

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSION AUDITOR MIAMI-DADE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

COMMISSION AUDITOR'S INFORMATIONAL RESEARCH

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS MEETING

July 20, 2021 9:30 A.M. Commission Chambers

> Yinka Majekodunmi, CPA Commission Auditor

Office of the Commission Auditor (OCA) 111 N.W. First Street, Suite 1030 Miami, FL 33128 (305) 375-2524

Item No. 8G2, 8G3, 8G4, 8G5, 8G6 File No. 211761, 211762, 211771, 211763, 211764

Researcher: ES & PC Reviewer: YM

ISSUE/REQUESTED ACTION

Resolution setting the Proposed Fiscal Year 2021-22 Countywide Operating Millage Rate, Countywide Debt Service Millage Rate, Unincorporated Municipal Services Area Operating Millage Rate, Fire Rescue District Operating Millage Rate, and Library District Operating Millage Rate.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Prime Sponsor: N/A Department/Requester: N/A

ANALYSIS

The purpose of this analysis is to provide an estimate of the potential revenue to be received, assuming the Countywide millage rate remains flat. The estimated additional revenue of \$92.7 million would be generated in the proposed FY 2021-22 budget when compared to the FY 2020-21 budget due to an improved tax roll. The detail by taxing jurisdiction is as follows (dollar values are rounded to the nearest thousand):

	FY 20-21		FY 21-22		FY 20-21 vs. FY 21-22
Taxing Jurisdiction	Adopted	Budgeted	Proposed	Budgeted	Additional
	Millage	Revenue	Millage	Revenue	Revenue
Countywide	4.6669	\$1,438,081,000	4.6669	\$1,498,403,000	\$60,322,000
UMSA	1.9283	\$159,867,000	1.9283	\$168,891,000	\$9,024,000
Fire	2.4207	\$417,654,000	2.4207	\$437,896,000	\$20,242,000
Library	0.2840	\$78,678,000	0.2840	\$81,819,000	\$3,141,000
Operating Millage/ Revenue	9.2999	\$2,094,280,000	9.2999	\$2,187,009,000	\$92,729,000
Aggregate Millage	6.7964		6.8116		

Notes:

1. All tax roll values are current estimates as of tax rolls of July 1, 2021.

2. The impact of the federal funding (2020 Cares Act, 2021 American Rescue Plan and others) was not factored into the analysis. In addition, the effect of COVID-19 on the budgeted revenues is considered to be limited.

3. The \$92.7 million of FY 2021-22 Additional Total Revenue cannot be considered available for use until several factors are taken into account, including, but not limited to the general increase in annual cost-of-living adjustment, contractual maintenance, service levels, and salaries and fringes.

4. Once the deadline for the property tax payment has lapsed, the County is not exposed to a significant risk of recognizing the Ad Valorem revenue. The related certificates are sold on a third-party marketplace at the original value with limited exposure to loss in value.

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

1. As per the financial system of record, actual tax proceeds received in FY 2019-20 was \$12.1 million more than the FY 2019-20 budgeted amount. This difference was partially expected due to the methodology of budgeting 95% of expected revenues per State Statutes. The detail by taxing jurisdiction is as follows (dollar values are rounded to the nearest thousand):

	FY 2019-20			
Taxing Jurisdiction	Adopted Millage	Adopted Budget Revenue	Actual Revenue	Additional Revenue
Countywide	4.6669	\$1,368,379,000	\$1,376,109,000	\$7,730,000
UMSA	1.9283	\$150,878,000	\$152,552,000	\$1,674,000
Fire	2.4207	\$398,388,000	\$400,612,000	\$2,224,000
Library	0.2840	\$75,804,000	\$76,246,000	\$442,000
Operating Millage/Revenue	9.2999	\$1,993,449,000	\$2,005,519,000	\$12,070,000
Aggregate Millage	6.7987			

2. The detail on millage calculations under scenarios with proposed rates by taxing jurisdiction is as follows (dollar values are rounded to the nearest thousand):

Countywide Millage	Revenue	(Decrease)/Increase in Revenue from Proposed Rates
4.3363	\$1,392,271,000	\$ (106,132,000)
4.3863	\$1,408,325,000	\$ (90,078,000)
4.4363	\$1,424,378,000	\$ (74,025,000)
4.4863	\$1,440,432,000	\$ (57,971,000)
4.5363	\$1,456,485,000	\$ (41,918,000)
4.5863	\$1,472,539,000	\$ (25,864,000)
4.6363	\$1,488,592,000	\$ (9,811,000)
* 4.6669	\$1,498,403,000	\$0
4.7169	\$1,514,456,000	\$16,053,000
4.7669	\$1,530,510,000	\$32,107,000
4.8169	\$1,546,563,000	\$48,160,000
4.8669	\$1,562,617,000	\$64,214,000
4.9169	\$1,578,670,000	\$80,267,000

*FY 2020-21 Adopted and FY 2021-22 Proposed Millage Rate. In accordance with State law, property tax revenue is budgeted at 95 percent of levy.

