MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019













MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

EDWARD MARQUEZ Deputy Mayor/Finance Director

BARBARA GOMEZ, CPA Deputy Finance Director BERTA RUFAT, CPA Controller

LEANY PEREZ, CPA Assistant Controller MELVIN CARTAGENA, CPA Assistant Controller

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MIAMI-DADE COUNTY

Carlos A. Gimenez Mayor

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> **Rebeca Sosa** Vice-Chairwoman

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Jean Monestime District 2

Audrey M. Edmonson District 3

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Xavier L. Suarez District 7 Daniella Levine Cava District 8

> Dennis C. Moss District 9

Senator Javier D. Souto District 10

> Joe A. Martinez District 11

José "Pepe" Diaz District 12

Esteban L. Bovo, Jr. District 13

Harvey Ruvin Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts

> Pedro J. Garcia Property Appraiser

Abigail Price-Williams County Attorney

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Miami-Dade County Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2018

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Finance Department Office of the Finance Director 111 NW 1 Street • Suite 2550 Miami, Florida 33128-1995 T 305-375-5245 F 305-375-5659

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March 31, 2020

Honorable Carlos A. Gimenez, Mayor

Honorable Audrey M. Edmonson, Chairwoman and Members of the Board of County Commissioners

Honorable Harvey Ruvin Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts

Citizens of Miami-Dade County

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present the Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "County" or "Miami-Dade County") Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, pursuant to Florida State law. The financial statements were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and audited by a firm of independent certified public accountants retained by the County and paid from its public funds. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the County received an unmodified opinion from its independent auditor.

This report may also be accessed via the internet at http://www.miamidade.gov/finance/.

Responsibility for the accuracy and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with management of the County. We believe the data is accurate in all material respects, is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County and has all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activity. Miami-Dade County has established comprehensive internal controls designed to protect the County's assets from loss, theft or misuse and provide accounting data for preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met.

The management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this Letter of Transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

Miami-Dade County is located along the southeast tip of the Florida peninsula, bounded by Biscayne Bay and the Atlantic Ocean to the east, Everglades National Park to the west, the Florida Keys to the south, and Broward County to the north. It occupies an area of more than 2,431 square miles. The total population served by the County is more than 2.8 million, including approximately 1.2 million that live in the Unincorporated Municipal Services Area ("UMSA"). Due to its proximity and high volume of travel and trade within the region, Miami-Dade County is often referred to as the "Gateway to Latin America and the Caribbean."

Government Structure and Services Provided

Dade County was created in 1836 and encompassed an area from present-day Palm Beach County to the Florida Keys. The State Legislature in 1955 approved and submitted to a general election a constitutional amendment designed to give a new form of government to the County. The amendment was approved in a statewide general election in November 1956. A Dade County Charter Board was constituted and, in April 1957, it completed a draft of a charter for the County. The proposed charter was adopted in a countywide election in May 1957 and became effective on July 20, 1957 (the "Charter"). The electors of the County are granted power to revise and amend the Charter from time



to time by countywide vote. The County has home-rule powers, subject only to the limitations of the Constitution and general laws of the State. The County has, in effect, a county government with certain powers effective throughout the entire County, including 34 municipalities located within the County, and a municipal government for the unincorporated area of the County. The County does not displace or replace the cities, but supplements them.

The Board of County Commissioners (the "BCC") is the legislative body, consisting of 13 members elected from single-member districts. Members are elected to serve four-year terms, not to exceed two consecutive four-year terms effective November 6, 2012. Elections of members are staggered. The BCC chooses a Chairperson, who presides over the Commission, as well as appoints the members of its legislative committees. The BCC has a wide array of powers to enact legislation and regulate businesses operating within the County. It also has the power to override the Mayor's veto with a two-thirds vote.

On January 23, 2007, the electors of Miami-Dade approved an amendment to the Home Rule Charter which established a Strong Mayor form of government. This amendment expands the Mayor's powers over administrative matters. Under this new system, the Mayor appoints all department heads.

On January 29, 2008, a charter amendment was approved to make the Property Appraiser an elected position. The Property Appraiser is elected to a four-year term, with no term limits.

The Clerk of the Board is a separate, duly elected constitutional officer as mandated by Article V, Section 16 of the Constitution of the State of Florida. The Clerk is elected to a four-year term by the electorate of Miami-Dade County. In this capacity, the Clerk serves as the Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, County Recorder, County Auditor, custodian of all County funds, and custodian of all records filed with the Court.

Florida's Constitution provides for five elected officials to oversee executive and administrative functions for each county: Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser and Clerk. Through the Home Rule Charter, the first three of these offices were reorganized and became subordinate County Departments. In November 2018, Amendment 10 to the Florida Constitution was adopted calling for, among other things, the election of these five offices in all counties by removing the counties' charters ability to abolish, change the term, transfer the duties or eliminate the election of these offices. The election for these offices under this amendment will take place in November 2024 and the newly elected officials will take office at the beginning of January 2025.

Miami-Dade County provides a full range of services, including, but not limited to, police and fire protection; health services, which includes the operation of a major hospital and various neighborhood health clinics; mass transportation; sanitation; water and sewer services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure; libraries; correctional facilities; parks, recreational and cultural facilities and events; the operation of an airport system, including an international airport, three general aviation airports and a training airport; a full service seaport and solid waste collection services.

The financial reporting entity under which the financial statements are prepared includes all the organizations, activities and functions for which the County, as the primary government, is financially accountable.

Budgetary Process and Control

State of Florida statutes require that all county governments prepare, approve, adopt and execute an annual budget for such funds as may be required by law or by sound financial practices. In compliance with this, the budgets adopted by the County are either



appropriated or non-appropriated in nature. Funds that have legally appropriated budgets cannot legally exceed their appropriations. The budgetary controls over funds that have nonappropriated budgets are set by enabling ordinances, such as Bond Ordinances, in which the expenditure authority extends many years into the future.

Budgets are monitored at varying levels of classification detail; however, expenditures cannot legally exceed total appropriations at the individual fund/department level. Amendments and supplements to the budget require BCC approval. Estimated beginning fund balances available for financing current appropriations are considered in the budgetary process. Budget

and actual comparison for the General Fund and the Fire Rescue Fund are presented in

the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section of the CAFR. Budget and actual comparisons for other governmental funds are presented as supplementary information in the financial section of the report.

As an additional control, the County employs an encumbrance system that reduces available appropriations in governmental funds upon issuance of purchase orders, contracts or other forms of legal commitments. Encumbrances at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Long-Term Debt Management

The County continues to obtain, in an efficient and innovative manner, long-term financing for the construction or acquisition of various long-term assets. It is management's objective to adequately plan and meet the County's comprehensive construction demands for essential capital improvements and equipment, while ensuring that the residents of the community are not overburdened with general obligation long-term debt payable from ad valorem taxes.

Enterprise Operations

The County operates the following enterprise funds: the Transit Enterprise Fund, the Solid Waste Management Enterprise Fund, the Seaport Department, the Aviation Department, the Water and Sewer Department, the Public Health Trust, the Rickenbacker Causeway Fund, the Venetian Causeway Fund, the Section 8 Allocation Fund and the Mixed Income Properties Fund. Following is a brief introduction to the County's major enterprise funds.

Although the Vizcaya Art Museum was set up as a separate trust, under GASB Statement No. 80, it has been blended as an enterprise fund within our statements. The County retains sole ownership of Vizcaya's grounds, building, and art collections. However, effective October 1, 2017 the management and operations, including personnel, will be overseen by the not-for-profit 501(c)3 organization, Vizcaya Museum and Gardens Trust, Inc. (VMGTI).

Transit Enterprise Fund

As part of the Transportation and the Neighborhood and Infrastructure strategic areas, the Department of Transportation and Public Works (DTPW) operates Miami-Dade



Transit (MDT or "Transit") the 15th largest public transit system in the country (based on annual vehicle revenue miles) and the largest transit agency in the state of Florida. DTPW's system includes a 25mile dual elevated Metrorail track, a 20-mile dedicated Transitway line that is among the longest in the United States, and a 4.4-mile dual elevated Metromover track. In addition, DTPW provides Special Transportation Services (STS) to eligible participants. During fiscal year 2019, Transit

operated a total fleet of approximately 944 buses, 130 rail cars and 29 Metromovers.

On November 5, 2002, Miami-Dade County voters approved a half of one percent Charter County Transit System Surtax (Surtax) that has since been providing a dedicated funding source for transportation improvements, operations and maintenance and roadway improvements in the County.

Miami-Dade County also approved the Peoples Transportation Plan or ("PTP") which outlined specific transit and roadway improvements to be supported by the Surtax. Eligible application includes bus service improvements, fixed guideways, rapid transit improvements, major highway and road improvements, and neighborhood improvements. Changes to County projects detailed in the PTP must first go through the Citizens' Independent Transportation Trust and are ultimately approved by the County Commission. Additionally, as per the Ordinance 02-116, 20 percent of the sales tax proceeds shall be distributed annually to municipalities in Miami-Dade County in existence at the time the tax was adopted, based upon a pro-rata share determined by population, for transportation and transit improvements. The County has agreed to allocate annually approximately 3 percent of the annual surtax proceeds from its 80 percent to three new municipalities that have been formed after the surtax was approved in 2002, as approved by the Board of County Commissioners.

Solid Waste Management Enterprise Fund

The Department of Solid Waste Management provides solid waste collection services for unincorporated Miami-Dade County and nine municipalities in addition to solid waste disposal services for all of Miami-Dade County. Its principal responsibilities are collection, transfer, disposal, and recycling of municipal solid waste.

Solid Waste Management is responsible for the operation of a variety of facilities, including the Resources Recovery Facility (waste-to-energy facility), landfills, transfer stations, and Neighborhood Trash and Recycling Centers. It is also responsible for meeting the State's countywide environmental compliance objectives such as the State's waste recycling goal of 75 percent by 2020.

Seaport Department

The Seaport Department operates the county-owned Dante B. Fascell Port of Miami-Dade ("Port"). The Port is the largest cruise home port in the world and is among the leading international waterborne container ports in the United States. The Port is an island port and occupies approximately 520 acres of land. For fiscal year 2019, the Port handled approximately 6.8 million passengers. During the same period, approximately 10.1 million tons of cargo and close to 1.1 million twenty-foot equivalent units (TEU's) were processed through the Port.

Aviation Department

The Miami-Dade County Aviation Department ("MDAD") operates a system of airports, the Miami International Airport ("MIA"), as well as three general aviation airports and one training airport. During fiscal year 2019, 45.8 million passengers traveled through MIA, an increase of 1.9% from prior year. MIA remains number one in the U.S. for international freight and third for international passenger traffic. MIA continues to be an economic



Water and Sewer Department

engine for Miami-Dade County and the State of Florida and is the major trans-shipment point between the Americas, and the Caribbean. During 2019, the Airport handled 79% of all air imports and 77% of all air exports between the United States and the Latin American/Caribbean region. More than 36,000 people are employed in the Miami-Dade County System of Airports, 1,432 of whom are County employees.

The Miami-Dade County Water and Sewer Department ("WASD"), considered the largest water utility in the Southeast United States, provides water and wastewater services throughout the County. The department's water system, consisting of three regional water treatment plants and five small auxiliary treatment plants, serves approximately 449,985 retail customers and fifteen wholesale customers within the County. WASD manages fifteen wellfields comprised of 95 production wells and five aquifer storage and recovery wells supplying untreated water to treatment plants. Seven remote finished water storage and pumping facilities and more than 8,574 miles of water mains distribute water throughout the 400 square mile service area. Whereas the wastewater system, also consisting of three regional wastewater treatment plants, serves approximately 366,069 retail customers and thirteen wholesale customers.

Public Health Trust

The Public Health Trust ("the Trust") was created in October 1973 to provide for an independent governing body responsible for the operation, governance, and maintenance of designated health facilities. These facilities include six hospitals, two skilled nursing facilities, several primary care centers, multiple specialty care centers, the corrections health services for Miami-Dade County; and five urgent care centers. The trust provides health services throughout the County. The hospitals include Jackson Memorial Hospital (a teaching hospital operating in association with the University of Miami School of Medicine), Jackson North Medical Center, Jackson South Medical Center, Jackson Behavioral Health Hospital, Jackson Rehabilitation Hospital, and Holtz Children's Hospital.

On September 3, 1991, the voters of the County approved a half-cent health care surtax (the Surtax) on sales transactions occurring in Miami-Dade County. The Surtax proceeds are considered unrestricted tax revenue of the Trust and shall be used only for the operation, maintenance and administration of the Trust. Additionally, the County is required to provide the Trust with a Maintenance of Effort (MOE) payment. At September 30, 2019, the Trust operated a total of 2,137 licensed hospital beds and 343 licensed nursing home beds.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements primarily focuses on the County's financial position, as measured by its existing resources and claims on those resources. However, the County's financial condition is best understood when the focus is on both

existing and future resources and potential claims on those resources. This broader concept is used to assess its financial condition, which reflects the current financial position as well as the prospects that today's financial position will improve or deteriorate.

Economic Condition

This economic condition and outlook outlines the level of economic activity throughout fiscal year 2019 and forecasts the area's economic outlook for next fiscal year (see discussion in Future Outlook related to coronavirus- COVID19.). The forecast of fiscal year 2019 was a fair assessment of what actually took place at the international, national and local levels.



At the national level, fiscal year 2019 saw a deceleration in economic activity, with real gross domestic product (GDP) increasing at an annual rate of 2.4%, compared to an increase of 3% in the prior year. The deceleration in GDP growth was brought about the drop in the level of investment from 5% in fiscal year 2018 to 3.6 percent in fiscal year 2019 and by a deceleration in personal consumption from 3.1% in fiscal year 2018 to 2.6% in fiscal year 2019. Alongside the deceleration in economic activity, and due, in part, to a drop in energy

prices, inflation decreased from 2.4% in fiscal year 2018 to 1.9% in fiscal year 2019. This pullback in the level of inflation materialized even though there was a decrease of the headline unemployment rate of 30 basis points to 3.7%, the lowest level in at least 15 years.

At the County level, fiscal year 2019 closed with the lowest unemployment rate since at least fiscal year 2007 and after adding the largest number of workers to payrolls since fiscal year 2016, fiscal year 2019 ended with the highest number of employed persons ever. The residential real estate market picked up some steam after two years of moderation with permits for new residential construction increasing 16% over the previous year and with single-family home sales increasing by 2% after declining for the three prior years.

Several indicators remained flat or contracted slightly in fiscal year 2019 compared to fiscal year 2018, including taxable sales, international trade, number of visitors to Miami, hotel occupancy rates and average hotel room rates.

Employment

During fiscal year 2019 nonagricultural wage and salary employment (annual average) recorded an overall gain of approximately 14,770 jobs. This was an increase of 2.1%, to bring total employment at a record high of 1,215,100 according to non-seasonally adjusted data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics. This gain in employment represented an uptick from the prior fiscal year, reversing a three-year period of deceleration. The average annual unemployment rate for the year stood at 3.4%, compared to 3.9% a year earlier.

Real Estate Market

Traditionally, the real estate sector in Miami-Dade County is viewed as one of the most important measures of the County's economic health. In fiscal year 2019, as price appreciation moderated, single family home sales rose after contracting for three years in a row. Condominium sales increased for the second year, after a four-year decline. At the same time foreclosure filings rebounded by 13% after falling by almost a quarter in fiscal year 2018.



During fiscal year 2019 sales of existing single-family homes increased slightly compared to the prior fiscal year with just over 13,000 homes sold. Sales of condominiums increased 2.9% over the prior year with just over 14,000 units sold.

In terms of valuation, housing price appreciation moderated in fiscal year 2019. Median sales price for single family homes rose by 3.8% in fiscal year 2019,

the slowest increase since fiscal year 2012. The median sales price for existing condominiums rose by 3.3% in fiscal year 2019, the slowest increase since fiscal year 2011.

The commercial/industrial components of the real estate market experienced a slight increase in vacancy rates in fiscal year 2019 compared to the previous year. Office vacancy went up slightly to 8.8%, with average rent rate per square foot increasing by 6.9%. The retail vacancy rate increased to 4.3% from 3.8% in the prior year. Average lease rates for retail stand-alone space were up 6% year over year to \$41.24 per square foot while average lease rates in shopping centers remained virtually unchanged in fiscal year 2019 at \$33.92 per square foot. The industrial market saw an increase in vacancy rates from 3.8% in fiscal year 2018 to 4% in fiscal year 2019

Sales Indicators

Taxable sales in fiscal year 2019 stood at \$56.1 billion after decreasing an inflation adjusted 0.2% from fiscal year 2018.

After increases in every category in fiscal year 2018, taxable sales decreased in four out of six categories in fiscal year 2019, led by consumer durables with a decrease of 7.8%, followed by automobile with 2.1%, construction with 1.8% and consumer nondurables with a 0.7% decrease. The two categories that saw inflation adjusted increases in taxable sales were business with 4.6% and tourism with 0.3%.

International Trade and Commerce

International trade and commerce is a key component of Miami-Dade's economy. Since achieving its highest level ever measured by value (\$138 billion, 2019 inflation adjusted dollars) in fiscal year 2013, merchandise trade passing through the Miami Customs District

(that includes an area broader than Miami-Dade) has fallen 16% to \$113.7 billion in fiscal year 2019.

In contrast to the recurring merchandise trade deficits that the United States maintains year after year, the Miami Customs District exports more than it imports resulting in a trade surplus. The surplus, after broadening for two years, narrowed in fiscal year 2019. In fiscal year 2019, exports decreased by 2.7%, outpacing a decrease of 2.2% in imports. Most of the Miami Customs District export markets are in South America, Central America, and Europe accounting for nearly 90% of the total. In addition, most of all U.S. imported perishables from South America, Central America, and the Caribbean pass through the Miami District.

Two of Miami-Dade County's barometers of trade activity are the freight tonnage moving through Miami International Airport ("MIA") and PortMiami ("the Seaport"). At the former, overall air freight tonnage increased 2.4%, after growing 5.2% the preceding year. At PortMiami, cargo tonnage figures were up by 8.6% after increasing by 3.3% the year before. PortMiami accounts for 88% of total County trade measured by weight.

Tourism

The state of Florida played host to more than 130 million overnight visitors for the first time in fiscal year 2019. Miami-Dade accounted for just over 12% of all visitors to the state. Visitors to the Miami area stayed essentially flat in fiscal year 2019, at a level of 16.2 million overnight visitors. A slight drop in international visitors was countered by a slight increase in domestic visitors.

Consistent with the trend in overnight visitors, the Miami International Airport passenger levels stood at 45.8 million in fiscal year 2019, representing an annual increase of 1.9%, a slowdown from 2.7% in the prior year. A strong performance was recorded at PortMiami with its passenger traffic surging 22% to 6.82 million passengers in fiscal year 2019 after a 4.7% increase in fiscal year 2018.

The lack of growth in overnight visitors, coupled with an increase of 4% in hotel room inventory translated into a slight decrease in the hotel occupancy rate from 76.8% in fiscal year 2018 to 75.6% in fiscal year 2019. This drop in the occupancy rate was coupled with a slight decrease in the average room rate from \$196 in fiscal year 2018 to \$194 in fiscal year 2019.

Future Outlook

Overall, economic activity for the first five months of fiscal year 2020 was exceeding the County's original forecast that the Miami-Dade economy was going to expand throughout fiscal year 2020 at a somewhat slower rate than fiscal year 2019. The overall impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) on the economy cannot be determined at this time. As of the date of this report, Miami-Dade County government is taking every step possible to protect the public. Given federal and state efforts to provide coronavirus aid and economic relief, it is expected that county operations will start to normalize once the virus has subsided.

The County's Adopted Capital Budget and Multi-Year Capital Plan, covering the period October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020 and future years, includes 490 active capital projects with programmed expenditures across all strategic areas that total \$20.71 billion. The capital budget for fiscal year 2020 is \$3.2 billion, of this total, 29% comprises Transportation and Mobility, 29% Economic Development, 25% Neighborhood and Infrastructure, 6% Public Safety, 5% General Government, 4% Recreation and Culture, and 2% Health and Human Services

Major capital projects programmed to commence or continue in fiscal year 2020 include:

- The planning and design process to replace 10 fire stations
- Construction of the Westchester Cultural Arts Center
- Neighborhood and drainage improvements
- Systemwide library improvements
- Construction of the Second Domestic Violence Shelter
- Planning for the SMART Plan Corridors, replacement of Metrorail cars and delivery of new buses
- Construction of various affordable housing projects throughout the County
- Beach erosion mitigation and re-nourishment
- Work on the Americans with Disabilities Act barrier removal projects throughout Miami-Dade County
- Cruise terminal and port-wide infrastructure improvements
- Water and wastewater infrastructure improvements
- Concourse renovations and infrastructure improvements under the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) at Miami International Airport
- Implementation of Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system
- Implementation of the Advanced Traffic Management System
- Countywide Infrastructure Investment Program for the renovation and rehabilitation of power systems, life safety, security, elevators and other related required infrastructure improvements at all County-owned or operated facilities

The Building Better Communities General Obligation Bond Program, approved by the electorate in 2004, continues with a planned commercial paper program, implemented in fiscal year 2013, which allows for a more efficient management of project cash flows, based on the approved debt service millage of 0.4780 mills in fiscal year 2020.

Fuel tax collections include a programmed \$21.7 million of Constitutional Gas Taxes and \$21 million of Capital Improvement Local Option Fuel Tax to be allocated for transportation projects benefiting both unincorporated and countywide projects in the Department of Transportation and Public Works.

Funding sources for programmed capital improvement expenditures in the Adopted Capital Budget and Multi-Year Capital Plan are allocated as follows:

Sources of Funds		Capital Bud	get FY 2020	Multi-Year C	apital Plan
(dollars in thousands)		Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Debt Proceeds	\$	1,897,412	58.7%	\$ 13,635,195	65.8%
County Proprietary Operations		297,811	9.2%	2,181,977	10.5%
Federal Grants		296,233	9.2%	1,419,686	6.9%
State Grants		132,274	4.1%	526,792	2.6%
Impact Fees/Extractions		168,974	5.2%	1,538,795	7.4%
Fuel Taxes		41,456	1.3%	278,259	1.3%
Other		170,674	5.3%	1,128,998	5.5%
Carryover		228,533	7.0%		0.0%
Total	\$	3,233,367	100%	\$ 20,709,702	100%
	<u> </u>	, ,			
Uses of Funds			lget FY 2020	Multi-Year C	apital Plan
Uses of Funds (dollars in thousands)			lget FY 2020 Percent	Multi-Year Ca Amount	apital Plan Percent
	\$	Capital Bud			
(dollars in thousands)	\$	Capital Bud Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
(dollars in thousands) Public Safety	\$	Capital Bud Amount 191,745	Percent 5.9%	Amount \$ 897,731	Percent 4.3%
(dollars in thousands) Public Safety Transportation and Mobility	\$	Capital Bud Amount 191,745 938,033	Percent 5.9% 29.0%	Amount \$ 897,731 4,935,129	Percent 4.3% 23.8%
(dollars in thousands) Public Safety Transportation and Mobility Recreation and Culture	\$	Capital Bud Amount 191,745 938,033 119,210	Percent 5.9% 29.0% 3.7%	Amount \$ 897,731 4,935,129 1,048,571	Percent 4.3% 23.8% 5.1%
(dollars in thousands) Public Safety Transportation and Mobility Recreation and Culture Neighborhood and Infrastructure	\$	Capital Bud Amount 191,745 938,033 119,210 807,569	Percent 5.9% 29.0% 3.7% 25.0%	Amount \$ 897,731 4,935,129 1,048,571 8,823,604	Percent 4.3% 23.8% 5.1% 42.6%
(dollars in thousands) Public Safety Transportation and Mobility Recreation and Culture Neighborhood and Infrastructure Health and Human Services	\$	Capital Bud Amount 191,745 938,033 119,210 807,569 61,115	Percent 5.9% 29.0% 3.7% 25.0% 1.9%	Amount \$ 897,731 4,935,129 1,048,571 8,823,604 329,829	Percent 4.3% 23.8% 5.1% 42.6% 1.6%
(dollars in thousands) Public Safety Transportation and Mobility Recreation and Culture Neighborhood and Infrastructure Health and Human Services Economic Development	\$	Capital Bud Amount 191,745 938,033 119,210 807,569 61,115 949,826	Percent 5.9% 29.0% 3.7% 25.0% 1.9% 29.4%	Amount \$ 897,731 4,935,129 1,048,571 8,823,604 329,829 3,749,122	Percent 4.3% 23.8% 5.1% 42.6% 1.6% 18.1%

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Miami-Dade County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This is the 38th occasion the County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

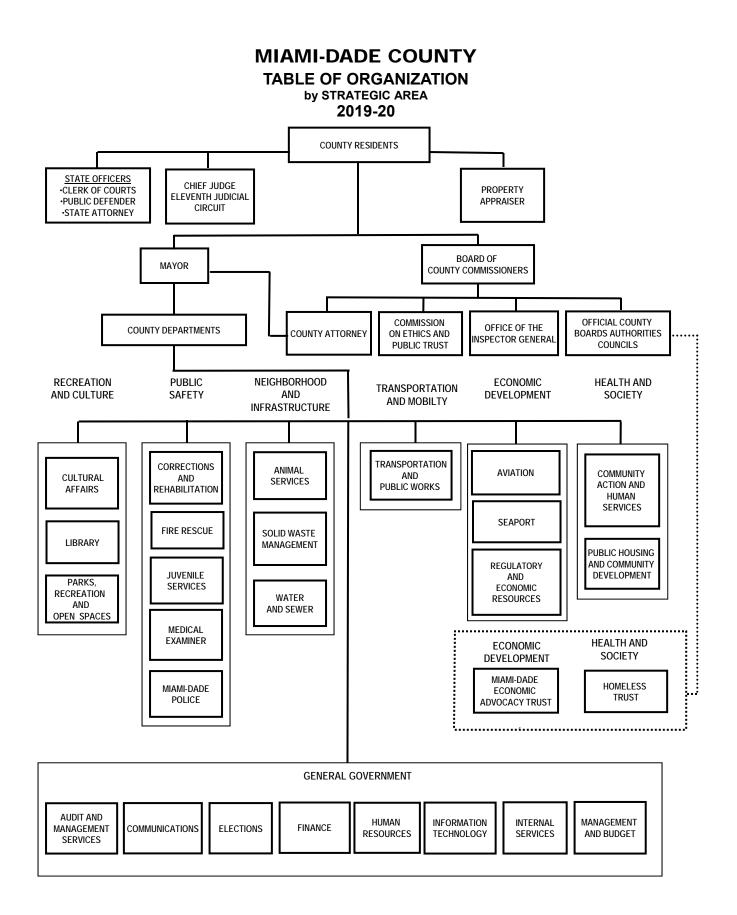
Acknowledgements

The preparation and completion of this CAFR represents the culmination of numerous processes performed by many of the accountants throughout the County departments, and excellent cooperation and assistance from the accounting firms associated with the audit of the County's operations. We would like to thank the Research Section of the Regulatory and Economic Resources Department for providing the information regarding our economy. In particular, we wish to express our appreciation to the staff of the Finance Department who were responsible for the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

EDWARD MARQUEZ Deputy Mayor/Finance Director

BARBARA GOMEZ, CPA Deputy Finance Director



FINANCIAL SECTION



Independent Auditor's Report

RSM US LLP

The Honorable Mayor and Chairperson and Members of the Board of County Commissioners Miami-Dade County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of:

omponent Units / Funds	Opinion Unit
Miami-Dade Housing Agency - State Housing Initiatives Program	Governmental activities
 Miami-Dade Housing Agency - Documentary Stamp Surtax Program 	Governmental activities
Miami-Dade Housing Agency - Other Housing Programs	Governmental activities
Miami-Dade County Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts - Special Revenue Fund	Governmental activities
Miami-Dade Housing Agency - Section 8 Allocation Properties Fund	Business-type activities
Miami-Dade Housing Agency - Mixed Income Properties Fund	Business-type activities
Miami-Dade Vizcaya Museum and Gardens Trust, Inc	Business-type activities
Miami-Dade Water and Sewer Department	Business-type activities - major fund
Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County	Business-type activities - major fund
Miami-Dade Transit Department	Business-type activities - major fund
Miami-Dade Aviation Department	Business-type activities - major fund
Miami-Dade Housing Finance Authority	Discretely presented component unit
Jackson Memorial Foundation, Inc.	Discretely presented component unit
Miami-Dade Housing Agency - State Housing Initiatives Program	Aggregate remaining fund informatior
 Miami-Dade Housing Agency - Documentary Stamp Surtax Program 	Aggregate remaining fund informatior
 Miami-Dade Housing Agency - Other Housing Programs 	Aggregate remaining fund informatior
 Miami-Dade Housing Agency - Section 8 Allocation Properties Fund 	Aggregate remaining fund informatior
 Miami-Dade Housing Agency - Mixed Income Properties Fund 	Aggregate remaining fund informatior
 Miami-Dade Vizcaya Museum and Gardens Trust, Inc 	Aggregate remaining fund informatior
Miami-Dade County Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts - Special Revenue Fund	Aggregate remaining fund information
 Miami-Dade County Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts - Agency Fund 	Aggregate remaining fund information
 Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County - Pension Trust Fund 	Aggregate remaining fund informatior

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT | TAX | CONSULTING In addition to the major funds identified above, the component units and funds represent the percentage of assets/deferred outflow of resources and revenue/additions, where applicable, of the respective opinion units as listed below:

	Percentage Of			
	Total Assets/Deferred Outfl			
Reporting Classification	of Resources	Total Revenues/Additions		
Governmental activities	6%	9%		
 Business-type activities 	89%	89%		
 Discretely presented component units 	100%	100%		
 Aggregate remaining fund information 	36%	19%		

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the funds and component units referred to above, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Jackson Health Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Miami-Dade County, Florida, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, defined benefit retirement and pension plans and other post-employment benefits schedules and the budgetary comparison information for the general fund and fire rescue fund, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying introductory section, the combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the budgetary comparison schedules and the statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued, under separate cover, our report dated March 31, 2020, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

March 31, 2020 Miami, Florida

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) (UNAUDITED)

The following narrative provides an overview of Miami-Dade County's (the "County") financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Comparative information is provided in this year's report. This narrative should be read in conjunction with the letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the financial statements and accompanying notes, which follow this section. Additional information is provided in this narrative and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year

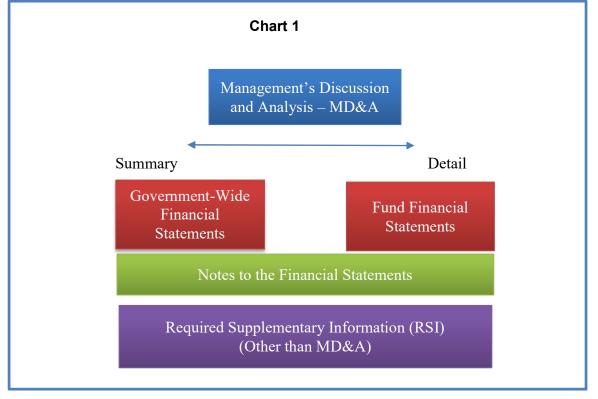
- At September 30, 2019, the County's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$4.3 billion (net position). Net investment in capital assets was \$4.6 billion; restricted net position (amounts restricted by law, agreements, debt covenants or for capital projects) was \$3.3 billion; and unrestricted net position had a deficit of (\$3.7) billion.
- The County's total current year activities increased net position by \$168.6 million. Current year activities of business-type activities increased net position by \$485.4 million due to positive results of the Solid Waste Management, Seaport, Water and Sewer and Public Health Trust enterprise funds. Net position of governmental activities decreased by \$316.8 million.
- Long-term liabilities of governmental activities increased by \$843.8 million in fiscal year 2019. Bonds, loans and note payable increased by \$293 million, resulting from general and special obligation bond issuance in the amount of \$638 million (including bond premium and accretions), and reductions of \$345.1 million from principal payments and refunded debt. Other long-term liabilities for governmental activities increased by \$550.8 million, primarily due to a net increase in net pension liability of \$377.7 million, estimated claims payable of \$68.5 million, total other post-employment benefits of \$53.7 million and compensated absences of \$49.7 million (see note 8).
- Long-term liabilities of business-type activities increased by approximately \$560.7 million. Bonds and loans payable increased by \$280.5 million, resulting from additions of \$1.3 billion (including bond premium), and reductions of \$1.1 billion from principal payments and refunded debt. Other long-term liabilities for business-type activities increased by \$280.1 million, primarily due to a net increase in capital lease liability of \$88.2 million, pension liability of \$106.7 million, and in commercial paper notes of \$37.2 million. The commercial paper notes program provides the Aviation, Seaport and Water and Sewer Department interim financing for the Departments' Capital Improvement Program. The notes and accrued interest are payable solely from future revenue bond proceeds (see note 8).
- At September 30, 2019, the County's governmental funds had fund balances totaling \$2.4 billion. The net change in governmental fund balances during the year was an increase of \$351 million.
- At September 30, 2019, the General Fund had a fund balance of \$474 million, an increase of \$43 million, or 10% from the previous year, primarily due to increased revenues and

capital lease proceeds. Of the total fund balance, \$79.4 million was restricted, \$24.3 million was nonspendable, and \$123 million was unassigned.

At September 30, 2019, the Fire Rescue Fund had a fund balance of \$41.4 million, an increase of \$6.4 million, or 18.3%, from the previous year. Of the total fund balance, \$43 million was restricted, \$6.1 million was nonspendable, and (\$7.7) million was a deficit in unassigned.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This report has been prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*. The Statement requires that the basic financial statements include: 1) *government-wide* statements, 2) *fund* financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Other supplementary information and statistical data are also included in the report. A graphical illustration is presented below — Chart 1.



The GASB Statement No. 34 reporting model focuses on the County as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis for comparison and enhance the County's accountability.

Government-wide statements. Two government-wide statements are presented: the *Statement of Net Position* and *the Statement of Activities*. These statements provide information on the County as a whole using the accrual basis of accounting similar to those

of private-sector companies. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes increases or decreases in economic resources as soon as the underlying transaction takes place. Therefore, all of the current year's revenues and expenses are reported regardless of when cash is received or paid. The economic resources measurement focus is applied to all long-term and short-term *financial* assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, as well as all *capital* assets. These statements include the County and its component units, except for funds that are fiduciary in nature.

The Statement of Net Position presents information for the County's governmental and business-type activities. Increases or decreases in net position may be useful in assessing the County's financial position.

The Statement of Activities presents the change in net position over the fiscal year being reported. The format for this statement reports the *net (expense) revenue* of each of the County's functions (groups of related activities which provide a major service). It identifies the extent to which each function is either self-supporting or relies on general revenues of the County. The County's *general revenues*, such as taxes, shared revenues from the State of Florida, investment earnings, and transfers, are reported after the total net expense of the County functions.

In the government-wide statements, financial information is provided separately for:

- Governmental activities. Policy Formulation and General Government, Protection of People and Property, Culture and Recreation, and Physical Environment are examples of governmental activities. These activities are principally supported by general and intergovernmental revenues.
- Business-type activities. The operations of the Airport, Seaport, Water and Sewer, Solid Waste Management, Transit, and the Public Health Trust are the County's major business-type activities. These activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external users for goods and services.
- <u>Component units</u>. Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The Miami-Dade Housing Finance Authority and the Jackson Health Foundation are discretely presented component units of the County. The County has other blended component units, refer to Note 1 for more information.

Fund financial statements. Fund financial statements have traditionally been presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (the "CAFR"). A *fund* is a set of self-balancing accounts that are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives, as required by special regulations, restrictions or limitations. Miami-Dade County's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds account for most of the County's basic services, which are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. Fund statements, however, use the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. The aim of the statements is to report the near-term (current) inflows and outflows, and the balances of spendable financial resources at the end of the fiscal year. The statements provide a short-term view of the County's ability to finance its programs in the near future, in contrast to

the long-term view provided by the government-wide statements. To facilitate comparison, reconciliations are presented for the governmental funds' balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance to the government-wide statements.

The governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance include separate columns for the County's major funds, the General Fund and the Fire Rescue Fund, and Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds in the aggregate. Individual fund statements for the Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds are included in the combining statements in the supplementary information section of the CAFR.

- Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are those funds where the County charges a user fee in order to recover costs. The County's proprietary funds are enterprise funds and internal service funds.
 - 1. *Enterprise funds* are used to finance and account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of facilities and services that are intended to be entirely or predominantly self-supporting through the collection of charges from external customers. Enterprise funds are used to report the same activities as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County has six major enterprise funds.
 - 2. Internal service funds are used to report any activity that provides goods and services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the County, on a reimbursement basis. The County's Self-Insurance Fund is an internal service fund. In the statement of activities, any profit or loss in the Self-Insurance Fund is allocated back to the different functions that participated in the fund. Because the Self-Insurance Fund predominantly serves the government, assets and liabilities of the Self-Insurance Fund are included within the governmental activities in the statement of net position.
- Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others. The County currently has funds held in an agency capacity for the Clerk of the Circuit and County Court and the Tax Collector, as well as other funds placed in escrow pending distributions. The County also has a Pension Trust Fund that accounts for the Public Health Trust Defined Benefit Retirement Plan. These funds cannot be used to support the County's own programs, and therefore, are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes include various disclosures to ensure a complete picture is presented in the financial statements. They provide information useful in understanding the data presented in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. This report also includes as required supplementary information various schedules, including a schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual, for the General Fund and the Fire Rescue Fund. There are also additional disclosures for Public Health Trust Pension Fund, the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan, the Florida Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Pension Plan, and the Miami-Dade County Group Health Plan. Combining and individual fund statements and budget

comparisons for non-major funds are located in the pages following the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

A government's *net position* is the difference between its assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. The County's net position is summarized below:

Table 1 Miami-Dade County, Florida Summary of Net Position September 30, 2018 and 2019 (in millions)

	Governmen	tal activities	Business-t	ype activities	Adjust	tments	-	rimary nment
	<u>2018</u>	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 2,810	\$ 3,256	\$ 4,010	\$ 4,334			\$ 6,820	\$ 7,590
Capital assets	4,730	4,759	14,590	15,333			19,320	20,092
Total assets	7,540	8,015	18,600	19,667			26,140	27,682
Deferred outflows of								
resources	1,049	1,036	601	616			1,650	1,652
Long-term debt obligations	8,821	9,665	13,048	13,616			21,869	23,281
Other liabilities	465	461	904	967			1,369	1,428
Total liabilities	9,286	10,126	13,952	14,583			23,238	24,709
Deferred inflows of								
resources	274	213	132	98			406	311
Net position: Net investment in capital								
assets	1,208	1,235	3,891	4,073	\$ (491)	\$ (670)	5,099	4,638
Restricted	1,664	1,856	1,308	1,487			2,972	3,343
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,843)	(4,379)	(82)	42	491	670	(3,925)	(3,667)
Total net position	\$ (971)	\$ (1,288)	\$ 5,117	\$ 5,602			\$ 4,146	\$ 4,314

Net position may be used to assess the financial position of the County. The County's combined net position as of September 30, 2019 was \$4.3 billion. Approximately \$4.6 billion of the County's net position represents its net investment in capital assets. These assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets that are not available for future spending. Additionally, \$3.3 billion are restricted resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

At September 30, 2019, the County had an unrestricted net position deficit of (\$3.7) billion. The governmental activities unrestricted net position deficit of (\$4.4) billion is primarily the result of recording the net pension liability (\$2.9 billion), total other post-employment benefits liability (\$381.8 million), estimated claims payable (\$564.4 million), liability for compensated absences (\$523.8 million), and other unfunded liabilities.

The governmental activities column includes debt issued by the County to finance construction projects for business-type activities, for which the enterprise fund owns and uses the assets and the County retires the debt. These amounts are reported in the adjustments column of the statement of net position to properly report the government-wide net invested in capital assets and unrestricted net position.

On November 2, 2004, Miami-Dade County voters approved the \$2.9 billion Building Better Communities Bond Program (BBC Bond Program), which allows the County to issue long-term bonds to fund more than 300 neighborhood and regional capital programs, in the areas of water, sewer, and flood control; parks and recreational facilities; bridges, public infrastructure, neighborhood improvements; public safety facilities; emergency and healthcare facilities; public service outreach facilities; housing for the elderly and families; and cultural, library, and multicultural educational facilities.

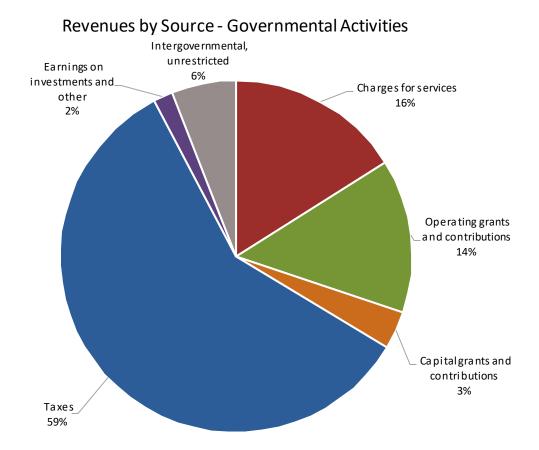
Various municipalities, including the City of Miami, City of Miami Beach, City of Hialeah, and others, have received funds from the BBC Bond Program to fund numerous projects. The County is responsible for the debt and the municipalities own the assets. The debt related to this program is reported in the governmental activities unrestricted portion of net assets. During fiscal year 2019, the County paid a total of \$4.6 million to municipalities from the BBC Bond Program, total paid since the inception of the program are: renovation of the Miami Beach Convention Center, City of Miami parks and facilities improvements, and county-wide water and sewer enhancements. More information of the BBC Bond Program is available from the County's website https://www8.miamidade.gov/global/management/building-better-communities.page.

The following schedule is a summary of the government-wide activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, with comparative information for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Table 2 Miami-Dade County, Florida Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2018 and 2019 (in millions)

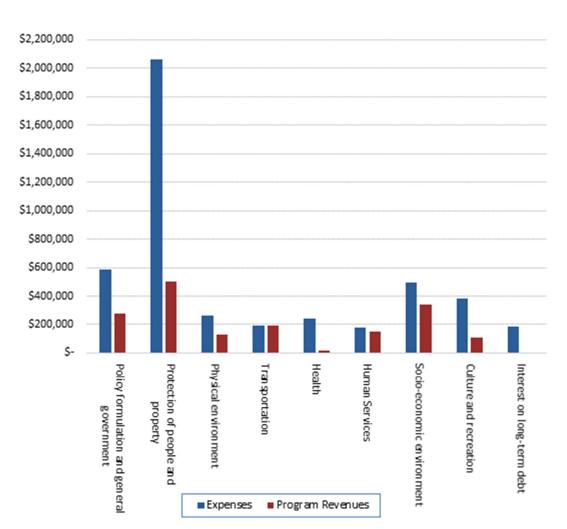
		Governmen	tal ac	tivities	В	usiness-t	ype a	ctivities	Total primary go			vernment	
		<u>2018</u>		2019	_	2018		2019		2018		2019	
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	701	\$	821	\$	3,589	\$	3,690	\$	4,290	\$	4,511	
Operating grants and contributions		527		728		635		330		1,162		1,058	
Capital grants and contributions		161		175		205		323		366		498	
General revenues:													
Property taxes		1,883		2,030						1,883		2,030	
Countyhospital 1/2% sales surtax		275		283						275		283	
Transportation 1/2% sales surtax		275		283						275		283	
Tourist taxes		171		176						171		176	
Utility taxes		101		100						101		100	
Local option gas taxes		59		61						59		61	
Communication tax		30		25						30		25	
Documentary stamp surtax		33		37						33		37	
Other taxes		15		16						15		16	
Intergovernmental revenues, unrestricted		362		306						362		306	
Franchise fees		28		24		0.5				28		24	
Earnings on investments		8		48		25		78		33		126	
Miscellaneous		14		19		35		51		49		70	
Total revenues	\$	4,643	\$	5,132	\$	4,489	\$	4,472	\$	9,132	\$	9,604	
Expenses:													
Policy formulation and general government	\$	555	\$	587					\$	555	\$	587	
Protection of people and property		1,780		2,064						1,780		2,064	
Physical environment		107		262						107		262	
Transportation		170		192						170		192	
Health		187		240						187		240	
Human services		172		178						172		178	
Socio-economic environment		466		494						466		494	
Culture and recreation		366		381						366		381	
Interest on long-term debt		188		188						188		188	
Mass transit					\$	671	\$	702		671		702	
Solid waste collection						244		(43)		244		(43	
Solid waste disposal						155		165		155		165	
Seaport						154		159		154		159	
Aviation						998		1,010		998		1,010	
Water Sewer						275 414		292 474		275 414		292 474	
Public health						1,939		2,052		1,939		2,052	
Other						43		39		43		39	
		2 001		4 5 0 0		-	^		^	-	¢		
Total expenses	\$	3,991	\$	4,586	\$	4,893	\$	4,850	\$	8,884	\$	9,436	
Increase (decrease) in net position before	¢	050	¢	F 40	¢	(104)	¢	(070)	۴	040	¢	400	
transfers	\$	652	\$	546	\$	(404)	\$	(378)	\$	248	\$	168	
Transfers		(824)		(863)		824		863					
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	(172)	\$	(317)	\$	420	\$	485	\$	248	\$	168	
increase (decrease) in het position													
Beginning net position (deficit)		(799)	_	(971)		4,697		5,117		3,898	_	4,146	

Governmental activities. Net position of governmental activities decreased by \$316.8 million in fiscal year 2019. Total revenues for the governmental activities were \$5.1 billion, an increase of \$490.7 million from prior year. The largest source of revenue was taxes (59%), followed by charges for services (16%), and operating grants and contributions (14%). Property tax revenues increased by \$147.2 million, or 7.8%, in fiscal year 2019. This was partly due to an increase in property values, as compared to fiscal year 2018. Charges for Services increased by \$120.3 million and operating grants and contributions increased by \$200.5 million in fiscal year 2019. Capital grants and contributions increased by \$14.1 million in fiscal year 2019. Earnings on investments increased by \$40.6 million.



