Virginia Gardens	3.843	4.843	4.843	4.843	4.843	4.843	4.750	4.600	4.081	4.091
West Miami	8.495	8.495	8.495	8.495	8.495	8.495	8.495	8.495	6.738	6.738

### Notes:

- (1) Miami Lakes was incorporated as a municipality on December 5, 2000, therefore no millage rates are reflected through fiscal year 2001.
- (2) Palmetto Bay was incorporated as a municipality on September 10, 2002, therefore no millage rates are reflected through fiscal year 2003.
- (3) Miami Gardens was incorporated as a municipality on May13, 2003, therefore no millage rates are reflected through fiscal year 2004.
- (4) Doral was incorporated as a municipality on June 24, 2003, therefore no millage rates are reflected through fiscal year 2004.
- (5) Cutler Bay was incorporated as a municipality on November 9, 2005, therefore no millage rates are reflected through fiscal year 2005.

Source: Miami-Dade County Finance Department, Tax Collector's Division.

# PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(in thousands)

Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	 Levied for the	Discounts Allowed <sup>a</sup>	 xes Levied Net of Discounts Allowed	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2000	\$ 887,543	\$ 24,860	\$ 862,683	\$ 845,429	98.00%
2001	913,853	32,710	881,143	877,618	99.60%
2002	981,794	29,786	952,008	943,440	99.10%
2003	1,072,848	32,240	1,040,608	1,029,161	98.90%
2004	1,186,445	35,300	1,151,145	1,145,389	99.50%
2005	1,322,346	37,264	1,285,082	1,274,801	99.20%
2006	1,552,716	40,148	1,512,568	1,494,417	98.80%
2007	1,813,311	40,907	1,772,404	1,744,046	98.40%
2008	1,728,993	23,968	1,705,025	1,669,219	97.90%
2009 <sup>b</sup>	1,778,043	not available	not available	1,705,396	not available

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Tax notices are mailed on or before November 1 of each year with the following discounts allowed:

# PROPERTY TAX LEVIES BY COMPONENT (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Countywide Operating	Fire and Rescue Service District	P	ublic Library System	County Debt Service	Fire	e and Rescue Debt Service	Мι	Inincorporated unicipal Service Area (UMSA)	 ixes Levied Fiscal Year
2000	\$ 528,013	\$ 153,774	\$	25,951	\$ 74,171	\$	3,955	\$	101,679	\$ 887,543
2001	549,556	161,324		29,968	62,304		4,149		106,552	913,853
2002	593,486	174,137		41,987	57,344		4,478		110,362	981,794
2003	671,420	182,223		49,751	44,465		5,575		119,414	1,072,848
2004	759,234	202,087		55,521	36,251		6,183		127,169	1,186,445
2005	860,522	230,510		63,360	41,322		6,136		120,496	1,322,346
2006	1,005,619	274,551		75,389	49,118		5,472		142,567	1,552,716
2007	1,165,860	328,088		91,401	59,175		5,282		163,507	1,813,313
2008	1,094,922	320,631		83,326	68,140		6,103		155,871	1,728,993
2009 a	1,155,113	315,628		82,913	68,048		6,067		150,274	1,778,043

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Taxes levied in FY 2009 is an estimate based on the 2008 preliminary tax roll made on January 2009, before any significant changes by the Value Adjustment Board had actually been processed. The Final Certified Tax Roll for 2008 has not been released as of the date of this report. Approximately \$82 billion in taxable value has been petitioned for reassessment to the Value Adjustment Board.

<sup>4%</sup> if paid in November

<sup>3%</sup> if paid in December

<sup>2%</sup> if paid in January

<sup>1%</sup> if paid in February

If paid in March, no discount applies.

Taxes are delinquent in April.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Taxes levied in FY 2009 is an estimate based on the 2008 preliminary tax roll made on January 2009, before any significant changes by the Value Adjustment Board had actually been processed. The Final Certified Tax Roll for 2008 has not been released as of the date of this report. Approximately \$82 billion in taxable value has been petitioned for reassessment to the Value Adjustment Board.

# PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS (Unaudited) CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

		-	2009				2000	
				Percent of				Percent of
		Taxable		Total Taxable		Taxable		Total Taxable
		Assessed Value		Assessed	Ass	essed Value		Assessed
Taxpayer	<b>Business or Use</b>	(in thousands)	Rank	Value	(in	thousands)	Rank	Value
Florida Power & Light Company	Utility	\$ 3,012,789		1.23%	\$	1,589,088	1	1.75%
BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Utility	595,914		0.24%		1,364,297	2	1.50%
Teachers Insurance & Annual Association of America	Commerce	451,354		0.18%				
Century Grand LLP	Real Estate	408,438		0.17%				
Graham Companies	Real Estate	369,637		0.15%		183,528	5	0.20%
SDG Dadeland Associates Inc.	Commerce	341,200		0.14%		220,000	4	0.24%
Aventura Mall Venture	Commerce	316,800		0.13%				
200 S Biscayne	Real Estate	304,500		0.12%				
MB Redevelopment	Hotels	280,000		0.11%				
Dolphin Mall Assoc LTD Partnership	Commerce	259,200		0.11%				
Turnberry Associates	Real Estate					275,856	3	0.30%
SRI Miami Venture LP	Real Estate					178,100	6	0.20%
Bakery Associates	Commerce					136,090	7	0.15%
Falls Shopping Center Associates	Commerce					119,133	8	0.13%
Robbies Stadium	Sports					106,108	9	0.12%
MICC Venture	Real Estate					100,682	10	0.11%
Total		\$ 6,339,832		2.58%	\$	4,272,882	-	4.70%
Total Net Assessed Real and Personal Property Value (in								
thousands)		\$ 245,893,753			\$	90,895,796		
,		Ţ 10,000,100				55,000,700		