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UMSA Millage	Revenue	(Decrease)/Increase in Revenue from Proposed Rates
1.7974	\$157,429,000	\$ (11,462,000)
1.8474	\$161,808,000	\$ (7,083,000)
1.8974	\$166,187,000	\$ (2,704,000)
* 1.9283	\$168,891,000	\$0
1.9783	\$173,270,000	\$4,379,000
2.0283	\$177,649,000	\$8,758,000
2.0783	\$182,029,000	\$13,138,000
2.1283	\$186,408,000	\$17,517,000
2.1783	\$190,787,000	\$21,896,000
2.2283	\$195,167,000	\$26,276,000
2.2783	\$199,546,000	\$30,655,000
2.3283	\$203,925,000	\$35,034,000
2.3783	\$208,304,000	\$39,413,000

*FY 2020-21 Adopted and FY 2021-22 Proposed Millage Rate. In accordance with State law, property tax revenue is budgeted at 95 percent of levy.

Fire Millage	Revenue	(Decrease)/Increase in Revenue from Proposed Rates
2.2291	\$403,236,000	\$ (34,660,000)
2.2791	\$412,281,000	\$ (25,615,000)
2.3291	\$421,326,000	\$ (16,570,000)
2.3791	\$430,371,000	\$ (7,525,000)
* 2.4207	\$437,896,000	\$0
2.4291	\$439,416,000	\$1,520,000
2.4791	\$448,460,000	\$10,564,000
2.5291	\$457,505,000	\$19,609,000
2.5791	\$466,550,000	\$28,654,000
2.6291	\$475,595,000	\$37,699,000
2.6791	\$484,640,000	\$46,744,000
2.7291	\$493,684,000	\$55,788,000
2.7791	\$502,729,000	\$64,833,000

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Library Millage	Revenue	(Decrease)/Increase in Revenue from Proposed Rates
0.2584	\$74,444,000	\$(7,375,000)
0.2684	\$77,325,000	\$(4,494,000)
0.2784	\$80,205,000	\$(1,614,000)
* 0.2840	\$81,819,000	\$0
0.2940	\$84,700,000	\$2,881,000
0.3040	\$87,581,000	\$5,762,000
0.3140	\$90,462,000	\$8,643,000
0.3240	\$93,343,000	\$11,524,000
0.3340	\$96,224,000	\$14,405,000
0.3440	\$99,104,000	\$17,285,000
0.3540	\$101,985,000	\$20,166,000
0.3640	\$104,866,000	\$23,047,000
0.3740	\$107,747,000	\$25,928,000

*FY 2020-21 Adopted and FY 2021-22 Proposed Millage Rate. In accordance with State law, property tax revenue is budgeted at 95 percent of levy.

APPLICABLE LEGISLATION/POLICY

Florida Constitution, Article VII, Finance and Taxation, Section 6 governs homestead exemptions; every person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of twenty-five thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than fifty thousand dollars and up to seventy-five thousand dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of ninety-eight years.

http://www.leg.state.fl.us/Statutes/index.cfm?Mode=Constitution&Submenu=3&Tab=statutes&CFID=59372775&C FTOKEN=5fa15fdf43e94b94-0AFA775A-5056-B837-1AC85422DB207EDB#A7S06

Florida Constitution, Article VII, Finance and Taxation, Section 9 governs local taxes, authorizing counties, school districts and municipalities to levy ad valorem taxes and may be authorized by general law to levy other taxes for their respective purposes, except ad valorem taxes on intangible personal property. Ad valorem taxes, exclusive of taxes levied for the payment of bonds and taxes levied for periods not longer than two years when authorized by vote of the electors who are the owners of freeholds therein not wholly exempt from taxation, shall not be levied in excess of the following millages upon the assessed value of real estate and tangible personal property: for all county purposes, ten mills; for all municipal purposes, ten mills; for all school purposes, ten mills; for water management purposes for the remaining portions of the state, 1.0 mill; and for all other special districts a millage

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authorized by law approved by vote of the electors who are owners of freeholds therein not wholly exempt from taxation. A county furnishing municipal services may, to the extent authorized by law, levy additional taxes within the limits fixed for municipal purposes.