Total expenses for governmental activities were \$4.6 billion in fiscal year 2019, an increase from \$4 billion in fiscal year 2018. Expenses for Protection of People and Property, which include Police and Fire Rescue comprise 45% of total expenses. Net transfers to business-type activities were \$863.4 million, an increase of \$39.1 million or 4.7%, which includes: \$383 million to the Transit Agency, of which approximately \$182.2 million was from the half-penny sales tax for transit-related costs, and \$200.8 million was from the General Fund per the Maintenance of Effort (MOE) Agreement; \$282.8 million of the half-penny Indigent Care sales tax was transferred to the Public Health Trust; and \$203.2 million was transferred from the General Fund to the Public Health Trust per the MOE Agreement.

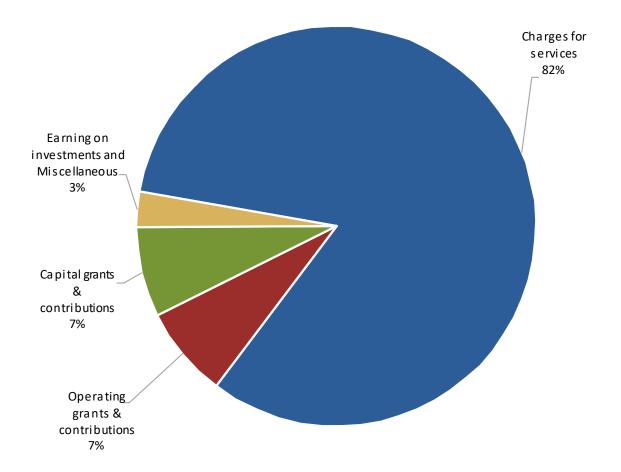
The below chart shows the extent to which general revenues, such as property taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are used to support governmental activities when expenditures for the activity exceed program revenues.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (in thousands)

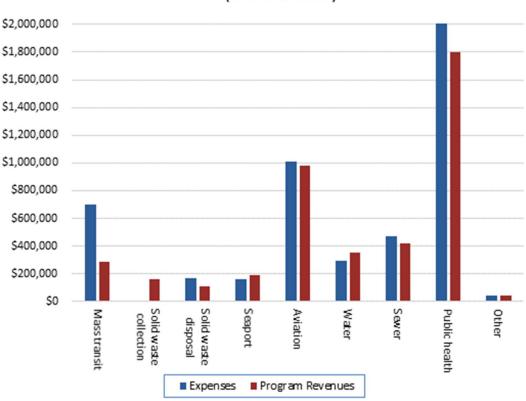
Business-type activities. The County's major business-type activities include the following enterprise funds: Transit, Solid Waste Management, Seaport, Aviation, Water and Sewer, and the Public Health Trust.

Business-type activities' net position increased by \$485.4 million. This increase is the result of a combined increase in net position during the year of \$496 million for the Seaport, Water and Sewer, Solid Waste Management, Public Health Trust, Vizcaya Art museum Section 8 Allocation Properties, and Mixed Income Properties enterprise funds, offset by a total net position decrease of \$27.9 million for Transit, Aviation, Rickenbacker Causeway, and Venetian Causeway enterprise funds, combined with the allocation of self-insurance activity. More detailed information on these changes may be found in the Financial Analysis of the County's Funds section of the MD&A. The pie chart below summarizes the revenues by source of the business-type activities.



Revenues by Source - Business-Type Activities

The bar graph below summarizes the expenses and program revenues of the business-type activities but does not include maintenance of effort transfers from the general fund and the health and transportation half-cent sales tax revenue.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities (in thousands)

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

Governmental Funds. The County's governmental funds reported combined fund balance of \$2.4 billion at September 30, 2019, an increase of \$351 million or 16.8% from the prior year's fund balance. Of the total fund balance, \$242.7 million is assigned and \$47.5 million is unassigned. These totaled \$290.3 million or 11.9% of total fund balance and constitutes the fund balance that is accessible to meet the County's needs. The remainder of the governmental funds balance includes \$36.3 million in the nonspendable category for items that are not expected to be converted to cash, such as inventories; \$2.1 billion restricted for various programs and \$4.4 million committed for other purposes.

The General Fund is the County's main operating fund and is used to account for most of its governmental activities. As of September 30, 2019, its total fund balance was \$474 million, of which \$242.7 million was assigned and \$123 million was unassigned. Total General Fund balance represents 23.7% of total General Fund expenditures. The Fund's total revenues exceeded expenditures by \$605.8 million in fiscal year 2019. Other financing sources

comprise net transfers out of \$582.8 million and capital lease arrangements of \$18.7 million, resulting in a total fund balance increase of \$43 million or 10% from prior fiscal year.

The Fire Rescue Fund constitutes a major fund and it is used to account for all the fire and rescue activities of the County. As of September 30, 2019, its total fund balance was \$41.4 million, of which \$6.1 million was nonspendable, \$43 million was restricted and (\$7.7) million was a deficit in unassigned. Fire Rescue Fund balance represents 8.4% of total Fire Rescue Fund expenditures. The Fund's total expenditures in excess of revenues of \$24.5 million, were offset by net transfers in of \$31.5 million, resulting in a total fund balance increase of \$6.4 million.

Enterprise Funds. The proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

Miami-Dade Transit Enterprise Fund ("MDT") MDT's net position was \$481.4 million at September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$27.4 million from fiscal year 2018. MDT generated \$95.2 million in operating revenues in fiscal year 2019, an increase of \$3.9 million from prior year. MDT's total operating expenses, including depreciation, totaled \$638.5 million in fiscal year 2019, which resulted in an operating loss of \$543.3 million. Non-operating revenues, contributions and transfers totaled \$515.9 million.

As of September 30, 2019, the MDT had a cash deficit of approximately (\$38.1) million as compared to (\$81.2) million from the previous year. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the cash deficits are funded with cash advances from the County's General Fund. This deficit will be reimbursed from federal and state grantor agencies and excludes a cash balance of \$160.8 million, which mainly represents the unspent proceeds of surtax bonds issued to fund the People's Transportation Plan (PTP) projects and debt service reserve account. The deficit is shown in the financial statements as a current liability and included as a part of "due to other funds" balance in the amount of \$38.1 million. MDT continues to be dependent on funding from the County and various other governmental entities.

Miami-Dade Solid Waste Management Enterprise Fund ("DSWM") DSWM's net position was \$296.3 million at September 30, 2019, an increase of \$148.5 million from fiscal year 2019. This increase is a result of operating income of \$2.4 million, and non-operating revenues of \$153.3 million. Operating revenues decreased by \$9.5 million from \$279.2 million in fiscal year 2018 to \$269.7 million in fiscal year 2019 as a result of the combined effects of lower balances in disposal services revenues and utility service fee revenues, partially offset by higher balances in collection services, electricity sales and other operating revenues. Operating expenses before depreciation and closure and post closure care costs for inactive landfills, showed an increase of \$7 million from \$242.5 million in fiscal year 2018 to \$249.5 million in fiscal year 2019. This increase in operating expenses is primarily due to higher balances in landfill and disposal operations, waste-to-energy, trash collection, general administration, enforcement and environmental, recycling and litter control. Non-operating revenues totaled \$153.3 million, as compared to operating expenses of \$138.8 million in fiscal year 2018. The \$292.1 million change resulted from the reimbursement of Hurricane Irma expenses incurred in fiscal year 2018.

Miami-Dade Seaport Department Seaport's net position was \$248.8 million at September 30, 2019, an increase of \$37.7 million from fiscal year 2018. This increase is due to operating income of \$50.6 million and capital contributions of \$8.8 million, offset by non-operating

expenses of \$21 million. The Seaport Department's operating revenues for the 2019 fiscal year were \$165.6 million, an increase of approximately \$9.7 million from the prior year. The increase is mostly attributed to increases in rentals, cargo and related revenues, container crane revenues and ground transportation, offset by decreases in cruise related revenues and parking. The increase in cargo related revenues and container crane revenues can be mostly attributed to increases in tariff rates and activities. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization totaled \$85.8 million, an increase of \$5.5 million from prior year. The increase in operating expenses is primarily attributed to an increase in general and administrative expenses related to the increase in pension and OPEB related expenses.

Miami-Dade Aviation Department The Aviation Department's net position totaled \$1.2 billion at September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$.2 million from fiscal year 2018. This decrease is a result of operating income of \$55.3 million, capital contributions of \$61.6 million, offset by net non-operating expenses of \$117.1 million. The Aviation Department had operating revenues of \$820.6 million in fiscal year 2019, a decrease of \$.9 million from prior year. The decrease in operating revenue is primarily attributable to the decrease

in revenue from aircraft parking charges, land rent, passenger services charges, rental cars charges, and aeronautical services charges. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization totaled \$500.4 million, an increase of \$26 million from prior year. The increase in operating expenses is primarily attributed to an increase in expenses for salaries and fringe benefits, utilities, repairs and maintenance, environmental remediation, and services provided by other County departments.

Miami-Dade Water and Sewer Department ("WASD") WASD's net position totaled \$2.6 billion at September 30, 2019, an increase of \$79.2 million from prior year. This increase was a result of operating income of \$91.1 million and capital contributions of \$33.7 million, offset by net non-operating expenses of \$45.6 million. WASD's operating revenues were \$734.5 million in fiscal year 2019, an increase of \$22.6 million from fiscal year 2018. Total expenses increased by \$82 million in fiscal year 2019, primarily due to an increase in interest expense attributable to the decrease on capitalized interest, higher level of depreciation and improvements in the water purification process.

Public Health Trust ("PHT" or "Trust") PHT's net position totaled \$689.2 million at September 30, 2019, an increase of \$224.9 million from prior year. The increase consisted of a \$492.1 million operating loss, offset by non-operating revenues of \$35.5 million, and contributions and transfers of \$681.5 million. PHT had operating revenues of \$1.6 billion in fiscal year 2019, an increase of \$72.4 million from prior year. The increase was due, in part, to an increase in organ transplants and other surgeries. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization totaled \$2 billion, an increase of \$118.2 million from prior year. This was the result of an increase in personnel expenses in fiscal year 2019, related to several key operating initiatives to align the staffing needs of the organization to volume, and increase in purchased services attributable to increase in Transplant organ acquisition.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During fiscal year 2019, the General Fund's budget was amended once. This budget amendment or supplemental appropriation reflects the change in projected expenditures that occurred since the budget hearings were held in September 2018 and distributes allocated funds among various County agencies from appropriate reserves and sources. Major amendments include \$10 million to the Police Department for additional overtime expenditures required to provide law enforcement resources at every public school in the Unincorporated Municipal Service area and \$2.3 million to Corrections and Rehabilitation for additional costs required to comply with the Settlement and Consent Agreements with the United States Department of Justice.

General Fund Budgeted Revenues Compared to Actual Revenues

For the 2019 fiscal year actual revenues exceeded budgetary revenues by \$62 million. The most significant changes occurred in the following categories:

- Taxes were \$19.4 million over budget primarily due to general property taxes exceeding the final budget by \$13.5 million. Utility taxes and local option gas tax revenues exceeded the final budget by \$5.3 million and \$4 million, respectively, as new commercial and residential construction increased by 10.8% and PortMiami's passenger traffic surged 22% in fiscal year 2019. Communication taxes were under budget by \$4.3 million as parcel corrections processed by the State of Florida resulted in the taxes derived from these parcels to be due to local taxing jurisdictions other than the County.
- □ **Licenses and permits** were 10.1 million over budget primarily due to an increase of \$11.5 million in building permits as permits for new residential construction saw an increase of 16% in fiscal year 2019, the largest in nearly a decade.
- Intergovernmental revenues were \$8.3 million over budget mainly due to an increase of \$5.3 million in state sales tax and \$1.8 million in state revenue sharing, attributable to the slight increase in passenger levels for the Miami International Airport and increase of 22% in passenger traffic for PortMiami.
- Charges for services were \$7.7 million over budget due, in part, to the increase of \$3.7 million in sheriff and police services attributable to the increase in rates for services billed to municipalities; new collective bargaining agreement adopted November 8, 2018 resulted in higher personnel costs. Stormwater & utility service fees were \$3.3 million over budget as utility service fees have continued to outpace the budget over the last five fiscal years. The utility service fee is billed at six dollars (\$6) per each one hundred dollars (\$100) billed to the County's water and sewer customers.
- Fines and forfeitures were \$4.3 million over budget as a result of the increase in local ordinance code enforcement collections by the Regulatory and Economic Resources Department.

General Fund Budgeted Expenditures Compared to Actual Expenditures

For the 2019 fiscal year actual expenditures were below budgeted expenditures by \$64.3 million.

The following items explain the most significant changes in General Fund expenditures as compared to the final budget:

- Policy Formulation and General Government expenditures were \$42 million under budget. Of this amount, \$27.5 million are savings from the Finance, Internal Services and Information Technology Departments, due to operational savings in personnel costs from delays in hiring and other contractual savings.
- Protection of People and Property expenditures were \$11 million under budget. Of this amount, \$7 million are from the Police Department due to the reimbursement from the Homestead Exemption Mitigation Reserve for additional overtime expenditures related to providing law enforcement resources at every public school in the Unincorporated Municipal Service Area.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The following table summarizes the components of the County's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, which totaled \$20.1 billion at September 30, 2019. Additional detail on capital assets can be found in Note 4.

	Governmental Activities			Business-1	уре	Activities	Тс	otal		
		2018		2019	2018		2019	2018		2019
Land	\$	734,156	\$	766,301	\$ 1,019,317	\$	1,038,486	\$ 1,753,473	\$	1,804,787
Construction in progress		199,094		182,060	2,113,649		2,688,590	2,312,743		2,870,650
Building and building improvements	2	2,214,107		2,201,755	6,424,622		6,286,249	8,638,729		8,488,004
Infrastructure		1,331,704		1,365,336	3,701,274		3,718,385	5,032,978		5,083,721
Machinery and equipment		250,915		243,782	1,331,375		1,601,316	1,582,290		1,845,098
Totals	\$ 4	1,729,976	\$	4,759,234	\$ 14,590,237	\$	15,333,026	\$ 19,320,213	\$	20,092,260

Miami-Dade County, Florida Capital Assets as of September 30, 2018 and 2019 (Net of depreciation, in thousands)

Governmental activities' major capital assets additions during the year included:

- **u** \$16 million for the renovations of Joseph Caleb Courthouse and building entrance.
- \$4 million including a \$2 million American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animal (ASPCA) contribution for the construction of the Animal Clinic located in Liberty City.
- \$11 million in the construction of the Oak Grove Park Father Gerard Jean-Juste Community Center.

- **u** \$42 million in the replacement of the Tamiami Swing Bridge.
- \$11.4 million in the People's Transportation Plan Roadway Improvements at NE 2nd Avenue from NE 69th Street to NE 84th Street.
- \$10.2 million for the purchase of about 477 vehicles for the Miami-Dade Police Department.
- **u** \$3.5 million for the purchase of 6 E-One Typhoon Fire Rescue Pumper trucks.
- \$3.9 million for the purchase of 450 MHZ to upgrade the Microwave System and Antennas.
- **u** \$24. 6 million for land acquired to develop the North and South Ludlam Bike Trails.

Business-type activities' major capital asset additions during the year included:

Miami-Dade Seaport Department:

Seaport's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, totaled \$1.3 billion, an increase of \$175.2 million from prior year. Major construction in progress include a new cruise terminal, cruise terminal improvements to various terminals to accommodate larger vessels, cargo and yard related improvements, security enhancements and port-wide infrastructure improvements.

Miami-Dade Aviation Department:

Aviation's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, totaled \$6 billion, a decrease of \$109.3 million from prior year. Major capital projects in the close out phase include Satellite Automated People Mover Replacement, Lower Concourse E Renovations, Satellite E Pavement Rehabilitation, Concourse H Roof Replacement and Lower Concourse E FIS Area Renovations.

Miami-Dade Water & Sewer Department:

Water & Sewer's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, totaled \$4.8 billion, an increase of \$274 million from prior year. Major capital improvements include wastewater treatment facilities of \$192.3 million, force mains of \$61.4 million, pump stations of \$43.9 million, inflow/infiltration/exfiltration of \$16 million, gravity mains and services of \$12.7 million, and water transmission mains, meters and services of \$74.5 million.

Public Health Trust (PHT):

PHT's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, totaled \$962.5 million, an increase of \$227.9 million from prior year. The increase is due to projects and construction in progress as part of the system upgrades, new equipment, and new construction.

Long-Term Liabilities. At Sothereptember 30, 2019, the County had \$23.3 billion in long-term liabilities, which are summarized in the schedule below. Additional information regarding long-term liabilities can be obtained in Note 8.

	Governmen	tal a	activities	Business-ty	pe a	activities	1	otal Primar	y Go	vernment	Total % Change
	2018		2019	 <u>2018</u>		2019		2018		2019	2018-2019
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,837,515	\$	2,070,235	\$ 280,385	\$	268,625	\$	2,117,900	\$	2,338,860	10.4%
Special obligation bonds	2,447,943		2,424,006	1,330,183		1,282,034		3,778,126		3,706,040	-1.9%
Special obligation bonds- Direct placements	16,185		15,130					16,185		15,130	
Current year accretion of interest	61,335		95,729					61,335		95,729	56.1%
Revenue bonds				8,425,735		8,762,700		8,425,735		8,762,700	4.0%
Housing Agency loans payable	13,691		9,802					13,691		9,802	-28.4%
Loans and notes payable	47,561		42,249	430,301		416,261		477,862		458,510	-4.0%
Other - unamortized premiums, discounts	317,350		377,411	604,400		621,931		921,750		999,342	8.4%
Sub-total Bonds, Notes and Loans	 4,741,580		5,034,562	11,071,004		11,351,551		15,812,584		16,386,113	3.6%
Estimated claims payable	495,824		564,353	50,329		50,968		546,153		615,321	12.7%
Compensated absences	474,095		523,789	219,013		225,517		693,108		749,306	8.1%
Commercial paper notes				510,430		547,655		510,430		547,655	7.3%
Net pension liability - FRS	1,957,943		2,292,557	487,897		529,834		2,445,840		2,822,391	15.4%
Net pension liability - HIS	553,213		596,322	152,734		150,639		705,947		746,961	5.8%
Net pension liability (assets)- Public Health											
Trust Retirement Plan				24,574		91,426		24,574		91,426	272.0%
Total other postemploy ment benefits	328,034		381,770	214,130		248,432		542,164		630,202	16.2%
Liability under AA Arena Agreement	114,400		108,000					114,400		108,000	-5.6%
Environmental remediation				38,355		48,535		38,355		48,535	26.5%
Landfill closure/postclosure care costs				80,428		83,513		80,428		83,513	3.8%
Lease agreements	97,916		97,033	164,878		253,073		262,794		350,106	33.2%
Rent and contribution advances				13,228		11,989		13,228		11,989	-9.4%
Other liabilities	57,795		66,189	56,843		51,402		114,638		117,591	2.6%
Totals	\$ 8,820,800	\$	9,664,575	\$ 13,083,843	\$	13,644,534	\$	21,904,643	\$	23,309,109	6.4%

Miami-Dade County, Florida Outstanding Long-term Liabilities as of September 30, 2018 and 2019 (in thousands)

Bond Ratings

Miami-Dade County continues to meet its financial needs through prudent use of its revenues and effective debt financing programs. The County's financial strength and sound financial management practices are reflected in its general obligation bond (uninsured) investment ratings, which are among the highest levels attained by Florida counties. Following are the credit ratings assigned by the three primary credit rating agencies in the financial market:

Aa2	Moody's Investor Services
	•

AA Standard & Poor's Corporation AA Fitch IBCA, Inc.

At September 30, 2019, the County had \$16.4 billion in bonds and loans payable outstanding. This is a net increase (new debt issued less principal reductions and bond refunding) of \$577.5 million or 3.6% from the previous year. During the year, the County issued approximately \$1.8 billion of debt, of which \$1.2 billion were refunding bonds. The bonds and loans issued during the year are detailed in the chart below. Additional information on the County's debt can be obtained in Note 8.

Date Issued	Description	Purpose	Interest Rate Range	Final Maturity Date	Amount Issued / Sold in FY 2019
BONDS:					
6/8/2016	Miami-Dade County, Florida General Obligation Bonds (Building Better Communities Program) 2016A- 1 and 2016A-2 Drawdown Bonds, \$400,000 issued, of which \$111,000 was drawn in FY 2019	To finance a portion of the costs to construct and improve water, sewer and flood control systems, park and recreational facilities, bridges, public infrastructure and neighborhood improvements, public safety facilities, emergency and healthcare facilities, public services and outreach facilities, housing for the elderly and families, and cultural, library and multicultural educational facilities and pay cost of issuance.	Variable	6/1/2046	\$111,000
1/31/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2019	To refund all of the outstanding Miami-Dade County, Florida Water and Sewer System Commercial Paper Notes, Series A-1 (Tax-Exempt) and Series B-1 (Tax- Exempt); make a deposit to the Reserve Account; and pay costs of issuance.	4.00% - 5.00%	10/1/2048	\$233,305
4/23/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Transit System Sales Surtax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019	To refund all of the outstanding Miami-Dade County, Florida Transit System System Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds Series 2009B (Build America Bonds); and pay costs of issuance.	3.00% - 5.00%	07/1/2039	\$221,385
5/30/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A (AMT)	To refund all of the outstanding Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Commercial Paper notes, Series C (AMT); finance or reimburse the County for all or a portion of the cost of certain Improvements to the Port Authority Properties; to pay certain cost of issuance; and pay capitalized interest.	4.00% - 5.00%	10/1/2049	\$282,180
5/30/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B (Taxable)	To refund and redeem all or a portion of the Aviation Revenue Bonds Series 2009A, Series 2010A, and Series 2010B and pay certain cost of issuance.	2.569% - 3.555%	10/1/2034	\$212,745
7/31/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida General Obligation Bonds (Public Health Trust Program), Series 2018A	The Bonds were originally issued on October 24, 2018 to finance a portion of the cost of certain Public Health Trust Program projects within the County, approved by the voters in a special election of the County held on November 5, 2013, and are being converted to the Fixed Rate Mode.	5.00%	07/1/2048	\$163,760
8/28/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Capital Asset Acquisition Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2019A	To fund all or a portion of the costs of the acquisition, development and construction of the Series 2019A Projects which include financing of fire rescue helicopters and Quality Neighborhood Improvement projects such as drainage, resurfacing, sidewalk and park projects; and to pay the costs of issuance.	5.00%	04/1/2040	\$64,650
8/28/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Capital Asset Acquisition Special Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B	To refund all of the County's outstanding Capital Asset Acquisition Taxable Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2009B (Build America Bonds) and Capital Asset Acquisition Taxable Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2010B (Build America Bonds); and pay costs of issuance.	5.000%	04/1/2040	\$96,930
09/19/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019C (Non- AMT)	To refund a portion of the Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A; and pay costs of issuance.	5.00%	10/1/2021	\$17,415
9/19/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019D (Non- AMT)	To refund a portion of the Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B; and pay costs of issuance.	5.00%	10/1/2021	\$9,675
9/19/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019E (Taxable)	To refund a portion of the Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A and Series 2012B; and pay costs of issuance.	1.872% - 2.649%	10/01/2032	\$360,500
LOANS:		-	1		
9/30/2019	Water and Sewer Revolving Line of Credit	To pay costs of constructing or acquiring certain improvements under the Water and Sewer Department's Multi-Year Capital Plan.	2.56% -4.17%	9/30/2038	\$16,515
Total long-te	rm debt issued or sold during the	year			\$1,790,060

BONDS AND LOANS ISSUED OR SOLD DURING THE YEAR	
(in thousands)	

Other Obligations. The County administers a self-insurance program for workers' compensation, tort liability, property, and group health and life insurance programs, subject to certain stop-loss provisions. Detailed information about the County's liability related to the self-insurance program is included in Note 7. Other obligations include pension liabilities, compensated absences, post-employment health insurance benefits and other contingencies.

Economic Factors and Other Significant Matters

The County's revenues and expenses are affected by changes in international, national and local economic factors. Economic growth can be measured by various factors. Highlights of the economic factors that affected Miami-Dade County during the last fiscal year are discussed below.

- The average annual unemployment rate for fiscal year 2019 stood at approximately 3.4%, as compared to 3.9% a year earlier. During fiscal year 2019, nonagricultural wage and salary employment recorded an increase of 2.1% from fiscal year 2018, to put total employment at a record high of 1,215,100. Source: Miami-Dade County Department of Regulatory and Economic Resources, Research Section).
- Office vacancy and retail vacancy rate increased to 8.8% and 4.3% in fiscal year 2019, respectively. The industrial market vacancy rate also saw an increase to 4% in fiscal year 2019. Sales of existing single-family homes and condominiums increased slightly, while foreclosure filings increased for the first time in seven years. (Source: Miami-Dade Department of Regulatory and Economic Resources, Research Section).
- Taxable sales stood at \$56.1 billion with only the categories of business (4.6%) and tourism (0.3%) seeing growth as compared to increase in all six categories in fiscal year 2018. (Source: Miami-Dade Department of Regulatory and Economic Resources, Research Section).
- Visitors to the Miami area stayed essentially flat in fiscal year 2019, at a level of 16.2 million overnight visitors. A slight drop in international visitors was countered by a slight increase in domestic visitors. (Source: Miami-Dade Department of Regulatory and Economic Resources).

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Miami-Dade County's finances to our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, creditors, and others with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be emailed to: <u>FIN-FCRPT@miamidade.gov</u>.

Miami-Dade County, Florida Finance Department Office of the Controller 111 NW 1st Street, Suite 2620 Miami, Florida 33128-1980 (This page left blank intentionally.)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

			Primary	Government			 Compor	nent Ur			
							lousing		ackson		
		ernmental ctivities	isiness-type Activities	Adjustn	onte	Total	inance uthority		-lealth undation		
ASSETS	A	CUVILES	 ACUVILLES	Aujusti	ICIIIS	Total	 unonty	10	inuation		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	517,117	\$ 742,531			\$ 1,259,648	\$ 10,949	\$	1,324		
Investments		993,206	408,551			1,401,757	16,391		5,529		
Accounts receivable, net		53,104	417,121			470,225	313		19,402		
Internal balances		118,991	(118,991)								
Due from other governments		296,802	197,693			494,495					
Mortgages and notes receivable, net		266,515	. ,			266,515	9,356				
Inventories		32,257	130,204			162,461	-,				
Other assets		02,201	38,493			38,493	782		223		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		297,135	1,408,692			1,705,827	619		220		
Restricted long-term investments		612,718	1,049,443			1,662,161	0.0				
Restricted advance to other governments		012,710	1,010,110			1,077					
Capital assets, net of depreciation			1,077			1,077					
Land		766,301	1,038,486			1,804,787					
Buildings and building improvements		2,201,755	6,286,249			8,488,004					
							3		467		
Machinery and equipment		243,782	1,601,316			1,845,098	3		407		
		1,365,336	3,718,385			5,083,721					
Construction in progress		182,060 4,759,234	2,688,590 15,333,026			2,870,650 20,092,260	 3		467		
Total capital assets		4,709,204	 15,333,020			 20,092,200	 3		407		
Investment in derivative instruments		56,383	32,526			88,909					
Other non-current assets		11,976	27,005			38,981					
Total assets		8,015,438	19,667,371			27,682,809	 38,413		26,945		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred loss on refunding		64,295	284,328			348,623					
Deferred outflows - OPEB		46,865	34,387			81,252					
Deferred outflows - pensions		925,100	297,499			1,222,599	 392				
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,036,260	616,214			1,652,474	 392				
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		199,123	505,502			704,625	16		515		
Accrued interest payable		57,602	207,546			265,148	10		515		
Due to other governments		31,530	138,277			169,807					
Due to other governments		51,550	100,211			105,007					
Unearned revenue		104,858	5,959			110,817	1,447				
Other liabilities		67,969	109,421			177,390					
Long-term liabilities		,	,			,					
Due within one year		393,659	481,802			875,461	33				
Due in more than one year		9,270,916	13,134,403			22,405,319	1,335				
Total liabilities		10,125,657	14,582,910			24,708,567	 2,831		515		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		40.005	0.000			44 50 4					
Deferred gain on refunding		10,665	3,929			14,594					
Deferred inflows - OPEB		15,567	14,315			29,882					
Deferred inflows - pensions		187,344	80,346			267,690	 181				
Total deferred inflow of resources		213,576	98,590			312,166	 181				
NET POSITION											
Net investment in capital assets		1,235,473	4,073,428	(6	570,219)	4,638,682	3				
Restricted for:		.,200,0	1,010,120	(,	1,000,002	· ·				
Capital projects		626,823	643,586			1,270,409					
Debt service		215,928	653,106			869,034					
Housing programs		512,149	555,100			512,149					
Fire and Rescue		41,441				41,441					
Transportation Bublic Library		108,231				108,231					
Public Library		17,437				17,437					
Community and Social Development		16,779				16,779					
Environmentally Endangered Lands		28,208				28,208					
Stormwater Utility		41,982				41,982					
Other purposes (expendable)		243,265	190,480			433,745	1,619		1,602		
		3,260				3,260					
Other purposes (nonexpendable)											
Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position (deficit)	\$	(4,378,511) (1,287,535)	\$ 41,485 5,602,085	\$	570,219	\$ (3,666,807) 4,314,550	\$ 34,171 35,793	\$	24,828 26,430		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

				Prog	gram Revenue			
				(Operating	Cap	oital Grants	
			harges for	-	irants and		and	t (Expense)
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses	Services	Co	ontributions	Co	ntributions	Revenue
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
Policy formulation and general government	\$	587,115	\$ 263,181	\$	12,621	\$	3,231	\$ (308,082)
Protection of people and property		2,064,130	309,121		184,635		9,858	(1,560,516)
Physical environment		261,949	102,902		27,788		404	(130,855)
Transportation (streets and roads)		192,108	7,979		32,903		149,219	(2,007)
Health		240,247	12,454		2,177			(225,616)
Human services		178,007	823		150,643		575	(25,966)
Socio-economic environment		494,329	60,233		282,266			(151,830)
Culture and recreation		381,388	64,001		34,878		12,202	(270,307)
Interest on long-term debt		187,806						(187,806)
Total governmental activities		4,587,079	820,694		727,911		175,489	(2,862,985)
Business-type activities:								
Mass transit		701,716	95,230		169,878		23,000	(413,608)
Solid waste collection		(42,935)	159,765				452	203,152
Solid waste disposal		164,703	109,914					(54,789)
Seaport		158,684	165,592		17,674		8,761	33,343
Aviation		1,010,032	820,562		99,847		61,550	(28,073)
Water		291.823	328.052				21,115	57,344
Sewer		473.522	406,399				12,592	(54,531)
Public health		2.052.473	1,561,013		45.009		195,468	(250,983)
Other		39.210	43.220		(2,445)		98	1,663
Total business-type activities		4,849,228	3,689,747		329,963		323,036	(506,482)
Total primary government	\$	9,436,307	\$ 4,510,441	\$	1,057,874	\$	498,525	\$ (3,369,467)
Component units:								
Housing Finance Authority	\$	1,888	\$ 1,533					\$ (355)
Jackson Health Foundation	\$	5,886		\$	10,878			\$ 4,992

Continued

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

	Primary Government						Component Units			
	-	overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total		Housing Finance Authority		ackson lealth undation
Change in net position:										
Net (expense) revenue (from previous page)	\$	(2,862,985)	\$	(506,482)	\$	(3,369,467)	\$	(355)	\$	4,992
General revenues:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes, general		1,443,896				1,443,896				
Property taxes, for debt service		135,929				135,929				
Property taxes, for fire protection		378,163				378,163				
Property taxes, for libraries		72,056				72,056				
County hospital 1/2% sales surtax		282,832				282,832				
Transportation 1/2% sales surtax		282,820				282,820				
Tourist taxes		175,672				175,672				
Utility taxes		99,982				99,982				
Local option gas taxes		60,969				60,969				
Communication tax		24,983				24,983				
Documentary stamp surtax		36,888				36,888				
Other taxes		16,347				16,347				
Intergovernmental revenues, unrestricted		306,479				306,479				
Franchise fees		24,581				24,581				
Earnings on investments		48,649		77,628		126,277		2,414		170
Miscellaneous		19,340		50,832		70,172		156		
Transfersinternal activities		(863,420)		863,420						
Total general revenues and transfers		2,546,166		991,880		3,538,046		2,570		170
Change in net position		(316,819)		485,398		168,579		2,215		5,162
Net position (deficit) - beginning		(970,716)		5,116,687		4,145,971		33,578		21,268
Net position (deficit) - ending	\$	(1,287,535)	\$	5,602,085	\$	4,314,550	\$	35,793	\$	26,430

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

	Major	Funds		l	Nonmajor	Total		
	 General	Fir	e Rescue	Go	overnmental	Go	vernmental	
	Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 87,164	\$	13,072	\$	620,954	\$	721,190	
Investments	186,138		31,902		1,178,555		1,396,595	
Accounts receivable, net	21,042		2,845		15,374		39,261	
Delinquent taxes receivable	7,427		2,078		1,401		10,906	
Allowance for uncollected delinquent taxes	(7,427)		(2,078)		(1,401)		(10,906)	
Due from other funds	200,475		1,000		5,670		207,145	
Due from other governments	66,175				230,477		296,652	
Mortgages and notes receivable, net					266,515		266,515	
Inventories	24,325		6,132		1,800		32,257	
Other assets					1,313		1,313	
Total assets	\$ 585,319	\$	54,951	\$	2,320,658	\$	2,960,928	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 91,410	\$	12,987	\$	79,996	\$	184,393	
Retainage payable	730		42		13,040		13,812	
Due to other funds	4,826				180,767		185,593	
Due to other governments	2,305				29,225		31,530	
Unearned revenue	444				5,256		5,700	
Other liabilities	4,692		1		63,276		67,969	
Total liabilities	 104,407		13,030		371,560		488,997	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue	6,935		480		27,273		34,688	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 6,935		480		27,273		34,688	
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable	24,325		6,132		5,830		36,287	
Restricted	79,418		43,042		1,983,766		2,106,226	
Committed	4,443						4,443	
Assigned	242,742						242,742	
Unassigned (deficit)	 123,049		(7,733)		(67,771)		47,545	
Total fund balances	 473,977		41,441		1,921,825		2,437,243	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 585,319	\$	54,951	\$	2,320,658	\$	2,960,928	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

Total fund balancesgovernmental funds		\$ 2,437,243
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different bec	ause:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefor funds. These assets consist of:	e, are not reported in the	
Land	\$ 766,301	
	3,591,328	
Buildings and building improvements Machinery and equipment	773,704	
Infrastructure	3,379,222	
Construction in progress	182,060	
Accumulated depreciation	(3,933,381)	
Total capital assets		4,759,234
The Internal Service Fund is used to charge the cost of self-insurance to individual fun liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities sectio Position.		(231,196)
The Statement of Net Position includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the intr		
position to business-type activities. This adjustment increases the Internal balances a activities.	ccount of governmental	79,748
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not financial reso reported in the fund statements. Those liabilities consist of:	ources, therefore are not	
Bonds, loans, and notes payable	\$ (5,034,562)	
Accrued interest payable	(57,602)	
Compensated absences	(523,789)	
Other postemployment benefits	(381,770)	
Net Pension Obligation - Florida Retirement System (FRS)	(2,292,557)	
Net Pension Obligation - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS)	(596,322)	
Liability under Arena Agreement	(108,000)	
Unearned revenues - Florida Marlins contribution	(99,158)	
Lease agreements	(97,033)	
Other liabilities	(66,189)	/
Total long-term liabilities		(9,256,982)
Other balances in the financial statements that do not meet the financial resource / use reported in the fund financial statements as follows:	e criterea and therefore, not	
Investment derivative instruments are only recognized in the Statement of Net Posi	tion	56,383
Some long-term receivables are only recognized in the Statement of Net Position		10,663
Unavailable revenues met the criteria for revenue recognition in the Statement of A	ctivities	34,688
Some deferred outflows of resources are not reported in the fund statements:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		46,865
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		925,100
Loss on bond refunding transactions		64,295
Some deferred inflows of resources are not reported in the fund statements:		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(15,567)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Gain on bond refunding transactions		 (187,344) (10,665)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities		\$ (1,287,535)

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

		Major	Funds	6	Ν	lonmajor		Total
	(General	Fi	re Rescue	Go	vernmental	Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	1,633,110	\$	378,163	\$	999,260	\$	3,010,533
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments						159,333		159,333
Licenses and permits		117,775				1,138		118,913
Intergovernmental revenues		307,483				664,644		972,127
Charges for services		421,879		88,378		132,500		642,757
Fines and forfeitures		22,715		25		25,735		48,475
Investment income		22,330		2,639		44,601		69,570
Other		77,526		1,625		56,347		135,498
Total revenues		2,602,818		470,830		2,083,558		5,157,206
Expenditures:								
Policy formulation and general government		444,511				116,682		561,193
Protection of people and property		1,114,855		480,536		67,470		1,662,861
Physical environment		81,637				168,026		249,663
Transportation		17,405				122,516		139,921
Health		58,588				180,293		238,881
Human services						175,016		175,016
Socio-economic environment		88,868				393,899		482,767
Culture and recreation		159,761				170,035		329,796
Debt service:		,				,		,
Principal retirement				6,471		120,170		126,641
Interest				632		176,027		176,659
Other						5,727		5,727
Capital outlay		31,435		7,652		179,016		218,103
Total expenditures		1,997,060		495,291		1,874,877		4,367,228
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over		,,		, -		,- ,-		,, -
expenditures		605,758		(24,461)		208,681		789,978
Other financing sources (uses):				(= :, :• :)				
Long-term debt issued						339,410		339,410
Refunding debt issued						177,712		177,712
Premium on long-term debt						86,528		86,528
Capital lease arrangements		18,667				11,705		30,372
Payments to bond escrow agents- refunding		10,001				(210,337)		(210,337)
Transfers in		29,024		34,208		335,067		398,299
Transfers out		(611,790)		(2,676)		(647,253)		(1,261,719)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(564,099)		31,532		92,832		(439,735)
Net change in fund balances		41,659		7,071		301,513		350,243
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory		1,380		(663)		4		721
Fund balances -beginning		430,938		35,033		1,620,308		2,086,279
Fund balances-ending	¢		¢		¢	1,921,825	¢	
i unu valancesenuny	\$	473,977	\$	41,441	\$	1,321,023	\$	2,437,243

RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	350,243
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Capital outlay is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these				
Capital outlay Depreciation expense Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense	\$	218,103 (205,922)		12,181
Other capital assets transactions are reported in the Statement of Activities, but are not reported in the fur statements.	nd finar	ncial		17,077
The issuance of long-term debt provides a source of current financial resources to governmental funds. H debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Governmental funds report premiums, similar items when debt is first issued, but these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of current year, these amounts consist of:	, discou	unts and		
Bonds and notes issued Refunding bonds issued Increase in accreted interest on capital appreciation debt Premium on new bonds Capital Leases	\$	(339,410) (177,712) (34,394) (86,528) (30,372)		
Total long-term debt proceeds and related transactions		(00,012)		(668,416)
The repayment or refunding of long-term debt is a use of financial resources in governmental funds, but re liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:	educes	long-term		
Principal payments of long-term debt Payments to bond escrow agent- refunding				110,743 212,712
The change in the fair value of investment derivative instruments is only reflected in the Statement of Activ	vities.			24,505
Some revenues have met the criteria for revenue recognition in the Statement of Activities				3,001
Some expenses, deferred outflows and deferred inflows reported in the Statement of Activities do not requ current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The cl balances for these activities include:				
Deferred gains (losses) on bond refundings Bond premium Accrued interest payable Compensated absences OPEB, deferred outflows, and, deferred inflows Pension liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows Liability under the American Airlines Arena Agreement Capital lease obligations Energy conservation loans Other long-term liabilities Inventories	\$	82,162 (60,061) 1,374 (49,694) (5,403) (378,991) 6,400 31,255 1,859 (10,253) 721		
Total additional expenses			-	(380,631)

RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of self-insurance to individual funds. The change in net position of the fund is reported with the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.	19,093
The Statement of Net Position includes an adjustment to reflect an allocation of the Internal Service Fund's loss to business type activities. This adjustment decreases the Internal Balances account of governmental activities.	(17,327)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (316,819)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

		Busi	ness-type Activi	ties - Ente	erprise Funds		
			Solid Waste		_		
	Transit	Ма	nagement		Seaport		Aviation
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 319	\$	65,340	\$	31,427	\$	299,720
Investments			159,944		77,116		44,876
Accounts receivable, net	6,771		10,317		15,977		45,689
Due from other funds	128						1,829
Due from other governments	59,433		83				
Inventories	42,032				5,150		4,465
Other current assets	 1,074				6,720		3,745
Total unrestricted assets	 109,757		235,684		136,390		400,324
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents			7,698		34,226		40,172
Investments			1,564		21,282		234,821
Due from other governments					17,000		32,748
Other restricted assets			8,042				7,897
Total restricted assets			17,304		72,508		315,638
Total current assets	 109,757		252,988		208,898		715,962
Non current assets:							
Capital assets:							
Land	260,607		31,414		489,829		127,026
Buildings and building improvements, net	861,791		14,603		292,791		4,655,706
Machinery and equipment, net	556,366		63,736		40,027		396,897
Infrastructure, net	,		14,817		243,664		547,392
Construction in progress	270,582		65,250		272,707		225,676
Total capital assets, net	 1,949,346		189,820		1,339,018		5,952,697
Other non current assets:	,,		,.		,,-		-,,
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	67,359		42,686				846,203
Restricted long-term investments	114,133		96,828		60,671		0.0,200
Restricted advance to other governments	111,100		00,020		1,077		
Due from other funds					1,011		1.451
Investment derivative Instruments							1,101
Other non-current assets			1,477				1,311
Total non current assets	 2,130,838		330,811		1,400,766		6,801,662
Total assets	 2,240,595		583,799		1,400,700		7,517,624
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 2,240,393		505,755		1,003,004		7,317,024
Deferred loss on refunding	8,915				7,627		142,097
Deferred outflows - OPEB	6,915 6,961		2,882		831		3,327
Deferred outflows - DPEB	68,097		2,002 18,100		7,726		28,365
Total deferred outflows of resources	 83,973		20,982		16,184		28,365
	 ,	•	,	•	,	•	,
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 2,324,568	\$	604,781	\$	1,625,848	\$	7,691,413

Water and Sewer Public Health Trust Nonmajor Enterprise Total Enterprise \$ 18,172 \$ 306,508 \$ 21,045 \$ 742,531 104,677 7,611 14,327 408,551 147,067 190,500 800 417,121 1,224 47,493 622 51,296 992 81,008 396 141,912 41,438 37,119 130,204 1,339 9,270 406 22,554	Activities- Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund \$ 85,50 209,32 13,84 17,69 15
104,6777,61114,327408,551147,067190,500800417,1211,22447,49362251,29699281,008396141,91241,43837,119130,204	209,32 13,84 17,69
104,6777,61114,327408,551147,067190,500800417,1211,22447,49362251,29699281,008396141,91241,43837,119130,204	209,32 13,84 17,69
147,067190,500800417,1211,22447,49362251,29699281,008396141,91241,43837,119130,204	13,84 17,69
1,22447,49362251,29699281,008396141,91241,43837,119130,204	17,69
992 81,008 396 141,912 41,438 37,119 130,204	,
41,438 37,119 130,204	15
1 220 0 270 406 22 554	
1,339 9,270 406 22,554	
314,909 679,509 37,596 1,914,169	326,51
238,232 4,181 1,261 325,770	7,56
7,928 5,076 270,671	.,
6,033 55,781	
15,939	
238,232 18,142 6,337 668,161	7,56
553,141 697,651 43,933 2,582,330	334,07
79,835 45,060 4,715 1,038,486	
26,603 370,000 64,755 6,286,249	
361,958 175,701 6,631 1,601,316	
2,851,761 60,751 3,718,385	
1,479,098 371,723 3,554 2,688,590	
4,799,255 962,484 140,406 15,333,026	
120,891 5,783 1,082,922	
432,780 66,670 7,690 778,772	
1,077	
1,451	
32,526 32,526	
19,934 4,283 27,005	
5,405,386 1,033,437 153,879 17,256,779	
5,958,527 1,731,088 197,812 19,839,109	334,07
118,296 6,897 496 284,328	
6,057 14,295 34 34,387	
55,956 118,924 331 297,499	
180,309 140,116 861 616,214	
\$ 6,138,836 \$ 1,871,204 \$ 198,673 \$ 20,455,323	\$ 334,07