Source: Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser

### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

**Governmental Activities** 

				3046	minemai Activ	ilics			
	General		Special	Ηοι	ising Agency				
(	Obligation		Obligation	Bon	ds and Notes	Loai	ns and notes		
	Bonds (a)		Bonds		Payable		payable	Cap	oital Leases
\$	328,426	\$	961,393	\$	110,357	\$	27,000		
	313,661		930,062		107,013		54,500		
	270,986		1,060,558		108,545		54,393		
	247,541		1,108,396		72,894		52,513		
	225,581		1,205,914		69,084		61,378	\$	11,888
	519,126		1,456,938		65,400		178,660		11,669
	507,316		1,520,549				272,097		11,420
	472,236		1,761,161				253,591		11,149
	523,596		1,793,217				277,930		10,858
	843,961		2,321,551				255,697		10,548
		Signature   Signat	Obligation Bonds (a)  \$ 328,426 \$ 313,661 270,986 247,541 225,581 519,126 507,316 472,236 523,596	General Obligation Bonds (a)         Special Obligation Bonds           \$ 328,426         \$ 961,393           313,661         930,062           270,986         1,060,558           247,541         1,108,396           225,581         1,205,914           519,126         1,456,938           507,316         1,520,549           472,236         1,761,161           523,596         1,793,217	General Obligation Bonds (a)         Special Obligation Bonds         Hot Bonds           \$ 328,426         \$ 961,393         \$ 313,661           \$ 930,062         270,986         1,060,558           247,541         1,108,396         225,581           225,581         1,205,914           519,126         1,456,938           507,316         1,520,549           472,236         1,761,161           523,596         1,793,217	General Obligation Bonds (a)         Special Obligation Bonds         Housing Agency Bonds and Notes Payable           \$ 328,426         \$ 961,393         \$ 110,357           313,661         930,062         107,013           270,986         1,060,558         108,545           247,541         1,108,396         72,894           225,581         1,205,914         69,084           519,126         1,456,938         65,400           507,316         1,520,549           472,236         1,761,161           523,596         1,793,217	Obligation Bonds (a)         Obligation Bonds         Bonds and Notes Payable         Loan           \$ 328,426         \$ 961,393         \$ 110,357         \$ 313,661         930,062         107,013         108,545 <td>General Obligation Bonds (a)         Special Obligation Bonds         Housing Agency Bonds and Notes Payable         Loans and notes payable           \$ 328,426         \$ 961,393         \$ 110,357         \$ 27,000           313,661         930,062         107,013         54,500           270,986         1,060,558         108,545         54,393           247,541         1,108,396         72,894         52,513           225,581         1,205,914         69,084         61,378           519,126         1,456,938         65,400         178,660           507,316         1,520,549         272,097           472,236         1,761,161         253,591           523,596         1,793,217         277,930</td> <td>General Obligation Bonds (a)         Special Obligation Bonds         Housing Agency Bonds and Notes Payable         Loans and notes payable         Cap           \$ 328,426         \$ 961,393         \$ 110,357         \$ 27,000           313,661         930,062         107,013         54,500           270,986         1,060,558         108,545         54,393           247,541         1,108,396         72,894         52,513           225,581         1,205,914         69,084         61,378         \$           519,126         1,456,938         65,400         178,660           507,316         1,520,549         272,097           472,236         1,761,161         253,591           523,596         1,793,217         277,930</td>	General Obligation Bonds (a)         Special Obligation Bonds         Housing Agency Bonds and Notes Payable         Loans and notes payable           \$ 328,426         \$ 961,393         \$ 110,357         \$ 27,000           313,661         930,062         107,013         54,500           270,986         1,060,558         108,545         54,393           247,541         1,108,396         72,894         52,513           225,581         1,205,914         69,084         61,378           519,126         1,456,938         65,400         178,660           507,316         1,520,549         272,097           472,236         1,761,161         253,591           523,596         1,793,217         277,930	General Obligation Bonds (a)         Special Obligation Bonds         Housing Agency Bonds and Notes Payable         Loans and notes payable         Cap           \$ 328,426         \$ 961,393         \$ 110,357         \$ 27,000           313,661         930,062         107,013         54,500           270,986         1,060,558         108,545         54,393           247,541         1,108,396         72,894         52,513           225,581         1,205,914         69,084         61,378         \$           519,126         1,456,938         65,400         178,660           507,316         1,520,549         272,097           472,236         1,761,161         253,591           523,596         1,793,217         277,930

### **Business-Type Activities**

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	General Obligation Bonds (a)	Special Obligation Bonds	Re	evenue Bonds	Lo	pans and Notes Payable	_	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (b)	Per Ca	apita (b)
2000	\$ 155,715		\$	3,973,275	\$	395,667	9	5,951,833	10%	\$	2.63
2001	153,505			3,897,295		462,553		5,918,589	10%		2.59
2002	151,170	\$ 46,075		4,082,945		474,891		6,249,563	10%		2.71
2003	149,925	60,045		4,926,115		468,139		7,085,568	11%		3.05
2004	149,010	58,060		5,174,690		579,516		7,535,121	11%		3.22
2005	145,710	52,940		5,279,006		650,174		8,359,623	11%		3.55
2006 Restated	142,215	49,591		5,667,904		622,353		8,793,445	11%		3.70
2007	138,510	45,410		6,146,050		647,889		9,475,996	11%		3.94
2008	134,570	41,105		6,860,647		549,732		10,191,655	11%		4.27
2009	130,370	105,249		7,618,479		549,000		11,834,855	(1)		4.93

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

### Legend

(1) The personal income data for 2009 is unavailable from the U.S. Department of Commerce.

a General Obligation Bonds in the Business-Type Activities include the Seaport General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1996.
The Bonds are being paid by the Seaport Department's net revenues. However, to the extent that the net revenues of the Seaport Department are insufficient to pay debt service on the Bonds, such debt service will be payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes.

**b** See the Demographics and Economic Statistics schedule in this section for personal income and population data.

# RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

### **General Bonded Debt Outstanding**

Fiscal Year Ended September 30.	General ligation Bonds Governmental Activities	in E	General igation Bonds Business-Type Activities (a)	-	otal General gation Bonded Debt	Less: Amounts Restricted to Repayment of Principal	Total	Percentage of Actual Value of Taxable Property (b)	Per Capita (c)
September 50,	Activities		ctivities (a)		Debt	Fillicipal	I Otal	(b)	rei Gapita (C)
2000	\$ 328,426	\$	155,715	\$	484,141	\$ 23,780	\$ 460,361	0.51%	\$ 204
2001	313,661		153,505		467,166	20,397	446,769	0.47%	196
2002	270,986		151,170		422,156	13,964	408,192	0.39%	177
2003	247,541		149,925		397,466	5,454	392,012	0.34%	169
2004	225,581		149,010		374,591	4,027	370,564	0.29%	158
2005	519,126		145,710		664,836	18,764	646,072	0.45%	274
2006	507,316		142,215		649,531	28,845	620,686	0.36%	261
2007	472,236		138,510		610,746	25,500	585,246	0.28%	244
2008	523,596		134,570		658,166	19,225	638,941	0.27%	268
2009	843,961		130,370		974,331	21,734	952,597	0.39%	397

### Note:

Pursuant to the Florida Constitution, there is no limit on the amount of ad valorem taxes a county may levy for the payment of General Obligation Bonds.

- a Includes the Seaport General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1996, reported as payable from Business-type Activities in the financial statements and in the schedule of Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type in this statistical section. The Bonds are being paid by the Seaport Department's net revenues. However, to the extent that the net revenues of the Seaport Department are insufficient to pay debt service on the Bonds, such debt service will be payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes.
- **b** The value of taxable property can be found in the schedule for Actual Value and Assessed Value of Taxable Property in this section.
- c Population data can be found in the schedule for Demographic and Economic Statistics in this section.

### PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

### **Guaranteed Entitlement Bonds**

		Guaran	te	ed Entitlement Re	ver						 Actual Debt S	Servi	ice	
Fiscal Year	F	Receipts as a County		Receipts as a Municipality (UMSA)		Total Gross Pledged Revenues	L	ess: Operating Expenses		Net Available Resources	Principal	In	iterest	Coverage
2000	\$	5,895	\$	36,046	\$	41,941	\$	-	;	\$ 41,941	\$ 11,805	\$	2,915	2.85
2001		5,895		37,328		43,223		-		43,223	11,192		3,523	2.94
2002		5,895		38,710		44,605		-		44,605	10,594		4,121	3.03
2003		5,895		34,954		40,849		-		40,849	7,736		6,974	2.78
2004		5,895		39,019		44,914		-		44,914	5,272		9,443	3.05
2005		5,895		42,203		48,098		-		48,098	4,862		9,853	3.27
2006		5,895		46,047		51,942		-		51,942	4,475		10,240	3.53
2007		5,895		48,221		54,116		-		54,116	4,123		10,592	3.68
2008		5,895		48,210		54,105		-		54,105	4,464		9,168	3.97
2009		5,895		48,210		54,105		-		54,105	8,390		5,247	3.97

Pledged revenues: Payable from the guaranteed portion of the State revenue sharing receipts.

### Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Bonds

		Professional Sports Franchise		Tourist	Total Gross	_					Actual Debt S	Serv	ice	
Fiscal Year		Facilities Tax Revenues	L	Development Tax Revenues	Pledged Revenues	ı	Less: Operating Expenses		Net Available Resources		Principal	lr	nterest	Coverage
	_									_				
2000	\$	5,840	,	, ,	\$ 17,519	\$	· -	(		\$	510	\$	4,172	3.74
2001		6,079		12,198	18,277		-		18,277		570		4,153	3.87
2002		5,099		10,200	15,299		-		15,299		595		4,130	3.24
2003		5,305		10,611	15,916		-		15,916		580		4,107	3.40
2004		5,995		11,989	17,984		-		17,984		340		4,089	4.06
2005		7,050		14,100	21,150		-		21,150		490		4,072	4.64
2006		8,042		16,084	24,126		-		24,126		650		4,048	5.14
2007		8,685		17,427	26,112		-		26,112		815		4,017	5.40
2008		8,862		17,754	26,616		-		26,616		1,000		3,979	5.35
2009		7,169		14,346	21,515		-		21,515		1,185		3,931	4.21

Pledged revenues: Payable from a 1% professional sports franchise facilities tax and a 2% tourist development tax on the rental of facilities such as hotels, motels and apartments, for a period of six months or less.

**Note:** Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

### PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

### **Courthouse Center / Juvenile Courthouse Center Bonds**

				Actual De	bt S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	Total Gross Pledged Revenues	: Operating xpenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2000	\$ 8,098	\$ -	\$ 8,098	\$ 1,455	\$	2,258	2.18
2001	8,438	-	8,438	1,525		2,189	2.27
2002	8,149	-	8,149	1,600		2,115	2.19
2003	7,983	-	7,983	1,680		2,251	2.03
2004	5,172	-	5,172	1,765		4,685	0.80
2005	5,302	-	5,302	1,855		5,055	0.77
2006	5,689	-	5,689	1,935		5,508	0.76
2007	6,152	-	6,152	2,010		5,604	0.81
2008	6,383	-	6,383	2,090		5,548	0.84
2009	5,933	-	5,933	2,170		4,212	0.93

Pledged revenues: Payable from pledged filing and service charge revenues through June 30, 2004. Effective July 1, 2004, payable from a \$15 traffic surcharge and, if necessary, from a County covenant to annually budget and appropriate from legally available non-ad valorem revenues. The Gross Revenues shown from 1997 to 1999 are actual filing and service charge revenues that were collected in those fiscal years. The Gross Revenues shown from 2000 to 2004 are revenues that would have been available to pay debt service on the Bonds if the \$15 traffic surcharge had been in effect those fiscal years. Gross Revenues for 2005 and after represent actual traffic surcharge revenues.

### **Public Service Tax Revenue Bonds**

					 Actual De	bt S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	Total Gross Pledged Revenues	Le	ess: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2000	\$ 106,415	\$	-	\$ 106,415	\$ 10,480	\$	6,450	6.29
2001	112,322		-	112,322	10,045		5,050	7.44
2002	136,790		-	136,790	10,455		4,580	9.10
2003	123,338		-	123,338	10,950		6,125	7.22
2004	121,138		-	121,138	12,850		6,106	6.39
2005	118,728		-	118,728	3,510		5,734	12.84
2006	123,272		-	123,272	3,645		5,802	13.05
2007	122,310		-	122,310	4,435		6,801	10.89
2008	119,710		-	119,710	5,865		7,426	9.01
2009	110,923		-	110,923	5,535		7,752	8.35

Pledged revenues: Payable from the Public Service Tax levied by the County in the unincorporated areas of the County upon purchase of electricity, gas, coal, fuel oil, water service, and telecommunications.

## PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

### **Stormwater Utility Fees Bonds**

				Actual De	bt S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	Total Gross Pledged Revenues	s: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2000	\$ 23,381	\$ 1,645	\$ 21,736	\$ 690	\$	2,210	7.50
2001	24,072	1,363	22,709	1,025		1,874	7.83
2002	28,055	1,381	26,674	1,060		1,840	9.20
2003	29,777	1,259	28,518	1,095		1,804	9.84
2004	32,649	1,581	31,068	1,135		1,764	10.72
2005	38,985	1,857	37,128	4,690		2,931	4.87
2006	37,175	2,874	34,301	2,645		4,972	4.50
2007	34,392	3,112	31,280	2,740		4,881	4.10
2008	32,315	2,945	29,370	2,835		4,786	3.85
2009	31,517	3,237	28,280	2,930		4,688	3.71

Pledged revenues: Payable from Stormwater Utility Fees collected from residential and nonresidential developed property in the County.

### **Convention Development Tax Bonds**

					Actual Del	ot S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	Total Gross Pledged Revenues	Le	ss: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2000	\$ 122,154	\$	-	\$ 122,154	\$ 7,290	\$	10,206	6.98
2001	128,088		-	128,088	8,450		9,880	6.99
2002	127,204		-	127,204	8,760		9,508	6.96
2003	129,894		-	129,894	8,270		9,127	7.47
2004	135,563		-	135,563	7,395		8,939	8.30
2005	143,801		-	143,801	720		8,938	14.89
2006	158,184		-	158,184	4,800		8,938	11.51
2007	160,623		-	160,623	5,610		8,938	11.04
2008	165,354		-	165,354	6,540		8,938	10.68
2009	141,064		-	141,064	4,052		9,096	10.73

Pledged revenues: Payable from a lien on two-thirds of the receipts, net of administrative costs, of the Convention Development Tax to be received by the County. This tax is 3% of the total consideration charged for the leasing and letting of transient rental accommodations within the County.

# PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

### **Aviation Revenue Bonds**

						 Actual De	bt S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	Gro	ss Revenues	Le	ss: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2000	\$	460,632	\$	271,791	\$ 188,841	\$ 48,065	\$	81,531	1.46
2001		465,256		286,501	178,755	50,615		78,984	1.38
2002		466,146		270,198	195,948	53,335		80,439	1.46
2003		491,745		289,956	201,789	59,080		75,818	1.50
2004		550,255		314,958	235,297	66,610		73,861	1.68
2005		539,397		329,030	210,367	55,630		85,980	1.49
2006		549,887		299,675	250,212	65,130		90,224	1.61
2007		591,769		346,205	245,564	67,275		89,323	1.57
2008		623,648		378,563	245,085	65,191		83,184	1.65
2009		601,881		367,514	234,367	55,370		95,679	1.55

Pledged revenues: Payable by a pledge of net revenues of the Port Authority Properties.

### **Public Facilities Revenue Bonds**

						Actual De	bt S	Service	
Fiscal Year	Gro	ss Revenues	Les	ss: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2000									
2001									
2002									
2003									
2004									
2005									
2006	\$	1,508,810	\$	1,412,193	\$ 96,617	\$ -	\$	15,452	6.25
2007		1,687,629		1,659,710	27,919	-		15,067	1.85
2008		1,902,596		1,811,441	91,155	4,910		15,029	4.57
2009		1,640,093		1,815,241	(175,148)	5,230		13,948	(9.13)

Pledged revenues: Payable solely from gross revenues of the Public Health Trust ("PHT").

# PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

### **Seaport Revenue Bonds**

						Actual Debt S	Service	
Fiscal Year	Gros	s Revenues	Le	ss: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2000	\$	72,190	\$	36,029	\$ 36,161	\$ 5,010 \$	14,544	1.85
2001		76,423		34,632	41,791	5,096	14,149	2.17
2002		80,371		47,056	33,315	9,955	13,159	1.44
2003		82,159		49,071	33,088	3,630	12,566	2.04
2004		77,972		53,705	24,267	3,410	12,372	1.54
2005		83,208		57,826	25,382	5,940	12,094	1.41
2006		86,925		67,071	19,854	6,315	11,716	1.10
2007		86,296		59,753	26,543	7,269	3,230	2.53
2008		95,722		60,870	34,852	6,861	3,638	3.32
2009		101,758		70,936	30,822	7,083	3,416	2.94

Pledged revenues: Payable solely from net revenues of the Seaport Department.

## **Solid Waste System Bonds**

John Waste	oysten.	ii Donas				Actual Deb	ot S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	Gros	s Revenues	Le	ss: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
1999	\$	183,343	\$	148,439	\$ 34,904	\$ 7,655	\$	8,264	2.19
2000		196,987		171,142	25,845	8,435		7,497	1.62
2001		191,703		161,078	30,625	8,795		8,345	1.79
2002		196,554		183,324	13,230	9,190		8,797	0.74
2003		204,142		184,791	19,351	9,630		8,388	1.07
2004		221,972		190,266	31,706	10,115		7,911	1.76
2005		247,715		204,431	43,284	10,665		8,301	2.28
2006		281,140		223,034	58,106	11,270		11,103	2.60
2007		274,426		213,146	61,280	13,665		9,858	2.61
2008		270,259		241,190	29,069	14,384		9,258	1.23
2009		265,128		231,739	33,389	12,565		8,711	1.57

Pledged revenues: Payable from net operating revenues of the Solid Waste System.

# PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

### Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds

						Actual De	bt S	Service	
Fiscal Year	Gro	ss Revenues	Le	ss: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2000	\$	398,881	\$	168,891	\$ 229,990	\$ 26,020	\$	88,956	2.00
2001		383,612		180,219	203,393	27,265		88,367	1.76
2002		396,084		196,872	199,212	28,615		87,039	1.72
2003		429,966		218,391	211,575	29,920		85,709	1.83
2004		412,198		232,913	179,285	31,275		82,921	1.57
2005		416,979		258,379	158,600	23,715		80,408	1.52
2006		459,638		292,886	166,752	31,510		79,338	1.50
2007		460,790		310,627	150,163	35,730		85,984	1.23
2008		466,866		321,963	144,903	39,235		74,523	1.27
2009		491,332		328,929	162,403	40,235		63,392	1.57

Pledged revenues: Payable from net operating revenues of the County's Water and Wastewater System.

### **Transit System Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds**

						Actual De	bt S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	Gros	s Revenues	Le	ss: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2000									
2001									
2002									
2003									
2004									
2005									
2006	\$	151,614	\$	-	\$ 151,614	\$ -	\$	1,637	92.62
2007		153,065		-	153,065	2,835		9,210	12.71
2008		149,201		-	149,201	2,975		9,014	12.44
2009		138,165		-	138,165	6,650		22,578	4.73

Pledged revenues: Payable from the transit system 1/2 cent sales surtax.

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

# DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (Unaudited) LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Year	Population	Total Personal Income (in thousands of dollars)	er Capita onal Income	Unemployment Rate	Civilian Labor Force	Median Age
0000	0.050.000	57,000,044		. ,	4 400 405	
2000	2,259,863	57,922,341	\$ 25,631	5.1%	1,103,485	36
2001	2,284,083	60,401,717	\$ 26,445	6.1%	1,098,226	36
2002	2,308,355	62,664,565	\$ 27,147	6.6%	1,079,850	37
2003	2,322,093	64,764,869	\$ 27,891	5.9%	1,083,357	37
2004	2,338,382	69,724,010	\$ 29,817	5.4%	1,097,454	37
2005	2,356,378	75,090,488	\$ 31,867	4.3%	1,113,560	37
2006	2,376,343	82,481,222	\$ 34,709	3.8%	1,158,801	37
2007	2,402,208	85,978,571	\$ 35,791	3.6%	1,192,231	38
2008	2,387,170	88,954,732	\$ 37,264	5.3%	1,205,913	39
2009	2.398.245	(1)	(1)	8.9%	1,218,871	39

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Economics and Statistics Administration,

Bureau of Economic Analysis/Regional Economic Information System. Florida Agency for Workforce Innovation, Labor Market Statistics.

U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census Population, and 2001 to 2005 American Community Survey.

Miami-Dade County, Department of Planning and Zoning, Research Section.

University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research.

Legend: (1) Information unavailable.

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

# PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (Unaudited) CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

		2009			2000	
	'		Percentage of			Percentage of
			Total County			<b>Total County</b>
<u>Employer</u>	<b>Employees</b>	Rank	Employment	<b>Employees</b>	Rank	<b>Employment</b>
Miami-Dade County Public Schools	38,819	1	3.18%	35,469	1	3.21%
Miami-Dade County	29,000	2	2.38%	30,000	2	2.72%
U.S. Federal Government	19,900	3	1.63%	18,276	3	1.66%
Florida State Government	16,100	4	1.32%	18,100	4	1.64%
Jackson Health System	12,468	5	1.02%	8,191	6	0.74%
University of Miami	12,000	6	0.98%	7,800	7	0.71%
Baptist Health South Florida	12,000	7	0.98%	7,500	8	0.68%
Publix Super Markets	11,625	8	0.95%	4,000	10	0.36%
American Airlines	9,000	9	0.74%	9,000	5	0.82%
Florida International University	8,000	10	0.66%	2,591	12	0.23%
UM Health	7,025	11	0.58%			
Miami-Dade College	5,798	12	0.48%	2,345	13	0.21%
United Parcel Services	4,982	13	0.41%			
City of Miami	4,400	14	0.36%	3,400	11	0.31%
Bellsouth / ATT	4,100	15	0.34%	4,240	9	0.38%
	195,217		16.02%	150,912		13.68%

Source: The Beacon Council, Miami, Florida, Miami Business Profile

**OPERATING INFORMATION** MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

# FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

•	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Function/Program										
Policy formulation and general government	4,014	4,188	4,325	4,351	4,552	3,480	3,656	3,813	3,623	3,851
Protection of people and property	10,091	10,316	10,402	10,531	10,502	10,447	10,570	11,098	11,282	10,814
Physical environment	464	476	514	545	545	260	556	519	519	519
Transportation (streets and roads)	716	629	727	747	200	835	822	096	961	296
Health	17	17	06	06	86	101	112	151	145	120
Human Services	1,735	1,769	1,873	2,082	1,876	1,898	1,763	1,715	1,605	1,354
Socio-economic environment	200	221	242	285	278	279	266	260	285	266
Culture and recreation	1,631	1,633	1,679	1,719	1,799	1,777	1,796	1,885	1,904	1,981
Mass Transit	2,634	2,763	2,721	2,772	3,665	3,833	4,059	3,876	3,720	3,301
Solid Waste Collection	830	847	828	857	843	745	669	681	645	639
Solid Waste Disposal	260	259	263	263	257	311	315	302	307	318
Seaport	251	272	283	338	338	338	384	387	400	410
Aviation	1,775	1,811	1,921	1,892	1,859	1,875	1,642	1,593	1,537	1,514
Water	901	941	974	982	1,017	1,008	266	266	1,190	1,194
Sewer	1,328	1,322	1,369	1,386	1,419	1,408	1,422	1,422	1,314	1,324
Public Health Trust <sup>a</sup>	8,140	8,528	9,247	9,432	9,175	10,910	11,185	12,151	12,688	12,561
Other	160	811	812	871	794	814	736	747	610	280
Total	35,747	36,853	38,300	39,143	39,777	40,619	40,980	42,557	42,735	41,713