http://www.leg.state.fl.us/Statutes/index.cfm?Mode=Constitution&Submenu=3&Tab=statutes&CFID=59372775&C FTOKEN=5fa15fdf43e94b94-0AFA775A-5056-B837-1AC85422DB207EDB#A7S06

Florida Statutes, Chapter 129, County Annual Budget, sets forth a budget system for the control of the finances of the boards of county commissioners of the several counties of the state; the budget must be prepared, summarized and approved by the board of county commissioners of each county. The budget must be balanced, so that the total of the estimated receipts available from taxation and other sources, including balances brought forward from prior fiscal years, equals the total of appropriations for expenditures and reserves.

http://www.leg.state.fl.us/Statutes/index.cfm?App_mode=Display_Statute&URL=0100-0199/0129/0129.html

Florida Statutes, Chapter 200, governs the determination of millage. Section 200.065 provides for the method of fixing millage and prescribes that upon preparation of a tentative budget, but prior to adoption thereof, each taxing authority shall compute a proposed millage rate necessary to fund the tentative budget other than the portion of the budget to be funded from sources other than ad valorem taxes.

The county commissioners shall determine the amount to be raised for all county purposes, except for county school purposes, and shall enter upon their minutes the rates to be levied for each fund respectively, together with the rates certified to be levied by the board of county commissioners for use of the county, special taxing district, board, agency, or other taxing unit within the county for which the board of county commissioners is required by law to levy taxes. http://www.leg.state.fl.us/Statutes/index.cfm?App_mode=Display_Statute&Search_String=&URL=0200-0299/0200/Sections/0200.065.html

Miami-Dade County Home Rule Amendment and Charter, Citizens' Bill of Rights, provides that the County Mayor shall prepare a budget showing the cost of each program for each budget year. Prior to the County Commission's first public hearing on the proposed budget required by state law, the County Mayor shall make public a budget summary setting forth the proposed cost of each individual program and reflecting all major proposed increases and decreases in funds and personnel for each program, the purposes therefore, the estimated millage cost of each program and the amount of any contingency and carryover funds for each program.

Section 5.03 of the Charter provides that between June 1 and July 15, the County Mayor should prepare a proposed budget containing a complete financial plan, including capital and operating budgets, for the ensuing fiscal year. The budget prepared and recommended by the Mayor, shall be presented by the Mayor or his or her designee to the Commission on or before the Board adopts tentative millage rates for the ensuing fiscal year. A summary of the budget shall be published and the Board shall hold hearings on and adopt a budget on or before the dates required by law.

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Section 9.10 of the Charter sets forth the Office of the Commission Auditor, providing that the Commission Auditor shall be a certified public accountant who reports directly to the County Commission. The Commission Auditor shall provide the Commission with independent budgetary, audit, management, revenue forecasting and fiscal analyses of commission policies and county services and contracts.

https://www.miamidade.gov/charter/library/home-rule-charter.pdf

Section 2-1795 of the County Code, Allocation of County Resources, provides that commencing in calendar year 2016, no later than April 1st of each year, the Commission Auditor shall provide to the Commission a written report detailing, as of the commencement of the fiscal year, for each department, office, division or other unit of County government the services provided to the community, the resources allocated for the delivery of such services, and the achievement of performance measures with respect to the delivery of services. The report shall include the Commission Auditor's recommendations regarding adjustments to resource allocations to yield desired service delivery results. Each commission committee shall meet no later than May 1st of each year to: review and discuss the Commission Auditor's report; identify new service delivery priorities for the ensuing fiscal year for those services under the commission committee's jurisdiction; approve by motion new service delivery priorities for the ensuing fiscal year; and forward its recommended priorities to the Commission. No later than June 1st of each year, the committee with jurisdiction over budgetary matters shall meet to: review and discuss the commission committees' recommended new service delivery priorities for the ensuing fiscal year; identify revenues and resources necessary to fund such priorities; and no later than June 15th, forward its findings to the Commission for its consideration at its regularly scheduled meeting immediately following June 15th or a special meeting called for such purpose. At such meeting, the Commission shall, by motion, approve those new service delivery priorities it wishes to implement in the ensuing fiscal year's County budget. The Board may by resolution or motion suspend the requirements imposed on the Commission Auditor and commission committees pursuant to this subsection.