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

			Busin	ess-type Activit	ies - Ente	erprise Funds		
				Solid Waste				
		Transit	Mar	nagement		Seaport		Aviation
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities payable from current assets:	¢	40 777	¢	16 717	¢	20 126	¢	20 550
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	48,777	\$	16,717	\$	29,136 16,480	\$	29,559
Current portion of bonds, loans and notes payable Accrued interest payable						10,460		
		12,316		3,833		1,807		7,386
Compensated absences		12,310		3,033		1,007		7,300
Estimated claims payable Environmental remediation liability								6,520
-				1,116				0,520
Liability for closure and postclosure care costs Due to other funds		48,949		2,451		484		3,922
		40,949				404		3,922
Due to other governments Rent and contributions advances				1,495				0 473
Unearned revenue		5,179						8,473
Other postemployment benefits		5,175						
Capital lease liability						171		8,252
Other current liabilities				634				21,662
Total current liabilities payable from current assets		115,221		26,246		48,078		85,774
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:		,		20,210		10,010		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		8,228		23		42,182		23,634
Current portion of bonds, loans and notes payable		23,819		9,320		14,325		140,520
Accrued interest payable		14,818		1,703		16,001		113,898
Estimated claims payable		11,010		1,700		10,001		110,000
Unearned revenue								
Capital lease liability		10,135		6,258				
Other current liabilities		-,		-,				
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets		57,000		17,304		72,508		278,052
Total current liabilities		172,221		43,550		120,586		363,826
Long-term liabilities:		,		,		,		
Bonds, loans and notes payable, net		1,234,641		49,718		962,901		5,843,788
Commercial paper		1,201,011				247,655		0,010,100
Estimated claims payable						211,000		
Compensated absences		28,128		14,178		5,690		18,484
Environmental remediation liability		20,120		11,110		0,000		42,015
Liability for closure and postclosure care costs				82,397				12,010
Net pension liability				02,001				
Florida Retirement System (FRS)		168,755		44,855		19.146		70,292
Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS)		43,895		11,667		4,980		18,284
Public Health Trust Retirement Plan		40,000		11,007		4,500		10,204
Total other postemployment benefits liability		56,705		23,476		6,770		27,100
Rent and contributions advances		50,705		23,470		0,110		3,516
Capital lease liability		122,328		33,516		3,472		68,941
Other long-term liabilities		412		33,510		4,038		00,941
Total long-term liabilities		1,654,864		259,841		1,254,652		6,092,420
Total liabilities				,				6,456,246
		1,827,085		303,391		1,375,238		0,430,240
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				440				
Deferred gain on refunding		0 040		448		076		4 400
Deferred inflows - OPEB		2,312		957		276		1,105
Deferred inflows - pensions		13,791		3,666		1,564		5,744
Total deferred inflows of resources		16,103		5,071		1,840	-	6,849
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	1,843,188	\$	308,462	\$	1,377,078	\$	6,463,095

		Bus	iness-type Activit		ernmental			
Water and Sewer					onmajor iterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Self- Intern	tivities- Insurance al Service Fund
\$ 21,4	32	\$	210,560	\$	1,488	\$ 357,669	\$	918
8,9	42		9,710			35,132		
			4,442			4,442		
11,0)42		85,353		86	121,823		
			7,254			7,254		96,128
						6,520		
						1,116		
21,0)84		15,099		1	91,990		
21,4			115,002		365	138,277		
						8,473		
						5,179		
			5,563			5,563		
						8,423		
21,1	13		34,707		1,808	79,924		
105,0)28		487,690		3,748	871,785		97,046
73,7	66					147,833		
80,7					1,340	270,061		
55,8					869	203,104		
)44					1,044		
1-					780	780		
						16,393		
26,8	370		2,004		623	29,497		
238,2			2,004		3,612	668,712		
343,2	260		489,694		7,360	1,540,497		97,046
2,618,7	71		288,780		47,759	11,046,358		
300,0			,		,	547,655		
2,1			40,547			42,670		468,22
36,7			,		446	103,694		,
,						42,015		
						82,397		
138,6	69		87,296		821	529,834		
36,0			35,530		213	150,639		
,-			91,426			91,426		
49,3	346		79,194		278	242,869		
,-			,			3,516		
						228,257		
			14,197		4,392	23,073		
3,181,7	'47		636,970		53,909	13,134,403		468,22
3,525,0			1,126,664		61,269	14,674,900		565,27
			3,481			3,929		
20)12		7,642		11	14,315		
2,0			44,182		67	80,346		
			55,305		78	98,590		
13,3			00,000			00,000		

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

 -

		Busi	ness-type Activit	ies - Ente	rprise Funds	
	Transit		Solid Waste nagement		Seaport	Aviation
NET POSITION			•			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 614,812	\$	129,057	\$	331,807	\$ 250,623
Restricted for:						
Debt service	73,268		12,543		47,325	352,493
Capital projects						383,085
Grants and other purposes			104,052			71,401
Unrestricted (deficit)	(206,700)		50,667		(130,362)	170,716
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 481,380	\$	296,319	\$	248,770	\$ 1,228,318

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		Busir	ness-type Activit	ies - Ente	erprise Funds				vernmental ctivities-
Water and Sewer			Public Health Trust	E	onmajor nterprise Funds	E	Total Enterprise Funds	Sel	f-Insurance mal Service Fund
\$	1,962,557	\$	692,311	\$	92,261	\$	4,073,428		
	158,635		7,928		914		653,106		
	260,499		2				643,586		
			2,704		12,323		190,480		
	218,794		(13,710)		31,828		121,233	\$	(231,196)
\$	2,600,485	\$	689,235	\$	137,326	\$	5,681,833	\$	(231,196)

Adjustment to reflect the allocation of internal service

fund net revenue (deficit) to business-type activities Net position of business-type activities (79,748) \$ 5,602,085

(Concluded)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (in thousands)

	Baointo	oo type notivit	103 - LI	nterprise Funds)	
Transit	Ма	Solid Waste magement		Seaport		Aviation
\$ 95,230	\$	269,679	\$	165,592	\$	820,562
339,687		89,046		37,214		195,014
61,419		96,200		12,190		218,004
32,820		5,504		3,576		21,766
 127,236		58,725		32,860		65,579
 561,162				85,840		500,363
(77,371)		(17,686)		(29,145)		(264,935)
		(140)				
 (543,303)		2,378		50,607		55,264
6,118		6,437		5,317		29,137
(66,068)		(3,301)		(45,503)		(246,046)
147,218				17,674		
						96,785
		150,937				
22,660		(805)		1,482		3,062
 109,928		153,268		(21,030)		(117,062)
				· · ·		
(122 275)		155 646		20 577		(61,798)
. ,		155,040		29,511		(01,790)
303,017		(7 550)		(603)		
23 000						61,550
		-				(248)
		,		- ,		(240) 1,228,566
\$,	\$,	¢	,	\$	1,228,300
	339,687 61,419 32,820 127,236 561,162 (77,371) (543,303) 6,118 (66,068) 147,218 22,660	\$ 95,230 \$ 339,687 61,419 32,820 127,236 561,162 (77,371) (543,303) 6,118 (66,068) 147,218 22,660 109,928 (433,375) 383,017 23,000 (27,358) 508,738	Transit Waste Management \$ 95,230 \$ 269,679 339,687 89,046 61,419 96,200 32,820 5,504 127,236 58,725 561,162 249,475 (140) (140) (543,303) 2,378 (140) (140) (543,303) 2,378 (3,301) 147,218 109,928 153,268 (433,375) 155,646 383,017 (7,550) (7,550) (7,550) 23,000 452 (27,358) 148,548 508,738 147,771 147,711	Waste Management \$ 95,230 \$ 269,679 \$ 339,687 89,046 61,419 96,200 32,820 5,504 127,236 58,725 561,162 249,475 (140) (140) (543,303) 2,378 6,118 6,437 (66,068) (3,301) 147,218 109,928 153,268 153,268 153,268 (433,375) 155,646 383,017 (7,550) 23,000 452 (27,358) 148,548 508,738 147,771	Waste Transit Management Seaport \$ 95,230 \$ 269,679 \$ 165,592 339,687 89,046 37,214 61,419 96,200 12,190 32,820 5,504 3,576 127,236 58,725 32,860 561,162 249,475 85,840 (77,371) (17,686) (29,145) (140) (140) (140) (543,303) 2,378 50,607 6,118 6,437 5,317 (66,068) (3,301) (45,503) 147,218 17,674 17,674 22,660 (805) 1,482 109,928 153,268 (21,030) (433,375) 155,646 29,577 383,017 (7,550) (603) 23,000 452 8,761 (27,358) 148,548 37,735 508,738 147,771 211,035	Waste Transit Management Seaport \$ 95,230 \$ 269,679 \$ 165,592 \$ 339,687 89,046 37,214 61,419 96,200 12,190 32,820 5,504 3,576 127,236 58,725 32,860 3,576 32,860 3,576 561,162 249,475 85,840 (77,371) (17,686) (29,145) (140) (140) (140) (140) 105,937 10,937 22,660 (805) 1,482 17,674 150,937 22,660 (805) 1,482 109,928 153,268 (21,030) (433,375) 155,646 29,577 383,017 (7,550) (603) (27,358) 148,548 37,735 508,738 147,771 211,035

Water and Sewer		Business-type Activit Public Health Trust			Enterprise Fund Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund		
\$	734,451	\$	1,561,013	\$	43,220	\$ 3,689,747	\$	642,438	
	271,167		1,198,224		14,572	2,144,924			
	73,425		425,779		9,701	896,718			
	36,670		338,519		252	439,107			
								629,082	
	60,963		15,655		1,638	362,656			
	442,225		1,978,177		26,163	3,843,405		629,082	
	(201,173)		(74,910)		(11,028)	(676,248)			
						(140)			
	91,053		(492,074)		6,029	(830,046)		13,356	
	27,955		1,577		1.087	77,628		5,737	
	(111,875)		(11,089)		(2,019)	(485,901)			
						164,892			
						96,785			
						150,937			
	38,357		45,009		(2,445)	107,320			
	(45,563)		35,497		(3,377)	111,661		5,737	
	45,490		(456,577)		2,652	(718,385)		19,093	
	-0,-00		486.056		2,500	871,573		13,030	
			100,000		2,000	(8,153)			
	33,707		195,468		98	323,036			
	79,197		224,947		5,250	468,071		19,093	
	2,521,288		464,288		132,076	5,213,762		(250,289	
\$	2,600,485	\$	689,235	\$	137,326	\$ 5,681,833	\$	(231,196	

Adjustment to reflect the allocation of internal service	
fund's change in net position to business-type activities	 17,327
Change in net position of business-type activities	\$ 485,398

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Transit	Ма	Solid Waste anagement		Seaport		Aviation
Cash flows from operating activities:			-					
Cash received from customers and tenants	\$	94,171	\$	268,342	\$	161,613	\$	823,610
Cash received for premiums								
Cash paid to suppliers		(195,374)		(105,386)		(9,044)		(265,213)
Other cash received		22,660		(, ,		(' ' '		(, , ,
Cash paid to other County departments		(20,723)		(49,397)		(34,035)		(86,214)
Cash paid to employees for services		(323,475)		(84,627)		(33,710)		(137,054)
Other non-operating hurricane related expenses		(142,069		((- , ,
Cash paid for claims and policies				,				
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(422,741)		171,001		84,824		335,129
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		(122,711)		11 1,001		01,021		000,120
Grants and subsidies received		151,132				21.302		3.040
Transfers in from other funds		318,403				21,002		0,040
Advances from other County funds		(39,236)						
Litigation settlement		(39,230)				5.279		
Transfers out						(603)		
						(003)		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt								
Other non-operating related expenses						(5.010)		
Principal and interest payments		430.299				(5,918) 20.060		3.040
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		430,299				20,000		3,040
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Advances from other County funds		005 704		0.554		77 000		4 000 545
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		225,734		8,551		77,393		1,382,515
Bond premium/(discount) on new debt		(100.000)		(10, 105)		(00.000)		15,346
Principal payments - bonds, loans, notes payable		(180,326)		(13,165)		(29,823)		(1,332,549)
Interest paid		(60,197)		(3,267)		(41,436)		(258,317)
Issuance costs				(10)		(578)		
Interest subsidy received						674		
Purchase and construction of capital assets		(232,210)		(40,280)		-173265		-165185
Capital contributed by federal, state and local governments		107,207		452		(944)		52,614
Proceeds from sale of assets				743				1,155
Passenger facility charges								96,673
Payments of energy performance contracts								(3,490)
Proceeds from environmental reimbursements								22
Landfill closure grants expenses				(631)				
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(139,792)		(47,607)		(167,979)		(211,216)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Purchase of investment securities				(258,336)		(159,371)		(1,579,213)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investment securities		104,996		181,429		223,538		1,729,974
Interest and dividends on investments		6,118		6,437		5,619		21,685
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		111,114		(70,470)		69,786		172,446
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(21,120)		52,924		6,691		299,399
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		88,798		62,800		58,962		886,696
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	67,678	\$	115,724	\$	65,653	\$	1,186,095

(Continued)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		ernmental								
Water and Sewer				Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Enterprise		Total Enterprise Funds	Self-I Intern	tivities- nsurance al Service ⁻ und
\$ 786,0	55 \$	1,570,922	\$	43,234	\$	3,747,947				
(68,5	45)	(810,451)		(17,460)		(1,471,473) 22,660	\$	636,600		
(121,4 (224,4		(3,912) (1,166,914)		(8,891)		(315,725) (1,979,143)				
						142,069		1504.004		
371,5	94	(410,355)		16,883		146,335		(564,094 72,506		
		45,009				220,483				
		484,236		2,500		805,139				
6,0	00					(33,236)				
						5,279				
						(603)				
				(2,445)		(2,445)				
						(5,918)				
6,0	00	529,245		55		988,699				
611,2	07			9,584		2,315,074				
(2,8				9,364		2,315,074 12,467				
(2,0	,	(8,985)		(10,931)		(1,921,229)				
(343,4	,	(13,777)		(10,931) (2,441)		(462,356)				
(02,0	Z 1)	(10,111)		(2,771)		(588)				
						674				
-4384	99	(291,513)		(6,975)		(1,347,927)				
		195,468		98		354,895				
		945				2,843				
						96,673				
						(3,490)				
						22				
						(631)				
(258,4	52)	(117,862)		(10,665)		(953,573)				
(1,273,0	40)	(266)		(1,041)		(3,271,267)		(209,329		
1,220,7		(====)		(.,•)		3,460,712		168,244		
16,2		1,579		1,087		58,793		5,73		
(35,9		1,313		46		248,238		(35,348		
83,1	45	2,341		6,319		429,699		37,15		
294,1	50	308,348		21,770		1,721,524		55,904		
\$ 377,2	95 \$	310,689	\$	28,089	\$	2,151,223	\$	93,06		

(Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
				Solid Vaste				
		Transit	Man	agement	5	Seaport		Aviation
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(543,303)	\$	2,378	\$	50,607	\$	55,264
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		77,371		17,686		29,145		264,935
Other - net		33,336		4,090				1
Other non-operating hurricane related expenses				142,069				
(Increase) decrease in assets:								
Accounts receivable, net		(1,556)		(1,321)		(3,979)		(1,338)
Inventories		(3,357)				(148)		(320)
Other current assets		(44)		(26)		710		()
Deferred charges and other assets		()		(-)				
Due from other funds								1,287
Due from other governments				(3)				- ,
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				(-)				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(1,897)		2,499		4,619		(4,203)
Due to other funds		(1,001)		100		.,•.•		(5,250)
Due to other governments				(195)		423		(0,200)
Unearned revenue and other current liabilities				(100)		120		3,098
Compensated absences		6,974		101		181		1,093
Estimated claims payable		0,574		101		101		1,000
Liability for closure and postclosure care costs				(402)				
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows		16,591		4,085		3,266		10,662
Other postemployment benefits and related deferred inflows		(7,353)				3,200		(280)
		(7,353) 497		(47)				. ,
Other long-term liabilities	<u> </u>		¢	(4)	¢	04 004	¢	10,180
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(422,741)	\$	171,001	\$	84,824	\$	335,129
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:								
Capital contributions					\$	2,537		
(Decrease) increase in the fair value of investments						(17)		6527
Capital construction related liabilities	\$	25				41,990		(8,404)
Capitalized interest								(,
Capital grants receivable						4,919		
Amortization of bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs		9,029						(24,026)
Deferred gain (loss) on bond refunding		-,						()
Decrease in the fair value of swaps								
Decrease in rent and contribution advances								
Pension Related Liability								
Advance to to other government						423		
-	(Continued)				120		
	100mmudu	7						

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								ernmental ctivities-	
v	Water and Sewer		Public Nonmajor Health Enterprise Trust Funds			Total Enterprise Funds		Total Self-I Enterprise Interna		
\$	91,053	\$	(492,074)	\$	6,029	\$	(830,046)	\$	13,356	
	201,173 58,099		74,910 (525)		11,028		676,248 95,001 142,069			
	8,961 (1,589) 532		(19,795) (947) 2,092		(615) (196)		(19,643) (6,361) 3,068		(1,513)	
	11,373 (9,542) 962				653		11,373 (8,255) 1,612		(4,224) (101)	
	4,789 5,436 1,096		5,807 46 (88)		64 (365)		11,678 332 871		(3,542)	
	(20,447) 2,564 (106)		(4,027) 744		(24) 155		(21,409) 11,068 638		68,530	
	11,184 6,056		21,916 1,733 (147)		126 28		(402) 67,830 109 10,554			
\$	371,594	\$	(410,355)	\$	16,883	\$	146,335	\$	72,506	
	33700									
	1700		3 (11,763)		959 619					
			2,249 293		137 (496)					
	9,900									

(Concluded)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (in theusando)

(in thousands)

	Pension Trust Fund	Agency Funds		
ASSETS	i ulu	1 01105		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,791	\$ 223,139		
Investments		107,05		
Domestic investments:				
Equities	470,654			
Mutual funds	43,145			
Corporate debt securities	45,901			
Government and agency obligations	13,819			
Total domestic investments	573,519			
International investments:				
Equities	3,770			
Mutual funds	36,818			
Corporate debt securities	6,868			
Total international investments	47,456			
Commingled funds- equity	39,919			
Real Estate	72,519			
Commingled funds- fixed income	60,756			
Due from other governments				
Delinquent taxes receivable				
Allowance for uncollected delinquent taxes				
Performance bonds		381,66		
Other current assets		6		
Total assets	\$ 814,960	\$ 711,91		
IABILITIES				
Due to other governments and entities		\$ 711,91		
Total liabilities		\$ 711,917		
IET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$ 814,960			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

NET POSITION HELD FOR EMPLOYEE'S FOR PENSION BENEFITS	
ADDITIONS	
Employer contributions	\$ 23,378
Employee contributions	21,196
Total contributions	 44,574
Investment income:	
Interest income	6,720
Dividends	3,348
Net realized and unrealized gains on pension trust fund investments	7,106
Total investment gain	 17,174
Less investment expense:	
Investment managers and custodial fees	(52)
Net investment gain	 17,122
Total additions	 61,696
DEDUCTIONS	
Participants benefits expense	34,802
Administrative expense	1,445
Total deductions	 36,247
Net increase in net position held in trust for pension benefits	25,449
Net position held in trust for employee's pension benefits, at beginning of year	789,511
Net pension held in trust for employee's pension benefits, at end of year	\$ 814,960

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1-A. Reporting Entity

Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "County") is an instrumentality of the State of Florida established by an amendment to the Florida State Constitution adopted May 21, 1957 as the Dade County Home Rule Charter, to carry on a centralized government.

The Board of County Commissioners (the "BCC") is the legislative body, consisting of 13 members elected from single-member districts. Members are elected to serve four-year terms, and elections of members are staggered. The BCC chooses a Chairperson, who presides over the Commission, as well as appoints the members of its legislative committees. The BCC has a wide array of powers to enact legislation, create departments, and regulate business operating within the County. It also has the power to override the Mayor's veto with a two-thirds vote.

The Mayor is elected by qualified voters of the county at large for a four-year term, for a maximum of two consecutive four-year terms. The Mayor is the head of the county government with specified powers and responsibilities, including the management of all administrative departments of the County government and for carrying out policies adopted by the BCC. On January 23, 2007, the electors of Miami-Dade County approved an amendment to the Home Rule Charter which established a Strong Mayor form of government. This amendment expands the Mayor's powers over administrative matters. Under this new system, the Mayor appoints all department heads.

The Mayor has veto authority over any legislative decision of the BCC, if acted upon within ten days of the final adoption by the BCC. The BCC may at its next regularly scheduled meeting after the veto occurs, override that veto by a two-thirds vote of the Commissioners present. On January 29, 2008, a charter amendment was approved to make the Property Appraiser an elected position. On November 6, 2018, voters elected to pass Amendment 10, which requires Miami-Dade County to elect its sheriff, supervisor of elections, and tax collector. Amendment 10 is effective in 2024.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of Miami-Dade County. The General Fund accounts for revenues, expenditures, sources and uses of the general government except those required or assigned to be accounted for in other funds.

The financial reporting entity for which the accompanying financial statements are prepared includes the County (primary government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable, or the relationship to the County is such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is determined in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Component units are classified as either blended component units or discretely presented component units, depending on the nature of the entity's relationship with the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the County's operations, so data from these units are combined with data of the County. If the component unit does not meet the criteria for blending, it is discretely presented in a separate column.

The financial position and result of operations of the following entities and constitutional officer are blended with the primary government in the accompanying financial statements.

> Vizcaya Museum and Gardens Trust, Inc. (Vizcaya Trust)

In July 2017, Ordinance No.17-42 relating to the Vizcaya Museum and Gardens Trust amended Article LXXXI of the Code of Miami-Dade County. The County retains sole ownership of Vizcaya's grounds, building, and art collections. However, the management and operations, including personnel, will be overseen by the not-for-profit 501(c)3 organization, Vizcaya Museum and Gardens Trust, Inc. (VMGTI). VMGTI's focus will be on increasing Vizcaya's philanthropic

contributions, increasing grant opportunities, and ensuring that charitable donations play a greater role in Vizcaya's future.

The Vizcaya Trust was created by the County and as such, Vizcaya Trust is included in the County's financial statements using the blending method. Vizcaya Trust is presented as a nonmajor enterprise fund in the business-type activities.

Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts of Miami-Dade County, Florida, Eleventh Judicial Circuit of Florida (the "Clerk")

The Clerk is an elected official pursuant to Article V of the Florida Constitution. The Clerk serves two capacities: Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts and Clerk, Ex-Officio of the Board of County Commissioners. Under the first function the Clerk provides support to the Courts (Civil, Family, Criminal and Traffic). His ex-officio functions include Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, County Auditor, Custodian of Public Funds and County Recorder.

Effective July 1, 2004, Constitutional Revision 7 to Article V of the Florida Constitution allocated State court system funding among the State, counties and users of the courts. It specifically addressed funding responsibilities, functional responsibilities, management structure, and operational efficiencies. Funding responsibilities were defined as pertaining to the State court system when the Clerk served in his capacity as Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts and to the Board of County Commissioners (the Board) when serving as ex-officio of the Board. Consequently, the Clerk prepares a budget in two parts.

From July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013 the Florida Legislature decreed that the Clerks of Court be funded from State appropriations. Legislation enacted in 2013, removed the Clerks from the State appropriations process and returned them to a county fiscal year. Effective July 1, 2013 the Clerk's Offices were funded from filing fees, service charges, court costs, and fines. Each Clerk's Office now submits its budget request to the Clerk of Courts Operations Corporation (CCOC), who submits them to the Legislative Budget Commission (LBC) for final approval. The LBC shall approve, disapprove, or amend and approve the total of the Clerk's combined budget or any individual Clerk's budget.

The budget for the ex-officio capacity is funded by the BCC as part of the County's annual budget whereby the Clerk remits all fees and other monies earned in the agency funds to the County for appropriation by the Board. As a result of the budgetary control by the County and its financial dependency on the County, financial information for the Clerk is presented as a special revenue fund within Other Governmental Funds.

> Naranja Lakes Community Redevelopment Agency (the "NLCRA")

The NLCRA trust fund was created by the BCC on May 6, 2003 as a redevelopment trust fund to be funded with ad valorem tax increment revenues to finance or refinance proposed community redevelopment in the NLCRA area. The BCC appointed the NLCRA Board of Commissioners and delegated certain powers to it. As per the Ordinance creating the NLCRA, Miami-Dade County is obligated to continue to fund the NLCRA annually until all debt incurred by the trust fund has been paid. All other powers not specifically delegated to the NLCRA are reserved exclusively by the BCC. Financial information for the NLCRA for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 has been blended with the Miami-Dade County primary government in this report within Other Governmental Funds. Trust fund revenues and expenditures during the period were \$2.1 million and \$1.2 million, respectively. The ending fund balance for the NLCRA was \$3.3 million.

> 7th Avenue Community Redevelopment Agency (the "7th Avenue CRA")

The 7th Avenue CRA trust fund was created by the BCC on June 22, 2004 as a redevelopment trust fund to be funded with ad valorem tax increment revenues to finance or refinance proposed community redevelopment in the 7th Avenue CRA area. The BCC appointed the 7th Avenue Board of Commissioners and delegated certain powers to it. As per the Ordinance creating the 7th

Avenue CRA, Miami-Dade County is obligated to continue to fund the 7th Avenue CRA annually until all debt incurred by the trust fund has been paid. All other powers not specifically delegated to the NW 79th St. CRA are reserved exclusively by the BCC. Financial information for the 7th Avenue CRA for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 has been blended with the Miami-Dade County primary government in this report within Other Governmental Funds. Trust fund revenues and expenditures during the period were \$0.7 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. The ending fund balance for the 7th Avenue CRA was \$2.7 million.

West Perrine Community Redevelopment Agency (the "WPCRA")

The WPCRA was created by the BCC on June 5, 2007 as a redevelopment trust fund to be funded with ad valorem tax increment revenues to finance or refinance proposed community redevelopment in the CRA area. The BCC appointed itself as the Board of the WPCRA. As per the Ordinance creating the WPCRA, Miami-Dade County is obligated to continue to fund the WPCRA annually until all debt incurred by the trust fund has been paid. Financial information for the WPCRA for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 has been blended with the Miami-Dade County primary government in this report within Other Governmental Fund. Trust fund revenues and expenditures during the period were \$.4 million and \$.2 million respectively. The ending fund balance of the WPCRA was \$0.7 million.

> NW 79th Street Corridor Community Redevelopment Agency (the "NW 79th St. CRA")

- The NW 79th Street CRA was created by the BCC on July 19, 2011 as a redevelopment trust fund to be funded with ad valorem tax increment revenues to finance or refinance proposed community redevelopment in the CRA area. The BCC appointed the NW 79th St. CRA's Board of Commissioners and delegated certain powers to it. As per the Ordinance creating the NW 79th St. CRA, Miami-Dade County is obligated to continue to fund the NW 79th St. CRA annually until all debt incurred by the trust fund has been paid. All other powers not specifically delegated to the NW 79th St. CRA are reserved exclusively by the BCC. Financial information for the NW 79th St. CRA for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 has been blended with the Miami-Dade County primary government in this report within Other Governmental Funds. Trust fund revenues and expenditures during the period were \$.6 million and \$.1 million, respectively. The ending fund balance of the NW 79th St. CRA was \$.9 million.
- The Miami-Dade Fire and Rescue Service District (the "MDFRSD") was created by the BCC by Ordinance No. 80-86. The services provided by MDFRSD include a uniform level of fire and rescue service throughout the County and to those governmental entities that from time to time contract with MDFRSD. The initial boundaries of the MDFRSD are the geographic boundaries of Miami-Dade County, excluding any municipality which opted out of the MDFRSD prior to the date it was created. Any municipality may join MDFRSD through the enactment of an ordinance passed by a majority of its governing body and a resolution passed by a majority of the BCC. The Board of County Commissioners is the governing body of the MDFRSD, and the County has operational responsibility for the MDFRSD. Additionally, given the MDFRSD is fiscally dependent on Miami-Dade County, its financial information has been blended with that of the primary government. The Fire Rescue Fund is a major fund and is reported in a separate column in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

> The Miami-Dade Library District (the "MDLD")

In 1966 the County tax assessor was directed, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 150.08(1) Florida Statutes, to assess the millage for the Special District Library Fund upon all taxable property of the unincorporated area of Dade County and certain municipalities not already taxed for library services. All other municipalities, which were already taxing their citizens for municipal library services, were exempted from this special purpose district tax. Over the years since 1966 the cities of Miami, Miami Beach, and Homestead have joined the Library Taxing District and no longer levy their own municipal library tax. The Board of County Commissioners is the governing body of the MDLD, and the County has operational responsibility for the MDLD. Additionally, given the MDLD is fiscally dependent on Miami-Dade County, its financial information has been blended with that of the primary government within Other Governmental Funds.

> The Miami-Dade Transportation Planning Organization (the "TPO")

The Federal Aid Highway Act of 1962 mandated that as a condition for the receipt of federal funds, each urban area with a population over 50,000 in the United States was required to carry on a continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive transportation planning process. The Transportation Planning Organization, formerly called the Metropolitan Planning Organization, for the Miami Urbanized Area guides the transportation planning process in Miami-Dade County. The TPO was created on March 2, 1977 as required under Section 163.01, Chapter 163, Florida Statutes, and established by Interlocal Agreement between Miami-Dade County and the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT).

A new Management Services Agreement between the TPO and the County was entered into on July 1, 2013. It was agreed that the County furnish the TPO with the professional, technical and administrative staff; supplies, equipment, office, and other incidental items necessary to carry on the transportation planning and programming process. Such services are limited to those specified and allocated to the County in the biennial Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) budget and all approved budgets under Federal or State grant contracts with the TPO. The TPO's annual budget from July 1 to June 30 fiscal year basis shall be approved by the TPO Governing Board. The records and accounts of the TPO are administered by the County in accordance with accounts and accounting procedures that are developed by the County for the TPO. Contracts and bids for the purchase of material and services are to be in accordance with County procedures for the same purposes, with certain exceptions by action of the TPO Governing Board. All monies received by the TPO shall be deposited with the County in a trust account and applied only in accordance with Federal or State law. The TPO agrees to reimburse the County for all services rendered under the agreement as specified in the UPWP and approved annual budgets.

A major role of the TPO is to ensure conformance with federal regulations requiring that highways, mass transit and other transportation facilities and services are properly developed and deployed in relation to the overall plan of urban development and to approve plans for regional and state transportation network accessibility. In addition, federal guidelines require that the use of Federal Aid for transportation be consistent with TPO endorsed plans and programs. Federal, state and local transportation planning funds are utilized on an ongoing basis to insure the effectiveness of the TPO process.

The TPO is legally separate from the County, however, the 13 members of the Miami-Dade County Board of County Commissioners make up a voting majority of the TPO Governing Board (13 out of 23 voting members) and therefore the BCC may impose its will on the TPO. Financial information of the TPO has been blended with the Miami-Dade County primary government, and is included in the Transportation Planning Organization Special Revenue Fund within the Other Governmental Funds.

The financial position and result of operations of the following component units are discretely presented in the accompanying financial statements:

Housing Finance Authority (the "HFA")

The Housing Finance Authority of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "HFA" or "Authority") was created by an act of the state legislature and by County Ordinance 78-89 adopted on December 12, 1978. The Authority is a semiautonomous component unit of Miami-Dade County, which performs solely in an advisory capacity to the Board of County Commissioners of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "BCC"). The Authority's principal function is to provide financing for residential housing to be occupied by persons or families of moderate, middle or lesser income.

On December 6, 2011, the County passed and adopted Ordinance 11-99 amending Section 2-191.7 of the Code of Miami-Dade County, pertaining to the Authority. This ordinance eliminates the need for the Board of County Commissioners to approve in advance (i) the issuance and sale of bonds (other than for purposes of TEFRA) by the Authority; (ii) the rules and regulations for the Authority program eligibility; and (iii) contracts to be entered into by the Authority. The BCC appoints the 13 members of its governing Board. The BCC also has the ability to remove appointed members of the Authority's Board without cause by a three-fifths vote of the governing body of the County per Section 159.607 of the Florida Statutes. As a result of the BCC's ability to appoint and remove members of the Authority Board, it has the ability to impose its will on the HFA. The Authority is reported as a discretely presented component unit of the County in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

Complete financial statements of the HFA may be obtained directly from their administrative offices at: Housing Finance Authority of Miami-Dade County, 7855 NW 12th Street, Suite 102, Miami, Florida 33126. Telephone (305) 594-2518.

> Jackson Health Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation")

Established in 1991 as Jackson Memorial Foundation, the organization was renamed Jackson Health Foundation in 2014 to more closely align with Jackson Health System. The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the County. The Foundation acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the Public Health Trust in support of its programs. The board of the Foundation is self-perpetuating and consists of community members. Although the County does not control the timing or amount of the receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources and income that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the Public Health Trust by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the Public Health Trust, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the County. Financial information for the Foundation is presented in a separate column in the County's government-wide financial statements. The Foundation is reported as a discretely presented component unit of the County in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained at: Jackson Health Foundation, Inc., 901 NW 17th Street, Plaza Park East - Suite G, Miami, Florida 33136. Telephone (305) 355-4999.

The following component units had zero revenues and expenditures and no fund balance at September 30, 2019.

> Educational Facilities Authority (the "EFA")

The Miami-Dade Educational Facilities Authority was created by the BCC on October 22, 1969, pursuant to Chapter 69-345, Florida Statutes, empowering it to issue tax-exempt bonds for the purpose of enabling institutions of higher education to provide facilities and structures, including the refinancing of the same, pursuant to Chapter 243, Part II, Florida Statutes. Neither the notes, bonds nor any other obligation incurred by the EFA shall be deemed a pledge of the faith or credit of Miami-Dade County. Any expenditures incurred by the EFA shall be payable solely from funds provided under the authority of Chapter 69-345.

> Health Facilities Authority

The Miami-Dade County Health Facilities Authority was created by the BCC on October 16, 1979 pursuant to Section 154.207, Florida Statutes, empowering it to issue tax-exempt bonds for the purpose of assisting in the development and maintenance of the health facilities of Miami-Dade County. All bonds issued by the Health Facilities Authority shall not be deemed to constitute debt, liability or obligation of Miami-Dade County or a pledge of the faith and credit of Miami-Dade County.

Related Organizations:

The following entities are those in which the County appoints a voting majority of the governing board; however, the County is not financially accountable for these entities.

> Industrial Development Authority (the "IDA")

The Miami-Dade County IDA was created by the BCC on March 21, 1978, pursuant to Chapter 159, Sections 159.44 through 159.53, Florida Statutes. The IDA develops and manages the Tax-Exempt Industrial Development Revenue Bond Program that serves as a financial incentive to support private sector business and industry expansion and location in Miami-Dade County. The Commission appoints the members of IDA's governing board. However, the County is not financially accountable for IDA because it cannot impose its will on the organization. IDA bonds are not obligations of the County. Its operations neither provide a financial benefit to nor impose a financial burden on the County and are not included in the financial statements of Miami-Dade County.

Financial statements for the IDA may be obtained directly from their administrative offices at: Miami-Dade Industrial Development Authority, 80 SW 8th Street, Suite 2801, Miami, Florida 33130. Telephone (305) 579-0070.

> Miami-Dade Expressway Authority (the "MDXA")

The MDXA is an agency of the State of Florida. It constructs, maintains, and operates the expressway system located in Miami-Dade County. The BCC appoints a voting majority of the MDXA governing board. However, the County is not financially accountable for the MDXA, and the MDXA is therefore not included in the accompanying financial statements.

Financial statements for the MDXA may be obtained directly from their administrative offices at: Miami-Dade Expressway Authority, 3790 NW 21st Street, Miami, Florida 33142. Telephone (305) 637-3277.

> Performing Arts Center Trust (the "PACT")

The PACT, a non-profit corporation, was created by the BCC in 1991 to oversee the planning, design, construction and operation of the Performing Arts Center. The Mayor of Miami-Dade County appoints the 32 trustees of the PACT, a majority of which is predetermined by ordinance or selected by others outside the County government; hence the Mayor's appointment authority is not substantive. The PACT is financially independent from the County, and Miami-Dade County is not entitled to, nor has the ability to otherwise access, the economic resources of the PACT. Therefore, the PACT is not included in the accompanying financial statements.

Financial statements for the PACT may be obtained directly from their administrative offices at: Performing Arts Center Trust, 1300 Biscayne Boulevard, Miami, Florida 33132. Telephone (786) 468-2210.

1-B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, Basis of Presentation

In addition to the government-wide statements, separate financial statements are presented for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The financial statements may differ in terms of the measurement focus and basis of accounting used to prepare them, as discussed below.

The government-wide statements, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds, however, report only assets and liabilities. Agency funds have no measurement focus, therefore, an operating statement is not presented. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow occurs. Revenues from exchange transactions generally are recognized when the exchange, in the ordinary course of operations, takes place.

Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the year for which they are levied, and grants and other similar non-exchange transactions are recorded as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. For the purpose of revenue recognition, "available" means that the revenues are collectible within the current period or within 90 days from fiscal year end, with the exception of property taxes, which have an availability period of 60 days and expenditure driven (reimbursement) grants and intergovernmental revenues, for which the availability period is one year. When the primary eligibility requirement under a grant is incurring an eligible expenditure, the County recognizes revenue at the time the expenditure is incurred, subject to the availability criteria. Major revenue sources include property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other consumption type taxes. Prior year property taxes billed but uncollected as of the end of the fiscal year are reflected as delinquent taxes receivable with an offsetting allowance account.

Amounts related to governmental fund receivables that are measurable, but not available, are recorded as deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund statements. Revenues that are not considered measurable are recognized when received by the County. Amounts received that do not meet revenue recognition requirements (not earned) are recorded as unearned revenue in the governmental fund statements, proprietary fund statements, and in the government-wide statements.

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, except for: principal and interest on longterm debt, expenditures related to compensated absences, pension obligations, other post-employment benefits, claims and judgments, pollution remediation, and other long-term obligations, which are recorded only when payment is due.

The above differences in measurement focus and basis of accounting result in differences in the amounts reported as net position and changes in net position in the governmental activities in the government-wide statements from the amounts reported in the governmental fund statements. Those differences are briefly explained in the reconciliation statements included in the governmental fund statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements include a government-wide statement of activities and a government-wide statement of net position. These statements report information on the County as a whole and its component units. They do not include the fiduciary activities of the County.

In the government-wide statements, the primary government (the County) is reported separately from its component units (the Housing Finance Authority and the Jackson Health Foundation), which are discretely presented. Governmental activities and business-type activities of the County are presented separately. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities rely mostly on charges for services for support.

The statement of activities shows the extent to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by its program revenues. The direct expenses of a function are clearly identifiable with that function. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. The program revenues of a function include: (1) amounts charged to those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by the function, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to operational uses by the function, and (3) grants and contributions that are restricted to capital uses by the function. All revenues other than program revenues are considered to be general revenues and are shown in the bottom section of the statement of activities. They include all taxes (even those levied for a particular function), unrestricted intergovernmental revenues, unrestricted investment earnings and other miscellaneous non-program revenues.

The government-wide statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the County, as well as its liabilities. The difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows are reported as net position. Net position is displayed in three components:

- The **Net Investment in Capital Assets** consists of: capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) and deferred outflow of resources for losses on refunding transactions; reduced by the outstanding balance of debt related to the acquisition or construction of those assets and deferred inflow of resources for gains on refunding transactions. If there is significant unspent related debt proceeds, the unspent amount is not included in the calculation.
- The *Restricted Net Position* consists of net assets where constraints on their use are: (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- The *Unrestricted Net Position (Deficit)* consists of the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of the other two components of net position. Deficits will require future funding.

The Governmental Activities column in the Statement of Net Position includes debt issued for businesstype activities in the Net Investment in Capital Assets line totaling \$670.2 million. The County issues debt to finance construction projects for its business-type activities, however, the enterprise funds own the assets and the County's governmental funds retire the debt. The Statement of Net Position reports an adjustment column to properly reflect the entity-wide Net Investment in Capital Assets and Unrestricted Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements

The accompanying financial report includes separate financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds (though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide statements). The fund financial statements present major individual funds in separate columns. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Major Governmental Funds

The following major governmental funds are included in the County's financial statements:

General Fund: The General Fund is the primary operating fund of Miami-Dade County, Florida. It accounts for the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues, expenditures, sources and uses of the general government, except those required or assigned to be accounted for in other funds.

Fire Rescue Fund: The Fire Rescue Fund is used to account for the operations of the special taxing district established to provide uniform fire suppression services throughout the County for participating municipalities and the unincorporated area.

Major Proprietary Funds

The following major enterprise funds are included in the County's financial statements:

Miami-Dade Transit Enterprise Fund ("MDT"): Operates the County's mass transit rail system, bus system, downtown metro-mover loop, and special transportation services.

Solid Waste Management Enterprise Fund ("WM"): Provides solid waste collection and recycling services to the unincorporated area of Miami-Dade County and to some municipalities. Also provides solid waste disposal services to 15 municipalities and operates a variety of facilities, including landfills, transfer stations, and neighborhood trash and recycling centers.

Miami-Dade Seaport Department: Operates the Dante B. Fascell Port of Miami-Dade County.

Miami-Dade Aviation Department: Operates and develops the activities of the Miami International Airport, three other general aviation airports, and one training airports.

Miami-Dade Water and Sewer Department ("WASD"): Maintains and operates the County's water distribution system and wastewater collection and treatment system.

Public Health Trust ("PHT" or "Trust"): The PHT was created by a County ordinance in 1973 to provide for an independent governing body responsible for the operation, governance and maintenance of designated health facilities. These facilities include Jackson Memorial Hospital, a teaching hospital operating in association with the University of Miami School of Medicine, Jackson North (formerly Parkway Regional Medical Center), Jackson South (formerly Deering Hospital), and several primary care centers and clinics throughout Miami-Dade County.

Internal Service Fund

The following internal service fund is included in the County's financial statements:

Self-Insurance Fund: Accounts for the County's risk financing programs covering property, automobile, general liability, professional and workers' compensation for most County departments. Also accounts for medical, dental, life, and disability insurance for County employees as well as other postemployment benefits. Additional information can be found in Note 7.

Fiduciary Funds

The following fiduciary funds are included in the County's financial statements:

Agency Funds

Clerk of Circuit and County Courts Funds: Accounts for funds received, maintained and distributed by the Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts in his capacity as custodian to the State and County judicial systems.

Tax Collector Fund: Accounts for the collection and distribution of ad-valorem taxes and personal property taxes to the appropriate taxing districts. Also accounts for the collection of motor vehicle registration fees and sales of other State of Florida licenses, the proceeds of which are remitted to the State.

Other Agency Funds: Accounts for various funds placed in escrow pending timed distributions.

Pension Trust Fund: The Pension Trust Fund accounts for assets held by Northern Trust Bank for the benefit of employees of the Public Health Trust who participate in the Public Health Trust Defined Benefit Retirement Plan.

Proprietary Funds Operating vs. Nonoperating Items

The County's proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items in their statements of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position. In general, operating revenues result from charges to customers for the purchase or use of the proprietary fund's principal product or service. Operating expenses relate to the cost of providing those services or producing and delivering those goods, and also include administrative expenses, depreciation of capital assets, and closure and postclosure care costs for active and inactive landfills.

All other revenues and expenses that do not result from the fund's principal ongoing operations are considered to be *nonoperating*. Examples of other nonoperating items include investment earnings, interest expense, grants and contributions, passenger facility charges, and hurricane related expenses.

Grants from Government Agencies

Certain operating grants under various federal and state programs are included in the Special Revenue Funds. Grant monies received are disbursed by these funds for goods and services as prescribed under the respective grant program or are transferred to other County funds for ultimate distribution under the

terms of the grants. These programs are dependent on the continued financial assistance of the state or federal government.

Grants designated as operating subsidies to enterprise funds are recorded as nonoperating revenues upon compliance with the grant's eligibility requirements. Grant monies designated for use in acquiring property or equipment are recorded as capital contributions.

Interfund Activity

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements. An exception to this rule is that charges for services provided by the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund and the Solid Waste Management Enterprise Fund have not been eliminated from the statement of activities. Elimination of these charges would understate the expenses of the user function and the program revenues of the function providing the services. Also, the General Fund charges certain funds for administrative cost overhead based on a cost allocation plan. An adjustment has been made to the government-wide statements to eliminate the revenue and expense reported in the General Fund so that the administrative expense is shown only by the funds/activities that were charged.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1-C. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

Associated with the requirement of an applicable Florida DEP Solid Waste rule, management reports that all County assets are held in the U.S.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (exclusive of the those reported for the Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County, Florida, Defined Benefit Retirement Plan, Note 9)

Cash includes cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits, and positions in investment pools that can be deposited or withdrawn without notice or penalty. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid securities with maturities when acquired of three months or less.

The County follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which established accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments, including fair value standards.

Investments such as U.S. agency coupon issues and bullets are considered to be participating when their value is affected by market (interest rate) changes. Investments are reported at fair value, except as disclosed below. Unrealized gains and losses due to variations in fair value are recognized for the year. Interest-earning investment contracts (such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit) are considered to be nonparticipating when their redemption terms are not affected by market rates. The County normally holds these to term and does not record any interim gain or loss. Nonparticipating investments are reported at amortized cost (cost plus accrued interest), assuming their value is not affected by the credit standing of the financial institution or other factors. Money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have maturities of one year or less from the date of their acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost reasonably approximates fair value.

Derivative Instruments

GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, addresses the recognition, measurement and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by

state and local governments. The Statement requires governments to report their derivatives at fair value on the statement of net position. If a derivative instrument is determined to be effective at reducing an identified risk, the changes in fair value should be deferred until a termination event occurs. If a derivative instrument is determined to be ineffective, the change in fair value should be reported as investment income in the period in which it occurs.

The County has entered into several interest rate swap agreements that have been determined to be ineffective and are therefore reported as investment-type derivatives. Because there is no financial risk being hedged by the swaps that can be expressed in terms of exposure to adverse changes in cash flows or fair values, the swaps are treated as investment derivative instruments. As such, these interest rate swaps are reported at fair value in the Statement of Net Position and changes in the fair value are reported as investment income in the Statement of Activities. Additional disclosure on the County's investment derivatives can be found in Note 3.

Accounts Receivable

All accounts receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Receivables are analyzed for their collectability based on the terms and conditions of agreements, as well as current economic conditions and consideration of the creditor's ability to pay. In addition, for those receivables specifically identified as uncollectible, a general allowance is established based on type of receivable and periodic aging.

Due to/from Other Funds

The balances result from timing differences between the date(s) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, and payments between the funds are made.

Due from Other Governments

Amount due to the County by other governments relate to grants for reimbursable cost that have been incurred but have not been reimbursed by the grantor agency.

Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories, consisting principally of materials and supplies held for use or consumption, are recorded at weighted average cost basis for governmental funds and lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market for enterprise funds, except for the Transit Agency, Water and Sewer and Public Health Trust. These enterprise funds use the average cost method.

The purchases method of inventory accounting is used to report inventories in the governmental funds. Under this method, inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased. However, significant amounts of inventories are reported as assets and are reported as a nonspendable fund balance to indicate they do not constitute resources available for appropriation. In the statement of net position, inventories are accounted for using the consumption method characteristic of full accrual accounting. Under this method, the recognition of an expense is deferred until such time when the inventories are actually consumed.

Prepaid items are those certain types of supplies and/or services (not inventory) that are acquired or purchased during an accounting period but not used or consumed during that accounting period.

Mortgage and Notes Receivable

Mortgages and notes receivable primarily arise from the County's housing development programs that provide low-income housing assistance to eligible applicants and developers. These receivables are collateralized by the property for which the mortgage has been issued. Mortgages and notes receivable total \$795.8 million and have an estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$529.2 million. The allowance is primarily comprised of mortgages and notes receivable that are delinquent over 90 days or whose payments terms were reduced and are being repaid at less than full normal amortization.

Property Taxes

Property values are assessed as of January 1 of each year, at which time, according to the Florida Statute 197.122, taxes become an enforceable lien on property until discharged by payment or until barred under Chapter 95. Tax bills are mailed in October and are payable upon receipt with discounts at the rate of 4% if paid in November, decreasing by 1% per month with no discount available if paid in the month of March. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment and State law provides for enforcement of collection of property taxes by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates and the seizure of personal property to satisfy unpaid property taxes. The procedures result in the collection of most property taxes prior to June 30 of the year following the year of assessment.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, furniture, fixtures, equipment, machinery, utility plant and systems, infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) and construction work in progress with an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds and those used in business-type activities are reported in the applicable columns in the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements.

Capital assets are recorded at cost if purchased or constructed. Contributed capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of contribution. The cost of maintenance, repairs and minor renewals and betterments are expensed as incurred, rather than capitalized (added to the cost of the asset). Major renewals and betterments are treated as capital asset additions.

In fiscal year 2019, the County elected for the early implementation of the applicable provisions of GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*. The Statement requires that for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. Such interest cost should not be capitalized as part of the historical cost of a capital asset; and in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expense and an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles.

Capital assets are depreciated over their useful lives unless they are inexhaustible (e.g., land, certain individual items or collections with historical or artistic value). Pursuant to Florida Statute, the County inventories all assets with a historical cost of \$1,000 or more and a useful life of one year or greater. However, for financial reporting purposes, for equipment and other, the County has established a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for its governmental activities and from \$1,000 to \$5,000 for its business-type activities and \$100,000 for building and building improvements. The County uses the straight-line method of depreciation to depreciate assets over their estimated useful lives, which range as follows:

Buildings and building improvements	5-50 years
Utility plant and systems	5-100 years
Infrastructure	10-50 years
Furniture, fixtures, machinery and equipment	3-30 years

The Solid Waste Management Enterprise Fund records depletion of landfill capacity in addition to the amortization of closure and long-term care costs for landfills. The closure and long-term amortization is based on the proportion of capacity used over total capacity applied to the estimate for these costs.

Restricted Assets

The use of certain assets is restricted by specific bond covenants and other legal requirements. Assets so designated are identified as restricted assets on the statements of net position.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or

proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method or the straight-line method if it does not differ materially from the effective interest method. Bonds payable include the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issues and bond premium / discount are reported in the current period as other financing sources (uses). Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received and principal payments, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

The County accounts for compensated absences by recording a liability for employees' compensation of future absences according to the guidelines set by GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*.

Compensated absences represent accrued leave earned by employees through their years of service and for which they will be compensated, either through time off or by a cash payment at termination or retirement. In the governmental funds, the cost of vacation and sick pay benefits is recognized when payments are made to employees or when the related liability matures. The government-wide statements and proprietary funds recognize a liability and expense in the period vacation and sick pay benefits are earned.

The government-wide statement of net position for September 30, 2019 includes a liability for accumulated vacation and sick pay of \$749.3 million. Of this amount, an estimated \$243.2 million is payable within a year and the remaining balance of \$506.1 million is long-term.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The County's OPEB cost is calculated based on the actuarially determined contribution by the County, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and there are no assets accumulated in a qualifying trust. The total OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service. Additional information can be found in Note 9.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all County employees, allows them to defer a portion of their salary to future years. The County's direct involvement in the Plan is limited to remitting the amounts withheld from employees to the Plan's administrator. The deferred compensation plan is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency. The deferred compensation plan is not included in the County's financial statements.

Pension Plan

The County contributes to the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multi-employer plan. GASB pension guidance requires employers that participate in multi-employer defined benefit plans to recognize a pension liability (asset), pension expense, and deferred inflows/outflows related to the pension. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the FRS and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) and additions to/deductions from FRS and HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. The County applies the recognition and disclosure requirements of GASB No.68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*. Additional information can be found in Note 9.

Net Position and Fund Flow Assumption

If both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use for a certain purpose, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then use unrestricted resources as needed. In the case of unrestricted resources, the County generally uses committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, then unassigned amounts as needed.

Net Position Restricted by Enabling Legislation

As of September 30, 2019, Miami-Dade County had \$3.3 billion of restricted net position, of which \$1.2 billion was restricted by enabling legislation.

Fund Balances

GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, established accounting and financial reporting standards for governmental funds. It includes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental fund types. The Statement provides a more structured classification of fund balance and improves usefulness and understanding of fund balance information to the users of the County's financial statements. Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the uses of those resources. The fund balance classifications are described below. Additional information can be found in Note 13.

Nonspendable – Fund balance that cannot be spent either because the underlying resources are not in spendable form or because the government is legally or contractually required to maintain the resources intact. Examples of this classification are inventories, prepaid amounts and endowments.

Restricted – Fund balance that consists of net assets (where constraints on their use are: (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation), reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Committed – Fund balance that represents resources whose use is subject to a legally binding constraint that is imposed by the Board of County Commissioners, the highest level of decision-making authority for Miami-Dade County. An ordinance is the formal action required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment since it constitutes the most binding constraint. The same type of formal action that created the constraint is required to change or remove the specified use.

Assigned – Fund balance that is intended to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Assigned amounts include those that have been set aside for a specific purpose by actions of the Board of County Commissioners or its delegates, and not included in other categories. Encumbrance of Governmental Funds is considered an assignment of fund balance. The County Mayor, the Internal Services Department Director and Department Directors have been delegated certain authority to encumber County funds through the award of contracts for goods and services, as outlined in the Master Procurement Implementing Order, IO #3-38.

Unassigned – The portion of fund balance in the General Fund that is the residual classification of amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned for specific purposes. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. The unassigned deficit fund balances in the Hurricane Restoration Fund is discussed in Note 2.

Donor-restricted endowments

The permanent funds for the Zoo Miami and Libraries have net appreciation on investments available for expenditures of \$0.2 million and \$0.01 million, respectively and are reflected in net position as restricted for other purposes (expendable). Under the terms of the endowments and consistent with State statutes, the

County is authorized based on a total-return policy to spend the net appreciation on those programs. Any amounts not spent during a particular fiscal year may be carried over to be spent in future years.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Self-Insurance Fund – Net Position Deficit

At September 30, 2019, the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund had a net position deficit of \$231.2 million, a decrease in net position deficit of \$19.1 million from the prior year. The decrease in net position deficit is a result of a decrease in estimated losses incurred but not reported (IBNR). Management intends to increase the insurance rates charged to departments annually with the goal to reduce the accumulated deficit. The County ensures funds are available to cover all annual expenditures.

Hurricane Restoration - Fund Balance Deficit

At September 30, 2019, the Hurricane Restoration Special Revenue Fund had a fund balance deficit of \$67.8 million. The deficit is due to expenditures relating to prior year storms that have not been fully reimbursed. The County will seek reimbursement for all costs through the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

Legally Adopted Budgets

The County's General Fund, Debt Service Funds, Permanent Funds, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Projects Funds, with the exception of the Clerk of Courts Operations Special Revenue Fund, have legally adopted annual budgets approved by the BCC. As dictated by Article V of the Florida Constitution, the Clerk of the Courts Operations Special Revenue Fund's budget is submitted to the State's Clerk of Court (COC) Operations Conference for their review and approval. The Clerk of the Court is accountable to the COC Operations Conference for court-related expenditures funded by the State. The General Fund's and Fire Rescue Fund's budget-to-actual comparison is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section. The remaining funds' budget-to-actual comparisons are presented in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

Note 3 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Deposits and Investments (exclusive of those reported in the Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County, Florida, Defined Benefit Retirement Plan, Note 9)

Miami-Dade County ("the County") is authorized through Florida Statutes §218.415, Ordinance No. 84-47, and the County's Investment Policy Resolution R-367-16 to make certain investments. The Investment Policy was updated and adopted on May 17, 2016. The County's overall investment objectives are, in order of priority, the safety of principal, liquidity of funds and maximizing investment income.

The County pools substantially all cash, cash equivalents and investments, except for cash and investment accounts that are maintained separate in accordance with legal provisions or agreements with creditors, grantors or contributors. Each fund's equity share of the total pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments is included in the accompanying financial statements under the caption "Cash and cash equivalents" and "Investments."

All cash deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to State of Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act" (the Act). Under the Act, all qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral pledging level. The pledging level may range from 25% to 200% depending upon the depository's financial condition and establishment period. All collateral must be deposited with an approved financial institution. Any losses to public depositors are covered by applicable deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral and, if necessary, assessments against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

As a rule, the County intends to hold all purchased securities until their final maturity date. There may be occasional exceptions, including, but not limited to the need to sell securities to meet unexpected liquidity needs as well as sales relating to swap transactions.

At September 30, 2019, the cash balances of the primary government and fiduciary funds totaled \$661,541 exclusive of cash in PHT's Pension Trust Fund (Note 9) (in thousands).

The County categorizes its investments in accordance Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72 <u>Fair Value Measurement and Application</u>, issued in February 2015, which requires categorizing investments according to the fair value hierarchy established by this Statement. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset, with Level 1 inputs being those quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs being those quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, or other observables such as benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings, and matrix pricing; and Level 3 being unobservable inputs for the asset/liability - used to the extent that observable inputs are not available. All of the County's investments are classified as Levels 1 and 2.

	Amounts		Fair Value	Fair Value
Investments			Level 1	Level 2
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	\$ 862,314			\$ 862,314
(Freddie Mac)				
Federal Home Loan Bank	1,217,100			1,217,100
Federal Farm Credit Bank	624,352			624,352
Federal National Mortgage Association	512,976			512,976
(Fannie Mae)				
Treasury Notes	95,345			95,345
Treasury Bills	335,678			335,678
Commercial Paper	1,698,578			1,698,578
Jubilee Issue Bonds	30,290			30,290
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	5,822	\$	5,822	
Equity Securities	438		438	
Total Investments	\$ 5,382,893	\$	6,260	\$ 5,376,633
Time Deposits	53,547			
Interest Bearing Accounts	58,341			
Money Market Funds	203,262			
Total Cash Equivalents	\$ 315,150	-		
Total Investments and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,698,043			

The carrying value of cash equivalents and investments of the primary government and fiduciary funds, other than PHT's Pension Trust Fund, include the following as of September 30, 2019 (in thousands):

Credit Risk

The County's Investment Policy (the Policy), minimizes credit risk by restricting authorized investments to: Local Government Surplus Funds, Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act; Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in gualified public depositories, pursuant to Florida Statutes §280.02, which are defined as banks, savings bank, or savings association organized under the laws of the United States with an office in the State of Florida that is authorized to receive deposits, and has deposit insurance under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act; direct obligations of the United States Treasury: federal agencies and instrumentalities; securities of, or other interests in, any openend or closed-end management-type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided that the portfolio is limited to the obligations of the United States government or any agency or instrumentality thereof and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States government obligations, and provided that such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian; commercial paper of prime quality with a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of its issuance, which has the highest letter and numerical rating from at least two rating agencies which are Standard & Poor's (A1), Moody's (P1), or Fitch (F1); bankers acceptances which have a stated maturity of 180 days or less from the date of its issuance, and have the highest letter and numerical rating from at least two rating agencies (as noted for commercial paper above) and are drawn and accepted by commercial banks and which are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve Bank; investments in repurchase agreements ("Repos") collateralized by securities authorized within this policy. All Repos shall be governed by a standard SIFMA ("Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association") Master Repurchase Agreement; municipal securities issued by U.S. state or local governments, having at time of purchase, a stand-alone credit rating of AA or better assigned by two or more recognized credit rating agencies or a short-term credit rating of A1/P1 or equivalent from one or more recognized credit rating agencies.

Investment Type	Credit Rating (S&P/Moody's/Fitch)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	
(Freddie Mac)	AA+/Aaa/AAA
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+/Aaa/N/A
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AA+/Aaa/AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	
(Fannie Mae)	AA+/Aaa/AAA
Treasury Notes	AA+u/Aaa/P-1/AAA F1+
Commercial Paper	N/A/A-1+/N/A P-1/NA F1
Jubilee Issue Bonds	AA-/A-1/A+
Money Market Funds	N/A
Time Deposits	N/A
Interest Bearing Accounts	N/A

The table below summarizes the County's investments by credit rating at September 30, 2019.

Custodial Credit Risk

This is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be recoverable. The Policy requires that deposits be made only in qualified public depositories. These are banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of Florida to hold public funds, and which are required to deposit with the Treasurer or other banking institution eligible collateral, as required by Florida Statutes Chapter 280, *Security for Public Depositories*. In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. At September 30, 2019 all of the County's bank deposits were in qualified public depositories and as such the deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risks.

Securities may be purchased only through financial institutions that are state-certified public depositories. For third-party custodial agreements, the County will execute a Custodial Safekeeping Agreement with a commercial bank. All securities purchased and/or collateral obtained by the County shall be the property of the County and be held apart from the assets of the financial institution.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by investment type and by issuer to limit its exposure to concentration of credit risk. The Policy provides that a maximum of 50% of the portfolio may be invested in the State of Florida Local Government Surplus Trust Fund (the "Pool"); however, bond proceeds may be temporarily deposited in the Pool until alternative investments have been purchased. Prior to any investment in the Pool, approval must be received from the Board of County Commissioners. A maximum of 30% of the portfolio may be invested in SEC registered money market funds with no more than 10% to any single money market fund. A maximum of 20% of the portfolio may be invested in interest bearing time deposits or demand accounts with no more than 5% deposited with any one issuer. There is no limit on the percent of the total portfolio that may be invested in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury or federal agencies and instrumentalities; with no limits on individual issuers (investment in agencies containing call options shall be limited to a maximum of 25% of the total portfolio). A maximum of 3% of the portfolio may be invested in bonds backed by the full faith and credit of the state of Israel. A maximum of 5% of the portfolio may be invested in open-end or closed-end funds. A maximum of 50% of the portfolio may be invested in prime commercial paper with a maximum of 5% with any one issuer. A maximum of 25% of the portfolio may be invested in bankers acceptances with a maximum of 10% with any one issuer, but a maximum of 60% of the portfolio may be invested in both commercial paper and banker's acceptances. A maximum of 20% of the portfolio may be invested in repurchase agreements with the exception of one (1) business day agreements, with a maximum of 10% of the portfolio in any one institution or dealer with the exception of one business day agreements. A maximum of 25% of the portfolio may be directly invested in municipal obligations, up to 5% with any one municipal issuer.

Portfolio	Issuer
11%	Federal Farm Credit Bank
22%	Federal Home Loan Bank
15%	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)
9%	Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae)
7%	Treasury Bills

As of September 30, 2019, the following issuers represented 5% or more of the County's investment portfolio:

Interest Rate Risk

The Policy limits interest rate risk by requiring the matching of known cash needs and anticipated net cash outflow requirements; following historical spread relationships between different security types and issuers; evaluating both interest rate forecasts and maturity dates to consider short-term market expectations. The Policy requires that investments made with current operating funds shall maintain a weighted average of no longer than 12 months. Investments for bond reserves, construction funds and other non-operating funds shall have a term appropriate to the need for funds and in accordance with debt covenants. The Policy limits the maturity of a single investment in the portfolio to a maximum of five (5) years.

As of September 30, 2019, the County had the following investments with the respective weighted average maturity.

	Weighted Average in
Investment Type	Years
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)	1.38
Federal Home Loan Bank	0.26
Federal Farm Credit Bank	0.30
Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae)	0.86
Commercial Paper	0.12
Jubilee Issue Bonds	1.34
Treasury Bills	0.17

Foreign Currency Risk

The Policy limits the County's foreign currency risk by excluding foreign investments as an investment option.

Derivative Instruments

Derivative instruments, such as interest rate and commodity swaps, swap options, and forward contracts, are financial arrangements entered into by governments with other parties (usually private-sector financial firms) to manage specific risks or to make investments. The value of a derivative depends on other, more basic, underlying variables. Refer to Note 1-C for additional discussion.

As a debt management tool, the County has entered into several swap transactions. Swaps are made in accordance with the provisions of County Resolution R-311-05, "Master SWAP Policy." The BCC must authorize the swap agreement and its provisions. Generally, the County will enter into transactions only with counterparties whose obligations are rated in the double-A category or better from at least one nationally recognized rating agency. In instances when the credit rating is lowered below the A rating the County requires the counterparty to collateralize its exposures or the County will exercise its right to terminate. The County's swap policy seeks to mitigate counterparty risk, termination risk, interest rate risk, basis risk, amortization risk, liquidity risk and pricing risk.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, the swaps were evaluated to determine whether they should be treated as effective hedging derivative instruments. Derivative instruments utilized in hedging relationships are designed to reduce identified financial risks by offsetting changes in cash flows or fair values of the associated item. The County's swaps are basis swaps. Because there is no financial risk being hedged by the swaps that can be expressed in terms of exposure to adverse changes in cash flows or fair values, the swaps are treated as investment derivative instruments.

The fair value balances of the swaps were derived by the County's swap advisor using market prices in effect as of the close of business on September 30, 2019. The valuations include the current interest period accruals which would be payable on the next interest payment dates, if applicable. Valuation amounts are from the perspective of Miami-Dade County. A negative amount is what the County would have owed had the transaction been terminated at midmarket on the valuation date, and a positive number is what the County would have received.

The County currently has three governmental basis swaps with the bank (Provider). Under the Assignment and Assumption Agreement dated September 22, 2014 and the Amendment Agreement dated September 22, 2014, the Provider is required to post collateral in the amount of the County's exposure to the Provider if the Provider is rated "A3" or lower by Moody's or "A-" or lower by Standard and Poor's. The Provider may also be required to post an Independent Amount if it is rated below "A3" or "A-". As a result of the downgrades in fiscal year 2016 of the Provider by Moody's to "Baa2" and by Standard and Poor's to "BBB+", the Provider is currently required to post a collateral amount equal to the mark-to-market value of the Swaps on any given day, plus an independent amount of \$5.1 million. The collateral posting requirement has remained in place as the Provider's rating is below the ratings threshold. As of September 30, 2019, the mark-to-market value of the swaps is \$56.4 million dollars. The total value of the collateral held by the County, including interest earnings, is \$58.4 million as of September 30, 2019, and is reflected in the debt service fund statements. Interest on cash posted to the collateral account will be owed to the Provider. The observability of inputs used to perform the measurement results in the swap fair values being categorized as level 2 in accordance with GASB 72.

The fair value and notional amounts of the swaps, and the change in their market value are noted in the tables below: (amounts in thousands)

Governmental Activities Swaps:

Investment Derivatives - Floating to floating interest rate swaps

Swap #	Associated Bonds	Classification	N	Notional		ir Value @ 9/30/18	Changes in De Fair Value / Restructure		r Value @ 9/30/19
1	Subordinate SOB Series 2012A & B Swap (CDT)	Gain (Loss) on investments	\$	237,582	\$	23,000	\$	23,987	\$ 46,987
2	Subordinate SOB Series 2012A & B Swap (CDT)	Gain (Loss) on investments		184,328		8,222		295	8,517
3	Industrial Development Series 2013 Bonds, BAC Funding	Gain (Loss) on investments		12,890		656		223	879
	Total Governmental A	Activities	\$	434,800	\$	31,878	\$	24,505	\$ 56,383

Business-type Activities Swaps:

Investment Derivatives - Floating to floating interest rate swaps

Swap #		Classification	•	Notional		r Value @ 9/30/18	Changes in Fair Value / Restructure	ir Value @ 9/30/19
4	W & S Series 2007	Gain (Loss) on investments	\$	200,000	\$	10,742	\$ 2,985	\$ 13,727
5	W & S Series 2013B Swap	Gain (Loss) on investments		205,070		11,843	6,956	18,799
	Total Business-type	Activities		405,070		22,585	9,941	32,526
	Total Government	-wide	\$	839,870	\$	54,463	\$ 34,446	\$ 88,909

The swaps in effect as of September 30, 2019 are described in the below tables:

Governmental Activities Swaps:

Objective:	To lower the County's overall cost of borrowing.	
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							Fair Value
							@ 9/30/19
		Notional	Termination	Associated	County	Counterparty	(in
Swap#	Execution Date	Amount	Date	Bonds	Payment	Credit Rating	thousands)
	5/12/00	\$237,582,358	10/1/37	Subordinate	SIFMA divided	Deutsche	\$ 46,987
	Novated to a new	amortizing		SOB Series	by 0.604	Bank AG A3,	
	Counter-party on	pursuant to		2012A & B		BBB+, BBB)	
	September 22, 2014	Exhibit 1 of the		(CDT)			
		Swap					
		Agreement					
		commencing					
1		10/1/16					
	7/21/04	\$184,328,147	10/1/22	Subordinate	SIFMA divided	Deutsche	8,517
	Novated to a new	amortizing	-, ,	SOB Series	by 0.604	Bank AG A3,	
	Counter-party on	pursuant to		2012A & B		BBB+, BBB	
	September 22, 2014	Exhibit 1 of the		(CDT)			
		Swap					
		Agreement					
		commencing					
2		10/1/16					
	Effective 8/1/02	\$12,890,000	10/1/30	Industrial	SIFMA divided	Deutsche	879
	Novated to a new	amortizing in	, ,	Development	by 0.604	Bank AG A3,	
	Counter-party on	accordance with		Bonds, Series		BBB+, BBB	
	September 22, 2014	the Bonds		2013, BAC			
		commencing		Funding			
3		10/1/02					

Business-type Activities Swaps:

Obiective:	То	lower the	County's	overall	cost	of borrowing.

							Fair Value @ 9/30/19
		Notional	Termination	Associated	County	Counterparty) (in
Swap #	Execution Date	Amount	Date	Bonds	Payment	Credit Rating	thousands)
	7/18/02	\$200,000,000	10/1/26	Water and	SIFMA divided	BNY Melon	\$ 13,727
	Novated to a new	amortizing in		Sewer, Series	by 0.604	Aa2, AA-, AA	
	Counter-party on	accordance with		2007			
	October 20, 2009	the Bonds					
		commencing					
4		10/1/21					
	3/6/06	\$205,070,000	10/1/29	Water and	SIFMA divided	BNY Melon	18,799
	Novated to a new	amortizing with		Sewer, 2013B	by 0.604	Aa2, AA-, AA	
	Counter-party on	the Series					
	October 20, 2009	2008B until					
		maturity and					
		then the Series					
5		2013B					

Note 4 - Capital Assets

In governmental funds, capital assets are reported as expenditures and are not depreciated. Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 for the governmental activities, business-type activities and major proprietary funds was as follows (in thousands):

Governmental activities:		Beginning Balance ptember 30, 2018		Additions / lassifications		Deletions / classifications	Se	Ending Balance ptember 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	734,156	\$	32,742	\$	(597)	\$	766,301
Construction in progress		199,094	,	148,276	,	(165,310)	,	182,060
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		933,250		181,018		(165,907)		948,361
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Building and building improvements		3,526,035		70,832		(5,539)		3,591,328
Infrastructure		3,278,674		100,548		-		3,379,222
Machinery and equipment		741,194		51,736		(19,226)		773,704
Total capital assets, being depreciated		7,545,903		223,116		(24,765)		7,744,254
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Building and building improvements		(1,311,928)		(80,486)		2,841		(1,389,573)
Infrastructure		(1,946,970)		(66,916)				(2,013,886)
Machinery and equipment		(490,279)		(58,520)		18,877		(529,922)
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,749,177)		(205,922)		21,718		(3,933,381)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	3,796,726		17,194		(3,047)		3,810,873
Total governmental capital assets, net	\$	4,729,976	\$	198,212	\$	(168,954)	\$	4,759,234
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,019,317	\$	23,424	\$	(4,255)	\$	1,038,486
Construction in progress		2,113,649		1,150,230		(575,289)		2,688,590
Total non-depreciable assets		3,132,966		1,173,654		(579,544)		3,727,076
Capital assets, being depreciated:								_
Building and building improvements		11,142,741		150,804		(1,115)		11,292,430
Infrastructure		7,367,826		213,772		(34,679)		7,546,919
Machinery and equipment		3,934,246		465,216		(138,773)		4,260,689
Total capital assets, being depreciated		22,444,813		829,792		(174,567)		23,100,038
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Building and building improvements		(4,718,119)		(272,232)		(15,830)		(5,006,181)
Infrastructure		(3,666,552)		(210,337)		48,355		(3,828,534)
Machinery, and equipment		(2,602,871)		(193,679)		137,177		(2,659,373)
Total accumulated depreciation		(10,987,542)		(676,248)		169,702		(11,494,088)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		11,457,271		153,544		(4,865)		11,605,950
Total business-type capital assets, net	\$	14,590,237	\$	1,327,198	\$	(584,409)	\$	15,333,026

Intangible assets totaling \$64.8 million are included in the governmental activities capital assets and \$3.6 million are included in the business-type activities capital assets.

TRANSIT DEPARTMENT	Balance September 30, 2018	Additions / Reclassification	Deletions / s Reclassifications	Balance September 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 260,394	\$ 21	3	\$ 260,607
Construction in progress	339,877	117,25	1 \$ (186,546)	270,582
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	600,271	117,46	4 (186,546)	531,189
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and building improvements	1,910,795	2,22	4	1,913,019
Machinery and equipment	792,460	300,75	2 (107,675)	985,537
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,703,255	302,97	6 (107,675)	2,898,556
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and building improvements	(1,010,332)	(40,89	6)	(1,051,228)
Machinery and equipment	(500,371)	(36,47	5) 107,675	(429,171)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,510,703)	(77,37	1) 107,675	(1,480,399)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,192,552	225,60	5	1,418,157
Total MDT capital assets, net	\$ 1,792,823	\$ 343,06	9 \$ (186,546)	\$ 1,949,346
	Delenee			Delever
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT	Balance September 30, 2018	Additions / Reclassification	Deletions / s Reclassifications	Balance September 30, 2019
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT	September 30,			September 30,
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT Capital assets, not being depreciated:	September 30,			September 30,
	September 30,		s Reclassifications	September 30,
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	September 30, 2018	Reclassification	Reclassifications	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	September 30, 2018 \$ 22,647	Reclassification \$ 8,76	 Reclassifications 7 7 \$ (5,032) 	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414 65,250
C apital assets, not being depreciated: Land C onstruction in progress	September 30, 2018 \$ 22,647 53,635	Reclassification \$ 8,76 16,64	 Reclassifications 7 7 \$ (5,032) 	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414 65,250
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	September 30, 2018 \$ 22,647 53,635	Reclassification \$ 8,76 16,64	s Reclassifications 7 (5,032) 4 (5,032)	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414 65,250
C apital assets, not being depreciated: Land C onstruction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated C apital assets, being depreciated:	September 30, 2018 \$ 22,647 53,635 76,282	Reclassification \$ 8,76 16,64 25,41	s Reclassifications 7 (5,032) 4 (5,032)	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414 65,250 96,664
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements	September 30, 2018 \$ 22,647 53,635 76,282 320,056	Reclassification \$ 8,76 16,64 25,41	s Reclassifications 7 \$ (5,032) 4 (5,032) 2 2	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414 65,250 96,664 324,138 177,830
C apital assets, not being depreciated: Land C onstruction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated C apital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improv ements Infrastructure	September 30, 2018 \$ 22,647 53,635 76,282 320,056 177,830	Reclassification \$ 8,76 16,64 25,41 4,08	s Reclassifications 7 (5,032) 4 (5,032) 2 (10,222)	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414 65,250 96,664 324,138 177,830 218,443
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improv ements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment	September 30, 2018 \$ 22,647 53,635 76,282 320,056 177,830 213,459	Reclassification \$ 8,76 16,64 25,41 4,08 15,20	s Reclassifications 7 (5,032) 4 (5,032) 2 (10,222)	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414 65,250 96,664 324,138 177,830 218,443
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated	September 30, 2018 \$ 22,647 53,635 76,282 320,056 177,830 213,459	Reclassification \$ 8,76 16,64 25,41 4,08 15,20 19,28	s Reclassifications 7 (5,032) 4 (5,032) 2 (10,222) 8 (10,222)	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414 65,250 96,664 324,138 177,830 218,443 720,411
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	September 30, 2018 \$ 22,647 53,635 76,282 320,056 177,830 213,459 711,345	Reclassification \$ 8,76 16,64 25,41 4,08 15,20 19,28 1,19	s Reclassifications 7 (5,032) 4 (5,032) 2 (10,222) 8 (10,222)	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414 65,250 96,664 324,138 177,830 218,443 720,411
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improv ements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and building improv ements	September 30, 2018 \$ 22,647 53,635 76,282 320,056 177,830 213,459 711,345 (292,510)	Reclassification \$ 8,76 16,64 25,41 4,08 15,20 19,28 (1,19)	s Reclassifications 7 \$ (5,032) 4 (5,032) 2 6 (10,222) 8 (10,222) 1) (15,834) 15,834	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414 65,250 96,664 324,138 177,830 218,443 720,411 (309,535)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure	September 30, 2018 \$ 22,647 53,635 76,282 320,056 177,830 213,459 711,345 (292,510) (178,847)	Reclassification \$ 8,76 16,64 25,41 4,08 15,20 19,28 (1,19) (16,49) (16,49)	s Reclassifications 7 (5,032) 4 (5,032) 2 (10,222) 8 (10,222) 1) (15,834) 15,834 5)	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414 65,250 96,664 324,138 177,830 218,443 720,411 (309,535) (163,013)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment	September 30, 2018 \$ 22,647 53,635 76,282 320,056 177,830 213,459 711,345 (292,510) (178,847) (148,282)	Reclassification \$ 8,76 16,64 25,41 4,08 15,20 19,28 (1,19) (16,49) (16,49)	s Reclassifications 7 \$ (5,032) 4 (5,032) 2 6 (10,222) 8 (10,222) 1) (15,834) 15,834 5) 10,070	September 30, 2019 \$ 31,414 65,250 96,664 324,138 177,830 218,443 720,411 (309,535) (163,013) (154,707) (627,255)

SEAPORT DEPARTMENT		Balance otember 30, 2018	Re	Additions / classifications		Deletions / classifications	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	489,136	\$	693			\$	489,829
Construction in progress		106,682		202,785	\$	(36,760)		272,707
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		595,818		203,478		(36,760)		762,536
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and building improvements		590,004		4,445				594,449
Infrastructure		365,951		31,268				397,219
Machinery and equipment		101,638		1,905				103,543
Total capital assets, being depreciated		1,057,593		37,618				1,095,211
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and building improvements		(286,629)		(15,029)				(301,658)
Infrastructure		(144,852)		(8,703)				(153,555)
Machinery and equipment		(58,103)		(5,413)				(63,516)
Total accumulated depreciation		(489,584)		(29, 145)				(518,729)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		568,009		8,473				576,482
Total Seaport capital assets, net	\$	1,163,827	\$	211,951	\$	(36,760)	\$	1,339,018
		Balance						Balance
		Balance otember 30,		Additions /	I	Deletions /	Se	Balance eptember 30,
AVIATION DEPARTMENT			Re	Additions / eclassifications	-		Se	
AVIATION DEPARTMENT Capital assets, not being depreciated:		otember 30,	Re		-		Se	eptember 30,
-		otember 30,	Re		-		Se \$	eptember 30,
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Sep	otember 30, 2018	Re \$		-			eptember 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	Sep	2018 127,026		eclassifications	Rec	lassifications		2019 127,026
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	Sep	2018 127,026 178,306		eclassifications 145,598	Rec	(98,228)		2019 127,026 225,676
C apital assets, not being depreciated: Land C onstruction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	Sep	2018 127,026 178,306		eclassifications 145,598	Rec	(98,228)		2019 127,026 225,676
C apital assets, not being depreciated: Land C onstruction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated C apital assets, being depreciated:	Sep	2018 127,026 178,306 305,332		201320111000000000000000000000000000000	Rec	(98,228) (98,228) (98,228)		2019 127,026 225,676 352,702
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements	Sep	2018 127,026 178,306 305,332 7,231,437		242125598 145,598 145,598 91,232	Rec	(98,228) (98,228) (98,228)		2019 127,026 225,676 352,702 7,321,558
C apital assets, not being depreciated: Land C onstruction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated C apital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure	Sep	Dtember 30, 2018 127,026 178,306 305,332 7,231,437 1,511,767		2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012	Rec	(98,228) (98,228) (98,228) (1,111)		Image: september 30, 2019 127,026 225,676 352,702 7,321,558 1,516,563
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment	Sep	2018 127,026 178,306 305,332 7,231,437 1,511,767 871,214		20132511015 145,598 145,598 91,232 4,796 13,384	Rec	(98,228) (98,228) (98,228) (1,111) (567)		Peptember 30, 2019 127,026 225,676 352,702 7,321,558 1,516,563 884,031
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated	Sep	2018 127,026 178,306 305,332 7,231,437 1,511,767 871,214		20132511015 145,598 145,598 91,232 4,796 13,384	Rec	(98,228) (98,228) (98,228) (1,111) (567)		Peptember 30, 2019 127,026 225,676 352,702 7,321,558 1,516,563 884,031
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	Sep	Detember 30, 2018 127,026 178,306 305,332 7,231,437 1,511,767 871,214 9,614,418		91,232 4,796 13,384 109,412	Rec	(98,228) (98,228) (98,228) (1,111) (567)		Peptember 30, 2019 127,026 225,676 352,702 7,321,558 1,516,563 884,031 9,722,152
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and building improvements	Sep	Detember 30, 2018 127,026 178,306 305,332 7,231,437 1,511,767 871,214 9,614,418 (2,489,785)		91,232 4,796 13,384 109,412 (176,067)	Rec	(98,228) (98,228) (98,228) (1,111) (567)		Peptember 30, 2019 127,026 225,676 352,702 7,321,558 1,516,563 884,031 9,722,152 (2,665,852)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure	Sep	Ditember 30, 2018 127,026 178,306 305,332 7,231,437 1,511,767 871,214 9,614,418 (2,489,785) (926,349)		91,232 4,796 13,384 (176,067) (42,822)	Rec	(98,228) (98,228) (98,228) (1,111) (567) (1,678)		Paptember 30, 2019 127,026 225,676 352,702 7,321,558 1,516,563 884,031 9,722,152 (2,665,852) (969,171)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment	Sep	Detember 30, 2018 127,026 178,306 305,332 7,231,437 1,511,767 871,214 9,614,418 (2,489,785) (926,349) (441,609)		2classifications 145,598 145,598 91,232 4,796 13,384 109,412 (176,067) (42,822) (46,046)	Rec	(98,228) (98,228) (98,228) (1,111) (567) (1,678) 521		2019 127,026 225,676 352,702 7,321,558 1,516,563 884,031 9,722,152 (2,665,852) (969,171) (487,134)

WATER & SEWER DEPARTMENT	Balance September 30, 2018			Additions / eclassifications	Deletions / Reclassifications			Balance eptember 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	78,524	\$	5,566	\$	(4,255)	\$	79,835
Construction in progress		1,270,854		452,139		(243,895)		1,479,098
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,349,378		457,705		(248,150)		1,558,933
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and building improvements		41,623						41,623
Infrastructure		5,172,837		177,708		(34,679)		5,315,866
Machinery and equipment		1,253,429		91,197		(16,751)		1,327,875
Total capital assets, being depreciated		6,467,889		268,905		(51,430)		6,685,364
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and building improvements		(13,977)		(1,043)				(15,020)
Infrastructure		(2,345,390)		(151,236)		32,521		(2,464,105)
Machinery and equipment		(932,684)		(48,894)		15,661		(965,917)
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,292,051)		(201,173)		48,182		(3,445,042)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		3,175,838		67,732		(3,248)		3,240,322
Total Water and Sewer capital assets, net	\$	4,525,216	\$	525,437	\$	(251,398)	\$	4,799,255

	Se	Balance ptember 30,		Additions /		Deletions /	S	Balance September 30,	
PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST	2018		Re	eclassifications	Reclassifications			2019	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	36,875	\$	8,185			\$	45,060	
Construction in progress		162,488		209,350	\$	(115)		371,723	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		199,363		217,535		(115)		416,783	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and building improvements		944,108		43,656				987,764	
Machinery and equipment		690,740		42,085		(3,722)		729, 103	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		1,634,848		85,741		(3,722)		1,716,867	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and building improvements		(582,904)		(34,860)				(617,764)	
Machinery and equipment		(516,769)		(40,050)		3,417		(553,402)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,099,673)		(74,910)		3,417		(1,171,166)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		535,175		10,831		(305)		545,701	
Total PHT capital assets, net	\$	734,538	\$	228,366	\$	(420)	\$	962,484	

RICKENBACKER CAUSEWAY

	Balance September 30, 2018	tions / ifications	Deletions / Reclassifications	Balar Septemb 201	per 30,
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 16			\$	16
Construction in progress	309	\$ 2,539			2,848
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	325	2,539			2,864
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and building improvements	1,720				1,720
Infrastructure	97,760				97,760
Machinery and equipment	3,051	312	183		3,546
Total capital assets, being depreciated	102,531	312	183		103,026
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and building improvements	(941)	(58)			(999)
Infrastructure	(50,834)	(3,789)			(54,623)
Machinery and equipment	(2, 173)	(165)	(183)		(2,521)
Total accumulated depreciation	(53,948)	(4,012)	(183)		(58, 143)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	48,583	(3,700)			44,883
Total Rickenbacker capital assets, net	\$ 48,908	\$ (1,161)	\$-	\$	47,747

VENETIAN CAUSEWAY	_	alance ember 30, 2018	Re	Additions / classifications	Deletions / Reclassifications	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land Construction in progress	\$	28	\$	86		\$	114
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	φ	28	φ	86		φ	114
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and building improvements		388					388
Infrastructure		41,681					41,681
Machinery and equipment		933					933
Total capital assets, being depreciated		43,002					43,002
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and building improvements		(179)		(16)			(195)
Infrastructure		(20,280)		(3,787)			(24,067)
Machinery and equipment		(364)		(87)			(451)
Total accumulated depreciation		(20,823)		(3,890)			(24,713)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		22,179		(3,890)			18,289
Total Venetian capital assets, net	\$	22,207	\$	(3,804)	\$-	\$	18,403

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HOUSING		Balance						Balance
	Se	otember 30,		Additions /	0	Deletions /	Se	ptember 30,
		2018	Re	eclassifications	Rec	lassifications		2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	4,480					\$	4,480
Construction in progress		1,440	\$	3,243	\$	(4,683)		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		5,920		3,243		(4,683)		4,480
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and building improvements Infrastructure		61,843		4,691		(4)		66,530
Machinery and equipment		2,421		346		(16)		2,751
Total capital assets, being depreciated		64,264		5,037		(20)		69,281
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and building improvements		(30,241)		(1,568)		4		(31,805)
Infrastructure								
Machinery and equipment		(2,407)		(7)		16		(2,398)
Total accumulated depreciation		(32,648)		(1,575)		20		(34,203)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		31,616		3,462				35,078
Total Housing capital assets, net	\$	37,536	\$	6,705	\$	(4,683)	\$	39,558

VIZCAYA

		Balance						Balance
	Sep	otember 30,		Additions /		Deletions /	Se	ptember 30,
		2018		Reclassifications		Reclassifications		2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	219					\$	219
Construction in progress		30	\$	592	\$	(30)		592
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		249		592		(30)		811
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and building improvements		40,767		474				41,241
		4 004		00		(2)		4 007
Machinery and equipment		4,901		29		(3)		4,927
Total capital assets, being depreciated		45,668		503		(3)		46,168
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and building improvements		(10,621)		(1,504)				(12, 125)
Machinery and equipment		(109)		(47)				(156)
Total accumulated depreciation		(10,730)		(1,551)				(12,281)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		34,938		(1,048)		(3)		33,887
Total Vizcaya capital assets, net	\$	35,187	\$	(456)	\$	(33)	\$	34,698

Depreciation expense was charged to the different functions of governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense by Function (in thousands)

Function	Amount			
Policy formulation and general government	\$	60,122		
Protection of people and properties		37,429		
Physical environment		2,213		
Transportation		57,397		
Human services and health		2,729		
Socio-economic environment		9,801		
Culture and recreation		36,231		
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	205,922		

Depreciation expense was charged to the different functions of business-type activities as follows:

Business-type Activities Depreciation Expense by Function (in thousands)

Function	Amount				
Mass transit	\$	77,371			
Solid waste collection		5,454			
Solid waste disposal		12,232			
Seaport		29,145			
Aviation		264,935			
Water		73,079			
Sewer		128,094			
Public health		74,910			
Other		11,028			
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	676,248			

Note 5 – Leases/Management and Operating Agreements

General Segment Operating Leases - The County leases various facilities under non-cancelable operating leases. Total cost for the leases was \$13.1 million for the year ended September 30, 2019. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending September 3		
2020	\$	9,482
2021		7,172
2022		3,583
2023		1,655
2024		866
2025-2029		3,471
2030-2034		3,185
	\$	29,414
	-	

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Governmental Activities Capital Leases – The County has entered into various agreements with banks to provide capital to finance the lease/purchase of equipment, such as vehicles, fire trucks, and other equipment. During fiscal year 2019, the County entered into one new capital lease financing agreements totaling \$18.6 million. \$11.7 million was drawn down in FY 2019 for a new leased entered in FY 2018. The future minimum payments for principal and interest under these agreements are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending September 30,		
	Principal	Interest
2020	22,490	2,410
2021	20,741	1,881
2022	17,661	1,378
2023	10,874	985
2024	9,722	661
2025-2029	12,596	1,172
2030-2034	 2,954	17
	\$ 97,038	\$ 8,504

The net book value as of September 30, 2019, for assets being leased are as follows (in thousands):

Asset	Asset Cost	cumulated preciation	В	Net ook Value
Equipment	\$ 113,125	\$ 37,596	\$	75,529
Buildings	25,407	13,127		12,280
Total	\$ 138,532	\$ 50,723	\$	87,809

Marlins Stadium Operating Agreement - Miami-Dade County, the City of Miami (the City) and the Florida Marlins, L.P. (the Team) entered into an agreement to construct a baseball stadium to be owned by the County. The County would provide \$376.3 million, the City \$13.5 million, and the Team \$126.2 million.

The stadium was to be constructed to meet Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Silver Certification, as required by County Code. The County was to provide an additional \$1.75 million and the City was to provide an additional \$1.25 million to achieve the LEED Silver Certification.

In fiscal year 2012, the County recognized the Team's contribution in governmental activities as an exchange-type transaction. This resulted in the total Team's contribution of \$126.2 million being deferred and recognized over the life of the agreement with the Team, 35 years. The statement of activities for the year ended September 30, 2019 includes \$3.6 million of revenue recognized for this transaction.

As of September 30, 2017, the Team contributed 100% of the \$126.2 million commitment towards the stadium costs (in the form of capital assets), and thus fulfilled their obligation toward the County. In addition, pursuant to the Non-Relocation Agreement between the County and the Team, the County shall receive an annual payment of \$2.3 million, increasing at 2% per year, in semi-annual installments due on April 30 and September 30 over 35 years. In fiscal year 2019 the County received \$2.6 million from the Team in accordance with the Non-Relocation Agreement.

Year Ending	
September 30,	
2020	2,695
2021	2,749
2022	2,804
2023	2,860
2024	2,917
2025-2029	15,484
2030-2034	17,095
2035-2039	18,874
2040-2044	20,839
2045-2046	8,931
	\$ 95,248

At September 30, 2019 the future minimum amounts due under the agreement are as follows (in thousands):

The stadium was completed and placed in operation in April 2012. The County capitalized \$509.9 million of the cost of construction of the stadium, which has a carrying value of \$433.9 million as of September 30, 2019, net of accumulated depreciation of \$76 million.

As per the Operating Agreement between the County, the Marlins Stadium Operator, LLC (the Operator) and the City of Miami (City), a Capital Reserve Fund was established from which the Operator may withdraw funds to pay for necessary improvements or emergency capital repairs to the stadium. The parties agreed that the Capital Reserve Fund would be an asset of the County designed to protect its ownership interest in the stadium, and not an asset of the City, the Operator or its affiliates. It was further agreed that prior to November 30 following the end of each Operating Year, (i) the City shall deposit \$250,000 into the Capital Reserve Fund, and (ii) each of the County and the Operator shall deposit \$750,000 into the Capital Reserve Fund. As of September 30, 2019, the balance of the Capital Reserve Fund was \$19.2 million, and is reported in the County's governmental funds balance sheet.

American Airlines Arena Management Agreement – The American Airlines Arena (Arena) was completed and placed into operation in January 2001. The construction of the Arena was funded 100 percent by the Miami Heat Limited Partnership, a Florida Limited Partnership (Team) in exchange for the County-owned land and an annual payment from the County.