Office of Strategic Business Management. (a) Public Health Trust: Number of full-time employees were restated from fiscal year 2005 to fiscal year 2008, based on updated information from PHT. Source: Miami-Dade County, Florida, Business Plan, Adopted Budget, and Five-Year Financial Outlook (various years), Miami-Dade County

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA OPERATING INFORMATION

# OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Protection of people and property Corrections and Rehabilitation										
Average daily inmate population	6,485	6,540	6,763	6,977	6,875	6,983	6,956	6,958	6,917	6,316
Annual inmate meals served	N/A	N/A	N/A	ΥN	8.325M	8.579M	8.572M	8.907M	9.686M	8.168M
Average length of stay per inmate (in days)	A/N	N/A	A/N	Ϋ́Ν	22	24	23.4	22.4	22.1	20.4
Monthly bookings	N/A	A/A	N/A	Ϋ́	9,440	8,600	9,198	9,453	9,875	9,315
Fire and Rescue Department										
Average response time for life-threatening emergencies inside urban areas (in										
minutes)	7.23	7.31	7.36	7.98	6.75	8.47	7.03	8.07	7.59	7.53
Average response time for structure fires (in minutes)	6.9	7.09	6.95	6.93	90.9	7.28	6.01	6.44	6.38	6.37
Annual total calls dispatched	N/A	A/A	A/N	Ϋ́	206,128	213,632	214,551	229,233	233,546	235,302
Juvenile Services Department (JSD)										
Percentage of Youth Successfully Completing Treatment Plans	N/A	A/N	N/A	A/N	A/N	75%	74%	%82	%9/	75%
Arrests processed at the JSD	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ϋ́	11,799	11,553	10,829	9,982	8,971	8,117
Number of arrested juveniles who qualify and receive JSD diversion services	N/A	N/A	A/A	Ν	N/A	2,888	3,007	2,813	3,471	3,749
Medical Examiner										
Number of autopsies performed	N/A	N/A	N/A	ΥN	A/N	2,045	2,140	2,153	2,038	2,138
Police										
Violent crimes (murders, robbery, sex crimes, assaults)	9,824	9,496	9,047	8,879	8,549	8,597	8,446	8,324	8,480	7,563
Non-violent crimes (burglary, larceny, auto theft)	57,103	54,970	52,623	53,937	50,919	47,086	46,967	51,374	50,505	46,639
Crimes and clearance rate - homicides	A/N	N/A	A/N	21%	%62	84%	%29	64%	%89	%59
Crimes and clearance rate - robberies	N/A	N/A	N/A	38%	38%	28%	23%	76%	28%	28%
Crimes and clearance rate - sex crimes	N/A	A/A	N/A	46%	22%	34%	42%	35%	37%	78%
Average emergency response time (in minutes)	4.92	4.75	4.95	4.93	5.02	5.33	8.63	6.29	5.70	5.32
Transportation (streets and roads)										
Public Works										
Number of street lights maintained by the County	19,117	18,883	19,766	19,857	20,044	20,300	21,131	20,500	21,607	22,166
Physical environment										
Environmental Resources Management		****	***	1	0	0	1	900		r C
Operating permit inspections Traes provided to residents through Adopt-a-Tree program	<b>4</b> 4 7 2	¥	∀ \Z ∀ \Z	7,347 N/A	8,422 A/A	8,422	7,480	4,696	9,045	9,563
ביינים ליני ביינים ביינ						20,03	200	2	2	5
Health										
Animal Services Number of nets adouted/resoured	۷/N	A/N	δ/N	Δ/N	6.437	6 544	8 250	6 758	7,800	8 3 2 8
Dog licenses issued	ζ ₹ Ż	Z Z	ζ ∢ Ż Ż	Z Z	150,961	166.796	136.235	150,000	154,000	173.653
Shelter intake	A/N	A/N	A/N	Ψ.Z	29,637	28 898	30,691	33 271	34 000	37 141
								Î		

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA OPERATING INFORMATION

# OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Human Services Human Services Domestic violence victims provided shelter and advocacy Meals on Wheels clients served	Community Action Agency Clients served at community centers 1	Socio-economic environment Housing Agency Occupancy rate in public housing Housing and Community Development	Agencies tunded through the CUBIG/HOME Request for Application (RFA) process 2	Economic Advocaby Trust  Number of Housing Assistance Loans approved <sup>3</sup> Cases referred to Teen Court	Culture and recreation Library Number of registered borrowers Groulation Parks	Miami Metrozoo attendance Deering Estate Gate Admissions <sup>4</sup> Golf rounds Marina utilization Summer camp registrations After school registrations at park facilities	Mass transit Daily riders - Metrobus Daily riders - Metromover	Solid waste collection Waste collected (tons) Number of household and commercial customers	Solid waste disposal Trash disposed (net tons)
2000	<b>∀ ∀ ∀ ∀ ∀ ∀ ∀ ∀</b>	Y Z	N/A	N/A	N N N A	N/A	431,812 N/A 228,316 90% N/A N/A	211,600 47,200 14,300	750,381 282,349	1.576M
2001	Y X	N/A	ĕ/N	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	451,437 N/A 211,095 98% 10,069 1,334	211,900 46,300 16,200	768,670 287,469	1.487M
2002	A A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/N N/A	742,708	452,880 N/A 200,412 99% 8,031 1,536	204,500 46,500 16,300	843,696 292,598	1.583M
2003	Y Y Z Z	Y Z	<b>∀</b> /Z	N/A	A A Z Z	653,153	492,523 26,324 204,482 10,804 1,146	227,000 54,200 24,900	885,765 298,040	1.622M
2004	1,361	Y/N	N/A	180	318	730,692	459,404 25,124 255,719 105% 9,977 1,445	227,100 54,700 30,600	834,101 304,329	1.596M
2002	1,275	24,863	%68	136	334	832,085	488,974 27,092 255,502 10,357 2,265	239,000 58,000 29,000	971,212 311,297	1.836M
2006	1,334	27,575	89%	140	625 212	788,885	523,032 27,289 260,547 102% 11,647 2,415	257,000 58,700 27,200	1,234M 319,286	2.396M
2007	1,200	27,861	94%	42	761 246	875,171	632,706 42,968 266,472 100% 12,174 2,540	263,192 59,449 27,240	764,582 322,687	1.679M
2008	1,385	26,808	93%	92	93 363	927,617	605,590 48,167 264,331 99% 11,251 2,156	270,600 62,800 27,400	744,925 326,482	1.618M
2009	1,385	79,800	%98	114	224 420	1,046,839	809,345 54,069 251,605 95% 9,835 1,536	240,996 60,463 25,385	676,676 323,471	1.552M