The County shall adopt budgets and develop its long and short-term financial and capital improvement plans containing estimates developed utilizing a professional revenue estimating process. Participants in the process shall include, but not be limited to: the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (or its successor department), or his/her designee; the Director of the Finance Department or his/her designee; and the Commission Auditor or his/her designee. If there is not unanimity amongst the participants as to what an estimate should be, each participant's estimate shall be presented to the County Commission.

Commencing Fiscal Year 2012-13, prior to the Board's consideration of the resolution adopting its proposed millage rates for use in the preparation of the notice of proposed property taxes, a public hearing shall be held before a Committee of the Whole to discuss the proposed millage rates for the ensuing fiscal year, including, but not limited to, the impact of such proposed millage rates on funding for community-based organizations and the community. https://library.municode.com/fl/miami_-

_dade_county/codes/code_of_ordinances?nodeId=PTIIICOOR_CH2AD_ARTCXVIII.5GORE_S2-1795ALCORE

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Section 2-1800A, Public Meetings Regarding New or Increased Taxes or Fees, requires six public meetings to be conducted throughout the County whenever the proposed budget or the proposed budget ordinances for the ensuing fiscal year provide for new taxes or fees or for increases in the rates of ad valorem taxes, local option sales and gasoline taxes, water and sewer rates, franchise fees, utility service taxes, garbage/trash collection fees, mass transit fares, impact fees, or County imposed auto registration fees. Such meetings shall be conducted by county staff to solicit community input about the proposed new or increased taxes or fees.

https://library.municode.com/fl/miami -

_dade_county/codes/code_of_ordinances?nodeId=PTIIICOOR_CH2AD_ARTCXVIII.5GORE_S2-1800APUMERENEINTAFE

Ordinance No. 14-02, adopted January 22, 2014, amends the Board's rules of procedure to require a separate vote for approval of each millage rate levied by the County at the time the Board considers the millage rates to be included in the Truth in Millage Notice to Taxpayers an approval of millage rates at its annual public budget hearings. http://intra/gia/matter.asp?matter=132252&file=true&yearFolder=Y2013

Ordinance No. 07-45, adopted March 6, 2007, standardized the resource allocation and reserve procedures to be followed in the preparation and adoption of the County's annual budget and requiring budget format to provide clear bases on which to hold management accountable for operating within adopted budget. <u>http://intra/gia/matter.asp?matter=070515&file=true&yearFolder=Y2007</u>

Ordinance No. 15-44, adopted June 2, 2015, amends the Code to allow at the first and second budget hearings a separate motion and vote on certain amendments to the Mayor's proposed budget and to require the distribution of changes memoranda no later than 48 hours prior to the first and second budget hearings by both the Administration and the Commission Auditor.

http://intra/gia/matter.asp?matter=150301&file=true&yearFolder=Y2015

Ordinance No. 19-46, adopted on June 4, 2019, amends the Code to eliminate a Committee of the Whole meeting to review and discuss the Mayor's proposed budget. http://intra/gia/matter.asp?matter=190961&file=true&yearFolder=Y2019

Resolution No. R-31-09, adopted on January 22, 2009, approved a new investment policy for public funds and its associated implementation.

http://intra/gia/matter.asp?matter=083625&file=true&yearFolder=Y2008

Resolution No. R-541-14, adopted June 3, 2014, amended the Commission Auditor's Annual Work Program to include the task of analyzing the County's budget to identify savings that can be attained without impacting delivery of services.

http://intra/gia/matter.asp?matter=141113&file=true&yearFolder=Y2014

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Resolution No. R-530-10, adopted May 4, 2010, directs the Commission Auditor to track all agenda items with a fiscal impact for the required financial budgetary impact analysis and identify for the Board those items which do not include the required information.

http://intra/gia/matter.asp?matter=101189&file=false&yearFolder=Y2010

CONTRIBUTORS

Pierre Chammas, MBA, Interim Finance Manager Elena Shamina, MSF, Financial Analyst III

The Office of the Commission Auditor, Miami-Dade Board of County Commissioners

The Office of the Commission Auditor (OCA) was established in September 2002 by Ordinance 03-2 to provide support and professional analysis of the policy, service, budgetary and operational issues before the Miami-Dade Board of County Commissioners. The Commission Auditor's duties include reporting to the Board of County Commissioners on the fiscal operations of County departments, as well as whether the fiscal and legislative policy directions of the Commission are being efficiently and effectively implemented

These research notes, prepared in collaboration with the Miami Dade County departments as subject matter experts, is substantially less detailed in scope than an audit in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS). The OCA plans and performs the review to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for its findings and conclusions based on its objectives; accordingly, the OCA does not express an opinion on the data gathered by the subject matter expert(s).