The County capitalized \$234.9 million of the cost of its construction, which has a carrying value, net of accumulated depreciation of \$86.9 million, of \$148.0 million.

The County and Basketball Properties, Ltd. (Arena Manager) originally executed a series of agreements dated April 29, 1997 to provide, among other things, for the development, improvement, management and operation of the Arena. On June 3, 2014, the Board of County Commissioners approved the amended and restated agreements with the Team and the Arena Manager, as follows:

Under the new Assurance Agreement with the Arena Manager, the County will provide the Arena Manager with an annual payment of \$6.4 million through fiscal year 2029. From July 1, 2030 to June 30, 2035, the County's annual payments increase to \$8.5 million. The funding source for the payments made by the County to the Arena Manager are County Available Arena Funds (as defined in the Assurance Agreement), which are generally comprised of, in any fiscal year, the sum of: (1) excess Convention Development Taxes (CDT); (2) County Rental Revenues; (3) Naming Rights receipts, if any; and (4) monies paid to the County for Community Events held at the Arena. Excess Convention Development Taxes is defined as CDT funds collected less the debt service requirements. Notwithstanding and prevailing over any contrary term or provision of the Agreement,

the County is not obligated to use any source of funds other than from the Arena Capital Replacement Reserve Fund and County Available Arena Funds.

In the event that at any time the County Available Arena Funds are insufficient to pay for the Building Owner contribution, the County shall continue to be obligated to pay the shortfall, with interest accumulating at the Prime Rate from the date of the shortfall until the date such amounts are repaid by the County.

The County recorded an obligation of \$140 million reflecting the amount owed to the Arena Manager at September 30, 2014. During fiscal year 2019, the County made quarterly payments totaling \$6.4 million. At September 30, 2019 the future payments under the agreement are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending September 30,	
2020	\$ 6,400
2021	6,400
2022	6,400
2023	6,400
2024	6,400
2025-2029	32,000
2030-2034	35,500
2035	8,500
	\$ 108,000

If the County elects to sell the naming rights, then beginning in 2020 the County is obligated to make an annual payment to the Arena Manager not to exceed \$2 million through 2030.

The agreement eliminates the formula used to calculate the Arena Manager's contribution to the County and replaces it with a fixed annual revenue stream to the County in the form of a donation for use by the County's Parks, Recreation and Open Spaces Department for County-owned parks, recreation and youth programs. The Arena Manager will make annual payments to the County of \$1 million starting 2014 through 2030. The annual amount increases to \$1.25 million from 2031 to 2035. The Arena Manager's donation to the County from fiscal year 2014 to 2019 was \$1 million per year.

At September 30, 2019 the future amounts due from the Arena Manager are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending September 30,	
2020	\$ 1,000
2021	1,000
2022	1,000
2023	1,000
2024	1,000
2025-2029	5,000
2030-2034	6,000
2035	 1,250
	\$ 17,250

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Additionally, the amended and restated management agreement increased the required minimum amount the Arena Manager must make to the Arena Capital Replacement Reserve Fund (Fund) between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2040, which will total \$81.2 million. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Arena Manager met the requirement for its contribution of \$1.8 million through eligible expenditures totaling \$13.2 million towards maintenance and capital improvements to the Arena. Eligible expenditures in excess of the required contribution in any fiscal year is not carried forward to subsequent fiscal years. Capital improvements that are capitalizable in accordance with the County's policy have been properly included in the County's governmental activities. The amount held in the Fund, if any, is maintained and held by the Arena Manager.

As of September 30, 2019 the future payments to the Fund or in-kind maintenance or capital improvements by the Arena Manager are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending September 30,	
2020	\$ 1,947
2021	2,025
2022	2,105
2023	2,190
2024	2,277
2025-2029	12,828
2030-2034	15,607
2035-2039	18,989
2040	4,265
	\$ 62,233

Seaport Leases – The Seaport (Lessor) has several operating leases consisting principally of the leasing of land, office space and warehouses to several tenants. The lease agreements consist of both cancelable and non-cancelable agreements. The agreements expire over the next 18 years. Future minimum lease income under the non-cancelable operating leases (with initial remaining lease terms in excess of one year) as of September 30, 2019, is summarized in the table below (in thousands):

Year Ending

September 30,	
2020	\$ 33,863
2021	32,813
2022	32,896
2023	32,721
2024	26,509
2025-2029	126,542
2030-2034	80,674
2035-2039	71,290
2040-2044	19,041
Total future minimum	
lease payments	\$ 456,349

Rental income was \$32.8 million in fiscal year 2019. At September 30, 2019, the net book value of assets being leased by the Seaport as lessor are as follows (in thousands):

Seaport net book value of leased assets

Asset	Asset Cost	ccumulated epreciation	в	Net ook Value
Land	\$ 85,305		\$	85,305
Buildings	38,663	\$ 37,811		852
Total	\$ 123,968	\$ 37,811	\$	86,157

The Board approved various resolutions authorizing the execution of terminal usage agreements with the Seaport's major cruise lines and cargo terminal operators. These agreements provide certain wharfage and dockage incentive discounts from the published tariff as well as marketing incentives in return for minimum annual revenue guarantees and preferential berthing arrangements at certain terminal facilities. The agreements also provide for container yard improvements, reduced reefer rates, and other commitments to incur expenses and make certain incentive payments which are not reflected in the table of total gross minimum annual revenue guarantees below.

The following table provides future total gross minimum annual revenue guarantees due to the Seaport for the following years (in thousands):

Year Ending September 30,	Cruise Operators		Cargo Operators	
2020	\$	103,351	\$ 54,036	
2021		114,734	56,205	
2022		123,821	58,468	
2023		149,120	60,829	
2024		157,691	63,528	
2025-2029		720,231	360,963	
2030-2034		640,507	109,824	
2035-2039		718,403		
2040-2044		677,455		
2045-2049		582,209		
2050-2053		225,232		
Total	\$ 4	1,212,754	\$ 763,853	

Public Health Trust Leases – The Public Health Trust leases various equipment and facilities under operating leases. Rent expense for all operating leases was approximately \$8.6 million in fiscal year 2019. At September 30, 2019, future minimum lease payments by year under non-cancelable operating leases are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending September 30,	
September 50,	
2020	\$ 7,611
2021	6,190
2022	3,039
2023	2,064
2024	1,270
	\$ 20,174

Aviation Leases - The major portion of the Aviation Department's (Lessor) property, plant and equipment is held for lease. The lease agreements consist of both cancelable and non-cancelable leases, and provide for periodic adjustment to rental rates to maximize operational flexibility. The non-cancelable lease agreements also provide for periodic adjustments to the rental rates. All leases are classified as operating leases. The Aviation Department recognized \$147.2 million of rental income from both cancelable and non-cancelable leases for the year ended September 30, 2019.

In addition, the Aviation Department leases certain properties under management and concession agreements (cancelable and non-cancelable). Certain of these leases provide for future minimum rentals plus a specified percentage of the tenants' gross revenues. The agreements generated revenues of \$199.9 million during the year ended September 30, 2019.

Concession Agreements – The Aviation Department has entered into concession agreements with retail stores and newsstands, duty-free merchandise shops, food and beverage facilities, various rent-a-car companies, aeronautical service companies, and other passenger services through 2024. The agreements consist of both cancelable and noncancellable agreements, and provide for a minimum annual rental and a franchise fee based on a percentage of the gross revenue, whichever is greater. These agreements generated revenue of approximately \$199.9 million during fiscal year 2019. Minimum future fees under such noncancellable concession agreements as of September 30, 2019 are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending September 30,	
2020 2021	\$ 115,411 113,352
2022	103,467
2023	72,503
2024	 70,673
	\$ 475,406

Lease Agreements – The leasing operations of the Aviation Department consist principally of the leasing of land, buildings and office space. The lease agreements consist of both cancelable and noncancellable agreements and permit the Aviation Department to periodically adjust rents and maximize operational flexibility. Minimum rentals under such noncancellable lease agreements as of September 30, 2019 are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending	
September 30,	
2020	\$ 9,753
2021	9,237
2022	8,936
2023	8,935
2024	8,935
2025-2029	27,877
2030-2034	14,143
2035-2039	8,067
2040-2044	3,467
2045-2049	2,527
2050-2054	2,527
2055	295
	\$ 104,699

<u>Note 6 – Disaggregation of Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable</u> <u>Balances, Credit Risk Concentration, and Major Customers</u>

	 Accounts	un	owance for collectible counts (1)	Fotal Net ceivables
Governmental activities:				
General Fund	\$ 21,320	\$	(278)	\$ 21,042
Fire Rescue Fund	266,550		(263,705)	2,845
Internal Service Fund	13,843			13,843
Other Governmental Funds	19,011		(3,637)	15,374
Total - governmental activities	\$ 320,724	\$	(267,620)	\$ 53,104
Business-type activities:				
Transit	\$ 7,018	\$	(247)	\$ 6,771
Solid Waste Management	10,418		(101)	10,317
Seaport	16,170		(193)	15,977
Aviation	46,557		(868)	45,689
Water and Sewer	163,048		(15,981)	147,067
Public Health Trust (1)	949,469		(758,969)	190,500
Other Non-major proprietary	 800			800
Total - business-type activities	\$ 1,193,480	\$	(776,359)	\$ 417,121

Accounts Receivable at September 30, 2019 were as follows (in thousands):

(1) For the Public Health Trust, contractual adjustments are also included.

Net receivables in the governmental activities totaled approximately \$53.1 million as of September 30, 2019. Receivables in the General Fund were comprised of 44% for utility taxes due from the electric utility company, 27% due from other entities and 29% for customer receivables. Receivables in the Fire Rescue Fund were primarily driven by transport fees. Receivables in the Other Governmental Funds were 35% for Transient Lodging and Food and Beverage Taxes, 32% for Convention Development Tax, 23% due from other entities, and 10% for Public Housing & Community Development charges. For governmental activities, 83% of gross accounts receivables are not expected to be collected in the subsequent year, therefore, an allowance for uncollectible accounts was recorded.

As of September 30, 2019, Aviation's accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, were approximately \$45.7 million which comprised of accounts due from customers (tenants, carriers, and business partners) of 97% and 3% due from government agencies. American Airlines represented \$15.7 million or 34% of accounts receivable, net of the allowance for doubtful accounts, and approximately \$262.3 million or 32% of total operating revenues for fiscal year 2019.

Public Health Trust's patient's accounts receivable consist primarily of receivables from patients and third-party payors. As of September 30, 2019, 30% of receivables are due from patients and 21% are due from Medicaid and Medicare.

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For fiscal year 2019, approximately 96% of the Seaport's operating revenues and 59% of corresponding receivables were generated from nine major cruise and cargo operators. The following table summarizes the balances for the cruise and cargo operators as of September 30, 2019 (in thousands).

Cruise Operator	F	Revenue	R	eceivable
CompanyA	\$	40,324	\$	2,603
Company B		25,029		1,539
Company C		22,512		768
Company D		14,097		1,582
Company E		3,347		-
Total	\$	105,309	\$	6,492
Cargo Operator				
Company F	\$	19,373	\$	1,976
Company G		17,087		845
CompanyH		17,035		153
	\$	53,495	\$	2,974

Accounts Payable, Accrued Liabilities and Retainage Payable

Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and retainage payable at September 30, 2019, were as follows (in thousands):

		Sa	laries and	
	 /endors	E	Benefits	Total
Governmental activities:				
General Fund	\$ 58,153	\$	33,987	\$ 92,140
Fire Rescue Fund	5,081		7,948	13,029
Internal Service Fund	918			918
Other non-major governmental	 89,921		3,115	93,036
Total - governmental activities	\$ 154,073	\$	45,050	\$ 199,123
Business-type activities: Transit Solid Waste Management Seaport Aviation	\$ 50,304 15,167 70,685 50,001	\$	6,701 1,573 633 3,192	\$ 57,005 16,740 71,318 53,193
Water and Sewer Public Health Trust	87,056 150,031		8,142 60,529	95,198 210,560
Other Non-major proprietary	1,388		100	1,488
Total - business-type activities	\$ 424,632	\$	80,870	\$ 505,502

Note 7 - Self-Insurance Program

Miami-Dade County provides health insurance to its employees, retirees, and their eligible dependents through a self-funded health plan administered by a Third Party Administrator. Effective January 1, 2016, the County offers up to three HMO benefit options (based on collective bargaining agreements) and one POS option for active and pre-Medicare retirees. Medicare retirees can select from either a high option HMO plan, with or without pharmacy coverage, or a low option HMO plan.

The County's Risk Management Division (RMD) administers workers' compensation and auto and general liability self-insurance programs. No excess coverage is purchased for these programs. Premiums are charged to the various County departments based on amounts necessary to fund the program. The County purchases commercial property insurance for County-owned properties and purchases commercial insurance in certain instances due to exposure to loss and/or contractual obligations.

The estimated liability for reported and unreported claims of the self-insurance programs administered by RMD is calculated annually by an independent actuary. The estimate for incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims is based on historical experience, adjusted by other factors that would modify past experience, such as current trends and industry projections. Outstanding claims are evaluated based on relevant statutory/case law application and historical claims experience on a case-by-case basis.

The RMD also administers the self-insurance program for the County's enterprise funds. Water and Sewer only participates in the workers' compensation and group health self-insurance program. Water and Sewer has established a self-insurance program for general and automobile liability exposures. RMD administers the claims on their behalf.

The Aviation Department pays premiums to commercial insurance carriers for airport liability insurance, construction wrap-up insurance and participates in the County's property insurance program. The airport liability program provides commercial general liability, contractual liability and personal injury liability coverage at all airports. RMD administers claims within the self-insured retention for this program.

The Public Health Trust (the Trust) maintains its own self-insurance programs for general and professional liability claims, as well as workers' compensation claims. The Trust uses a Third Party Administrator to administer their workers' compensation coverage. The Trust places and administers a commercial property insurance program for Trust properties.

At September 30, 2019, the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund had a net position deficit of \$231.2 million, a decrease in net position deficit of \$19.1 million from the prior year. The decrease in net position deficit is a result of increased rates coupled with a decrease in estimated losses incurred but not reported (IBNR). Management intends to increase the insurance rates charged to departments annually with the goal to budget sufficient funds to cover annual cost and reduce the accumulated deficit.

	 Vorkers opensation	A	Seneral, uto, and Police Liability	Gr	oup Health	Other		Total
Balance as of October 1, 2017	\$ 348,608	\$	26,331	\$	34,371		\$	409,310
Claims paid	(62,855)		(32,496)		(451,187)	\$ (3,935	5)	(550,473)
Reported claims and changes in estimates	140,133		39,988		452,931	3,935	5	636,987
Liabilities as of September 30, 2018	425,886		33,823		36,115			495,824
Claims paid	(64,037)		(35,602)		(460,685)	(3,772	2)	(564,096)
Reported claims and changes in estimates	113,544		57,433		457,876	3,772	2	632,625
Liabilities as of September 30, 2019	\$ 475,393	\$	55,654	\$	33,306		\$	564,353

Changes in the Water and Sewer Department's and the Public Health Trust's estimated claims liabilities for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 are as follows (in thousands):

	Water Sewe Departn	r	Public Health Trust	Total
Balance as of October 1, 2017 Claims paid Reported claims and changes in estimates	1	945 749 421	(8,072)	\$ 45,178 (6,323) 11,474
Liabilities as of September 30, 2018	\$ 3	273	\$ 47,056	\$ 50,329
Balance as of October 1, 2018 Claims paid Reported claims and changes in estimates	1 -	273 570) 464	\$ 47,056) (7,875) 8,620	\$ 50,329 (8,445) 9,084
Liabilities as of September 30, 2019	\$ 3	167	\$ 47,801	\$ 50,968

The estimated claims liabilities are recorded in the statement of net position of the Water and Sewer Department and the Public Health Trust.

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt

LONG-TERM LIABILITY ACTIVITY

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2019 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

		Beginning Balance eptember 30, 2018	ance ember			Reductions	s	Ending Balance September 30, 2019		Due Vithin ne Year
Governmental Activities		00, 2010		luulliono				00, 2010	•	
Bonds, loans and notes payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	1,837,515	\$	274,760	\$	(42,040)	\$	2,070,235	\$	47,505
Special obligation bonds		2,447,943		242,362		(266,299)		2,424,006		80,650
Current year accretions of interest		61,335		34,394				95,729		
Special Obligation Bonds-Direct placements		16,185				(1,055)		15,130		875
Housing Agency loans payable		13,691				(3,889)		9,802		2,144
Loans and notes payable		47,561				(5,312)		42,249		5,571
Bond premiums/discount		317,350		86,528		(26,467)		377,411		
Total bonds, loans and notes pay able Other liabilities:		4,741,580		638,044		(345,062)		5,034,562		136,745
Estimated claims payable		495,824		632,623		(564,094)		564,353		96,128
Compensated absences		495,824 474,095		204,175		(154,481)		504,555 523,789		121,366
Net pension liability - FRS		1,957,943		334,614		(134,401)		2,292,557		121,500
Net pension liability - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS)		553,213		43,109				596,322		
Total other postemploy ment benefits		328,034		43,109 53,736				381,770		
		328,034 114,400		55,750		(6.400)				6 400
Liability under Arena Agreement		,		20 272		(6,400)		108,000		6,400
Lease Agreements		97,916 57,705		30,372		(31,255)		97,033		22,489
Other Total governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$	57,795 8,820,800	\$	12,078 1,948,751	\$	(3,684) (1,104,976)	\$	66,189 9,664,575	\$	10,531 393,659
						<u> </u>				
Business-type Activities										
Bonds and loans pay able:	^	0 405 705	•	4 445 000	•	(770.055)	•	0 700 700	^	000 000
Rev enue bonds	\$	8,425,735	\$	1,115,820	\$	(778,855)	\$	8,762,700	\$	236,960
General obligation bonds		280,385		0		(11,760)		268,625		12,250
Special obligation bonds		1,330,183		140,603		(188,752)		1,282,034		28,610
Loans payable		430,301		16,515		(30,555)		416,261		27,373
Bond premiums/discount		604,400		66,688		(49,157)		621,931		
Total bonds and loans payable		11,071,004		1,339,626		(1,059,079)		11,351,551		305,193
Other liabilities:						(7.004)		50.000		
Estimated claims payable		50,329		8,620		(7,981)		50,968		8,298
Compensated absences		219,013		42,555		(36,051)		225,517		121,823
Commercial paper notes		510,430		929,174		(891,949)		547,655		
Net pension liability - FRS		487,897		118,440		(76,503)		529,834		
Net pension liability - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS)		152,734		27,442		(29,537)		150,639		
Net pension liability - Public Health Trust Ret. Plan		24,574		114,711		(47,859)		91,426		5 500
Total other postemploy ment benefits		214,130		46,603		(12,301)		248,432		5,563
Environmental remediation liability		38,355		11,404		(1,224)		48,535		6,520
Liability for landfill closure/post closure care costs		80,428		3,085				83,513		1,116
Capital lease liability		164,878		101,454		(13,259)		253,073		24,816
Rent and contribution advances		13,228		8,473		(9,712)		11,989		8,473
Other		56,843		3,215		(8,656)		51,402		28,329
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	13,083,843	\$	2,754,802	\$	(2,194,111)	\$	13,644,534	\$	510,131

	Ending Balance September 30, 2018 A			Additions Reductions			Sej	Ending Balance otember 30, 2019	e Within ne Year
Transit									
Bonds and loans pay able:									
Special obligation bonds	\$	1,218,011	\$	132,831	\$	(174,887)	\$	1,175,955	\$ 23,819
Bond premium/discount		71,828		19,704		(9,027)		82,505	
Total bonds and loans pay able		1,289,839		152,535		(183,914)		1,258,460	23,819
Other liabilities:									
Compensated absences		39,210		18,662		(17,428)		40,444	12,316
Net pension liability - FRS		156,616		12,139				168,755	
Net pension liability - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS)		44,252				(357)		43,895	
Total other postemployment benefits		52,082		4,623				56,705	
Capital lease liability		45,000		92,903		(5,440)		132,463	10,135
Other		158		260		(6)		412	
Total long-term liabilities - MDT	\$	1,627,157	\$	281,122	\$	(207,145)	\$	1,701,134	\$ 46,270
Solid Waste Management									
Bonds and loans pay able:									
Revenue bonds	\$	61,620			\$	(8,995)	\$	52,625	\$ 9,320
Bond premium/discount		6,996				(583)		6,413	
Total bonds and loans payable		68,616				(9,578)		59,038	9,320
Other liabilities:									
Compensated absences		17,910	\$	4,928		(4,827)		18,011	3,833
Net pension liability - FRS		41,985		2,870				44,855	
Net pension liability - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS)		11,863				(196)		11,667	
Total other postemploy ment benefits		20,535		2,941				23,476	
Liability for landfill closure/postclosure care costs		80,428		3,085				83,513	1,116
Capial lease liability		35,393		8,551		(4,170)		39,774	6,258
Other		38				(4)		34	
Total long-term liabilities - Waste Management	\$	276,768	\$	22,375	\$	(18,775)	\$	280,368	\$ 20,527
Seaport									
Bonds and loans pay able:									
Revenue bonds	\$	562,260			\$	(7,130)	\$	555,130	\$ 7,450
General obligation bonds		71,375				(6,585)		64,790	6,875
Special obligation bonds		98,712				(4,300)		94,412	4,320
Loans pay able		264,950				(12,120)		252,830	12,160
Bond premium/discount		28,768				(2,224)		26,544	
Total bonds and loans pay able		1,026,065				(32,359)		993,706	30,805
Other liabilities:									
Compensated absences		7,324	\$	2,494		(2,321)		7,497	1,807
Net pension liability - FRS		16,275		2,871				19,146	
Net pension liability - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS)		4,598		382				4,980	
Total other postemployment benefits		5,877		893				6,770	
Commercial Paper Notes		170,262		77,393				247,655	
Capial lease liability		3,802				(159)		3,643	171
Other		1,295		2,743				4,038	
Total long-term liabilities - Seaport	\$	1,235,498	\$	86,776	\$	(34,839)	\$	1,287,435	\$ 32,783

		Ending Balance September 30, 2018		Additions		Reductions	Sej	Ending Balance otember 30, 2019		ie Within ne Year
Aviation										
Bonds and loans payable:										
Revenue bonds	\$	5,309,125	\$	882,515	\$	(682,100)	\$	5,509,540	\$	135,145
General obligation bonds		209,010		,		(5,175)		203,835		5,375
Loans pay able		5,274				(5,274)		-		- ,
Bond premium/discount		279,613		15,346		(24,026)		270,933		
Total bonds and loans payable		5,803,022		897,861		(716,575)		5,984,308		140,520
Other liabilities:		-,,		,		(,)		-,,		,
Compensated absences		24,777		12,568		(11,475)		25,870		7,386
Commercial paper notes		140,168		501,781		(641,949)		0		,
Net pension liability - FRS		61,090		11,769		(2,567)		70,292		
Net pension liability - HIS		17,261		1,023		(_,,		18,284		
Total other postemploy ment benefits		23,917		4,573		(1,390)		27,100		
Environmental remediation liability		38,355		11,404		(1,224)		48,535		6,520
Rent and contribution advances		13,228		8,473		(9,712)		11,989		8,473
Capial lease liability		80,683		0,110		(3,490)		77,193		8,252
Total long-term liabilities - Aviation	\$	6,202,501	\$	1,449,452	\$	(1,388,382)	\$	6,263,571	\$	171,151
Water and Sewer										
Bonds and loans pay able:										
Revenue bonds	\$	2,178,700	\$	233,305	\$	(71,055)	\$	2,340,950	\$	74,720
Loans pay able	Ŧ	156,833	Ŧ	16,515	Ť	(12,918)	Ŧ	160,430	Ŧ	14,959
Bond premium/discount		188,154		29,826		(10,910)		207,070		,
Total bonds and loans payable		2,523,687		279,646		(94,883)		2,708,450		89,679
Other liabilities:		_,,		,		(-,)		_,,		,
Estimated claims payable		3,273				(106)		3,167		1,044
Compensated absences		45,249		2,561		(100)		47,810		11,042
Commercial paper notes		200,000		350,000		(250,000)		300,000		11,012
Net pension liability - FRS		124,066		14,603		(200,000)		138,669		
Net pension liability - HIS		35,055		1,015				36,070		
Total other postemploy ment benefits		43,290		6,056				49,346		
Total long-term liabilities - Water and Sew er Department	\$	2,974,620	\$	653,881	\$	(344,989)	\$	3,283,512	\$	101,765
Public Health Trust										
Bonds and loans payable:										
Revenue bonds	\$	284,055			\$	(8,985)	\$	275,070	\$	9,710
Bond premium/discount	Ŧ	25,669			Ť	(2,249)	Ŧ	23,420	Ŧ	0,1.10
Total bonds and loans payable		309,724				(11,234)		298,490		9,710
Other liabilities:						(,=,		,		-,
Estimated claims pay able		47,056	\$	8,620		(7,875)		47,801		7,254
Compensated absences		84,166	Ŷ	1,187		(1,010)		85,353		85,353
Total other postemployment benefits		68,192		27,476		(10,911)		84,757		5,563
Net pension liability - FRS		87,157		74,075		(73,936)		87,296		0,000
Net pension liability - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS)		39,505		25,009		(28,984)		35,530		
Net pension liability (assets) - Public Health Trust Ret. Plan		24,574		25,009		(28,984) (47,859)		91,426		
Other		24,574 50,193		212		(47,039) (8,281)		91,420 42,124		27,927
Total long-term liabilities - Public Health Trust	\$	710,567	\$	251,290	\$	(189,080)	\$	772,777	\$	135,807
-						/				

	Ending Balance September 30, 2018			dditions	Reductions	Se	Ending Balance ptember 30, 2019	e Within 1e Year	
Rickenbacker Causeway:									
Bonds and loans pay able:									
Revenue bonds	\$	29,975			\$	(590)	\$	29,385	\$ 615
Special obligation bonds		4,935	\$	4,042		(4,935)		4,042	206
Loans pay able		2,141				(160)		1,981	168
Bond premium/discount		2,549		942		(108)		3,383	
Total bonds and loans payable		39,600		4,984		(5,793)		38,791	989
Other liabilities:									
Compensated absences		377		155				532	86
Net pension liability - FRS		708		113				821	
Net pension liability - HIS		200		13				213	
Total other postemploy ment benefits		237		41				278	
Other		1,095				(365)		730	365
Total long-term liabilities - Rickenbacker Causeway	\$	42,217	\$	5,306	\$	(6,158)	\$	41,365	\$ 1,440
Venetian Causeway:									
Bonds and loans pay able:									
Special obligation bonds	\$	8,525	\$	3,730	\$	(4,630)	\$	7,625	\$ 265
Loans pay able		1,103				(83)		1,020	86
Bond premium/discount		823		870		(30)		1,663	
Total long-term liabilities - Venetian Causeway	\$	10,451	\$	4,600	\$	(4,743)	\$	10,308	\$ 351
Mixed Income Properties:									
Other liabilities:									
Other		4,064						4,064	37
Total long-term liabilities - Mixed Income Properties	\$	4,064			\$	-	\$	4,064	\$ 37

Long-Term Debt - Governmental Activities

Long-term debt of the County's governmental activities include general and special obligation bonds, special obligation bonds from direct placement, installment purchase contracts and loan agreements that are payable from property tax levies and specific revenue sources. The County's outstanding general obligation bonds, special obligation bonds, and special obligation bonds from direct placements contain (1) a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the County is unable to make payment and (2) contain a subjective acceleration clause that allows for the acceleration of payment of the entire principle amount to become immediately due if it is determined that a material adverse event occurs. General obligation bonds are payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes on all taxable real and tangible personal property of the County, and are backed by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the County. Special obligation bonds are limited obligations of the County, payable solely from and secured by pledged non-ad valorem revenues of the Special obligation bonds. Variable-rate bonds are only 3% of total County debt. Debt service requirements for interest on variable-rate debt were calculated using the rates in effect as of September 30, 2019. The General Fund will fund most of the obligations of governmental activities.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (assuming the demand bonds are remarketed and the letters of credit are extended):

Long-Term Bonded Debt, Governmental Activities

(amounts in thousands)

							5	Special Obligation	n Bo	onds							
Maturing in	General Obligati	on Bo	onds	Special Oblig	gatio	n Bonds		from Direct Plac	eme	ents	Loans and Not	tes l	Pay able	Μ	liami-Dade Public	Hous	ing Agency
Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal	lr	nterest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2020	\$ 47,505	\$	93,276	\$ 80,650	\$	112,222	\$	875	\$	475	\$	\$	2,124	\$	2,144	\$	428
2021	50,455		91,665	76,843		109,555		905		448	5,790		1,863		1,855		351
2022	53,305		89,288	84,778		106,181		935		419	5,974		1,587		1,600		276
2023	56,290		86,782	92,890		99,524		965		390	5,679		1,288		1,600		205
2024	59,325		84,229	97,727		94,487		990		360	5,824		1,004		2,603		189
2025-2029	347,820		374,645	474,472		424,052		5,455		1,310	13,411		1,159				
2030-2034	448,615		283,351	540,274		390, 167		5,005		398							
2035-2039	409,685		179,959	545,395		382,030											
2040-2044	270,400		101,706	237,224		723,401											
2045-2049	326,835		16,864	49,582		629,048											
	2,070,235		1,401,765	2,279,835		3,070,667		15,130		3,800	42,249		9,025		9,802		1,449
Add (Less):																	
Unaccreted value				239,900													
Accretions to date						(239,900)											
Unamortized premium																	
/ discount	 208,399			169,012													
Total	\$ 2,278,634	\$	1,401,765	\$ 2,688,747	\$	2,830,767	\$	15,130	\$	3,800	\$ 42,249	\$	9,025	\$	9,802	\$	1,449

Other Obligations

Pollution Remediation

The County has identified a number of sites that are undergoing pollution remediation activities or have violations of pollution related permits and licenses that must be cured. Pollution at most sites is due to contamination from petroleum, ammonia, and metals in soil and in groundwater. In addition, certain sites must continue to be monitored for a number of years due to methane gas emission. As of September 30, 2019, the County has recorded a pollution remediation liability of \$26.0 million in long-term liabilities, in the statement of net position of governmental activities.

Energy Conservation Loans

Pursuant to Resolution R-740-08, the BCC approved the establishment of an Energy Performance Contracting Program, allowing the County to use private energy services companies to recommend ways to reduce energy consumption by County facilities and equipment. These projects are performed in a turn-key fashion by the companies, who must guarantee that the projected saving in County utility expenses will meet or exceed all project costs. These projects are financed through the County's third-party financing arrangements with banks, and all financing costs will be funded from the operating and energy cost savings that are guaranteed by the private energy services companies. At September 30, 2019, the County has a total of \$30.1 million of these financial arrangements, which are reported in the governmental activities statement of net position.

Long-Term Debt – Business-type Activities

Long-term debt of business-type activities includes revenue bonds, special obligation bonds and loans payable from specified revenues of the County's enterprise funds. Also included are general obligation bonds issued on behalf of the Seaport and Aviation Departments, which will be paid from Seaport and Aviation revenues and, to the extent those revenues are insufficient, from ad valorem taxes. Debt service requirements for interest on variable-rate debt were calculated using the rates in effect as of September 30, 2019.

PHT also has an unused line of credit in the amount of \$200 million.

The County's proprietary funds have issued certain debt instruments that contain various covenants, restrictions and financial test requirements.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (assuming the demand bonds are remarketed and the letters of credit are extended) (in thousands):

Long-Term Bonded Debt, Business-type Activities

(amounts in thousands)

Maturing in	Revenue	e Bon	ds	G	eneral Obli	igatio	on Bonds	Special Obligation Bonds			Lc	ans and N	otes	Payable	
Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest	F	Principal		Interest	F	Principal		Interest	F	Principal	ļ	nterest
2020	\$ 236,960	\$	365,679	\$	12,250	\$	16,934	\$	28,610	\$	59,898	\$	27,373	\$	15, 157
2021	255,220		365,549		12,770		17,023		29,672		58,940		26,838		15,877
2022	252,815		354,770		13,380		17,074		29,972		57,900		26,620		15,598
2023	263,425		344,793		14,025		17,136		31,282		56,760		23,698		15,349
2024	271,840		334,425		14,715		17,207		32,670		56,837		21,800		14,273
2025-2029	1,477,005		1,476,048		64,505		66,885		190,093		257,340		140,738		100,753
2030-2034	1,634,125		1,186,991		47,685		29,474		235,275		210,623		136,365		93,618
2035-2039	2,048,990		820,457		60,600		16,559		288,908		153,979		12,829		5,695
2040-2044	1,721,685		379,343		28,695		2,169		268,805		64,801		0.00		0
2045-2049	508,695		181,874		0.00		0.00		146,747		14,913		0.00		0
2050-2054	91,940		52,562		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00		0
	8,762,700		5,862,491		268,625		200,461		1,282,034		991,991		416,261		276,320
Add (Less)															
Unamortized															
premium/discount	 516,852				7,398				89,710				7,971		
Total	\$ 9,279,552	\$	5,862,491	\$	276,023	\$	200,461	\$	1,371,744	\$	991,991	\$	424,232	\$	276,320

Aviation Commercial Paper Notes

At September 30, 2018, the County had \$140 million outstanding of Aviation Commercial Paper Notes (Notes) plus accrued interest of \$168,329. On May 30, 2019, \$170 million from the proceeds of Series 2019A bonds were used to pay off the outstanding notes.

The proceeds of the Notes were used to finance certain airport and airport-related improvements. The Notes and accrued interest are payable solely from proceeds of future Revenue Bonds and any unencumbered monies in the Improvement Fund. The Notes are secured and payable under an irrevocable transferrable direct-pay letter of credit. The letter of credit, in the amount of \$200 million was approved for the purpose of making funds readily available for the payment of principal and interest on the Notes. As of September 30, 2019, there was \$200 million available on the letter of credit. The letter of credit expires on March 2, 2021, subject to earlier termination as provided therein, and to extension or renewal as provided therein.

Following is a schedule of changes in Notes (in thousands):

Balance on September 30, 2018	\$ 140,168
Additions	501,781
Deductions	 (641,949)
Balance on September 30, 2019	\$ -

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

Water and Sewer Commercial Paper Notes

On September 30, 2019, the County had \$300 million outstanding of Water and Sewer Commercial Paper Notes. The Water and Sewer Department established a commercial paper (CP) program to provide interim financing for the Department's Capital Improvement Program. Three series of notes have been issued under the commercial paper program: The Series A CP Notes in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$200.0 million and Series B CP Notes in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$200.0 million. Resolution No. R-347-16 adopted by the Board on May 17, 2016, authorizes issuance, from time to time, of the Notes in the aggregate principal amount not exceeding \$400.0 million outstanding at any time, maturing no later than the earliest of 270 days or the second business day prior to the expiration of the applicable letter of credit. Barclay's Capital Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc. have been designated as the initial dealers with respect to the offering and sale of the notes. The letters of credit expires May 17, 2021.

The notes are issued for the purpose of providing temporary funding for a portion of the Department's Capital Improvement Program, financing for the payment of the principal and interest on any maturing notes or obligations and paying certain costs of issuance. Payment of principal and interest on maturing Series A Notes and Series B Notes are supported by an irrevocable transferrable direct-pay letter of credit issued by Barclays Bank PLC and Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corp, respectively.

Following is a schedule of changes in Notes (in thousands):

Balance on September 30, 2018	\$ 200,000
Additions	350,000
Deductions	 (250,000)
Balance on September 30, 2019	\$ 300,000

Seaport Commercial Paper Notes

On July 23, 2019, the Board adopted a resolution authorizing to increase the aggregate principal amount from \$200 million to not exceed the aggregate principal of \$400 million of Miami-Dade County Florida Seaport Commercial Paper Notes (Notes). The implementation of Seaport's Notes will provide temporary financing to fund a portion of Seaport's capital improvement program. Two series have been issued to date: The Seaport Notes Series A-1 (AMT) and Seaport Notes Series A-2 (Taxable), both of which are not to exceed the aggregate principal amounts of \$400 million. The commercial paper program requires remarketing of the instrument for any period from 1 to 270 days, which will be advantageous to Seaport. Due to the liquidity requirements and rolling maturity of the Notes, a Letter of Credit (LOC) provider can provide the source of funds to repay investors. The LOC in the amount of \$400 million was approved for the purpose of making funds readily available for the payment of principal and interest on the Notes. The LOC expires on July 27, 2022, subject to earlier termination as provided therein and to extension or renewal as provided therein. The Notes and accrued interest are payable solely from future revenue bond proceeds.

Following is a schedule of changes in Notes (in thousands):

Balance on September 30, 2018	\$ 170,262
Additions	77,393
Deductions	
Balance on September 30, 2019	\$ 247,655

Demand Bonds Outstanding:

Each series of demand bonds listed below meets the criteria for inclusion as long-term debt of the County. Amounts are outstanding demand bond balances as of September 30, 2019.

\$45,850,000 Special Obligation Variable Rate Demand Bonds, Series 2003B (Juvenile Courthouse Project) (the Bonds):

Bond Terms – The Bonds are insured variable rate demand bonds that mature and are remarketed every seven days at a reset interest rate.

Liquidity Agreement Terms – Liquidity for the Bonds is provided by a Letter of Credit issued pursuant to a Letter of Credit and Reimbursement Agreement with TD Bank (the Bank) dated September 1, 2014 and expiring October 1, 2023. If the Letter of Credit is not renewed by its expiration date, the par amount of the debt will be due in the fiscal year it expired.

Terms of Take Out Agreement - As of September 30, 2019, there were no advances outstanding or bank bonds held under this Agreement. If the Bank extends a Liquidity Advance to the County under the Letter of Credit to make principal and interest payment on the Bonds, then any unpaid amount after the sixtieth (60th) calendar day on the Liquidity Advance (the Term Loan Conversion Date) will be converted to a Term Loan. The Term Loan will be payable by the County in 60 equal monthly installments with the first payment due on the first day of the month following the Term Loan Conversion Date.

The interest rate of the Take Out Agreement is Prime +2%. If the Take Out Agreement had been exercised as of September 30, 2019, assuming a Prime rate of 5.00% plus two percent (2.00%), the debt service requirements to maturity would be \$55.479 million, or as follows:

	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
Year 1	\$ 9,170,000	\$ 3,209,500	\$ 12,379,500
Year 2	9,170,000	2,567,600	11,737,600
Year 3	9,170,000	1,925,700	11,095,700
Year 4	9,170,000	1,283,800	10,453,800
Year 5	9,170,000	641,900	 9,811,900
Total Debt Service Requirements	\$ 45,850,000	\$ 9,628,500	\$ 55,478,500

\$92,410,000 Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission Multimodal Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A and 2010B (the Bonds).

Bond Terms – The Bonds were issued by the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission (the Issuer) for the benefit of Miami-Dade County. The Bonds are uninsured variable rate demand bonds that mature and are remarketed every seven days at a reset interest rate. The liquidity provided by Bank of New York Mellon (the Bank) is for the benefit of the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission.

Liquidity Agreement Terms – Liquidity for the Bonds is provided by a Letter of Credit issued pursuant to a Letter of Credit Reimbursement Agreement (the Agreement) with Bank of New York Mellon dated December 19, 2013 and expiring December 19, 2016. If the Letter of Credit is not renewed by its expiration date, the par amount of the debt will be due in the fiscal year it expired. The County replaced the Bank of New York Mellon Letter of Credit provider with MUFG Union Bank, N.A effective December 13, 2016 with an expiration date of December 10, 2021.

Terms of Take Out Agreement - As of September 30, 2019, there were no Liquidity Advances under this Agreement. If the Bank extends a Liquidity Advance to the Issuer under the Letter of Credit, then the Issuer agrees to pay to the Bank with respect to any principal portion of such Liquidity Advance in twelve (12) equal consecutive quarterly principal installments. The Take Out interest rate is two percent plus the greater of Prime or the Fed Funds rate +0.5%. Assuming a Term Rate of 7.00% and had the Take Out Agreement been exercised as of September 30, 2019, the debt service requirements to maturity would be \$105.347 million for all Bonds, as follows:

	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
Year 1	\$ 30,803,333	\$ 6,468,700	\$ 37,272,033
Year 2	30,803,333	4,312,467	35,115,800
Year 3	30,803,334	2,156,233	32,959,567
Total Debt Service Requirements	\$ 92,410,000	\$ 12,937,400	\$ 105,347,400

The Sunshine State Commission agrees to issue bonds or convert the Bonds to a mode not requiring a credit facility and use the proceeds thereof to repay all of the outstanding bonds or to obtain an alternate credit facility to replace the Letter of Credit on or before its expiration date. In the event the Agreement is not replaced or renewed by the expiration date, the Agreement contains a mandatory provision requiring the Bank to purchase the Bonds with the proceeds of a liquidity drawing under the Letter of Credit, such liquidity drawing then being subject to a Liquidity Advance amortization. All payments required of the Bank under the Letter of Credit are required to be made by the County pursuant to the Trust Agreement and the Note between the Sunshine State Commission and the County.

\$201,470,000 Seaport Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A and Series 2014B (the Bonds)

Bond Terms – The Bonds are uninsured variable rate demand bonds that mature and are remarketed every seven days at a reset interest rate. The bonds are paid solely from the pledged revenues of the Net Operating Revenues of the Seaport. The Letter of Credit associated with the Bonds is secured by the Net Operating Revenues of the Seaport with a secondary pledge secured by a covenant of the County to annually budget and appropriate from legally available non-ad valorem revenues whenever Net Operating Revenues are insufficient to make such a payment.

Liquidity Agreement Terms – Liquidity for the Bonds is provided by a Letter of Credit with PNC Bank, National Association effective May 6, 2019 with an expiration date of May 6, 2024. The original provider was with The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. dated May 8, 2014 and expired on May 7, 2019. The County replaced the Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. Letter of Credit provider with PNC Bank. If the Letter of Credit is not renewed by its expiration date, the par amount of the debt will be due in the fiscal year it expired.

Terms of Take Out Agreement - As of September 30, 2019, there were no advances outstanding or Bank Bonds held under this Agreement. In the event the bonds are not remarketed and the County draws down on the Letter of Credit, any unpaid amounts remaining of such draw shall be converted to a Term Loan commencing on the last business date of the holding period. The County agrees to pay the Bank the outstanding principal amount of each such Liquidity Advance in six (6) equal consecutive semiannual principal installments over a three-year period.

The Bank Bond Rate is the Base Rate plus one percent (1.00%) and the Base Rate is the highest of (i) the Prime Rate (ii) the Federal Funds Rate plus one half of one percent (0.5%), (iii) the 1-Month LIBOR Rate plus one percent (1.0%), and (iv) seven percent (7.00%). Assuming the minimum rate of 7.00% plus the Bank Bond Rate of 2.00%, and had the full amount of the Bonds been drawn as of September 30, 2019, the debt service requirements to maturity would be \$237.735 million for all Bonds, as follows:

	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
Year 1	\$ 67,156,667	\$ 18,132,300	\$ 85,288,967
Year 2	67,156,667	12,088,200	79,244,867
Year 3	67,156,666	6,044,100	73,200,766
Total Debt Service Requirements	\$ 201,470,000	\$ 36,264,600	\$ 237,734,600

\$100,000,000 Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Variable Rate Revenue Bonds, Series 2009E (the Bonds)

On February 11, 2016, the County amended the existing reimbursement agreement with Wells Fargo on the \$100 million Pro Sports Series 2009E Bonds. The amendment allowed Wells Fargo to purchase all \$100 million of the outstanding variable rate bonds. In exchange, the Letter of Credit backing the variable rate bonds was no longer needed and the County would pay Wells Fargo the Weekly Rate of Interest plus a fee of .65 percent to provide the Letter of Credit plus .10 percent to the remarketing agent, for a total cost of .75 percent. This deal allows the County to save .20 percent or \$200k per year over the life of the reimbursement agreement (expiration date is July 12, 2019). This agreement was authorized by Resolution R-2-16. On July 12, 2019 the Pro Sports Series 2009E Bonds were remarketed pursuant to Ordinance No. 09-23, as amended by Ordinance No. 09-50, and Resolution No. R-335-09 by PNC Capital Markets LLC. The Bonds will be secured by an irrevocable, direct-pay letter of credit dated July 12, 2019 issued by PNC Bank National Association expiring July 12, 2024 which will secure payment of the Bonds and provide for the payment of the principal and purchase price of and interest of the Bonds.