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA OPERATING INFORMATION

# OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Seaport Number of cruise ship passengers Cargo tons transited Ships (visits)	3.365M	3.391M	3.643M	3.961M	3.500M	3.605M	3.731M	3.787M	4.138M	4.110M
	7.805M	8.247M	8.682M	9.002M	9.230M	9.474M	8.654M	7.835M	7.430M	6.831M
	3,447	3,350	3,259	3,085	2,872	2,881	2,694	2,335	2,367	2,461
Aviation Number of passengers at Miami International Airport (MIA) Cargo tons Number of flight arrivals and departures at MIA	33.743M	33.049M	29.350M	29.533M	30.244M	30.912M	32.095M	32.278M	34.065M	33.875M
	1.799M	1.841M	1.773M	1.775M	1.942M	1.954M	1.953M	2.099M	2.080M	1.710M
	448,884	431,919	388,738	381,248	381,670	377,630	376,007	382,714	377,568	348,487
Water Number of customers Water pumped (millions of gallons)	372,973 125,498	379,144 118,985	385,441 121,332	391,227 125,254	398,318 126,249	406,059 125,797	412,121 125,643	416,620 119,092	418,258 112,579	417,983 114,431
Sewer Number of customers Wastewater treated (millions of gallons)	283,656	298,226	304,104	309,480	316,257	323,615	329,615	334,426	366,290	336,272
	112,244	114,003	115,700	107,972	103,482	112,309	108,049	107,926	109,197	109,320
Public health  Number of hospital admissions  Number of outpatient visits  Total patient days  Uninsured patient days	55,389	66,424	68,141	68,475	67,566	67,462	66,074	77,316	80,803	78,048
	528,674	579,599	598,701	610,485	621,548	591,934	570,331	563,690	579,440	618,670
	388,750	439,080	445,819	450,359	446,157	437,312	439,213	504,986	512,355	492,572
	178,280	181,301	185,089	186,281	181,324	180,682	181,767	185,552	189,124	177,662

Legend: N/A = not available
Source: Various Miami-Dade County departments

The increase in FY 2009 reflects the transfer of the Neighborhood Centers to CAA from DHS; in FY 2010, the clients will be referred to Community Enrichment Centers.
 The reduction in FY 2007 is due to the elimination of CDBG funding for public service activities.
 Decrease in FY 2008 reflects reduced Documentary Stamp Surfax revenues.
 Deering Estate Admissions reflects Estate's capacity rather than paid admissions. Data were restated beginning FY 2003.

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA OPERATING INFORMATION

# CAPITAL ASSET INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Protection of people and property Police Department										
Police district stations (Owned)	1	=			=	1	12	12	13	14
Police vehicles	N/A	3,149	3,246	3,261	3,272	3,233	3,227	3,305	3,291	3,223
Fire Department Fire suppression stations	A/N	A/N	43	44	45	49	56	22	55	55
Separate EMS stations	Ϋ́Ν	₹ Z		10	; =	2	, m	9	6	g 6
Pumpers/fire engines	ΑN	Ϋ́Z	26	28	29	31	37	36	35	35
Ambulances	A/N	N/A	42	44	48	46	49	49	29	29
Transportation (streets and roads)										
Road miles maintained	N/A	A/N	5,571	5,577	5,350	5,173	5,184	3,610	3,607	3,623
Traffic signals	2,985	3,045	3,080	3,155	3,225	3,264	3,275	3,306	3,476	3,583
Streetlights	19,117	18,883	19,766	19,857	20,044	20,610	21,131	20,500	21,607	22,166
Culture and recreation Parks and Recreation										
Parks acreage Libraries	9,332	8,855	8,855	9,129	9,185	9,347	9,434	12,660	12,661	12,673
Library facilities	37	37	39	39	39	40	41	45	20	51
Mass transit										
Miles of rail	21	21	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Number of Metrorail stations Number of buses	21 666	21	21 732	22 802	22 910	22 987	22 1 008	22 996	22 915	22 863
		1	1	3	5	3	2		5	8
Solid waste collection Solid waste packers	A/N	N/A	602	466	463	518	636	612	639	540
Seaport										
Passenger terminals Gantry granes	1 2	17 17	11 1	10 0	100	10	10	12	12	12
Number of airports	9 <	9 <	9 <	9 <	9 <	9 <	Ω <	₹2 <	₹2 <b>~</b>	ري ح
Nullidel oi iuliways al ivila	f	4	4	4	1	4	1	4	4	4

**OPERATING INFORMATION** MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

# CAPITAL ASSET INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2002	2006	2007	2008	2009
Water Water treatment plants Water mains (miles) Water treatment capacity (million gallons per day) Water supply wells	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	N/A	N/A	N/A	5,421	5,426	5,519	5,575	5,624	5,641	5,747
	452	452	452	452	452	452	452	452	452	452
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	92	92	97	100	100	100
Sewer Sanitary sewers (miles) Wastewater treatment plants Wastewater treatment capacity (million gallons per Wastewater pump stations	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,722	3,724	3,803	3,858	3,919	3,948	3,981
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	368	353	353	353	353	353	341	368	368	368
	930	935	947	956	967	976	986	992	1,035	1,035
Public health Number of licensed hospital beds 1	1,558	1,757	1,757	1,757	1,757	1,757	1,757	2,139	2,139	2,139

Legend: N/A = not available
Source: Various Miami-Dade County departments
Note:

1. The increase in the number of licensed hospital beds in 2001 is due to the acquisition of Jackson North Hospital and in 2007 due to acquisition of Jackson North Hospital.

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

# GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BY SOURCE (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands)

Fiscal Year		General	Local		Franchise,			I	nte	rgovernmenta	ı		All Other
ended		Property	Option Gas	C	ommunication		License			Revenue			Revenue
September 30,	Total	Taxes	Taxes	an	d Utility Taxes		and Permits	Sales Tax		Sharing		Other	Sources *
2000	\$ 1,246,130	\$ 608,819	\$ 51,028	\$	134,174	9	\$ 64,523	\$ 90,762	\$	71,183	\$	15,997	\$ 209,644
2001	1,305,822	640,135	52,401		139,943		71,764	99,509		65,454		14,160	222,456
2002	1,429,792	682,940	53,694		174,485		76,671	101,523		69,769		14,419	256,291
2003	1,499,131	764,558	55,282		156,735		78,246	111,386		66,252		14,599	252,073
2004	1,623,938	859,600	55,782		158,410		86,043	113,947		69,596		16,442	264,118
2005	1,771,352	950,483	57,526		153,504		90,761	118,751		74,426		16,159	309,742
2006	2,017,718	1,110,992	58,572		162,090		94,609	130,538		81,242		15,636	364,039
2007	2,215,188	1,286,643	57,389		175,193		80,856	130,822		77,838		15,569	390,878
2008	2,116,939	1,223,371	58,403		134,804		112,950	134,017		79,655		16,806	356,933
2009	2,091,407	1,262,973	52,669		122,814		106,217	113,916		75,963		14,756	342,099

<sup>\*</sup> All other revenue sources excluding operating transfers in.

# GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES BY FUNCTION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands)

		F	Policy Formulation	Protection					Health				
Fiscal Year			and	of People				á	and Socio-	Culture			
ended			General	and	Physical				economic	and	Capital		Net
September 30,	Total	C	Sovernment	Property	Environment	T	ransportation	Ε	nvironment	Recreation	Outlay	Т	ransfers*
2000	\$ 1,245,828	\$	267,441	\$ 591,150	\$ 36,439	\$	29,671	\$	21,105	\$ 66,969		\$	233,053
2001	1,323,076		281,823	620,783	33,730		31,485		30,102	71,987			253,166
2002	1,445,518		297,179	634,047	54,233		21,392		25,955	71,213	\$ 19,581		321,918
2003	1,544,556		310,698	667,135	55,450		23,751		24,952	77,183	24,959		360,428
2004	1,635,367		307,699	720,652	59,855		26,146		45,257	84,894	14,043		376,821
2005	1,679,933		303,467	770,551	64,363		34,703		50,774	88,616	18,674		348,785
2006	1,924,873		338,856	850,199	73,600		36,799		39,974	101,787	24,772		458,886
2007	2,179,064		412,480	924,446	72,270		42,906		39,579	98,107	39,179		550,097
2008	2,157,955		423,505	933,452	73,025		42,025		44,934	104,710	23,518		512,786
2009	2,162,291		367,970	916,074	71,759		36,950		123,189	99,064	23,179		524,106

<sup>\*</sup> Represents operating transfers in less operating transfers out.

# MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

# TAX INCREMENT DISTRICTS (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands)

			SE										12	7th			North	
		South	Overtown/		Park West			City		Florida	South	Naranja	Ave	Avenue M	Midtown	North	Miami	West
District		Pointe	Park West		Addition	Omni(1)		Center	Homestead	City	Miami	Lakes	Con	Corridor	Miami	Miami	Beach	Perrine
		Miami						Miami		Florida	South					North	N. Miami	
Municipality		Beach	Miami	.Е	Miami	Miami		Beach	Homestead	City	Miami	N/A	z	N/A	Miami	Miami	Beach	N/A
Base year (created)		1976		1982	1985		1986	1992	1993	1994	1998	2002	2	2003	2004	2004	2004	2006
Base assessment	↔	59,637	2 \$	\$ 908'82	37,462 \$	\$ 241	246,899 \$	292,572	\$ 85,619	\$ 42,804	\$ 68,437	\$ 131,293	ક્ક	54,233 \$	29,282 \$	870,434 \$	235,289 \$	431,320
Revenue																		
County -	2000 \$	2,838	s	217	N/A	€9	317 \$	3,414	\$ 390	\$ 73	\$ 385							
	2001	3,602		344	N/A		393	3,984	419	140	340							
	2002	4,173		548	N/A		619	4,930	501	285	339							
	2003	4,717		026	N/A		1,344	5,882	909	313	301							
	2004	7,013		944	N/A	. •	2,046	6,575	808	328	328	\$ 125	5					
	2002	9,457		1,189	N/A		2,282	7,236	946	206	334	323	3 &	26				
	2006	11,591		1,714	N/A		3,689	10,563	1,491	513	542	539	6	152 \$	52 \$	222 \$	197	
	2007	15,104		2,410	N/A	-	5,289	14,453	2,103	292	740	1,31	_	569	122	214	275	
	2008	14,669		2,228	N/A	,	4,652	13,956	1,711	743	719	1,577	7	286	300	360	\$ 952	465
	2009	16,379		2,706	N/A		5,597	14,846	1,887	1,164	719	1,720	0	320	1,323	1,139	868	604
Municipality -	2000 \$	3,663	s	355	N/A	s	519 \$	4,407	\$ 570	\$ 100	\$ 423							
	2001	4,734		574	N/A		624	5,241	929	219	376							
	2002	5,416		868	N/A		1,016	6,419	772	442	388							
	2003	5,971		1,562	N/A		1,982	7,400	911	463	368							
	2004	8,654		1,474	N/A		2,594	8,363	1,096	556	471	\$ 51	<del>-</del>					
	2005	11,767		2,078	N/A		3,273	9,456	1,245	789	470	133	န	40				
	2006	15,030		2,656	N/A		5,515	14,057	1,739	844	629	266	9	64 \$	\$ 92	1,462 \$	253	
	2007	19,937		3,923	N/A	-	8,122	18,991	2,305	1,066	962	571	<del>-</del>	117	182	3,919	768	
	2008	18,228		3,745	N/A		7,747	17,691	2,125	1,299	752	20	_	127	478	4,624	1,146 \$	207
	2009	19,474		4,577	N/A		9,664	18,345	2,356	1,822	797	71	8	133	2,098	5,124	1,218	251

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

# INSURANCE IN FORCE (Unaudited) AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Type of Coverage	Insurer	Policy Period	Premium
ART INSURANCE:	Lloyds of London	04/17/09-04/17/10	\$ 4,535
AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY:			
Executive Vehicles	Twin City	01/18/09-01/18/10	30,772
AVIATION:			
Airport Liability	ACE & London Companies	10/01/08-10/01/09	987,788
Airport Wrap-Up	London Companies	10/01/08-10/01/09	1,893,750
Aircraft Hull and Liability	National Union Fire	01/08/09-01/08/10	411,954
BONDS:			
Customs Bond	Fidelity & Deposit Co.	03/18/09-3/18/10	850
Money & Securities /WASAD	Fidelity & Deposit Co.	11/25/08-11/25/09	4,730
Crime Policy	Fidelity & Deposit Co.	08/19/09-08/19/10	124,358
FLOOD COVERAGE:			
Various County locations	American Bankers (NFIP)	Various	Various
HEALTH/LIFE COVERAGES:			
Head Start Accident Insurance	United Healthcare	01/25/09-01/25/10	1,883
Accidental Death	Hartford Life Insurance Company	08/29/09-08/29/10	182,967
Older Americans Volunteer Program	Various	07/01/09-07/01/10	5,790
PBA Survivors Benefit Trust	Hartford Life Insurance Company	08/29/09-08/29/10	Various
MARINE COVERAGE:			
Marine Hull & Liability	Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.	02/01/09-02/01/10	18,206
PROPERTY INSURANCE:			
Countywide Master Program	Various Companies	05/03/09-05/03/10	14,549,278
Boiler & Machinery	Zurich	05/03/09-05/03/10	131,876
Water and Sewer Department	Various Companies	10/31/08-10/31/09	3,000,402
Miami-Dade Housing Agency	Lexington	07/01/09-07/01/10	1,614,705
Solid Waste Department	Various Companies	05/03/09-05/03/10	1,570,838
South Terminal - MIA	Lexington/London	08/29/08-05/03/10	2,929,004
MDHA - Forced Place	Lloyd's of London	02/01/09-02/01/10	Various
SELF INSURANCE FUND:			
Automobile Liability	Self Insurance Fund	Continuous	
Police Professional Liability	Self Insurance Fund	Continuous	
Public Liability	Self Insurance Fund	Continuous	
Workers Compensation	Self Insurance Fund	Continuous	
SOUTH MIAMI-DADE CULTURAL CENTER			
Professional Liability	Security Insurance Co.	12/31/08-01/31/10	179,400
SPECIAL EVENTS:			
Dade County Auditorium	Western World Insurance Co.	10/04/08-10/04/09	Various

Source: Miami-Dade County General Services Administration, Risk Management Division.