<u>Pledged Revenues</u>: The County has formally committed to secure certain debt with specific future revenues. A summary of those debt issues and the related pledged revenues follows (dollars in thousands):

Pledged Revenue Source	Description of Secured Debt / Purpose / Term of Final Bond Maturity	Future Revenue Pledged Towards Principal and Interest Payments on Secured Debt	Percentage of Revenue Pledged (1)	Rev Reco Dur	edged venues ognized ing the veriod	Principal and Interest Requirements for the Period	Debt Coverage During the Period (2)
1% professional sports franchise facilities tax and 2% tourist development tax	Special Obligation Bonds (Professional Sports Franchise Tax Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds) / Refund Miami- Dade County, Florida Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, and pay the cost of issuance / 2049	\$ 1,167,306	100% of the Professional Sports Franchise Tax and Tourist Development Tax	\$	46,671	\$ 11,364	4.11
Traffic surcharge revenues	Special Obligation Bonds (Courthouse Center/Juvenile Courthouse) / Finance the Courthouse Center and Juvenile Courthouse projects; pay Reserve Account Surety Bond / 2043	\$ 188,695	100% of the \$30 traffic surcharge collection	\$	7,747	\$ 7,278	1.06
Public service taxes	Special Obligation Bonds (Public Service Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds) / Fund certain capital projects (sidewalks, parks, road resurfacing) in the Unincorporated Municipal Service Area (UMSA) of the County; refund Series 1999 and 2002 Bonds; pay issuance cost / 2032	\$ 53,428	100% Taxes on Electricity, Water, Gas and Local Communication	\$	124,272	\$ 8,444	14.72
Stormwater utility fees	Special Obligation Bonds (Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds) / Fund drainage improvement projects and pay issuance cost / 2029	\$ 72,337	Stormwater utility fees less County administrative charge	\$	37,859	\$ 7,233	5.23
Convention development taxes	Special Obligation Bonds and Subordinate Special Obligation Bonds / Finance capital projects; refund Series 1987A and 1989 bonds; pay issuance costs; fund reserve / 2048	\$ 2,554,387	67% of the receipts, net of administrative costs	\$	238,359	\$ 38,091	6.26
Aviation Port Authority net revenues	Aviation Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds and Aviation General Obligation Bonds / Construction of facilities at the Miami International Airport/ 2041	\$ 9,358,621	Net operating revenues	\$	466,547	\$ 304,940	1.53
Public Health Trust gross revenues	Public Health Trust Facilities Revenue and Refunding Bonds / Construction of facilities; fund debt service reserve fund; refund bonds; pay issuance cost / 2027	\$ 421,522	Net operating revenues	\$	103,489	\$ 23,037	4.49
Seaport Department net operating revenues	Seaport Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds and Seaport General Obligation Bonds / Refund bonds; pay cost of issuance; capital improvements to the Seaport of Miami/ 2027	\$ 1,211,822	Net operating revenues	\$	79,752	\$ 31,879	2.50
Solid Waste System net operating revenues	Solid Waste System Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds / Pay cost of projects of the Solid Waste System, cost of issuance and outstanding debt / 2031	\$ 63,665	Net operating revenues	\$	26,202	\$ 11,725	2.23
Water and Sewer System net operating revenues	Water and Sewer System Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds / Finance capital improvements to the Water and Sewer System; refund and repay bonds; pay issue and surety costs; pay termination costs of interest rate swap / 2040	\$ 3,814,015	Net operating revenues	\$	292,226	\$ 182,539	1.60
	Transit System Sales Surtax System Revenue Bonds and Capital Asset Acquisition Revenue Bonds / Finance transportation and transit projects; fund reserve account, pay issuance cost, fund Sunshine State Loan / 2040	\$ 2,596,140	Collections net of FDOT 3% administrative fee and 20% cities distribution	\$	226,256	\$ 114,144	1.98
Rickenbacker Causeway net operating revenues	Rickenbacker Causeway Revenue Bonds	\$ 51,450	Net operating revenues	\$	7,854	\$ 2,072	3.79
Covenant to Budget and Appropriate	Capital Asset Acquisition Revenue Bonds, Sunshine State Loans, MD-Industrial Development Authority Bonds / Finance various capital needs; fund reserve account; pay cost of issuance /2041		Legally available non-ad valorem revenues of the County budgeted and appropriated annually and actually deposited in the debt service funds		1,230,819	\$ 94,083	13.08

(1) The proportion of the specific revenue stream that has been pledged.

(2) The debt coverage during the period is the ratio of pledged revenues recognized during the period to the principal and interest requirements for the debt collateralized by those revenues. Pledged revenues may be net of specified operating expenses, if applicable.

<u>Long-Term Debt Issued or Sold During the Year</u> The table below describes bonds and loans that were issued or sold during the year (other than commercial paper) for governmental and business-type activities (dollars in thousands):

Date Issued	Description	Purpose	Interest Rate Range	Final Maturity Date	Amount Issued / Sold in FY 2019
BONDS: 6/8/2016	Miami-Dade County, Florida General Obligation Bonds (Building Better Communities Program) 2016A-1 and 2016A-2 Drawdown Bonds, \$400,000 issued, of which \$111,000 was drawn in FY 2019	To finance a portion of the costs to construct and improve water, sewer and flood control systems, park and recreational facilities, bridges, public infrastructure and neighborhood improvements, public safety facilities, emergency and healthcare facilities, public services and outreach facilities, housing for the elderly and families, and cultural, library and multicultural educational facilities and pay cost of issuance.	Variable	6/1/2046	\$111,000
1/31/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2019	To refund all of the outstanding Miami-Dade County, Florida Water and Sewer System Commercial Paper Notes, Series A-1 (Tax-Exempt) and Series B-1 (Tax- Exempt); make a deposit to the Reserve Account; and pay costs of issuance.	4.00% - 5.00%	10/1/2048	\$233,305
4/23/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Transit System Sales Surtax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019	To refund all of the outstanding Miami-Dade County, Florida Transit System Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds Series 2009B (Build America Bonds); and pay costs of issuance.	3.00% - 5.00%	07/1/2039	\$221,385
5/30/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A (AMT)	To refund all of the outstanding Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Commercial Paper notes, Series C (AMT); finance or reimburse the County for all or a portion of the cost of certain Improvements to the Port Authority Properties; to pay certain cost of issuance; and pay capitalized interest.	4.00% - 5.00%	10/1/2049	\$282, 180
5/30/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B (Taxable)	To refund and redeem all or a portion of the Aviation Revenue Bonds Series 2009A, Series 2010A, and Series 2010B and pay certain cost of issuance.	2.569% - 3.555%	10/1/2034	\$212,745
7/31/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida General Obligation Bonds (Public Health Trust Program), Series 2018A	The Bonds were originally issued on October 24, 2018 to finance a portion of the cost of certain Public Health Trust Program projects within the County, approved by the voters in a special election of the County held on November 5, 2013, and are being converted to the Fixed Rate Mode.	5.00%	07/1/2048	\$163,760
8/28/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Capital Asset Acquisition Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2019A	To fund all or a portion of the costs of the acquisition, development and construction of the Series 2019A Projects which include financing of fire rescue helicopters and Quality Neighborhood Improvement projects such as drainage, resurfacing, sidewalk and park projects; and to pay the costs of issuance.	5.00%	04/1/2040	\$64,650
8/28/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Capital Asset Acquisition Special Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B	To refund all of the County's outstanding Capital Asset Acquisition Taxable Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2009B (Build America Bonds) and Capital Asset Acquisition Taxable Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2010B (Build America Bonds); and pay costs of issuance.	5.000%	04/1/2040	\$96,930
9/19/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019C (Non- AMT)	To refund a portion of the Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A; and pay costs of issuance.	5.00%	10/1/2021	\$17,415
9/19/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019D (Non- AMT)	To refund a portion of the Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B; and pay costs of issuance.	5.00%	10/1/2021	\$9,675
9/19/2019	Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019E (Taxable)	To refund a portion of the Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A and Series 2012B; and pay costs of issuance.	1.872% - 2.649%	10/01/2032	\$360,500
LOANS:	Water and Sewer Revolving	To pay costs of constructing or acquiring certain			
9/30/2019	Line of Credit	improvements under the Water and Sewer Department's Multi-Year Capital Plan.	2.56% -4.17%	9/30/2038	\$16,515

BONDS AND LOANS ISSUED OR SOLD DURING THE YEAR

(in thousands)

Refunding of Debt

On April 23, 2019, the County issued \$221.385 million of Transit System Sales Surtax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019. The proceeds were used to refund \$251.975 million Series 2009B Build America Bonds. The refunding resulted in a decrease in future debt payments of \$54.0 million and an economic gain of \$41.0 million.

On May 30, 2019, the County issued \$212.745 million of Aviation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B. The proceeds were used to refund \$9.910 million Series 2009A, \$110.455 million Series 2010A and \$83.455 million Series 2010B Bonds. The refunding resulted in a decrease in future debt payments of \$27.7 million and an economic gain of \$22.2 million.

On August 28, 2019 the County issued \$96.930 million of Capital Asset Acquisition Special Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B. The proceeds were used to refund \$45.160 million Series 2009B and \$71.115 million Series 2010B Build America Bonds. The refunding resulted in a decrease in future debt payments of \$24.6 million and an economic gain of \$17.9 million.

On September 19, 2019, the County issued \$17.415 million of Aviation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019C. The proceeds were used to refund \$18.235 million Series 2009A Bonds. The refunding resulted in a decrease in future debt payments of \$1.2 million and an economic gain of \$1.1 million.

On September 19, 2019, the County issued \$9.675 million of Aviation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019D. The proceeds were used to refund \$10.130 million Series 2009B Bonds. The refunding resulted in a decrease in future debt payments of \$616,994 and an economic gain of \$588,517.

On September 19, 2019, the County issued \$360.5 million of Aviation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019E. The proceeds were used to refund \$299.725 million Series 2012A and \$24.000 million Series 2012B Bonds. The refunding resulted in a decrease in future debt payments of \$42.182 million and an economic gain of \$36.1 million.

Other Defeased Debt

The County has defeased certain debt as listed in the following table (in thousands), by placing the proceeds of new bond issues in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments of the defeased debt. Such proceeds are invested in direct obligations of the U.S. government, and in the opinion of the County and its Bond Counsel, will provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased debt. Accordingly, the trust account's assets and the liability for the defeased debt are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

Other Defeased Debt (in thousands)

Туре	Series	Date of Refunding	Call Date	Final Maturity Defeased	An	ncipal nount feased	Ou Se	rincipal tstanding, ptember 60, 2019
General Obligation Bonds:								
General Obligation Bonds (BBC)	2008A	5/1/16	7/1/18	7/1/38	\$	79,470	\$	76,990
General Obligation Bonds (BBC)	2008B	5/1/16	7/1/18	7/1/28		93,110		85,960
General Obligation Bonds (BBC) Total General Obligation Bonds Defeased	2008B-1	5/1/16	7/1/18	7/1/27		10,180 182,760		9,245 172,195
Special Obligation Bonds:								
Capital Asset Acquisition Special Obligation	2009A	8/30/17	4/1/19	4/1/2039	\$	81,145	\$	81,145
Capital Asset Acquisition Special Obligation	2009B	8/28/19	8/28/19	4/1/39	Ψ	45,160	Ψ	45,160
Capital Asset Acquisition Special Obligation	2010B	8/28/19	4/1/20	4/1/40		71,115		71,115
Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax	1995	7/9/98	N/A	10/1/30		76,655		65,505
Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax	1998 CAB's	7/14/09	N/A	10/1/18		6,944		-
Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax	2009 CIB's	9/5/18	10/1/19	10/1/39		74,075		74,075
Subordinate Special Obligation (CDT)	2005A Non-Callable CAB's	7/27/16	N/A	10/1/20		4,890		3,682
Subordinate Special Obligation (CDT)	2005A CAB and Income Bonds	7/27/16	10/1/17	10/1/30		75,021		75,021
Total Special Obligation Bonds Defeased						435,005		415,703
Revenue Bonds:								
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2007B	7/8/15	10/1/17	10/1/27	\$	13,355	\$	13,355
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2007D	7/8/15	10/1/17	10/1/26		27,300		27,300
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2003E	8/29/17	4/1/18	10/1/24		59,475		59,475
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2007A	8/29/17	10/1/17	10/1/36		411,490		411,490
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2007B	8/25/16	10/1/17	10/1/31		35,565		35,565
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2007C	8/29/17	10/1/17	10/1/26		213,055		189,430
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2008A	8/29/17	10/1/18	10/1/41		422,730		422,730
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2008B	8/25/16	10/1/18	10/1/41		158,095		158,095
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2009A	8/29/17	10/1/19	10/1/27		21,435		21,435
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2009B	8/25/16	10/1/19	10/1/41		136,445		136,445
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2010A	8/25/16	10/1/20	10/1/30		21,135		21,135
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2003E	8/30/18	10/1/18	10/1/19		10,100		10,100
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2008A	8/30/18	10/1/18	10/1/41		10,820		10,835
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2008B	8/30/18	10/1/18	10/1/21		4,405		4,405
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2009A	8/30/18	10/1/19	10/1/41		316,025		316,025
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2009B 2010A	8/30/18	10/1/19 10/1/20	10/1/41 10/1/41		49,300		49,300
Aviation Revenue Bonds Aviation Revenue Bonds	2010A 2009A	8/30/18 5/30/19	10/1/20	10/1/41		363,935 9,910		363,935 9,910
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2003A 2010A	5/30/19	10/01/13	10/01/22		110,455		110,455
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2010A 2010B	5/30/19	10/01/20	10/01/34		83,455		83,455
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2009A	9/19/19	10/01/19	10/01/21		18,235		18,235
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2009B	9/19/19	10/01/19	10/01/21		10,230		10,233
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2012A	9/19/19	10/01/22	10/01/32		299,725		299,725
Aviation Revenue Bonds	2012B	9/19/19	10/01/22	10/01/27		24,000		24,000
Public Facilities Revenue Bonds	2009A	6/1/2017	6/1/2019	6/1/2039		68,570		68,570
Solid Waste Revenue Bonds	2005 CAB's	12/17/15	N/A	10/1/17		8,697		.,
Transit System Surtax Bonds	2008	3/15/17	7/1/18	7/1/26		227,290		221,135
Transit System Surtax Bonds	2009B	4/23/19	7/1/19	7/1/39		251,975		251,975
Water and Sewer System Bonds	2007	6/3/15	10/1/17	10/1/26		244,355		229,420
Water and Sewer System Bonds	2008C	6/3/15	10/1/18	10/1/25		255,730		255,730
Water and Sewer System Bonds	2010	12/19/17	10/01/20	10/1/39		567,580		567,580
Total Revenue Bonds Defeased						4,454,772		4,401,375

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

Contingent Liability / Loan Guarantee

On October 1, 2000, Miami-Dade County entered into an Installment Sale Agreement with BAC Funding Corporation, a Florida non-profit corporation, for the lease of an office building. BAC Funding Corporation, the developer, obtained funding for construction of the building by pledging the County lease payments towards repayment of \$21,775,000 of bonds issued by the Industrial Development Authority, Series 2000A and 2000B. The County further facilitated funding by unconditionally guaranteeing to budget and appropriate any shortfalls in pledged revenues from non-ad valorem taxes. On December 23, 2013, the Series 2000A and 2000B Bonds were refunded by the \$16.4 million Industrial Development Refunding Revenue Bonds (BAC Funding Corporation Project), Series 2013. BAC Funding Corporation's 2013 Bonds had an outstanding principal of \$14.0 million as of September 30, 2019.

Debt Authorized, but Unissued

As of September 30, 2019, the County has authorized but not issued the following:

- a) \$1,280,000 of General Obligation Bonds for general public improvements;
- b) \$7,745,000 of General Obligation Bonds for capital improvements for County airports to be paid by Aviation net revenues, if issued;
- c) \$156,300,000 Equipment Floating/Fixed Rate Special Obligation Bonds to finance cost of capital equipment for various County departments;
- d) \$35,700,000 Equipment Floating/Fixed Rate Special Obligation Bonds to finance cost of capital equipment for various County departments;
- e) \$131,474,000 of General Obligation Bonds for capital improvements to the County's water and sewer system, to be paid by Water and Sewer net revenues, if issued;
- f) \$3,511,730,000 Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds to finance the cost of capital improvements to the County's water and sewer system;
- g) \$50,000,000 Water and Sewer Commercial Paper Notes to finance the cost of capital improvements to the County's water and sewer system;
- h) \$50,000,000 Solid Waste System Bond Anticipation Notes to pay the costs of improvements to, and new capital project for, the County's solid waste system;
- i) \$126,098,417 Solid Waste System Revenue Bonds to pay the outstanding Solid Waste System Bond Anticipation Notes and to pay the cost of improvements to and new capital projects for the County's solid waste system;
- j) \$6,480,000 Special Obligation Bonds (Juvenile Courthouse Project) to fund the acquisition, construction and equipping of the Juvenile Courthouse Project;
- k) \$6,000,000 Special Obligation Bonds (Correction Facility Project) to fund the acquisition, construction and equipping of a new criminal holding facility;
- I) \$27,867,079 Special Obligation Bonds (Convention Development Tax) to pay the cost of various visitor related capital facilities;
- m) \$1,056,465,000 General Obligation Bonds to fund the projects of the "Building Better Communities" Bond Program;
- n) \$380,065,000 General Obligation Bonds (PHT) to fund the projects of the "Public Health Trust" Bond Program;
- s20,000,000 Transit System Sales Surtax Bond Anticipation Notes to fund the projects of the People's Transportation Plan;
- p) \$239,550,000 Transit System Sales Surtax Bonds to fund the projects of the People's Transportation Plan;
- q) \$4,215,000 Special Obligation Bonds to fund UMSA Public Improvements;
- r) \$118,989,520 Special Obligation Bonds (Capital Acquisition) to acquire, construct, improve or renovate certain

capital assets;

- s) \$340,895,000 Seaport Revenue Bonds to pay the cost of capital improvements to certain Seaport Department facilities;
- t) \$2,390,000 Rickenbacker Causeway Revenue Bonds to rehabilitate the Bear Cut and West Bridges on the Rickenbacker Causeway.
- u) \$58,657,014 Special Obligation Bonds (Professional Sports Tax) for the development, construction, and related public infrastructure of a publicly owned baseball stadium.
- v) \$3,420,000 Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds to pay or reimburse the County for costs of QNIP program in the unincorporated municipal service area (UMSA) of the County.
- w) \$110,695,000 Public Facilities Revenue Bonds (Jackson Health System) to provide funds to reimburse PHT for the cost of certain additions to the Trust Facilities.
- x) \$152,345,000 Seaport Commercial Paper Notes to pay the costs of certain additional improvements and capital expenditures at Seaport properties.

Note 9 - Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

The County provides retirement benefits to its employees through the Florida Retirement System and a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), as well as state approved Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) in the form of subsidized health insurance premiums.

Florida Retirement System Overview

The County participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the DROP under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective October 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist eligible retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the County are eligible to enroll as members of the State- administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature.

The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site is (http://www.dms.mvflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications).

FRS Pension Plan

Plan Description

The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers' Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are employed as law enforcement officers and firefighters and meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members enrolled prior to July 1, 2011 are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service (except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service). All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service (except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service (except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service). Members of the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service.

The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a 5% benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

	% Value Per Year
Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age / Years of Service	of Service
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement up to age 63 or up to 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement up to age 64 or up to 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement up to age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or up to 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or up to 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Special Risk Class	
Service from December 1, 1970 through September 30, 1974	2.00
Service on or after October 1,1974	3.00
Elected Officers' Class	
Service as Supreme Court Justice, district court of appeal judge, circuit court judge, or county court judge	3.33
Service as Governor, Lt. Governor, Cabinet Officer, Legislator, state attorney, public defender, elected county official, or	
elected official of a city or special district that chose EOC membership for its elected officials	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates in effect from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	June 3	1, 2018 through 0, 2019	June 3	1, 2019 through 30, 2020		
Class	Employee	f Gross Salary Employer (*)	Percentage of Employee	Employer (*)		
FRS, Regular	3.00	8.26	3.00	8.47		
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	48.70	3.00	48.82		
FRS, Senior Management Service	3.00	24.06	3.00	25.41		
FRS, Special Risk Regular DROP - Applicable to members	3.00	24.50	3.00	25.48		
from all of the above classes	N/A	14.03	N/A	14.60		

*Employer rates include 1.66% for the postemployment health insurance subsidy, and employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06% for administrative costs.

The County's contributions for the pension plan totaled \$254.3 million and employee contributions totaled \$48.0 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$2,735.1 million for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The Public Health Trust (PHT) is a separate employer under the Florida Retirement System, therefore, PHT's FRS Pension information is presented separately in this note. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2018-19 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportionate share was 7.94%, which was an increase from its proportionate share of 7.83% measured at June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$662.0 million related to the Plan. In addition, the County reported, in the government-wide financial statements, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

Description	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 162,226	\$ 1,695
Change of assumptions	702,490	
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on FRS pension plan investments		151,320
Changes in proportion and differences between Miami Dade County FRS contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	49,840	8,748
Miami Dade County contributions subsequent to	-,	-, -
measurement date	69,673	
Total	\$ 984,229	\$ 161,763

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$69.7 million, resulting from the County's contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Changes in the NPL arising from experience gains/losses, assumption changes, and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments must be recognized in expense over a period of years. Those amounts that are not recognized in expense during the current reporting period, are accounted for as deferred inflows and outflows of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (in thousands):

	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows),		
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,		Net	
2020	\$	263,769	
2021		90,860	
2022		198,531	
2023		148,341	
2024		40,794	
Thereafter		10,498	

Actuarial Assumptions

The FRS pension actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

Inflation	2.60%
Salary Increases	3.25% average, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.90% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the PUB2010 base tables (varies by member category and sex). Projected generationally with scale MP-2018 details.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Annual	Compound Annual	o
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation ¹	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	3.3%	3.3%	1.2%
Fixed income	18.0%	4.1%	4.1%	3.5%
Global equity	54.0%	8.0%	6.8%	16.5%
Real estate (property)	10.0%	6.7%	6.1%	11.7%
Private equity	11.0%	11.2%	8.4%	25.8%
Strategic investments	6.0%	5.9%	5.7%	6.7%
	100.0%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.6%	1.7%

¹As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and those contributions will be made at the statutorily required rates. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference is responsible for setting the assumptions used in the valuations of the defined benefit pension plans pursuant to Section 216.136(10), Florida Statutes. The 6.90% rate of return assumption used in the June 30, 2019 calculations was determined by the Plan's consulting actuary to be reasonable and appropriate per Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 27 (ASOP 27) for accounting purposes, which differs from the rate used for funding purposes, which is used to establish the contribution rates for the Plan.

<u>Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> The following represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.90%) or one percentage point higher (7.90%) than the current rate (in thousands):

	1% Decrease 5.90%		Dis	Current count Rate 6.90%	1% Increase 7.90%	
Miami Dade County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,728,069		\$	2,735,095	\$	1,070,624

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (see above).

Miami-Dade County Allocation

Miami-Dade County's proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability, deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2019, and pension expense / adjustment for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was allocated to Miami-Dade County funds based on contributions. Amounts are as follows (in thousands):

	FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) PENSION								
				DEFERRED		DEFERRED		PENSION	
	Percent	N	IET PENSION	OUTFLOW OF		INFLOW OF		EXPENSE	
	Allocation		LIABILITY	R	ESOURCES		RESOURCES	Α	DJUSTMENT
Governmental activities	83.82%	\$	(2,292,557)	\$	824,981	\$	(135,590)	\$	356,700
Business-type activities:									
Aviation	2.57%	\$	(70,292)	\$	25,295	\$	(4,157)	\$	10,240
Seaport	0.70%		(19,146)		6,890		(1,132)		3,021
Transit	6.17%		(168,755)		60,727		(9,981)		17,493
Water and Sewer	5.07%		(138,669)		49,900		(8,202)		17,939
Solid Waste Management	1.64%		(44,855)		16,141		(2,653)		4,623
Rickenbacker	0.03%		(821)		295		(48)		123
Subtotal *	16.18%		(442,538)		159,248		(26,173)		53,439
Total	100.00%	\$	(2,735,095)	\$	984,229	\$	(161,763)	\$	410,139

*The Public Health Trust is a separate employer under the Florida retirement System. Its FRS Pension information is presented separately in this note.

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a non-qualified, cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist eligible retirees and surviving beneficiaries of the State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs, and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Florida Department of Management Services.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 eligible retirees and surviving beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of creditable service completed at the time of retirement multiplied by \$5, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the HIS contribution rate was 1.66%. The County contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current fiscal year. The HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or if available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The County's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$35.5 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2019, the County reported a net pension liability of \$711.4 million for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The Public Health Trust (PHT) is a separate employer under the Florida Retirement System, therefore, PHT's HIS information is present separately in this note. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date as of June 30, 2019. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2019 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2019 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportionate share was 6.36%, which was an increase from its proportionate share of 6.30% measured at June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$56.9 million related to the HIS Plan. In addition, the County reported, in the government-wide financial statements, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferred Outflow of	Deferred Inflow of
Description	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 8,641	\$ 871
Change of assumptions	82,377	58,147
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on HIS pension plan investments	459	
Changes in proportion and differences between		
Miami Dade County HIS contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	18,367	2,727
Miami Dade County contributions subsequent to		
measurement date	9,602	
Total	\$ 119,446	\$ 61,745

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$9.6 million, resulting from the County's contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (in thousands):

	Outf	Deferred lows/(Inflows),
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,		Net
2020	\$	16,183
2021		14,159
2022		9,061
2023		(1,062)
2024		3,315
Thereafter		6,443

Actuarial Assumptions

The HIS pension as of July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

The actuarial assumptions that determined total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

Inflation	2.60%
Salary Increases	3.25% average, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	3.50% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the HIS Plan was 3.50%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

<u>Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> The following represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a discount rate of 3.50%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50%) or one percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current rate (in thousands):

	1% Decrease 2.50%			Current	1%		
			Dis	count Rate 3.50%	Increase 4.50%		
Miami Dade County's proportionate							
share of the net pension liability	\$	812,135	\$	711,431	\$	627,556	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (see above).

Miami-Dade County Allocation

Miami-Dade County's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability, deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2019, and pension expense / adjustment for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was allocated to Miami-Dade County funds base on contributions. Amounts are as follows (in thousands):

	HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PLAN								
			DEFERRED			DEFERRED	PENSION		
	NET	PENSION	OUTFLOW OF			INFLOW OF	EXPENSE		
	LI	ABILITY	RESOURCES		RESOURCES		ADJUSTMENT		
Governmental activities	\$	(596,322)	\$	100,119	\$	(51,754)	\$	23,355	
Business-type activities:									
Aviation	\$	(18,284)	\$	3,070	\$	(1,587)	\$	423	
Seaport		(4,980)		836		(432)		213	
Transit		(43,895)		7,370		(3,810)		(1,969)	
Water and Sewer		(36,070)		6,056		(3,130)		(118)	
Solid Waste Management		(11,667)		1,959		(1,013)		(535)	
Rickenbacker		(213)		36		(19)		6	
Subtotal *		(115,109)		19,327		(9,991)		(1,980)	
Total	\$	(711,431)	\$	119,446	\$	(61,745)	\$	21,375	

*The Public Health Trust is a separate employer under the Florida retirement System. Its HIS plan information is presented separately in this note.

FRS – Defined Contribution Investment Plan

Miami Dade County contributes to the FRS Defined Contribution Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA), and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Miami Dade County employees participating in the DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment member's accounts, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows:

	Percentage of
	Gross
Membership Class	Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30%
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34%
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67%
FRS, Special Risk	14.00%

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to Miami Dade County.

After terminating and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided under the Investment Plan if the member becomes permanently and totally disabled. The member must transfer the account balance to the FRS Trust Fund when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan.

The County's contributions to the FRS Investment Plan totaled \$17.5 million and the employee contributions totaled \$9.7 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY (the Trust)

The Trust is a separate employer from the County under the Florida Retirement System. Therefore, the Trust's FRS Pension and HIS Pension information are reported separately in this report.

Florida Retirement System

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan and Other-State Administrative Systems (the Systems) are administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and are a part of the primary government of the State of Florida.

The State Board of Administration of Florida (SBA) manages the assets of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The primary investment objectives for the FRS Pension Plan are to provide investment return sufficient to ensure timely payment of promised benefits and keep plan costs at a reasonable level. The portfolio consists of a highly diversified asset mix of investments, which includes government and corporate bonds, common stock, income-producing real state, alternative investments, and short-term money market instruments.

The FRS Pension Plan was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes in 1970 by consolidating several employee retirement systems. All eligible employees (as defined by the State of Florida) who were hired after 1970 and those employed prior 1970 who elected to be enrolled are covered by the Plan. Employees in the Pension Plan vest at 6 years of service if enrolled in the plan prior to July 1, 2011. Enrollment after July 1, 2011 requires 8 years of service to vest. Members initially enrolled in FRS before July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, regardless of age. For employees hired prior to July 1, 2011, pension plan benefit payments are based on the member's highest five-year average annual salary (average final compensation) time the number of years of service. Enrollees after July 1, 2011 are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65, or any age after completing eight years of creditable service if after 65. Normal retirement benefits are based on the member's highest eight-year average annual salary. The annual final compensation (regardless of whether it is the highest five or eight years) is multiplied by a percentage ranging from 1.60% at either 62 or with 30 years of service to 1.68% at age 65 or with 33 years of service. Members are eligible for early retirement after six years of service, however, normal benefits are reduced by 5% for each year a member retires before normal retirement age. Effective January 1, 1996, the Trust ceased participants in the FRS plan with regard to future employees.

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits and annual cost-of living adjustment, as well as supplements for certain employees to cover social security benefits lost by the virtue of retirement system membership.

A Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) was established effective July 1, 1998. It permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with a Florida Retirement System employer. An employee may participate in the DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the Florida Retirement System Trust fund and accrued interest.

Eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the FRS Investment Plan in lieu of the defined-benefit Plan. Trust employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the FRS Investment Plan. This plan is funded by employer contributions that are based on salary and membership class. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts and the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds chosen. Employees in the FRS investment Plan vest after one year of service.

The benefit provisions and all other requirements of the Plan are established by Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements and benefits of the Plan.

The contribution rates for the Plan are established by section 121.71 of the Florida State Statutes and may be amended by the State of Florida. The uniform rates for Plan fiscal year 2019 were as follows:

	Percentage of gross salary				
Class or Plan	Employee	Employer (A)			
FRS, Regular	3.00	8.26			

Notes: (A) Employer rates include 1.66% for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06% for administrative costs.

The Trust's contributions to the Plan, net of employee contributions, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019 was approximately \$7.7 million. Effective July 1, 2011, all members of FRS, except DROP participants and reemployed retirees who are not eligible for renewed membership, are required to contribute 3% of their compensation to FRS. Amounts collected by the Trust and remitted to the Plan, related to employee contributions are not considered employer contributions by the Plan.

Benefits are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation and service credit.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

Section 121.031(3), Florida Statutes, requires an annual actuarial valuation of the FRS Pension Plan, which is provided to the Florida Legislature as guidance for funding decisions.

At September 30, 2019, the Trust reported a net pension liability of \$87.3 million for its proportionate share of the FRS Pension Plan net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The Trust's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability was based on the Trust's actual contributions to the pension plan relative to the total actual contributions of all participating employers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the Trust's proportionate share was 0.25% which was a decrease of 12.40% from its proportionate share of 0.29% measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Trust recognized pension expense of approximately \$15.6 million for the FRS Pension Plan. At September 30, 2019, the Trust reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the FRS Pension Plan from the following sources: (in thousands)

	Deferred Outflow of			Deferred Inflow of
Description		Resources	rces Resour	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	5,178	\$	(54)
Change of assumptions		22,421		
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on FRS pension plan investments				(4,830)
Changes in proportion and differences between				
Trust FRS contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions				(17,537)
Trust contributions subsequent to				
measurement date		2,023		
Total	\$	29,622	\$	(22,421)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions totaling \$2.0 million as of September 30, 2019, resulting from Trust contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported for the FRS Pension Plan as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Amount		
	rec	ognized	
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	(in t	nousands)	
2020	\$	2,684	
2021		(2,004)	
2022		2,598	
2023		2,280	
2024		(219)	
Thereafter		(161)	

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation date calculated on the assumptions listed below:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019
Discount Rate	6.90%
Long-term expected rate of return net of	
investment expense	7.00%
Inflation	2.60%
Salary increase, including inflation	3.25%
Mortality	PUB2010 base table
	by category and
	sex, projected
	generationally with
	Scale MP-2018
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age
	Normal

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability of the FRS Pension Plan as of June 30, 2019, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ended July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred during the year ended September 30, 2019:

 The discount rate and long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense decreased from 7.00% to 6.90%, and the mortality assumption was changed from the Generational RP-200 with Projection Scale BB tables to the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method for which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Annual arithmetic rate of return
Cash	1.00%	3.30%
Fixed Income	18.00%	4.10%
Global Equity	54.00%	8.00%
Strategic Investment	6.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	11.00%	11.20%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	6.70%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was 6.90% for fiscal years ended 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

<u>Sensitivity of the Trust's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> The following represents the Trust's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the FRS Pension Plan calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%. Also presented is what the Trust's proportionate share of the FRS Pension Plan net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (5.90%) or one percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

			C	urrent		
	1%	Decrease	disc	ount rate	1%	Increase
(in thousands)		(5.90%)	(6.90%)	(7.90%)
Trust's proportionate share of the FRS						
Pension Plan net pension liability	\$	150,906	\$	87,296	\$	34,171

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about FRS Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS is available by mail at: State of Florida, Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, 1317 Winewood Boulevard, Building 8, Tallahassee, Florida 32399, by telephone toll free (844) 377-1888 or (850) 907-6500; by e-mail at rep@dms.myflorida.com; or at the Division's Web site (http://www.dms.myflorida.com).

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)

Plan Description

The HIS Pension is a non-qualified, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined-benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes to provide a monthly payment to assist retirees and beneficiaries of any state-administered retirement system.

Benefits Provided

The benefit of the HIS Pension Plan is a monthly payment to assist retirees in paying their health insurance costs. This plan is administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. HIS benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation.

Eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of creditable service complete at the time retirement multiplied by \$5 with a minimum payment of \$30 but not more than \$150 per month pursuant to Florida Statutes 112.263.

Contributions

The HIS Pension Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers. The funds are deposited in a separate trust fund and consequently paid from that trust fund. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll per Florida Statutes 112.363. Employees do not contribute to this plan.

The Trust's contributions to the HIS Pension Plan totaled approximately \$1.7 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to HIS Pensions

At September 30, 2019, the Trust reported a liability of approximately \$35.5 million for its proportionate share of the HIS Pension net pension liability. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the July 1, 2018. The July 1, 2018 HIS valuation is the most recent actuarial valuation, the valuation as of July 1, 2019 was an intervening year roll-forward valuation. The Trust's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Trust's actual contributions to the pension plan relative to the total actual contributions of all employers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the Trust's proportionate share was 0.32%, which was a decrease of 14.92% from its proportionate share of 0.37% measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Trust recognized a reduction in pension expense of approximately \$1.4 million. At September 30, 2019, the Trust reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the HIS Pension Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred
	Outflow of			Inflow of
Description	R	esources	sources Resourc	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	431	\$	(43)
Change of assumptions		4,114		(2,904)
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on FRS pension plan investments		23		
Changes in proportion and differences between				
Trust FRS contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions				(15,144)
Trust contributions subsequent to				
measurement date		428		
Total	\$	4,996	\$	(18,091)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions totaling \$0.428 million as of September 30, 2019, resulting from Trust contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported for the HIS Pension Plan as deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

	Deferred		
	Outflov	vs/(Inflows)	
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,		Net	
2020	\$	(3,416)	
2021		(2,965)	
2022		(2,496)	
2023		(2,439)	
2024		(1,403)	
Thereafter		(804)	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the HIS Pension Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date calculated on the assumption listed below:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2018
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019
Discount Rate	3.50%
Long-term expected rate of return net of	
investment expense	N/A
Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond	
Municipal Bond Index	3.50%
Inflation	2.60%
Salary increase, including inflation	3.25%
Mortality	Generational RP-200
	with Projection
	Scale BB Tables
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age
	Normal

HIS has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. Because HIS is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for this plan. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for HIS were based on certain results for the most recent experience study of FRS for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate

Because the HIS Pension Plan uses a pay as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.50% in 2019 was used to determine the total pension liability for the program.

<u>Sensitivity of the Trust's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> The following represents the Trust's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the HIS Pension Plan calculated using the discount rate of 3.50%. Also presented is what the Trust's proportionate share of the HIS Pension Plan net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1percentage-point lower (2.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50%) that then current rate:

			C	urrent		
	1%	Decrease	disc	ount rate	1%	Increase
(in thousands)	(2.50%)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)
Trust's proportionate share of the FRS						
Pension Plan net pension liability	\$	40,559	\$	35,530	\$	31,341

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pension

Detailed information about HIS Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS is available by mail at: State of Florida, Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, 1317 Winewood Boulevard, building 8, Tallahassee, Florida 32399, by telephone toll free (844) 377-1888 or (850) 907-6500: by e-mail rep@dms.myflorida.com; or at the Division's Web at site (http://www.dms.myflorida.com).

Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County, Florida, Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

The Public Health Trust of Miami Dade County, Florida Defined-Benefit Retirement Plan (the Plan) is a Single employer defined benefit pension plan that was created in 1996. The Plan has a calendar year-end of December 31 and does not issue stand-alone financial statements. Section 112 of the Florida State Statues grants the Trust the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the Plan. The Plan is administered by a Pension Plan Committee made of seven members which consists of three members of the Trust Board of Trustees, a union representative, a member at large, the Trust President and Chief Executive Officer, and the Trust Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer.

Defined-Benefit Retirement Plans

The Trust follows GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, which specifies the required approach to measuring the pension liability of employers and nonemployer contributing entities for benefits provided through the pension plan. GASB Statement No. 67 requires plans to calculate a net pension asset (liability) to be measured as the total pension liability less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

<u>GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB</u> <u>Statement No. 27</u>

Requires employers and nonemployer contributing entities to report their net pension liability on their financial statements. While GASB Statement No. 68 changed the amount of the net pension liability (asset) that is reported on the financial statements, governments may continue to fund their plans by calculating an actuarially determined contribution and measuring their funded status as it relates to that actuarially determined contribution.

In order to provide the necessary disclosures that are required under the various GASB Statements, the disclosures below are separated into five sections. The first section, General Information about the Defined-Benefit Retirement Plan, offers disclosures about the plan itself - descriptions of the plan and who is covered; an analysis of the membership of the plan as of the end of the fiscal year; and a discussion of benefits provided, and the financial statements. The second section, Deposits and Investments, reports the contents of the investments of the Plan assets, and related economic or market risks. The third section, Fair Value Measurement, required by GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, reports investments at fair value and categorizes fair value measurements within the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fourth section, Net Pension Asset (Liability) and Disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 67, provides the information that is required by GASB Statement No. 67 – the calculation of the net pension asset (liability); the actuarial assumptions and census data that were used in calculating that net pension asset (liability); the discount rate that was used in the calculations; and the sensitivity of the net pension asset (liability) to changes in the discount rate. The fifth section, Pension Expenses and Deferred outflows/Inflows of Resources, required by GASB Statement No. 68, provides information about the pension expense calculation, deferred outflows and inflows balances, and current and future years' amortization of the inflows and outflows balances.

(i) General Information about the Defined Benefit Retirement Plan Eligibility

Eligibility

All PHT employees working in a full-time or part-time regularly established position who were hired after January 1, 1996 are covered by the PHT Plan.

Contributions

The Trust intends to make contributions to fund the PHT Plan at such times and in such amounts as certified by an independent actuary as being no less than amounts required to be contributed under Section 112, Florida Statutes; any actuarial gain arising under the Plan shall be used to reduce future Trust contributions to the PHT Plan and shall not be applied to increase retirement benefits to participants. Effective April 1, 2012, all plan members were required to make a 3% pretax employee contribution.

<u>Benefits</u>

Benefits under the Plan vest after six years of service. The normal retirement age for employees hired before April 1, 2012 is age 62 with six years of credited service or completion of 30 years of continuous service. The normal retirement age for employees hired after March 31, 2012 is age 65 with six year of credited service or completion of 30 years of continuous service. All employees are entitled to either an annual retirement benefit payable monthly for life or one lump-sum payment. The lump-sum payment option became effective for plan members as of October 1, 2013. The Plan also provides for early retirement at reduced benefits and death and disability benefits.

Payment of Expenses

Expenses associated with administering the Plan will be paid out of the Plan's assets unless, at the discretion of the Trust, will be paid by the Trust.

Plan Termination

The Board of Trustees of the Plan has the right to terminate this Plan at any time. In the event of such termination, all affected participants shall be 100% vested.

<u>Membership</u>

Membership of the PHT Plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Membership

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	845
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1,016
Active plan members	9,482
	11,343
Number of participating employers	1

(ii) Deposits and Investments

The PHT Plan's investment authority is derived from the authorization of the Board and is in accordance with the Florida Statute 215.47 and the Employment Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), as amended.

The following is a summary of the fair value of assets held in the pension trust fund at September 30, 2019: (in thousands)

Cash and short-term investments	\$ 20,791
Investments, at fair value	
Domestic investments:	
Mutual funds	43,145
Equities	470,654
Corporate debt securities	45,901
U.S. government and agency obligations	13,819
Total domestic investments	 573,519
International investments:	
Mutual funds	36,818
Equities	3,770
Corporate debt securities	6,868
Total international investments	 47,456
Commingled Funds - Equity	39,919
Real Estate	72,519
Commingled Funds - Fixed Income	60,756
Total Assets	 814,960
Net position held in trust for employees	\$ 814,960

Credit Risk

The Plan's investment policy (the Investment Policy) is designed to minimize credit risk by restricting authorized investments to only those investments permitted by the Statute, subject to certain additional limitations. These additional limitations consist of prohibitions against investments in derivative securities, options, futures, or short positions; however, the Investment Policy allows for investments in mortgage pass-through securities. Generally, the Statute permits investments in the Florida State Board of Administration Pooled Investment account (the SBA Pool), U.S. government and agency securities, common and preferred stock of domestic and foreign corporations, repurchase agreements, commercial paper and other corporate obligations, bankers' acceptances, state or local government taxable or tax-exempt debt, real estate and real estate securities, venture capital, private equity, hedge equity, multimanager/multistrategy funds, and money market funds. With the exception of obligations directly issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in the SBA Pool, and certain state or local government, debt instruments, the Statute provides limits as to the maximum portion of the Plan's portfolio that can be invested in any one investment category or issuer.

Investment Type	Fair Value
Domestic investments	
Mutual funds	\$ 43,145
U.S. government agency securities, by issuer:	
Federal National Mortgage Association	2,945
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	194
U.S. Treasury Bills	6,158
U.S. Treasury Note	4,522
Total U.S. government and agency	
obligations	\$ 13,819
Equities - common stock	470,654
	Fair
Investment Type	Value
Corporate debt securities	
Corporate bonds	4,777
Corporate bonds	830
Corporate bonds	2,430
Corporate bonds	1,017
Corporate bonds	773
Corporate bonds	3,828
Corporate bonds	5,128
Corporate bonds	5,141
Corporate bonds	7,105
Corporate bonds	10,702
Corporate bonds	275
Corporate bonds	52
Corporate bonds	376
Corporate bonds	417
Corporate bonds	51
Corporate bonds	41
Corporate bonds	100
Corporate bonds	100
Corporate bonds	168
Corporate bonds	333
Corporate bonds	169
Corporate bonds	122
Corporate bonds	271
Corporate bonds	1,694
Total corporate debt securities	45,900
International investments:	
Mutual funds	36,819
Equities-common stock	3,770
Corporate debt securities:	
International Bonds	330
International Bonds	573
International Bonds	506
International Bonds	2,347
International Bonds	1,351
International Bonds	1,296
International Bonds	274
	143

At September 30, 2019, the Plan's investment securities had the following credit ratings: (in thousands)

Custodial Credit Risk

GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, requires governments to disclose deposits and investments exposed to custodial credit risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter-party to a transaction, a government may not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of September 30, 2019, the PHT Plan's investment portfolio was held with a single third-party custodian.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Investment Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by investment type and by issuer to limit its exposure to concentration of credit risk. The Investment Policy in place at September 30, 2019 was:

	Policy	Allowable
	Target	Range
Equity Securities	60%	+/-12%
Fixed Income	30%	+/- 9%
Real Estate	10%	+/- 6%

At September 30, 2019 the composition of the PHT Plan's investments by investment type as a percentage of total investment was as follows:

	Percentage of Portfolio
Domestic Investments:	
Mutual Funds	5.3%
Equities	57.7%
Commingled Funds - Equity	4.9%
Commingled Funds - Fixed Income	7.5%
Corporate Debt Securities	5.6%
U.S. Government and agency obligations	1.7%
Real Estate	8.9%
International Investments:	
Mutual Funds	4.5%
Equities	0.5%
Corporate Debt Securities	0.8%
Other:	
Cash and Short-term investments	2.6%

There were no individual investments in excess of 5%.

Interest Rate Risk

The Plan manages its exposure to rising interest rate risk in fair value by forecasting cash outflows and inflows. To the extent possible, an attempt will be made to match investment maturities with known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements.

As of September 30, 2019 the PHT Plan had the following investments with the respective weighted average maturity in years:

	Weighted Average Maturity
Domestic Investments:	
Corporate debt securities:	
Corporate bonds	8.02
U.S. government and agency obligations:	
Federal National Mortgage Association	24.48
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	20.58
U.S. treasury bills	7.05
U.S. treasury notes	1.37
International Investments:	
Corporate debt securities	4.06

Foreign Currency Risk

GASB Statement No. 40 requires governments to disclose deposits or investments exposed to foreign currency risk, the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit.

The PHT Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk at September 30, 2019 is as follows (in U.S. dollars): (in thousands)

	Currency	Fair Value	
International equities			
Common Stock	Canadian dollar	\$	223
Common Stock	Argentine peso		315
Common Stock	lsraeli new shekel		513
Common Stock	Chinese yuan renminbi		1,697
Common Stock	Australian dollar		540
Common Stock	Euro		482
		\$	3,770
International corporate debt securities:			
Corporate Bonds	Canadian dollar	\$	317
Corporate Bonds	Israeli new shekel		143
Corporate Bonds	Swiss franc		958
Corporate Bonds	Australian dollar		357
Corporate Bonds	Chilean peso		300
Corporate Bonds	British pound		3,021
Corporate Bonds	South African Rand		207
Corporate Bonds	Swedish Krona		330
Corporate Bonds	Euro		49
Corporate Bonds	Euro		74
Corporate Bonds	Euro		430
Corporate Bonds	Euro		83
Corporate Bonds	Euro		274
Corporate Bonds	Euro		325
		\$	6,868

The Plan's financial statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019 are as follows:

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:

Cash and short-term investments	\$	20,791
Investments, at fair value		
Domestic investments:		
Mutual funds		43,145
Equities		470,654
Corporate debt securities		45,901
U.S. government and agency obligations		13,819
Total domestic investments		573,519
International investments:		
Mutual funds		36,818
Equities		3,770
Corporate debt securities		6,868
Total international investments		47,456
Total international investments		47,430
Commingled Funds - Equity		39,919
Real Estate		72,519
Commingled Funds - Fixed Income		60,756
Total Assets		814,960
Net position held in trust for employees	\$	814,960
not position hold in tradit for employees	Ψ	011,000

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position:

Additions:	
Employer Contributions	\$ 23,378
Employee Contributions	21,196
Total Contributions	44,574
Investment Income:	
Interest Income	6,720
Dividends	3.348
Net realized/unrealized gains on pension	3,340
trust fund investments	7,106
Total investment gain	17,174
Less investment expense:	(50)
Investment managers and custodial fees	 (52)
Net investment gain	 17,122
Total Additions	 61,696
Deductions:	
Participants benefit expense	34,802
Administrative expenses	1,445
Total Deductions	 36,247
	,
Net increase in net position held in trust	
for employees' pension benefits	25,449
Net position held in trust for employee's	
pension benefits, at beginning of year	789,511
Net position held in trust for employee's	
pension benefits, at end of year	\$ 814,960

(iii) Fair Value Hierarchy

The PHT Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the inputs used in valuation and gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and requires that observable inputs be used in the valuations when available. The disclosure of fair value estimates in the hierarchy is based on whether the significant inputs into the valuations are observable. In determining the level of the hierarchy in which the estimate is disclosed, the highest level, Level 1, is given to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and the lowest level, Level 3, to unobservable inputs.

Level 1 – Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets that the Trust has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable.

Level 3 – Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Trust's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each investment. The tables below show the fair value leveling of the Trust's pension trust fund investments as of September 30, 2019. The Trust's pension trust fund investments measured at net asset value (NAV) include commingled funds – fixed income, commingled funds – equity, and real estate.

The schedule below discloses the following fair value measurements for the Trust's pension trust fund investments as of September 30, 2019 (in thousands):

Investments by fair value level	Tot	al Value	iı ma iden	oted prices n active arkets for tical assets Level 1	ob	gnificant other servable inputs _evel 2
Debt securities:						
U.S. government securities	\$	13,819			\$	13,819
Domestic - Corp. debt securities		45,901				45,901
International - Corp. debt securities		6,868				6,868
Total debt securities		66,588				66,588
Equity securities:						
Domestic		470,654	\$	470,654		
International		3,770		3,770		
Total equity securities		474,424		474,424		
Mutual funds		79,963		79,963		
Total investments by fair value level	\$	620,975	\$	554,387	\$	66,588
Investments measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV)						
Commingled Funds - Equity		39,919				
Commingled Funds - Fixed Income		60,756				
Real Estate		72,519				
Total investments measured at the NAV		173,194				
Total	\$	794,169				

Additional information for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) as of September 30, 2019, is presented in the table below (in thousands):

	air value tember 30, 2019	Redemption frequency (If currently eligible)	Redemption notice period
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV):			
Commingled Funds- Equity	\$ 39,919	Monthly	30 days
Commingled Funds - Fixed Income	60,756	Quarterly	30 days
Real Estate	72,519	Monthly, Biannually	30 - 95 days
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$ 173,194		

(iv) Net Pension Asset (Liability)

The Trust recorded the net pension liability as a long-term liability on the statements of net position. The components of the net pension liability at September 30, 2019 are as follow:

Total pension liability	\$ 906,386
Less:	
Plan fiduciary net position	(814,960)
Net pension liability	\$ 91,426
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of total penstion liability	89.9%

Additional information regarding changes in the net pension liability for the year ended September 30, 2019 can be found in the Required Supplementary Information section of these financial statements.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2019
Measurement Date	September 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal, Level
	Percent of Pay
Inflation assumptions	2.5%
Investment rate of return	7.4%
Projected salary	4.0% per year for employees
increases	with less than 10 years and
	3.0% for employees with
	more than 10 years
Assumed annual rate of	3.0% for benefits earned prior
cost-of-living increases	to April 1, 2012

The mortality table was updated from the RP 2000 mortality table, sex-distinct, with a 25-year projection using Scale BB to the RP 2000 Generational tables with 50% white collar and 50% blue collar for annuitants (male) and 100% white collar for annuitants (female), and applying scale BB mortality improvements from 2000 on a generational basis for healthy lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2019 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2016. Actuarial valuations attempt to estimate costs associated with the plan based on a number of demographic, economic, and retirement experience assumptions. To the extent assumptions are at variance to experience, this can result in actuarial gains and losses ultimately impacting contribution rates and the development of the actuarially required contribution. Experience studies are performed every three years to review actual experience in comparison to these assumptions and to provide recommended changes to assumptions.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using best-estimate ranges of expected future nominal rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense, and inflation) developed for each major asset class using an econometric model that forecasts a variety of economic environments and then calculates asset class returns based on functional relationships between the economic variables and the asset classes. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce forecasts of the short-, intermediate-, and longer-term horizons by weighting the expected future nominal rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The various time horizons in the forecast are intended to capture more recent economic and capital market conditions as well as other plausible environments that could develop in the future over economic cycles. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target asset allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
Equity	60.00%	5.90%
Fixed Income	30.00%	1.90%
Alternatives	10.00%	4.40%
Inflation rate		2.60%

Total Pension Liability

The change in the Trust pension liability at September 30, 2019 is as follows (in thousands):

Service Cost Interest Cost Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in benefit items ¹ Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$	34,801 61,367 25,175 5,760 (34,802)
Total change in pension liability		92,301
Total pension liability, beginning of year	•	814,085
Total pension liability, end of year	\$	906,386
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer	\$	23,378
Contributions - member		21,196
Net investment income		17,122
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(34,802)
Administrative expense		(1,445)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		25,449
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year		789,511
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	\$	814,960
Net pension liability, end of year	\$	91,426

¹ A one-time recognition of early retirement acceptance (ERA) program lumpsum incentive payment.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the net pension liability was 7.4% at September 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current Plan members. Therefore, a blended rate incorporating a municipal bond rate is not needed.

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses for the year ended

September 30, 2019 was 1.8%. A money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of pension plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rates determined above, as well as what the PHT Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate (in thousands):

One-percent decreases:	
Discount rate	6.4%
Net pension liability	\$ 201,573
Net pension liability, as reported;	
Discount rate	7.4%
Net pension liability	\$ 91,426
One-percent increase:	
Discount rate	8.4%
Net pension asset	\$ 639

Funding Policy

The Trust's funding policy provides for actuarially determined rates deemed sufficient to pay benefits as due; the rate was 6.89% at January 1, 2019, of covered payroll. Effective April 1, 2012, employees were required to contribute 3% of the required contribution, thus the employer contribution rate was 3.89% for the year ended September 30, 2019. The assumptions used to compute the contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute pension benefits earned. The Trust has traditionally contributed the annual required contribution.

(v) Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, changes in the net pension liability are recognized in pension expense in the current measurement period, with some exceptions. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in pension expense in the current measurement period, for which the Trust decided to use a measurement date of September 30, 2019, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors and changes in assumptions and other inputs – amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees).
- Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments amortized over five years.

Pension Expense (in thousands)

Service cost	\$ 34,801
Interest cost	61,367
Administrative expenses	-
Expected return on assets	(58,453)
Recognition of deferred amounts	18,236
Changes in benefit items ¹	 5,760
Pension expense	\$ 61,711

¹ A one-time recognition of early retirement acceptance (ERA) program lump-sum incentive payment.

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

A summary of changes in deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources during fiscal year 2019 is as follows (in thousands);

	Year of deferral	Amortization period	_	alance ctober 1, 2018	c	change	_	alance tember 30, 2019
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources:								
Assumption changes	2016	9.564 years	\$	(1,694)	\$	258	\$	(1,436)
	2017 2018	10.993 years 11.109 years		(2,514) 8,963		280 (887)		(2,234) 8,076
Difference in expected and								
actual return on assets	2015-2019	5.000 years		(16,662)		32,842		16,180
Liability experience	2015	9.215 years		4,293		(823)		3,470
(gain) loss	2016	9.564 years		17,806		(2,713)		15,093
(gain) loss	2017	10.993 years		8,101		(901)		7,200
(gain) loss	2018	11.109 years		12,629		(1,249)		11,380
(gain) loss	2019	11.122 years		-		17,391		17,391
(gain) loss	2019	11.037 years		-		5,516		5,516
Total			\$	30,922	\$	49,714	\$	80,636

Amounts of Deferred Outflows and Inflows to be recognized in pension expense (in thousands):

	Amount Recognized		
Fiscal year ending September 30,			
2020	\$	6,157	
2021		9,991	
2022		16,385	
2023		16,858	
2024		7,656	
Thereafter		23,589	

MDC in the Aggregate

The aggregate amount of deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net pension liability reported in the statement of net position and the aggregate total pension expense reported in the statement of activities is as follows (in thousands)"

				DEFERRED		DEFERRED		
	NE	T PENSION	OUTFLOW OF			INFLOW OF	PENSION	
	I	LIABILITY		RESOURCE		RESOURCES		EXPENSE
Florida Retirement System								
Pension Plan	\$	(2,735,095)	\$	984,229	\$	(161,763)	\$	410,139
Florida Retirement System								
Health Insurance Subsidy		(711,431)		119,446		(61,745)		21,375
Florida Retirement System								
Pension Plan - PHT		(87,296)		29,622		(22,421)		15,601
Florida Retirement System								
Health Insurance Subsidy - PHT		(35,530)		4,996		(18,091)		1,382
PHT Defined Benefit Pension								
Plan		(91,426)		84,306		(3,670)		61,711
Total	\$	(3,660,778)	\$	1,222,599	\$	(267,690)	\$	510,208

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Plan Description. The County implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, in fiscal year 2018. GASB Statement No. 75 requires net or total OPEB liability to be recorded in the statement of net position, additional note disclosures, and required supplementary information (RSI). The County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Plan") that provides postretirement medical, hospital, pharmacy and dental coverage to retirees as well as their eligible spouses and dependents. Benefits are provided through the County's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefits are established and may be amended by the Miami-Dade County Board of County Commissioners ("the BCC"), whose powers derive from F.S. 125.01(3)(a). The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Participation in the Health Plan consisted of the following at September 30, 2019:

	TOTAL
Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	3,732
Active employees	35,965
Total	39,697

There are no inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments since eligible employees who elect not to participate in the plan at any time, lose the right to join the plan at a later date.

Eligibility: To be eligible to receive retiree medical and dental benefits, participants must be eligible for retirement benefits under the Florida Retirement System (FRS) or the Public Health Trust of Miami-Dade County, Florida, Defined Benefit Retirement Plan and pay required contributions.

- Regular Class Employees (all employees not identified as members of the Special Risk Class) hired prior to July 1, 2011 are eligible for postemployment benefits at age 62 with six years of service, or with 30 years of service at any age. Eligibility for reduced retirement is six years of service at any age. Those hired on or after July 1, 2011 are eligible at age 65 with eight years of service, or 33 years of service at any age.
- Special Risk Employees (Police Officers, Firefighters and Corrections Officers) hired prior to July 1, 2011 are eligible for postemployment benefits at age 55 with six years of service, or with 25 years of service at any age. Eligibility for reduced retirement is six years of service at any age. Those hired on or after July 1, 2011 are eligible at age 60 with eight years of service, or 30 years of service at any age.

Benefits: A number of plan changes to the pre-Medicare retiree plans were made effective January 1, 2017. The valuation reflects the impact of these changes.

Eligible pre-Medicare retirees receive health care coverage through one of four self-funded medical plans.

- AvMed POS
- AvMed HMO High
- AvMed HMO Select
- Jackson First HMO

Retirees may continue coverage beyond Medicare eligibility by enrolling in one of the County-sponsored, self-insured Medicare Supplemental plans provided by AvMed. The County only contributes to post-65 retirees electing one of these plans.

- AvMed Medicare Supplement Low Option with Rx
- AvMed Medicare Supplement High Option with Rx
- AvMed Medicare Supplement High Option without Rx

Funding Policy. The County contributes to both the pre-65 and post-65 retiree medical coverage. Medical contributions vary based on plan and tier. Retirees pay the full cost of dental coverage. The postretirement medical is currently funded on a pay-as-you go basis (i.e., Miami-Dade County funds on a cash basis as benefits are paid). The County's contribution is the actual pay-as-you-go postemployment benefit payments less participant contributions for the period October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019. No assets have been segregated and restricted to provide postretirement benefits.

Contributions are required for both retiree and dependent coverage. Retirees contribute a portion of the full active premium equivalent rates for health coverage. The full monthly premiums, retiree contribution amounts and the County subsidies effective January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019 are provided in the tables below. The County subsidy is assumed to remain flat.

PRE MEDICA	PRE MEDICARE PREMIUM EQUIVALENT RATES				
		County	Retiree		
AvMed HMO High	Full Premium	Subsidy	Contribution		
Retiree Only	\$ 826.67	\$ 204.36	\$ 622.31		
Retiree + Spouse	1,735.05	360.38	1,374.67		
Retiree + Child(ren)	1,607.10	339.47	1,267.63		
Retiree + Family	2,116.01	418.43	1,697.58		
		County	Retiree		
AvMed POS	Full Premium	Subsidy	Contribution		
Retiree Only	\$ 1,598.24	\$ 177.80	\$ 1,420.44		
Retiree + Spouse	3,042.74	302.75	2,739.99		
Retiree + Child(ren)	2,788.48	175.12	2,613.36		
Retiree + Family	4,130.10	711.37	3,418.73		
		County	Retiree		
AvMed Select	Full Premium	Subsidy	Contribution		
Retiree Only	\$ 768.80	\$ 204.36	\$ 564.44		
Retiree + Spouse	1,613.63	360.38	1,253.25		
Retiree + Child(ren)	1,494.57	339.47	1,155.10		
Retiree + Family	1,967.90	418.43	1,549.47		
		County	Retiree		
Jackson First HMO	Full Premium	Subsidy	Contribution		
Retiree Only	\$ 730.36	\$ 204.36	\$ 526.00		
Retiree + Spouse	1,532.96	360.38	1,172.58		
Retiree + Child(ren)	1,419.86	339.47	1,080.39		
Retiree + Family	1,869.49	418.43	1,451.06		

MEDICARE RETIREE PREMIUM EQUIVALENT RATES						
				County	Retiree	
Med Supp High	Ful	l Premium		Subsidy	Contribution	
Retiree Only	\$	994.97	\$	233.58	\$	761.39
Retiree + Spouse 65+		1,704.55		260.15		1,444.40
				County		Retiree
Med Supp Low	Ful	l Premium		Subsidy	Co	ontribution
Retiree Only	\$	888.52	\$	208.59	\$	679.93
Retiree + Spouse 65+		1,522.26		232.33		1,289.93
				County		Retiree
Med Supp High No Rx	Ful	l Premium		Subsidy	Co	ontribution
Retiree Only	\$	432.48	\$	101.53	\$	330.95
Retiree + Spouse 65+		740.93		113.08		627.85

The PHT full monthly premiums, retiree contribution amounts and County subsidies effective January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018 are provided in the tables below. The PHT subsidy is assumed to remain flat.

PRE MEDICARE PREMIUM EQUIVALENT RATES			
		County	Retiree
AvMed HMO POS	Full Premium	Subsidy	Contribution
Retiree Only	\$ 1,400.09	\$ 177.80	\$ 1,222.29
Retiree + Spouse	2,665.47	302.75	2,362.72
Retiree + Child(ren)	2,442.78	175.12	2,267.66
Retiree + Family	3,618.04	711.37	2,906.67
AvMed HMO		County	Retiree
Standard	Full Premium	Subsidy	Contribution
Retiree Only	\$ 760.94	\$ 204.36	\$ 556.58
Retiree + Spouse	1,718.58	360.38	1,358.20
Retiree + Child(ren)	1,579.63	339.47	1,240.16
Retiree + Family	2,128.00	418.43	1,709.57
		County	Retiree
AvMed Select	Full Premium	Subsidy	Contribution
Retiree Only	\$ 623.59	\$ 204.36	\$ 419.23
Retiree + Spouse	1,308.84	360.38	948.46
Retiree + Child(ren)	1,212.32	339.47	872.85
Retiree + Family	1,596.21	418.43	1,177.78
		County	Retiree
Jackson First HMO	Full Premium	Subsidy	Contribution
Retiree Only	\$ 591.78	\$ 204.36	\$ 387.42
Retiree + Spouse	1,242.11	360.38	881.73
Retiree + Child(ren)	1,150.48	339.47	811.01
Retiree + Family	1,514.80	418.43	1,096.37

MEDICARE RETIREE PREMIUM EQUIVALENT RATES						
Med Supp High with			County		Retiree	
Rx	Ful	I Premium		Subsidy	Co	ontribution
Retiree Only	\$	795.04	\$	233.58	\$	561.46
Retiree + Family		1,362.05		260.15		1,101.90
				County		Retiree
Med Supp Low	Ful	I Premium		Subsidy	Co	ontribution
Retiree Only	\$	709.99	\$	208.59	\$	501.40
Retiree + Family		1,216.38		232.33		984.05
Med Supp High No				County		Retiree
Rx	Ful	I Premium		Subsidy	Сс	ontribution
Retiree Only	\$	345.57	\$	101.53	\$	244.04
Retiree + Family		592.05		113.08		478.97

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$630.2 million was measured as of September 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

MDC	
Valuation date	September 30, 2019
Measurement date	September 30, 2019
Discount Rate	2.66%
Salary Increase Rate	3.5% per annum
Medical Consumer Price Index Trend	2.0% per annum (chained CIP)
Inflation Rate	3.0% per annum
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal based on level percentage of projected salary.
Amortization Method	<i>Experience/Assumptions</i> gains and losses are amortized over a closed period of 11.4 years starting October 1, 2017, equal to the average remaining service of active and inactive plan members.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Medical/Rx Select 6.5% and Ultimate 4.5%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	41.1%
Mortality Rates	Generational RP-2014, back-projected to 2006, projected forward using scale MP-18

<u>PHT</u>

<u>F111</u>	
Valuation date	September 30, 2019
Measurement date	September 30, 2019
Discount Rate	2.66%
Salary Increase Rate	3.5% per annum
Medical Consumer Price Index Trend	3.0% per annum
Inflation Rate	3.0% per annum
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal based on level percentage of projected salary.
Amortization Method	amortized over a closed period of 16.9 years starting October 1, 2017, equal to the average remaining service of active and inactive plan members.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Retirees' share of benefit-related costs Mortality Rates	Medical/Rx Select 6.5% and Ultimate 4.5% 26.5% RP-2014 generational table scaled using MP-18 and applied on a gender specific basis

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2019 valuation were based on the Florida Retirement System's valuation assumptions and Miami Dade County's claims experience for the period of October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019.

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Changes in the County's total OPEB liability for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 are as follows (in thousands):

	TOTAL
Balance at September 30 th , 2018	\$ 542,224
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	13,147
Interest Cost	22,773
Change in Assumptions or Other Inputs	83,969
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	4,631
Contributions-employer	(5,348)
Benefits Payments	(31,194)
Balance at September 30 th , 2019	\$ 630,202

The increase in the total OPEB liability is mostly due to a reduction in the discount rate.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate (in thousands):

	1% Decrease	Curr	ent Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.66%)		(2.66%)	 (3.66%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 690,019	\$	630,202	\$ 577,851

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend

The following represents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare a cost trend rates that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates (in thousands):

	 1% Decrease	 Current Trend	 1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 574,551	\$ 630,202	\$ 698,514		

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$40.4 million. At September 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources (in thousands):

	ed Outflows esources	 ed Inflows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,356	\$ -
Changes in assumptions / inputs	76,896	29,882
Net difference between projected and actual investments	-	 -
Total	\$ 81,252	\$ 29,882

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of Resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB Expense as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year ended September 30 Amou		
2020	\$	4,442
2021		4,442
2022		4,442
2023		4,442
2024		4,442
Thereafter		29,161

Miami-Dade County Allocation

Miami-Dade County's net OPEB liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and OPEB expense were allocated to Miami-Dade County Funds based on the census data. Amounts are as follows (in thousands):

	 let OPEB Liability	Deferred Outflows	I	Deferred Inflows	OPEB Expense		
General Government	\$ (375,116)	\$ 46,048	\$	(15,296)	\$	23,547	
PHCD	(6,654)	817		(271)		363	
Solid Waste Department	(23,476)	2,882		(957)		1,304	
Aviation Department	(27,100)	3,327		(1,105)		1,538	
Seaport Department	(6,770)	831		(276)		421	
Transit Department	(56,705)	6,961		(2,312)		3,232	
Water and Sewer Department	(49,346)	6,057		(2,012)		2,858	
Rickenbacker Causeway	(278)	34		(11)		19	
Public Health Trust	 (84,757)	14,295		(7,642)		7,081	
Total	\$ (630,202)	\$ 81,252	\$	(29,882)	\$	40,363	

Note 10 - Contingencies and Commitments

Enterprise Funds Construction Contracts and Commitments

As of September 30, 2019, the County's enterprise funds had contracts and commitments as follows:

- Aviation Department, \$255.6 million
- Water and Sewer Department, \$497 million
- Transit Department, \$8.9 million
- Seaport Department, \$107.6 million
- Solid Waste Department, \$6 million

In addition, the Public Health Trust (the Trust) has several construction projects currently in progress at September 30, 2019. The estimated total cost to date and cost to complete such projects, exclusive of capitalized interest, is approximately \$358.4 million and \$479.5 million, respectively.

Governmental Funds – Encumbrances

The County has established a procedure for encumbering appropriations for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments authorizing delivery of merchandise or rendering services. An encumbrance system reduces the possibility of commitments being made in excess of budgeted appropriations due to the lag of time between issuance of purchase orders, contracts, or other obligations, and the actual provision of services or goods and subsequent receipts of invoices and billings from the vendors and contractors. Depending on the source(s) of funding, encumbrances are reported as part of restricted or assigned fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *"Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions"*, the County's total encumbered amounts for specific purposes for which resources have already been Restricted, Committed, or Assigned in the governmental fund statements should not deviate from those classifications. Governmental funds encumbrances in the aggregate are reported as follows at September 30, 2019: (in thousands)

	Encumbrances \$ 41,913 43,042			
Major Governmental:				
General Fund	\$	41,913		
Fire Rescue Fund		43,042		
Nonmajor Governmental:				
Capital Projects Fund		200,110		
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		99,968		
	\$	385,033		

Solid Waste Management - Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

Current laws and regulations require the County to place final covers on landfill cells as they are closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill cell sites for thirty years after closure. These laws and regulations also require the County, on an annual basis, to disclose the extent of its financial responsibility for the costs involved, which are referred to as "closure and postclosure care" costs. The County was in compliance with these requirements as of September 30, 2019.

At September 30, 2019, the County's total liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs was \$83.5 million. Of this amount, \$84.7 million relates to active landfills and a cost recovery of \$1.2 million relates to inactive landfills.

The County accounts for and discloses closure and postclosure care costs in accordance with GASB Statement No. 18 Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs (the "Statement"). The Statement requires, among other matters: (1) that the liability for closure and postclosure care costs be estimated based on applicable federal, state or local regulations that were in existence as of

the date of the statement of net position, (2) that the cost estimates be reevaluated and adjusted on an annual basis for changes due to inflation or deflation, or for changes due to advancements in technology, (3) that a portion of these estimated closure and postclosure costs be recognized in each operating period that the landfill is active, based on the amount of waste received during the period (included in the capacity used to date), even though the majority of the costs will not be paid until after the landfill cells are closed, and (4) that changes in the estimated costs for closure and postclosure care which occur after the landfill stops accepting waste be recognized entirely in the period of the change.

Expenses for closure and postclosure care are funded from bond proceeds, of which the principal and interest are subsequently repaid from Utility Service Fees assessed on all countywide water and wastewater users, in accordance with Chapter 24 of the Dade County Code (the "Code"). Under the Code, funds collected from this fee can be used for solid waste landfill closure and postclosure care costs that are the financial responsibility of the County, for environmental remediation at landfill sites, and for land acquired to protect groundwater. The Department of Solid Waste Management's Net Position includes \$40.2 million in net position restricted for grants and other purposes for groundwater protection as of September 30, 2019.

Solid Waste Management - Resources Recovery Facility

The County has an agreement for the operation of the County owned resource recovery facility (the "Facility"). The Fourth Amended and Restated Operations and Management Agreement (the "O&M Agreement", "Agreement") was executed on July 27, 2012 (but was effective as of October 1, 2009) by and between the County and the operator, for the purpose of amending and restarting in its entirety that certain Third Amended and Restated Operations and Management Agreement dated as of September 1, 1996 between the County and the Company. The Agreement expires on October 31, 2023. The term of the Agreement can be automatically extended for up to four additional five-year renewal terms that would expire on October 31, 2043. In the event of termination of the O&M Agreement, the County must find a successor operator. Solid waste is delivered to the Facility from the County's transfer stations and directly from municipal customers and private haulers. The garbage and trash are processed into refuse derived fuel and then burned in four boilers that produce steam to turn two turbine generators to produce electricity.

Payments made to the operator under the Amended Agreement are primarily for tipping fees on the waste processed through the Facility, subject to certain delivery and processing guarantees. The operator is also paid a 50% share of the revenues from the sale of electricity generated by the plant and purchased by three energy companies and the City of Homestead. Accordingly, these payments are treated as an operations and maintenance expense.

The County has guaranteed to deliver 240,000 tons per year (TPY) in recyclable trash to the operator. In addition, the County has guaranteed 732,000 TPY in on-site waste. This on-site waste guaranteed tonnage is to be fulfilled with garbage. The sum of the annual on-site waste guaranteed tonnage and the annual recyclable trash guaranteed tonnage shall not be less than 972,000 tons per annual period, unless the solid waste shall not be deemed to be available to the County for delivery to the Facility if such Solid Waste is unavailable for circumstances beyond the County's control and not due to actions taken by the County. For fiscal year 2019, the County recorded expenses of \$49 million in tipping fees to the operator. The rates charged for tipping fees as of September 30, 2019 were \$50.91 per ton for on-site waste processing other than tires and \$91.78 per ton for clean shredded tires. These rates are adjusted annually for the consumer price index. Fuel and other by-products not returned to County facilities from the recyclable trash received a credit of \$2.11 per ton as a recycle credit fee.

Solid Waste Management – Contract Disposal

During fiscal year 2019, the Department maintained a long-term waste disposal contract with a private regional disposal facility provider. The waste disposal contract is effective until September 30, 2035, with two additional five-year renewal options. Under the terms of the contract, the County must deliver or direct to be delivered, a minimum of 250,000 tons of waste per year to a landfill located in the Town of Medley, Florida. The County may dispose up to 500,000 tons of waste at the Medley landfill site. Waste deliveries over 500,000 tons may be disposed of at two alternate landfill sites: up to 250,000 tons of waste in the Monarch Hill landfill site and up to 500,000 tons of waste in the Okeechobee County landfill site.

The contract fixed the disposal fee paid by the County at \$35.87 in fiscal year 2019. As of September 30, 2019, the County was in compliance with this contract. The County paid a disposal fee of \$13.8 million for fiscal year 2019.

On September 30, 2015, the County executed the Second Amended and Restated Agreement with another private regional disposal facility provider. The contract is effective until September 30, 2025, with two additional five-year renewal options. Under the terms of the contract, this provider must deliver 51% of the total solid waste they collect in Miami-Dade County to Waste Management facilities for disposal. Also, the County has a guaranteed capacity of up to 500,000 tons of waste per year at the Progressive JED Landfill. If the Department elects or needs to dispose of solid waste at this Landfill, the disposal rate, which is subject to annual CPI adjustment, was \$21.10 per ton of waste in fiscal year 2019.

Aviation Department Environmental Matters

In August 1993, the Aviation Department and the Dade County Department of Environmental Resources Management (DERM) entered into a Consent Order. Under the Consent Order, the Aviation Department was required to correct environmental violations resulting from various tenants' failure to comply with their environmental obligations at the Airport including those facilities previously occupied by Eastern Airlines and Pan Am Airlines. In addition, the Aviation Department had a preliminary study performed by an independent engineering firm to estimate the cost to correct the environmental violations noted in the Consent Order. This study was used as a basis to record the environmental remediation liability as of September 30, 1993.

In each subsequent year, the Aviation Department has received an updated study performed by an independent engineering firm to further update the estimated costs to correct the environmental violations noted in the Consent Order based on additional information and further refinement of estimated costs to be incurred.

As a result of the updated study and costs incurred in fiscal year 2019, the total cumulative estimate to correct such violations was approximately \$199.8 million. This estimate allows for uncertainties as to the nature and extent of environmental reparations and the methods, which must be employed for the remediation. The cumulative amount of environmental expenditures spent through September 30, 2019 approximated \$151.3 million. The Aviation Department has also spent \$56.3 million in other environmental related projects not part of any consent order.

During fiscal year 1998, a Consent Order (FDEP Consent Order) was signed with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP). The new FDEP Consent Order encompasses and replaces the DERM agreement and includes additional locations. The FDEP Consent Order includes all locations at the Miami International Airport (MIA) that are contaminated as well as additional sites where contamination is suspected. The Aviation Department included other sites where contamination is suspected in the FDEP Consent Order under a Protective Filing. If contamination is documented at these sites, the State of Florida (the State) would be required to incur the costs of remediation. Because the State will be required to pay for remediation of sites filed in the Protective Filing and because the contamination at the sites is unknown, an accrual amount is not reflected in the Opinion of Cost report or in the accompanying financial statements.

Currently, the County has several pending lawsuits in State Court against the Potentially Responsible Parties (PRPs) and insurers to address recovery of past and future damages associated with the County's liability under the FDEP Consent Order. As of September 30, 2019, the Aviation Department has received approximately \$60.4 million from the State, insurance companies and PRPs.

The outstanding liability at September 30, 2019 was approximately \$48.5 million, representing the unexpended environmental remediation costs based on the Opinion of Cost performed by an independent engineering firm. At September 30, 2019, the long-term liability was \$42 million, and the short-term liability was \$6.5 million. Management has allocated a portion of bond proceeds to fund this obligation and believes

that the remaining amount can be funded from recoveries and the operations of the Aviation Department. The liability recorded by the Aviation Department does not include an estimate of any environmental violations at the three general aviation airports or at the two training airports. Management is not aware of any such liabilities and the occurrence of any would not be material to the financial statements.

In addition to the studies conducted to determine the environmental damage to the sites occupied by Eastern and Pan Am, the Aviation Department caused studies to be performed to determine the amount required to remove or otherwise contain the asbestos in certain buildings occupied by the airlines. The Aviation Department has also estimated the amount required to remove or otherwise contain the asbestos in buildings other than those formerly occupied by Eastern and Pan Am. The studies that estimate the cost to correct such damage related to all buildings were assessed at approximately \$4.5 million. The Aviation Department has no intention of correcting all assessed damage related to asbestos in the near future as they pose no imminent danger to the public. Specific issues will be addressed when and if the Aviation Department decides to renovate or demolish related buildings. At such time, the Aviation Department will obligate itself to the cleanup or asbestos abatement. As emergencies or containment issues may arise from this condition, they will be isolated and handled on a case-by-case basis as repair and maintenance. Such amounts do not represent a liability of the Aviation Department until such time as a decision is made by the management to make certain modifications to the buildings, which would require the Aviation Department to correct such matters. As such no amounts are recorded as of September 30, 2019.

The nature of ground and groundwater contamination at MIA can be divided into two categories; petroleum related contamination and hazardous/nonhazardous contamination. The Opinion of Cost is divided in three large areas: the Inland Protection Trust Fund (IPTF) which was created by the State to deal with contamination related to petroleum products in sites that qualified for that program; the non IPTF contamination relates to other sites which might include petroleum as well as hazardous/non-hazardous related contamination; and the non-consent items which can be either of the two above but were not specifically listed in the Consent Order.

The table below summarizes the remediation liability by nature of the containment as of September 30, 2019 (in thousands):

Nature of Contamination	 IPTF	N	on-IPTF	Nor	n-Consent	 Totals
Petroleum	\$ 4,435					\$ 4,435
Hazardous/nonhazardous		\$	38,575	\$	5,525	44,100
	\$ 4,435	\$	38,575	\$	5,525	\$ 48,535

Aviation Department Agreement with Florida Department of Transportation

In a quitclaim deed dated December 11, 2011, the Rental Car Facility (RCF) and the Miami Intermodal Center (MIC) adjacent to the airport was conveyed to Miami-Dade County through its Aviation Department by FDOT. The conveyance was recorded in the amount of \$393.3 million (\$42.0 million for the land and \$351.3 million for the building and improvements), which represented the acquisition value at the time of conveyance. The quitclaim deed requires that the RCF be used as a rental car facility. In the event that it ceases to be used as such, all property rights in it revert to FDOT.

The facility was designed and constructed by FDOT, which borrowed \$270 million from the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) under the TIFIA loan program. The loan will be repaid through the collection of Customer Facility Charges (CFCs) and contingent rent, if needed, from car rental company customers using the RCF. The car rental companies remit these funds directly to the Fiscal Agent servicing the loan; the CFCs are not revenues of the Aviation Department. The County and MDAD do not own nor do they have access to accounts held by the Fiscal Agent. The repayment of the TIFIA loan is not secured by any Aviation Department revenues and in no event will the Department be required to use any airport revenues for the payment of debt service on the RCF portion of the TIFIA loan or any additional RCF financing.

Seaport Cruise and Cargo Terminal Usage Agreements

Seaport has entered into several terminal usage agreements with cruise line operators which commits the Seaport to building new cruise terminals and make certain terminal improvements at future dates, in order to accommodate the cruise operators' passengers and vessel operations as follows:

- On September 19, 2019, the Board approved a resolution to amend one of the existing terminal agreements: (a) allowing the operator to build a new terminal for an increase amount of \$239 million; (b) provide the operator with preferential berthing rights at certain existing terminals and at the new terminal; (c) increase the minimum annual passengers for the cruise operator and (d) requiring Seaport to make certain infrastructure improvements. The Seaport's contribution to the new terminal is approximately \$100 million, not subject to be reimbursed by the cruise operator. The cruise operator will reimburse the Seaport for all advanced project costs over \$100 million and up to \$239 million. As of September 30, 2019, Seaport's commitment towards the new terminal was \$138.6 million, of which \$38.6 million is subject to reimbursement from the cruise operator.
- On September 19, 2019, the Board approved an amendment to a preferential berthing agreement with a certain cruise operator to relinquish those rights for a new cruise terminal to be completed by October 15, 2022. The Seaport's cost of the new cruise terminal is expected to be approximately \$179 million, for a period of thirty years of preferential berthing rights to the cruise operator, with two options to renew of five years each.
- On September 19, 2019, the Board approved a ground lease agreement for two terminals with a cruise operator for a lease term of sixty-two years that is expected to be completed by October 15, 2022. The estimated costs for both terminals are approximately \$300 million, which the Seaport's obligation would be a one-time capital contribution of \$15.2 million.
- On September 13, 2019, the Board approved a preferential berthing agreement with a cruise operator upon substantial completion of certain cruise terminal improvements, granting berthing rights to a certain cruise terminal for an initial term of twenty years. The Seaport and cruise operator's share for these improvements would be approximately \$195 million and \$120 million, respectively.

Public Health Trust Annual Operating Agreement

Annual Operating Agreement

In accordance with the annual operating agreement between the Public Health Trust (the Trust) and the University of Miami (the University), the Trust pays certain amounts for staff and services to be provided by the University. Under the annual operating agreement, costs incurred by the Trust for the year ended September 30, 2019 were approximately \$123.9 million. At September 30, 2019 the Trust had a liability to the University of \$27.7 million. In fiscal year 2012, The Trust and the University entered into an agreement for the repayment of old debt, which included the renegotiation of leased rental property. At September 30, 2019, the Trust had a balance of \$11.2 million due to University of Miami in other long-term liabilities.

Other Commitments

Legal Contingencies

The County is a defendant to legal proceedings that occur in the normal course of operations. Probable losses have been recognized in the Self-Insurance Fund or in the government-wide statements. In the opinion of the County Attorney, the ultimate resolution of these legal proceedings are not likely to have a material, adverse impact on the financial position of the County or the affected funds.

Public Health Trust

There is a recoupment claim for Medicaid funds in connection with the Low-Income Pool (LIP). The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office of Inspector General (OIG) performed an audit of the Medicaid cost reimbursement to the Trust under the LIP program. The OIG alleges that of the \$1.8 billion in LIP payments made to Jackson Hospital by the State of Florida from 2010-2014, the state claimed Medicaid reimbursement of approximately \$686 million (\$412 million Federal match) in excess of the Jackson's allowable costs under the LIP program. According to the Miami-Dade County Attorney, recovery of a sum in excess of \$412 million is reasonably possible.

Management strongly disagrees with a number of the findings in the OIG audit report. Management believes that the OIG's findings on this issue are largely inaccurate, are based on erroneous assumptions, and misconstrue or mischaracterize documentation provided in the course of the audit. Therefore, due to the several gross miscalculations and misjudgments contained in the report, management disagrees with the OIG's findings.

Arbitrage Rebates

As of September 30, 2019, the County had no obligations to record rebate liabilities. The rebate to the Federal Government is required to be paid within five years from the date of issuance and each five years thereafter. The ultimate amount of the County's obligation will be determined based on actual interest earned.

Federal and State Grant Awards

Governmental audits include compliance audits of federal grants, performed under the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). State grants are audited in accordance with Florida Rules of the Auditor General, Section 10.550 and the State of Florida Single Audit Act. Amounts received or due from grantor agencies are subject to audit adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund.

Hurricane Irma

In September 2017, the County was impacted by Hurricane Irma which was a significant storm across all of Florida. As a result, the County experienced one-time expenditures related to emergency protective measures, debris-related costs, and other repair costs As of September 30, 2019, a total of \$163.1 million was obligated by FEMA and the State of Florida and a total of \$98.1 million was paid to the County.

The remaining projects are at varying stages of documentation, completion and review by FEMA or the State of Florida. Once the review process is completed by FEMA and the State, the project is obligated, and the Hurricane Irma grant award is incremented. The County is working diligently with the FEMA representatives to meet the documentation requirements. The FEMA and State reimbursement percentages combined range from 95% to 100% depending on the category and the time period of the expenditure. As the projects are obligated, the County's expenditures will be reimbursed.

Note 11 – Interfund Transfers and Balances

			TRANSFERS FROM (in thousands)												
			General Fund	Fire Rescue Fund		Nonmajor Governmental			Solid Waste anagement		Seaport		Total Transfers In		
T R	General Fund					\$	29,024				\$	\$	29,024		
A N	Fire Rescue Fund	\$	34,208										34,208		
S F	Nonmajor Governmental		173,564	\$	2,676		150,674	\$	7,550	\$	603		335,067		
E R	Transit		200,794				182,223						383,017		
S	Public Health Trust		203,224				282,832						486,056		
т	All Others						2,500						2,500		
0	Total Transfers Out	\$	611,790	\$	2,676	\$	647,253	\$	7,550	\$	603 \$	\$	1,269,872		

Major Interfund Transfer Transactions:

Transfers out from the General Fund totaling \$611.8 million include: \$200.6 million to the Transit department to support its operations in accordance with the Maintenance of Effort Agreement (MOE); \$203.2 million to the Public Health Trust from ad valorem taxes to support its operations in accordance with the MOE; \$46.2 million to the Debt Service Fund; \$66.5 million to the Capital Projects Fund to fund capital projects; \$30.1 million to the Community and Social Development Funds to finance its programs; and \$34.2 million to the Fire Rescue Fund to support different activities of the department.

Transfers out of the Fire Rescue Fund totaling \$2.7 million were transferred to fund debt service payments.

The Nonmajor Governmental transfers out of \$647.3 million primarily include: \$111.1 million to the Debt Service Fund; \$8.5 million to the Capital Outlay Fund; \$14.7 million to the Cultural Programs Fund; \$182.2 million to the Transit department from the People's Transportation Plan for the State of Florida half-penny transit system sales surtax, and \$282.8 million to the Public Health Trust from the Health Development Fund for the State of Florida half-penny indigent health sales surtax.

		General Fund		lonmajor vernmental	Transit	Waste Management		
D	General Fund Fire Rescue Fund			\$ 129,123	\$ 38,107			
U	Nonmajor Governmental			3,418				
Е	Self Insurance Internal Service Fund			305	10,842	\$	2,451	
	Transit			128				
т	Aviation	\$	3,121	159				
0	Water and Sewer		663	561				
	Public Health Trust		933	46,560				
	All others		109	513				
	Total Due to Other Funds	\$	4,826	\$ 180,767	\$ 48,949	\$	2,451	

DUE FROM/ADVANCES (in thousands)

Major Due to / Due from Balances:

The General Fund balance of \$4.8 million includes \$2.9 million due to Aviation for an OIG Audit.

Cash Deficits: The amounts due to the General Fund are primarily advances to other funds to cover their cash deficits, in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for financial reporting purposes. The balance includes due from the Transit department of \$38.1 million, due from the Hurricane Restoration fund of \$118.9 million, due from the Community & Social Development fund of \$4.3 million, and due from the Health Development fund of \$0.4 million. These cash advances will be repaid upon collection of federal and state grant receivables. The corresponding amounts are reported by the respective funds as due to other funds.

The \$46.6 million in Nonmajor Governmental funds due to the Public Health Trust represents the amount due from the Health Development Fund for the half penny indigent sales surtax revenue for fiscal year 2019. The \$15.1 million due to the General Fund from Public Health Trust represents an agreement to partially fund the County's obligation to the State of Florida under the Medicaid program.

(Continued)

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

					DUE FROM	AD\	ANCES							
	Seaport		Seaport Aviation			Water and Sewer			Public Health Trust	All Others	Total Due from Other Funds			
\$	230	\$	2,964	\$	14,952 1,000 2,252	\$	15,099				\$	200,475 1,000 5,670		
	254		958		2,880			\$		1		17,691 128 3,280 1,224 47,493 622		
\$	484	\$	3,922	\$	21,084	\$	15,099	\$		1	\$	277,583		

(Concluded)

Note 12 – New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following pronouncements prior to September 30, 2019 which have an effective date that may impact future presentations.

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria.

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The County is in the process of evaluating the impact of implementation. The impact is not known at this time, but it is expected to be significant.

In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. Transactions presented in flows statements of the component unit in that circumstance should include only transactions that occurred subsequent to the acquisition.

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. This Statement also addresses arrangements—often characterized as leases—that are associated with conduit debt obligations. In those arrangements, capital assets are constructed or acquired with the proceeds of a conduit debt obligation and used by third-party obligors in the course of their activities. Payments from third-party obligors are intended to cover and coincide with debt service payments. During those arrangements, issuers retain the titles to the capital assets. Those titles may or may not pass to the obligors at the end of the arrangements.

Note 13 – Fund Balances

The composition of fund balances of the governmental funds as of September 30, 2019 is shown in the table below (in thousands). Refer to Note 1-C for a description of each component of fund balance:

	Major Funds						
	General Fund		Fire Rescue Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Fund Balances:							
Non-spendable:							
Inventory	\$	24,325	\$	6,132	\$	1,800	\$ 32,257
Prepaids						770	770
Permanent fund principal						3,260	3,260
Total Non-spendable		24,325		6,132		5,830	36,287
Restricted:							
Environmentally endangered lands		28,208					28,208
Stormwater utility		41,238					41,238
Other restricted fund balance		9,972					9,972
Special revenue funds:							
General government						4,634	4,634
Protection of people and property				43,042		107,121	150,163
Physical environment						22,604	22,604
Transportation						117,627	117,627
Human services						45,738	45,738
Socio-economic environment						518,970	518,970
Cultural and recreation						41,874	41,874
Debt service						273,530	273,530
Capital projects						851,465	851,465
Permanent funds						203	203
Total Restricted		79,418		43,042		1,983,766	2,106,226
Committed:							
Financed Leases		3,502					3,502
Other commitments		941					941
Total Committed		4,443					4,443
Assigned:							
Allocated for subsequent year's budget		200,829					200,829
Other purposes		41,913					41,913
Total Assigned		242,742					242,742
		242,742					242,142
Unassigned/(Deficit):		123,049		(7,733)		(67,771)	47,545
Total Fund Balances	\$	473,977	\$	41,441	\$	1,921,825	\$ 2,437,243

Note 14 – Subsequent Events

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus surfaced in Wuhan, China, and has spread around the world, with resulting business and social disruption. The coronavirus was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization on January 30, 2020. The operations and business results of the County could be significantly adversely affected. The extent to which the coronavirus may impact governmental activity, business activity or investment results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions required to contain the coronavirus or treat its impact, among others.

Governmental Activities

On February 2, 2020, Super Bowl LIV 2020 was hosted by Miami-Dade County at the Hard Rock Stadium in Miami Gardens. Super Bowls are considered Tier One qualifying events, which have an earning limitation, or cap, of \$4,000,000. Per Article 2 of the Marquee Event Performance Based Grant Agreement, "Marquee Event Grant shall be deemed earned for each Qualifying Event held at the Stadium during the Grant Term upon occurrence of the applicable Qualifying Event and receipt by the County of a Confirmation Notice from Stadium LLC no later than September 30th of the Contract Year in which the Qualifying Event was held." Confirmation Notices are typically provided, as dated by the previous three confirmation notices, sometime in either August or September. The event has taken place, but the County is pending receipt of the confirmation notice signed and dated by the Stadium LLC.

Water and Sewer Department

On November 6, 2019, Miami-Dade County closed on the issuance of Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, (Series 2019B) and System Revenue Refunding Bonds, (Taxable Series 2019C) in the amount of \$1,211,950,000. The Delivery date was 11/06/2019, and the last maturity 10/01/2046. The coupon rate is 3.756786% with an Average life (years) of 22.94. The Par Amount is \$1,211,950,000 with a Bond Proceed of \$1,278,630,527. On the day of closing the County wired \$757,161.09 to pay Commercial Paper program interest due and \$600.00 in draw fees due on the maturing Commercial Paper. These funds came from the new operating revenue of the Water and Sewer Department.