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

# **MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION**

# PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Commercial Construction (1)	onstruction	n (1)	Residentia	Residential Construction (1)	ction (1)					Real Pro	Real Property Value (3)		
	Number			Number			Bank/S	Bank/Savings						
	ō		Value	o	•	Value	Depos	Deposits (2)	So	Commercial	Res	Residential	Non	Nontaxable
Year	Buildings	(in the	(in thousands)	Units	(in tho	(in thousands)	in mi	(in millions)	(in th	in thousands)	(in th	(in thousands)	(in	(in thousands)
2000	601	\$	513,457	8,360	\$	687,205	\$	40,543	ક્ક	32,137,670	\$	71,442,168	s	21,304,769
2001	525		616,442	9,882		845,123		45,064		33,219,426		76,087,033		22,747,425
2002	498		722,077	8,805		751,960		51,297		32,650,542		85,606,675		23,648,584
2003	397		697,100	9,373		819,753		56,264		29,999,821		99,013,490		24,661,795
2004	794		359,033	6,603		982,420		62,368		27,473,191		116,239,333		26,120,760
2005	914		273,735	8,893		1,031,757		70,222		23,855,015		139,613,985		28,092,145
2006	394		327,729	8,001		899,980		73,205		23,738,025		169,866,793		31,261,236
2007	288		295,413	2,404		315,586		76,345		16,598,833		215,572,532		34,845,321
2008	274		477,442	1,262		159,407		74,987		9,129,832		258,170,144		38,811,047
5009	202		263,754	929		55,417		77,178		25,624,333	-	259,434,650		49,770,970

# Source:

(1) Miami-Dade County Building Department. Unincorporated Area only.

<sup>(2)</sup> Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation deposits of all FDIC insured institutions as of June 30.

<sup>(3)</sup> Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser. In FY 2009, total actual and assessed values are estimates based on the First Certified 2008 Tax Roll made on October 2008, prior to any adjustments processed by the Value Adjustment Board. The Final Certified Tax Roll for 2008 has not been released as of the date of this report. Approximately \$82 billion in taxable value has been petitioned for reassessment to the Value Adjustment Board.

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY TOURISM (Unaudited) LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(in thousands)

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Number of Visitors										
Domestic	5,475	5,263	5,316	5,585	5,726	6,029	6,263	6,473	6,341	6,252
International	5,684	5,246	4,915	4,860	5,236	5,272	5,322	5,493	5,787	5,684
Total	11,159	10,509	10,231	10,445	10,962	11,301	11,585	11,966	12,128	11,936
International Visitors by Region										
European Countries	1,419	1,222	1,131	1,108	1,246	1,213	1,224	1,294	1,361	1,279
Caribbean Countries	739	698	650	646	676	686	665	684	702	682
Latin American Countries	2,725	2,581	2,461	2,430	2,628	2,673	2,778	2,835	3,020	3,067
Canada/Japan/Other	801	745	673	676	686	701	655	680	704	656
Total	5,684	5,246	4,915	4,860	5,236	5,272	5,322	5,493	5,787	5,684

Source: Greater Miami Convention and Visitors Bureau.

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY TOURISM ECONOMIC IMPACT (Unaudited) LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(in millions)

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Domestic	\$8,530	\$7,122	\$6,299	\$5,573	\$6,883	\$7,863	\$7,688	\$7,146	\$6,557	\$5,954
International	8,065	6,797	5,613	4,164	6,875	8,124	9,108	10,759	10,745	11,157
Total	\$16,595	\$13,919	\$11,912	\$9,737	\$13,758	\$15,987	\$16,796	\$17,905	\$17,302	\$17,111

Source: Greater Miami Convention and Visitors Bureau.

# MIAMI-DADE COUNTY TOURISM TAX COLLECTION (Unaudited) LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(in thousands)

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
T : 10 1 1T	*40.000	044.007	040.004	<b>044.004</b>	040.054	<b>0</b> 45.007	<b>*</b> 40.700	<b>*</b> 40.000	047.044	444.000
Tourist Development Tax	\$12,309	\$11,637	\$10,904	\$11,234	\$12,851	\$15,097	\$16,703	\$18,390	\$17,844	\$14,388
Convention Development Tax	30,493	29,345	27,263	29,413	30,045	39,813	42,741	47,249	47,225	40,946
Tourist Development Surtax	4,303	4,152	4,290	4,601	5,150	5,294	5,594	5,924	5,663	4,651
Professional Sports Facility Tax	6,155	5,819	5,452	5,617	6,425	7,549	8,352	9,195	8,922	7,194
Homeless and Spouse Abuse Tax	9,129	9,701	9,958	9,618	11,440	12,796	14,005	14,602	15,098	14,969

Note: Actual year tax collected by facilities as follows:

Tourist Development Tax - 2% on living rentals for six months or less; excludes Miami Beach, Surfside and Bal Harbour.

Convention Development Tax - 3% on living rentals for six months or less; excludes Surfside and Bal Harbour.

Tourist Development Surtax - 2% on food and beverage sold in hotels and motels; excludes Miami Beach, Surfside and Bal Harbour, effective July 1, 1990.

Professional Sports Facility Tax - 1% on living rentals for six months or less; excludes Miami Beach, Surfside and Bal Harbour, effective January 1, 1991.

Homeless and Spouse Abuse Tax - 1% on food and beverages sold in establishments except motels and hotels, having gross annual revenues greater than \$400,000, licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on premises, excluding Miami Beach, Surfside and Bal Harbour, effective October 1, 1993.

Source: Miami-Dade County Finance Department, Tax Collector's Division.

## **MIAMI-DADE COUNTY**

STEPHEN P. CLARK CENTER 111 N.W. 1<sup>ST</sup> STREET MIAMI, FLORIDA 33128

# INDIVIDUAL DEPARTMENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CAN BE OBTAINED FROM:

### MIAMI-DADE TRANSIT

OVERTOWN TRANSIT VILLAGE 701 NW 1<sup>ST</sup> COURT, SUITE 1700 MIAMI, FLORIDA 33136

### **SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT**

2525 N.W. 62<sup>ND</sup> STREET, 5<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR MIAMI, FLORIDA, 33147

### **SEAPORT DEPARTMENT**

1015 NORTH AMERICA WAY MIAMI, FLORIDA, 33132

### **AVIATION DEPARTMENT**

MIAMI INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT 4200 N.W. 21<sup>ST</sup> STREET MIAMI. FLORIDA 33142

### WATER AND SEWER DEPARTMENT

3071 S.W. 38<sup>TH</sup> AVENUE
MIAMI, FLORIDA 33146
http://www.miamidade.gov/wasd/reports\_financial.asp

## **PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST**

1611 N.W. 12<sup>TH</sup> AVENUE MIAMI, FLORIDA 33136

## **HOUSING AGENCY**

1401 N.W. 7<sup>TH</sup> STREET MIAMI, FLORIDA 33125

## About the Cover

# The Miami Skyline

The Dante B. Fascell Port of Miami Bridge stretches towards the Miami skyline.

Photograph Courtesy of: Dan Cowan Miami-Dade County Seaport

Miami-Dade County, Florida Finance Department Office of the Controller 111 NW 1 Street, Suite 2620 Miami, Florida 33128-1980