On January 24, 2020 Miami-Dade County in conjunction with The Bank of New York Mellon, Swap Financial Group, LLC. Terminated the interest rate swap transaction (WASD Series 2007). It was agreed between parties on the Termination Pricing Date that in exchange for terminating the Swap, BNY will make a termination payment to the County in the amount of \$12,630,000 (the Termination Payment) due on January 28, 2020. BNY represented at the time of trading that \$390,000 of execution costs were included in the transaction and the observed mid-market level was \$13,020,000. The funds were received by the county on the due date.

On February 6, 2020 Miami-Dade County in conjunction with the Bank of New York Mellon, Swap Financial Group, LLC. Terminated the interest rate swap transaction (WASD Series 2013B). It was agreed between parties on the Termination Pricing Date that in exchange for terminating the Swap, BNY will make a termination payment to the County in the amount of \$18,615,000 (the Termination Payment) due on February 10, 2020. BNY represented at the time of trading that \$700,000 of execution costs were included in the transaction and observed mid-market level was \$19,315,000. The funds were received by the County on the due date.

Seaport Department

On February 19, 2020, the Board passed a resolution executing an agreement with a contractor for the development of a Transportation Master Plan (Plan), consisting of a Traffic Impact Study and a Conceptual Roadway Plan. The Plan will assist the Seaport in the roadway network, site circulation, and access requirements to meet future transportation needs. The contract amount was \$3.3 million with a contingency allowance of \$300,000.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

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GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	-	-		-
Taxes				
General property taxes	\$ 1,426,756	\$ 1,426,756	\$ 1,440,272	\$ 13,516
Utility taxes	94,703	94,703	99,996	5,293
Communication taxes	29,264	29,264	24,970	(4,294)
Local option gas tax	54,990	54,990	59,033	4,043
Local Business tax	7,971	7,971	8,839	868
Total	1,613,684	1,613,684	1,633,110	19,426
Licenses and permits				
Building	54,497	54,577	66,079	11,502
Franchise fees	27,271	27,271	24,581	(2,690)
Other licenses	25,815	25,815	27,115	1,300
Total	107,583	107,663	117,775	10,112
Intergovernmental revenues				
State sales tax	170,991	170,991	176,298	5,307
State revenue sharing	112,954	112,954	114,714	1,760
Gasoline and motor fuel tax	13,130	13,130	14,053	923
Alcoholic beverages license	1,137	1,137	1,181	44
Other	964	964	1,237	273
Total	299,176	299,176	307,483	8,307
Charges for services				
Clerk of Circuit and County Court	17,658	17,658	17,307	(351)
Tax Collector fees	34,503	34,503	36,030	1,527
Merchandise sales & recreational fees	54,374	54,374	54,135	(239)
Sheriff and police services	104,393	110,450	114,154	3,704
Stormwater & utility service fees	74,509	74,509	77,846	3,337
Other	122,665	122,665	122,407	(258)
Total	408,102	414,159	421,879	7,720
Fines and forfeitures				
Clerk of Circuit and County Court	18,390	18,390	22,715	4,325
Investment income	12,357	12,357	22,330	9,973
Other	74,777	75,358	77,526	2,168
Total revenues	2,534,069	2,540,787	2,602,818	62,031

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures:				
Policy formulation and general government				
Office of the Mayor	\$ 4,838	\$ 4,838	\$ 4,836	\$2
County Commission	20,212	23,357	22,030	1,327
Management and Budget	6,421	6,421	6,167	254
Human Resources	7,993	7,877	7,477	400
Finance	48,435	48,281	44,924	3,357
Audit and Management Services	5,014	5,014	4,822	192
Property Appraiser	46,474	46,474	44,312	2,162
Clerk of Circuit and County Court	21,531	21,531	18,218	3,313
Information Technology Department	63,210	63,210	53,918	9,292
Elections	24,913	25,814	25,806	8
County Attorney	18,437	18,437	18,280	157
Judicial Administration	33,196	33,196	30,393	2,803
Regulatory and Economic Resources	5,767	5,767	4,848	919
Office of the Inspector General	721	721	721	
Commission on Ethics	2,162	2,162	2,162	
Internal Service Department	59,936	59,936	45,124	14,812
Communications	9,850	9,850	8,882	968
General government costs	103,607	103,607	101,591	2,016
Total	482,717	486,493	444,511	41,982
Protection of people and property				
Police	661,609	667,666	660,698	6,968
Corrections and rehabilitation	356,283	358,599	357,440	1,159
Medical examiner	13,683	12,572	11,738	834
Transportation and Public Works	4,310	4,310	4,195	115
Regulatory & Economic Resources	68,184	68,184	68,184	
Juvenile assessment	11,474	11,474	10,841	633
General government costs	3,005	3,005	1,759	1,246
Total	1,118,548	1,125,810	1,114,855	10,955

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

Environmentally Endangered Lands \$ 2,964 \$ 2,964 \$ 2,964 \$ 2,964 Transportation and Public Works 17,049 17,049 17,049 Regulatory and Economic Resources 61,129 61,129 61,129 General government costs 495 495 495 Total 81,637 81,637 81,637 Transportation and Public Works 21,208 21,288 17,405 \$ 3, Total 21,208 21,288 17,405 \$ 3, Health 21,208 21,288 17,405 \$ 3, Solid Waste Management 12,924 8,460 8,440 Animal Services 27,027 27,7027 25,720 1, General government costs 24,950 24,428 56,588 1, Socio-economic environment Mami Dade Economic Advisory Trust 1,241 1,241 1,059 Regulatory and Economic Resources 717 717 648 3, Management and Budget 1,972 1,972 1,006 3,			riginal udget		Final Budget	Actual	 ance with al Budget
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Transportation and Public Works 21,208 21,288 17,405 \$ 3, Total 21,208 21,288 17,405 \$, 3, Health Solid Waste Management 12,924 8,460 8,440 Animal Services 27,027 27,027 25,720 1, General government costs 24,950 24,428 1, Solid Waste Management 1,241 1,241 1,059 Regulatory and Economic Advisory Trust 1,241 1,241 1,059 Regulatory and Economic Resources 717 717 648 Management and Budget 1,972 1,972 1,006 General government costs 88,229 88,155 2, Total 92,159 92,159 88,868 3, Culture and Recreation 152,840 151,142 1, 1, General government costs 500 500 500 500 Regulatory and Economic Resources 360 360 249 24,226 162,126 152,840	Total		81,637		81,637	81,637	
Total 21,208 21,288 17,405 3, Health Solid Waste Management 12,924 8,460 8,440 Animal Services 27,027 27,027 25,720 1, General government costs 24,950 24,428 1,059 Total 64,901 60,437 58,588 1, Socio-economic environment 1,241 1,241 1,059 1,006 Management and Budget 1,972 1,972 1,006 1,006 1,972 1,006 General government costs 88,229 88,229 86,155 2, 7,007 Total 92,159 92,159 88,868 3, 1, 1, General government costs 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 64,91/2 1,435 31,435 1,435 31,435 1,435 1,435 1,435 1,435 1,435	•						
Health 12,924 8,460 8,440 Animal Services 27,027 27,027 25,720 1, General government costs 24,950 24,950 24,428 Total 64,901 60,337 58,588 1, Socio-economic environment 1,241 1,241 1,059 Regulatory and Economic Resources 717 717 648 Management and Budget 1,972 1,972 1,006 88,229 86,155 2, Total 92,159 92,159 88,868 3, 3, Culture and Recreation 84,226 8,426 7,870 9 Park and Recreation 152,840 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 500 500 500 500 500 Regulatory and Economic Resources 360 360 249 2, 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of	Transportation and Public Works		,		,	,	\$ 3,883
Solid Waste Management 12,924 8,460 8,440 Animal Services 27,027 25,720 1, General government costs 24,950 24,950 24,428 Total 64,901 60,437 58,588 1, Socio-economic environment 1,241 1,241 1,059 1,972 1,972 1,006 General government costs 717 717 648 64,901 60,437 58,588 3, Miami Dade Economic Resources 717 717 648 7,870 1,972 1,972 1,006 General government costs 88,229 88,229 86,155 2, 70 Culture and Recreation 152,840 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 500 50 <	Total		21,208		21,288	17,405	3,883
Animal Services 27,027 27,027 25,720 1, General government costs 24,950 24,428 1 Total 64,901 60,437 58,588 1, Socio-economic environment 1,241 1,241 1,059 1 Miami Dade Economic Advisory Trust 1,241 1,241 1,059 1 Regulatory and Economic Resources 717 717 648 1 Management and Budget 1,972 1,006 1 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
General government costs 24,950 24,950 24,428 Total 64,901 60,437 58,588 1, Socio-economic environment 1,241 1,241 1,059 Regulatory and Economic Advisory Trust 1,241 1,241 1,059 Regulatory and Economic Resources 717 717 648 Management and Budget 1,972 1,972 1,006 General government costs 88,229 88,229 86,155 2, Total 92,159 92,159 88,868 3, Culture and Recreation 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 500 500 500 Regulatory and Economic Resources 360 360 249 Total 162,126 162,126 159,761 2, Capital outlay 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 Total 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 57,666 57,666 162,67	Ū		,		,	,	20
Total 64,901 60,437 58,588 1, Socio-economic environment Miami Dade Economic Advisory Trust 1,241 1,241 1,059 Regulatory and Economic Resources 717 717 648 Management and Budget 1,972 1,972 1,006 General government costs 88,229 86,155 2, Total 92,159 92,159 88,868 3, Culture and Recreation 152,840 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 500 500 500 700 Park and Recreation 152,840 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 500 500 500 700 Regulatory and Economic Resources 360 360 249 70tal 70tal 70tal 70tal 70tal 70tal 70tal 70tal 705,766 162,126 159,761 2, Other financing sources (uses): 2,054,731 2,066,1385 1,997,060 64, Tran	Animal Services		27,027		27,027		1,307
Socio-economic environment I Miami Dade Economic Advisory Trust 1,241 1,241 1,059 Regulatory and Economic Resources 717 717 648 Management and Budget 1,972 1,972 1,006 General government costs 88,229 88,229 86,155 2, Total 92,159 92,159 88,868 3, Culture and Recreation 8,426 7,870 8,426 7,870 Park and Recreation 152,840 151,142 1, 1,972 1,906 60 Regulatory and Economic Resources 500 500 500 860 249 162,126 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 360 360 249 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,305 29,024 (2, (2,	General government costs		,		,		522
Miami Dade Economic Advisory Trust 1,241 1,241 1,059 Regulatory and Economic Resources 717 717 648 Management and Budget 1,972 1,972 1,006 General government costs 88,229 88,229 86,155 2, Total 92,159 92,159 88,868 3, Culture and Recreation 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 500 500 500 Regulatory and Economic Resources 500 500 500 Regulatory and Economic Resources 360 360 249 Total 162,126 162,126 159,761 2, Capital outlay 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 Total expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 2 2 626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: Physical environment (80,391) 80,	Total		64,901		60,437	58,588	1,849
Regulatory and Economic Resources 717 717 648 Management and Budget 1,972 1,972 1,006 General government costs 88,229 88,229 86,155 2, Total 92,159 92,159 88,868 3, Culture and Recreation 8,426 8,426 7,870 Park and Recreation 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 500 500 500 Regulatory and Economic Resources 360 360 249 Total 162,126 162,126 159,761 2, Capital outlay 31,435 31,435 31,435 Total 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,052) (62	Socio-economic environment						
Management and Budget 1,972 1,972 1,006 General government costs 88,229 88,229 86,155 2, Total 92,159 92,159 88,868 3, Culture and Recreation 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 500 500 500 Regulatory and Economic Resources 360 360 249 Total 162,126 162,126 159,761 2, Capital outlay 31,435 31,435 31,435 Total expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Reserve for future expenditures: Physical environment (80,391) (80,391) 80, Budgetary reserves and contingencies (220,453) (220,453) 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (358,587) (358,587) 41,659 <td< td=""><td>Miami Dade Economic Advisory Trust</td><td></td><td>1,241</td><td></td><td>1,241</td><td>1,059</td><td>182</td></td<>	Miami Dade Economic Advisory Trust		1,241		1,241	1,059	182
General government costs 88,229 86,155 2, Total 92,159 92,159 88,868 3, Culture and Recreation 8,426 8,426 7,870 Park and Recreation 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 500 500 500 Regulatory and Economic Resources 360 360 249 Total 162,126 162,126 159,761 2, Capital outlay 31,435 31,435 31,435 Total expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: (80,391) (80,391) 80, Physical environment (80,391)	Regulatory and Economic Resources		717		717	648	69
Total 92,159 92,159 88,868 3, Culture and Recreation 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,	Management and Budget		1,972		1,972	1,006	966
Culture and Recreation 8,426 8,426 7,870 Park and Recreation 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 500 500 500 Regulatory and Economic Resources 360 360 249 Total 162,126 162,126 159,761 2, Capital outlay 31,435 31,435 31,435 Total expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: 9 (220,453) 220, (220,453) 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (337,925) (837,925) (837,929) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) 358,587<	General government costs		88,229		88,229	86,155	2,074
Cultural Affairs Coordination 8,426 8,426 7,870 Park and Recreation 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 500 500 500 Regulatory and Economic Resources 360 360 249 Total 162,126 162,126 159,761 2, Capital outlay 31,435 31,435 31,435 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 2 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, (2, 14, Reserve for future expenditures: Physical environment (80,391) (80,391) 14, Budgetary reserves and contingencies (220,453) (220,453) 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (358,587) (358,587) 41,659 400, <tr< td=""><td>Total</td><td></td><td>92,159</td><td></td><td>92,159</td><td>88,868</td><td>3,291</td></tr<>	Total		92,159		92,159	88,868	3,291
Park and Recreation 152,840 151,142 1, General government costs 500 500 500 Regulatory and Economic Resources 360 360 249 Total 162,126 162,126 159,761 2, Capital outlay 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 Total expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: (80,391) (80,391) 80, Physical environment (80,391) (80,391) 20, Budgetary reserves and contingencies (220,453) 220, 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (337,925) (837,925)	Culture and Recreation						
General government costs 500 500 500 Regulatory and Economic Resources 360 360 249 Total 162,126 162,126 159,761 2, Capital outlay 31,435 31,435 31,435 Total expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: Physical environment (80,391) (80,391) 80, Budgetary reserves and contingencies (220,453) (220,453) 220, 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (337,925) (837,989) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) 358,587 430,938 72,	Cultural Affairs Coordination		8,426		8,426	7,870	556
Regulatory and Economic Resources Total 360 360 249 Total 162,126 159,761 2, Capital outlay 31,435 31,435 31,435 Total expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: Physical environment (80,391) 80, Budgetary reserves and contingencies (220,453) (220,453) 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (837,925) (837,989) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) 358,587 430,938 72,	Park and Recreation		152,840		152,840	151,142	1,698
Total 162,126 162,126 159,761 2, Capital outlay 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 Total expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: Physical environment (80,391) (80,391) 80, Budgetary reserves and contingencies (220,453) (220,453) 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (837,925) (837,989) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) 358,587 430,938 72,	General government costs		500		500	500	
Total 162,126 162,126 159,761 2, Capital outlay 31,435 31,435 31,435 31,435 Total expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: Physical environment (80,391) 80, Budgetary reserves and contingencies (220,453) (220,453) 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (358,587) (358,587) 41,659 400, Fund balance - beginning 358,587 358,587 430,938 72,	Regulatory and Economic Resources		360		360	249	111
Capital outlay Total expenditures 31,435 31,435 31,435 Excess of revenues over expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: 9 (220,453) 220, Physical environment (80,391) 80, 80, Budgetary reserves and contingencies (220,453) (220,453) 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (337,925) (837,989) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) 358,587 430,938 72,			162,126		162,126	159,761	2,365
Total expenditures 2,054,731 2,061,385 1,997,060 64, Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: 9 9 220, 220, Physical environment (80,391) (80,391) 80, 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (837,925) (837,989) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) 358,587 430,938 72,	Capital outlay		31,435		31,435	 31,435	
Excess of revenues over expenditures 479,338 479,402 605,758 126, Other financing sources (uses): 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, Capital lease arrangements 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: (80,391) (80,391) 80, Physical environment (80,391) (80,391) 20, 20, Total other financing sources (uses) (837,925) (837,929) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) 358,587 430,938 72,		2		2			64,325
Other financing sources (uses): 57,666 57,666 18,667 (38, 7 ransfers in Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, 7 ransfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, 80,391) 80, 80,391) 80, 80,391) 80, 80,391) 20, 7 otal other financing sources (uses) (80,391) 80, (220,453) 220, 70,453) 220, 70,566 18,667 (38, 80,024 20, 70,024 20, 70,026 20, 70,026	Excess of revenues over expenditures						126,356
Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: (80,391) (80,391) 80, Physical environment (80,391) (80,391) 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (837,925) (837,989) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) (358,587) 41,659 400, Fund balance - beginning 358,587 358,587 430,938 72,			,			,	
Transfers in 31,305 31,305 29,024 (2, Transfers out (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Reserve for future expenditures: (80,391) (80,391) 80, Physical environment (80,391) (80,391) 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (837,925) (837,989) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) (358,587) 41,659 400, Fund balance - beginning 358,587 358,587 430,938 72,			57.666		57.666	18.667	(38,999)
Transfers out Reserve for future expenditures: (626,052) (626,116) (611,790) 14, Physical environment Budgetary reserves and contingencies (80,391) (80,391) 80, Total other financing sources (uses) (837,925) (837,989) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) (358,587) 41,659 400, Fund balance - beginning 358,587 358,587 430,938 72,			31,305		31,305		(2,281)
Reserve for future expenditures: (80,391) (80,391) 80, Physical environment (80,391) (80,391) 220, Budgetary reserves and contingencies (220,453) (220,453) 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (837,925) (837,989) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) (358,587) 41,659 400, Fund balance - beginning 358,587 358,587 430,938 72,	Transfers out		(626.052)			(611,790)	14,326
Physical environment (80,391) (80,391) 80, Budgetary reserves and contingencies (220,453) (220,453) 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (837,925) (837,989) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) (358,587) 41,659 400, Fund balance - beginning 358,587 358,587 430,938 72,	Reserve for future expenditures:		(,)		((- ,)	,
Budgetary reserves and contingencies (220,453) 220, Total other financing sources (uses) (837,925) (837,989) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) (358,587) 41,659 400, Fund balance - beginning 358,587 358,587 430,938 72,	•		(80.391)		(80.391)		80,391
Total other financing sources (uses) (837,925) (837,989) (564,099) 273, Net change in fund balances (358,587) (358,587) 41,659 400, Fund balance - beginning 358,587 358,587 430,938 72,			(,		· · /		220,453
Net change in fund balances (358,587) (358,587) 41,659 400, Fund balance - beginning 358,587 358,587 430,938 72,	o ,		. ,		(. ,	(564,099)	273,890
Fund balance - beginning 358,587 358,587 430,938 72,			(<i>'</i>)		(/ /	(/ /	400,246
• •							72,351
			000,001		000,007		1,380
.,						\$,	\$ 473,977

FIRE RESCUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	-	ance with al Budget
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 375,083	\$ 375,083	\$ 378,163	\$	3,080
Charges for services	81,192	82,778	88,378		5,600
Fines and forfeitures			25		25
Investment income	1,312	1,312	2,639		1,327
Other	2,162	2,162	1,625		(537)
Total revenues	459,749	461,335	470,830		9,495
Expenditures:					
Protection of people and property	480,536	482,122	480,536		1,586
Capital outlay	7,652	7,652	7,652		
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	6,530	6,530	6,471		59
Interest payments	1,413	1,413	632		781
Total expenditures	 496,131	497,717	495,291		2,426
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(36,382)	(36,382)	(24,461)		11,921
Other financing sources (uses):	 				
Capital lease	5,820	5,820			(5,820)
Operating transfers in	35,135	35,135	34,208		(927)
Operating transfers out	(4,774)	(4,774)	(2,676)		2,098
Reserves for future expenditures:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,		
Budgetary reserves and contingencies	(7,655)	(7,655)			7,655
Total other financing	 				
sources (uses)	28,526	28,526	31,532		3,006
Net change in fund balances	 (7,856)	(7,856)	7,071		14,927
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventories			(663)		(663)
Fund balances - beginning	7,856	7,856	35,033		27,177
Fund balances - ending	 .,	.,	\$ 41,441	\$	41,441

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED) September 30, (dollars in thousands)

	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	 2014
County's proportion of the FRS net pension liability	7.9419%	7.8308%	7.7683%	7.6456%	7.3960%	7.4912%
County's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 2,735,095	\$ 2,358,684	\$ 2,298,600	\$ 1,930,518	\$ 955,290	\$ 457,074
County's covered payroll	\$ 2,141,958	\$ 2,064,767	\$ 1,976,201	\$ 1,890,426	\$ 1,867,793	\$ 1,820,507
County's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	127.69%	114.23%	116.31%	102.12%	51.15%	25.11%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th. The covered payroll includes the payroll for Investment Plan members. Currently, only data for fiscal years ending September 30, 2014 through 2019 are available. Covered payroll for 2014 through 2016 was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 82.

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED) September 30, (dollars in thousands)

	2019		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$	246,258	\$ 223,172	\$ 212,387	\$ 197,082	\$ 181,119	\$ 164,089
FRS contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		246,258	223,172	212,387	197,082	181,119	164,089
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered payroll	\$	2,127,811	\$ 2,057,084	\$ 2,022,781	\$ 1,970,133	\$ 1,810,762	\$ 1,824,143
FRS contribution as a percentage of covered payroll		11.57%	10.85%	10.50%	10.00%	10.00%	9.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. The covered payroll includes the payroll for Investment Plan members. Currently, only data for fiscal years ending September 30, 2014 through 2019 are available. Covered payroll for 2014 through 2016 was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 82.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED) September 30, (dollars in thousands)

2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 County's proportion of the HIS net pension liability 6.3583% 6.2966% 6.1974% 6.1130% 6.1518% 6.1247% County's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability 711,431 \$ 666,442 \$ 662,657 \$ 712,441 \$ 627,385 \$ 572,674 \$ County's covered payroll 1,817,682 1,756,528 1,679,674 1,605,919 1,590,132 1,552,933County's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered pavroll 39.14% 37.94% 39.45% 44.36% 39.45% 36.88% HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 2.63% 2.15% 1.64% 0.97% 0.50% 0.99%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th. Currently, only data for fiscal years ending September 30, 2014 through 2019 are available. Covered payroll for 2014 through 2016 was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 82.

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED) September 30, (dollars in thousands)

	 2019 2018		2017	2016	2015	2014		
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$ 35,307	\$	34,147	\$ 33,460	\$ 32,647	\$ 25,318	\$	20,981
HIS contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	 35,307		34,147	33,460	32,647	25,318		20,981
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
County's covered payroll	\$ 1,809,578	\$	1,750,519	\$ 1,720,318	\$ 1,673,908	\$ 1,595,730	\$	1,555,421
HIS contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	1.95%		1.95%	1.94%	1.95%	1.59%		1.35%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Currently, only data for fiscal years ending September 30, 2014 through 2019 are available. Covered payroll for 2014 through 2016 was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 82.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED) September 30, (dollars in thousands)

	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Public Health Trust's proportion of the FRS net pension liability	0.2535%	0.2894%	0.3125%	0.3615%	0.4121%	0.4681%
Public Health Trust's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 87,296	\$ 87,157	\$ 92,435	\$ 91,283	\$ 53,222	\$ 28,559
Public Health Trust's covered payroll	\$ 90,167	\$ 100,336	\$ 105,549	\$ 120,075	\$ 134,847	\$ 115,725
Public Health Trust's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	96.82%	86.87%	87.58%	76.02%	39.47%	24.68%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th

PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED)

September 30,

(dollars in thousands)

	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$ 7,860	\$ 8,247	\$ 8,135	\$ 8,816	\$ 10,046	\$ 10,253
FRS contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	 7,860	8,247	8,135	8,816	10,046	10,253
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Public Health Trust's covered payroll	\$ 90,173	\$ 100,336	\$ 105,549	\$ 120,075	\$ 134,847	\$ 115,725
FRS contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	8.72%	8.22%	7.71%	7.34%	7.45%	8.86%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED) September 30,

(dollars in thousands)

	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Public Health Trust's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.3175%	0.3732%	0.4069%	0.4679%	0.5097%	0.5668%
Public Health Trust's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$ 35,530	\$ 39,505	\$ 43,512	\$ 54,528	\$ 51,980	\$ 52,997
Public Health Trust's covered payroll	\$ 106,212	\$ 121,943	\$ 129,755	\$ 144,456	\$ 154,640	\$ 168,204
Public Health Trust's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	33.45%	32.40%	33.53%	37.75%	33.61%	31.51%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th

PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED) September 30, (dollars in thousands)

	 2019	2018		2017		2016	2016		2014
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$ 1,763	\$ 2,024	\$	2,154	\$	2,398	\$	1,948	\$ 1,942
HIS contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	 1,763	2,024		2,154		2,398		1,948	1,942
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Public Health Trust's covered payroll	\$ 106,212	\$ 121,943	\$	129,755	\$	144,456	\$	154,640	\$ 168,204
HIS contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	1.66%	1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		1.26%	1.15%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED) September 30, (in thousands)

Year Ended December 31	De	tuarially termined tributions	Annual Required ontribution	Percentage Contributed	-	overed payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of payroll
2010	\$	42,000	\$ 42,000	100%	\$	507,365	8.28%
2011		43,649	43,649	100%		451,944	9.66%
2012		40,363	40,363	100%		439,993	9.17%
2013		30,255	30,255	100%		393,422	7.69%
2014		24,478	24,478	100%		402,411	6.08%
2015		24,553	24,553	100%		440,453	5.57%
2016		26,218	26,218	100%		509,069	5.15%
2017		33,982	33,982	100%		579,848	5.86%
2018		42,990	42,990	100%		645,238	6.66%
2019		24,026	24,026	100%		701,764	3.42%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF NET PENSION ASSET (LIABILITY) (UNAUDITED)

September 30,

(in thousands)

September 30,	 al Pension ₋iability	n Fiduciary t Position	 t Pension .iability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Liability
2019	\$ 906,386	\$ 814,960	\$ (91,426)	89.91%
2018	814,085	789,511	(24,574)	96.98%
2017	725,731	712,359	(13,372)	98.16%
2016	663,991	620,235	(43,756)	93.41%
2015	599,734	555,346	(44,388)	92.60%
2014	544,203	564,173	19,970	103.67%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION ASSET (LIABILITY) AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED)

September 30,

(in thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability:						
Service cost	\$ (34,801)	\$ (31,523) \$	(27,574) \$	(25,252) \$	(24,182) \$	(24,480)
Interest	(61,367)	(55,518)	(50,455)	(46,551)	(42,349)	(38,954)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(25,175)	(13,878)	(9,902)	(23,476)	(7,586)	(6,387)
Changes in assumptions	(5,760)	(9,849)	3,073			(16,324)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	34,802	22,415	23,118	31,022	18,586	39,679
Net change in total pension liability	(92,301)	(88,353)	(61,740)	(64,257)	(55,531)	(46,466)
Total pension liability, beginning of year	(814,085)	(725,731)	(663,991)	(599,734)	(544,203)	(497,736)
Total pension liability, end of year	(906,386)	(814,084)	(725,731)	(663,991)	(599,734)	(544,202)
Plan fiduciary net position:						
Contributions - employer	23,378	23,001	18,889	20,556	13,367	12,012
Contributions - member	21,196	20,702	18,114	13,936	13,885	12,249
Net investment income	17,122	57,854	80,071	64,660	(15,688)	37,291
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(34,802)	(22,415)	(23,118)	(31,771)	(18,586)	(39,679)
Administrative expense	(1,445)	(1,990)	(1,832)	(2,492)	(1,805)	(452)
Net change in fiduciary net position	25,449	77,152	92,124	64,889	(8,827)	21,421
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	789,511	712,359	620,235	555,346	564,173	542,752
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	814,960	789,511	712,359	620,235	555,346	564,173
Net pension liability, end of year	\$ (91,426)	\$ (24,573) \$	(13,372) \$	(43,756) \$	(44,388) \$	19,971
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset (liability)	89.9%	97.0%	98.2%	93.4%	92.6%	103.7%
Covered payroll Net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of covered payroll Dollar weighted rate of return	\$ 701,764 13.0% 2.20%	\$ 645,238 \$ 3.8% 8.00%	579,848 \$ 2.3% 12.80%	509,069 \$ 8.6% 11.50%	440,453 \$ 10.1% 2.76%	402,411 5.0% 7.00%

Notes to Schedule:

- Benefit changes since September 30, 2014: During the year-ended September 30, 2019, an early retirement acceptance (ERA) program commenced. Lump-sum incentive payments and retirement date changes resulted from the program.

- Changes of assumptions: From September 30, 2018 to September 30, 2019 : None

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS (UNAUDITED) September 30,

_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	2.20%	8.00%	12.80%	11.50%	2.76%	7.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

The Plan uses the aggregate actuarial cost method, which cannot be used to prepare a schedule of funding progress because it does not separately determine actuarial liabilities. In order to provide information that serves as a surrogate for the funding progress of the Plan per GASB Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*, the entry age normal cost method has been used to calculate the funded status. This method calculates the funding progress by a ratio of the actuarial value of assets to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL).

Notes to Schedule:

Asset valuation method: Five-year smoothing of market value

Investment rate of return: 7.40%

Projected salary increases: Salaries are assumed to increase at 4% per year and 3% per year for employees with less than 10 years or more than 10 years of service, respectively.

Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA): Calculated based on years of service before April 1, 2012, divided by total years of service at retirement multiplied by 3%.

No COLA on health insurance subsidy. First year COLA is prorated if participant has not been retired a full year at time of increase.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED) September 30, (In thousands)

2019 2018 **Total OPEB Liability** Service cost \$ 13,147 \$ 12,612 Interest 22,773 20,615 Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience 4.631 Changes of assumptions and other inputs 83,969 (30, 580)Benefit payments (36, 542)(31, 489)Net change in total OPEB liability \$ 87,978 \$ (28, 842)Total OPEB liability - beginning 542,224 571,066 \$ Total OPEB liability - ending 630,202 \$ 542,224 \$ Covered employee payroll 2,680,467 \$ 2,343,021 Total OPEB liability as a percentage of 23.51% 23.14% covered employee payroll

Changes in assumptions: Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used each period:

2019	2.66%
2018	4.24%

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 to pay related benefits. There were no changes to benefit terms during the measurement period. The discount rate is the only applicable change in the actuarial valuation. All other assumptions for this update report are the same as the prior valuation.

<u>Note:</u> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Currently, only data for fiscal years ending September 30, 2018 and 2019 are available. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - (Unaudited)

Budgets

Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, requires that all county governments prepare, approve, adopt and execute an annual budget for such funds as may be required by law or by sound financial practices and generally accepted accounting principles. The budgets control the levy of taxes and the expenditure of money for County purposes for the ensuing fiscal year. The budgeting process is based on estimates of revenues and expenditures. The County budgets are prepared on a modified-accrual basis or accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The County's budgets have to be approved by the Board of County Commissioners. Every September, the County holds two public hearings and adopts the annual budgets for substantially all County funds through the enactment of budget ordinances. Most funds have annually appropriated budgets, meaning that their budgets are established annually. Capital project funds and certain grant funds, however, have budgets that extend over the duration of the project or grant, which may be several years. At the end of the fiscal year, the appropriations of annually adopted budgets lapse, but the appropriations of project-length budgets continue until the end of the capital project or grant.

The adopted budgets are either appropriated or non-appropriated in nature. Funds that have appropriated budgets cannot legally exceed their appropriations. The budgetary control over funds that have non-appropriated budgets are dependent on other enabling ordinances, such as bond ordinances, in which expenditure authority extends over several years into the future.

Budgets are monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, expenditures cannot legally exceed total appropriations at the individual fund or departmental level. Amendments and supplements to the budget at the fund or department level require County Commissioners' approval. Department directors are authorized to make transfers of appropriations within their fund or department. Transfers of appropriations between funds or departments require County Commissioners' approval. Estimated fund balances are considered in the budgetary process.

Encumbrance accounting is used in the County's governmental funds. Encumbrances are commitments for future expenditures, based on purchase orders or contracts issued, where the goods or services have been ordered but have not been received. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities to the County since no resources are expended until the goods or services are received. They are used to help ensure that actual expenditures and commitments for future expenditures do not exceed authorized appropriations.

A budget and actual comparison for the General Fund and the Fire Rescue Fund is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report. Budget and actual comparisons for other funds are reflected in the Other Supplementary section.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Combining and individual fund statements and schedules provide a more detailed view of the information aggregated to develop the basic financial statements presented in the preceding section.

GENERAL FUND SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

Revenues:	
Taxes	
General property taxes	\$ 1,440,272
Utility taxes	99,996
Communication taxes	24,970
Local option gas tax	59,033
Local Business tax	8,839
Total	1,633,110
Licenses and permits	
Building	66,079
Franchise fees	24,581
Other licenses	27,115
Total	117,775
Intergovernmental revenues	
State sales tax	176,298
State revenue sharing	114,714
Gasoline and motor fuel tax	14,053
Alcoholic beverages license	1,181
Other	1,237
Total	307,483
Charges for services	
Clerk of Circuit and County Court	17,307
Tax Collector fees	36,030
Merchandise sales and recreation fees	54,135
Sheriff and police services	114,154
Stormwater & utility service fees	77,846
Other	122,407
Total	421,879
Fines and forfeitures	
Clerk of Circuit and County Court	22,715
Investment income	22,330
Other	
Administrative	54,598
Rentals	7,606
Other miscellaneous	15,322
Total	77,526
Total revenues	\$ 2,602,818

GENERAL FUND SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

Expenditures: Policy formulation and general government	
Financial administration	\$ 151,788
Judicial	46,954
Executive	4,836
Legislative	22,030
Other general government	218,903
Total	444,511
Protection of people and property	
Police and crime control	671,539
Corrections and rehabilitation	357,440
Protective services and inspection	85,876
Total	1,114,855
Physical environment	81,637
Transportation	17,405
Health	58,588
Social services	88,868
Culture and recreation	159,761
Capital outlay	31,435
Total expenditures	1,997,060
Excess of revenues over expenditures	605,758
Other financing sources (uses):	
Capital lease arrangements	18,667
Transfers in	29,024
Transfers out	 (611,790)
Total other financing (uses)	 (564,099)
Net change in fund balances	41,659
Increase in reserve for inventories	1,380
Fund balance - beginning	 430,938
Fund balance - ending	\$ 473,977

(Concluded)

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY FUND TYPE SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (in thousands)

Total Special Debt Nonmajor Revenue Service Capital Permanent Governmental Funds Funds Projects Funds Funds ASSETS \$ 245.857 \$ 98,060 \$ 276,033 \$ 1,004 \$ 620,954 Cash and cash equivalents 332,700 233,895 609,498 2,462 1,178,555 Investments 14,145 15,374 Accounts receivable, net 1,229 584 Delinquent taxes receivable 817 1,401 Allowance for uncollected delinquent taxes (817) (584) (1,401)2.252 Due from other funds 3,418 5,670 Due from other governments 219,783 10,694 230,477 Mortgages and notes receivable, net 266,515 266,515 Inventories 1,800 1,800 Other assets 1,313 1,313 Total assets 1,085,531 331,955 \$ 899,706 \$ 3,466 \$ 2,320,658 \$ \$ LIABILITIES \$ \$ 28,942 50,986 65 \$ \$ 3 \$ 79,996 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 12,868 13,040 Retainage payable 172 Due to other funds 178,515 2,252 180,767 29,225 Due to other governments 28,572 653 2,172 3,084 5,256 Unearned revenue Other liabilities 58,360 63,276 4,916 Total liabilities 265,333 58,425 47,799 3 371,560 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 442 27,273 26,831 Unavailable revenue Total deferred inflows of resources 26,831 442 27,273 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) 2,570 3,260 5,830 Nonspendable 858,568 273,530 Restricted 851,465 203 1,983,766 Unassigned (67, 771)(67,771) Total fund balances 793,367 273,530 851,465 3.463 1,921,825 331,955 899,706 3.466 2,320,658 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits) \$ 1,085,531 \$ \$ \$ \$

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY FUND TYPE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

THE FISCAL TEAK ENDED SEFTEMBER 30,

(in thousands)

	 Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects	ŀ	Permanent Funds	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 861,395	\$ 135,929	\$ 1,936			\$	999,260
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	26,350		132,983				159,333
Licenses and permits	1,138						1,138
Intergovernmental revenues	634,978	7,721	21,945				664,644
Charges for services	132,500						132,500
Fines and forfeitures	25,440		295				25,735
Investment income	13,684	13,695	17,154	\$	68		44,601
Other	25,254	4,297	26,796				56,347
Total revenues	1,720,739	161,642	201,109		68		2,083,558
Expenditures:							
Policy formulation and general government	97,987		18,695				116,682
Protection of people and property	59,633		7,837				67,470
Physical environment	158,947		9,079				168,026
Transportation	90,253		32,263				122,516
Health	6,650		173,643				180,293
Human services	175,016		,				175,016
Socio-economic environment	373,986		19,913				393,899
Culture and recreation	163,408		6,622		5		170,035
Debt service:	,						,
Principal retirement	3,889	116,281					120,170
Interest payments	477	175.550					176.027
Other		5,727					5,727
Capital outlay	30,702	,	148,314				179,016
Total expenditures	 1,160,948	297,558	416,366		5		1,874,877
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	 ,,	,	-,				,- ,-
over expenditures	 559,791	(135,916)	(215,257)		63		208,681
Other financing sources (uses):							
Long-term debt issued - face value			339,410				339,410
Refunding debt - face value		177,712					177,712
Premium on long-term debt		33,884	52,644				86,528
Payments to bond escrow agents		(210,337)					(210,337)
Capital lease arrangements			11,705				11,705
Transfers in	99,163	159,958	75,946				335,067
Transfers out	(601,685)	(10,038)	(35,530)				(647,253)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(502,522)	151,179	444,175				92,832
Net change in fund balances	 57,269	15,263	228,918		63		301,513
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	4	-,	-,				4
Fund balancesbeginning	736,094	258,267	622,547		3,400		1,620,308
Fund balancesending	\$ 793,367	\$ 273,530	\$ 851,465				

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NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for revenues, from specific sources, which are restricted by law or policy to finance specific activities. The County's special revenue funds are numerous. Accordingly, for financial reporting purposes, special revenue funds of a similar nature have been combined within the following classifications:

Health Development Fund: To account for revenues received from Federal and State grants, half-cent sales tax used to support the operations of the Public Health Trust, and user charges for the operation of the Office of Rehabilitative Services.

People's Transportation Fund: To account for revenues received from the half-cent transportation sales tax used to support transportation operations, transportation related capital projects and acquisition of capital transportation assets.

Public Library Fund: To account for revenues received from the unincorporated area and participating municipalities for the operation of a uniform public library system.

Community and Social Development Funds: These funds account for revenues received from Federal and State grants to support Human Services and Community Action.

State Housing Initiatives Program (SHIP): To account for documentary stamp tax revenues received from the Local Government Housing Trust Fund. The purpose of SHIP is to provide housing assistance, including mortgages, to very low, low and moderate income households.

Documentary Stamp Surtax Program: To account for revenues received from locally generated documentary stamp surtax for special housing programs.

Other Housing Programs: To account for Housing programs, including the Housing General Fund and Section 8, Homeless Programs and Low-Income Public Housing funded by revenues received from US HUD.

Clerk of Courts Operations Fund: To account for revenues and expenditures applicable to the general ex-officio operations of the Clerk of the Courts and of the Circuit and County court functions.

Hurricane Restoration Fund: To account for revenues received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency grants, insurance, and other reimbursements from Federal and State agencies for countywide disaster assistance.

Other Special Revenue Funds: To account for revenues received from miscellaneous sources for a wide range of programs, including tourist development, criminal justice, and recreational development.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS NONMAJOR COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

25,329 62,012 46,559	\$	5,741 14,035 274 354 (354)	\$	155 1,512 8,516
62,012	\$	14,035 274 354	\$	1,512
		274 354		
46,559		354		
46,559				8,516
46,559		(354)		8,516
46,559		(354)		8,516
46,559				8,516
46,559				
46,559				
46,559				
				14,944
133,900	\$	20,050	\$	25,127
6,958	\$	2,332	\$	3,475
		6		23
128				4,307
18,583				
		1		530
				1
25,669		2,339		8,342
		274		6
		274		6
		217		
108,231		17,437		16,779
,		,		. 0,110
		17,437		16,779
108,231		,		.0,110
108,231	\$	20 050	\$	25,127
	108,231 108,231 133,900	108,231	108,231 17,437	108,231 17,437

State Housing Initiatives Program	ing Documentary ives Stamp Surtax		amp Surtax Housir			Clerk of Courts Operations Fund	Hurricane Restoration Fund	Other Special Revenue Funds	Total Special Revenue Funds	
\$ 10,360	\$	87,243	\$	57,969	\$	1,685			\$ 57,375	\$ 245,857
477		110,392		5,923		4,126			135,735	332,700
4				1,597					10,758	14,145
									463	817
									(463)	(817)
102,071		408,077		253,919					23,175	795,758
(42,581)		(316,019)		(170,643)						(529,243)
		2,886		532						3,418
		4,395		13,206		1,638	\$	57,241	34,691	219,783
				1,774					26	1,800
2		564		747						1,313
\$ 70,333	\$	297,538	\$	165,024	\$	7,449	\$	57,241	\$ 261,760	\$ 1,085,531
\$ 16	\$	167	\$	11,053	\$	93	\$	103	\$ 26,623	\$ 50,986
									143	172
6		91		6,363				120,677		178,515
		4		1,613		7,356		556	460	28,572
				21				303	1,317	2,172
 		000		1,412		7.440		101.000	3,497	 4,916
 22		262		20,462		7,449		121,639	32,040	 265,333
								3,373	23,178	26,831
								3,373	23,178	26,831
2		21		2,521					26	2,570
70,309		297,255		142,041					206,516	858,568
· ·				·				(67,771)		 (67,771)
70,311		297,276		144,562				(67,771)	206,542	793,367
\$ 70,333	\$	297,538	\$	165,024	\$	7,449	\$	57,241	\$ 261,760	\$ 1,085,531

(Concluded)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS NONMAJOR COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

	Health velopment Fund	People's nsportation Fund	Public Library Fund	Community and Social Development Funds	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 282,832	\$ 282,820	\$ 72,056	\$	3,208
Special tax assessments					
Licenses and permits					
Intergovernmental revenues	2,177		1,701		91,393
Charges for services	65		554		720
Fines and forfeitures			81		
Investment income		2,441	816		148
Other					859
Total revenues	285,074	285,261	75,208		96,328
Expenditures:					
Policy formulation and					
general government					
Protection of people and					
property					
Physical environment					
Transportation		66,841			
Health	5,783				
Human services					118,766
Socio-economic environment					4,055
Culture and recreation			61,160		
Capital outlay			3,629		151
Debt service:					
Principal retirement					
Interest payments					
Total expenditures	 5,783	 66,841	64,789		122,972
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	279,291	218,420	10,419		(26,644)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Capital lease arrangements					
Transfers in	2,973				27,123
Fransfers out	(282,832)	(209,453)	(6,828)		(272)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (279,859)	 (209,453)	 (6,828)		26,851
Net change in fund balances	 (568)	8,967	3,591		207
ncrease (decrease) in reserve for inventories	. ,				
Fund balances - beginning	568	99,264	13,846		16,572
Fund balances - ending	 	\$ 108,231	\$ 17,437	\$	16,779

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	H In	State lousing itiatives rogram	Stan	umentary np Surtax rogram	Other Housing Programs	Clerk of Courts Operations Fund	Hurricane Restoration Fund	Other Special Revenue Funds	Total Special Revenue Funds
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			\$	36,888				\$	\$ 861,395 26,350
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								1,138	1,138
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	1,438			\$ 275,385	\$ 5,329	\$ 151,873	105,682	634,978
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				11,847	46,096				132,500
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						17,801		7,558	25,440
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		241		4,752	985		14	4,287	13,684
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							540	23,855	25,254
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2,852		53,487	322,466	70,288	152,427	377,348	1,720,739
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						70,288	1,040	26,659	97,987
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							1,557	58,076	59,633
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							151,266	7,681	158,947
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							2,854	20,558	90,253
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								867	6,650
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									175,016
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		6,300		16,732	300,945				373,986
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							3,957		163,408
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					7,081			19,841	30,702
6,300 16,732 312,392 70,288 161,609 333,242 1,160,94 (3,448) 36,755 10,074 (9,182) 44,106 559,75 (3,448) 36,755 10,074 (9,182) 44,106 559,75 (974) (7,155) 7,761 54,151 99,16 (974) (7,155) (94,171) (601,68 (974) 7,761 (40,020) (502,52 (3,448) 35,781 10,074 (1,421) 4,086 57,26 4 73,759 261,495 134,488 (66,350) 202,452 736,09					•				3,889
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				10 -00					477
7,155 7,761 54,151 99,16 (974) (7,155) (94,171) (601,66 (974) 7,761 (40,020) (502,52 (3,448) 35,781 10,074 (1,421) 4,086 57,26 4 73,759 261,495 134,488 (66,350) 202,452 736,095		6,300		16,732	 312,392	 70,288	 161,609	 333,242	 1,160,948
(974) (7,155) (94,171) (601,68 (974) 7,761 (40,020) (502,52 (3,448) 35,781 10,074 (1,421) 4,086 57,26 4 73,759 261,495 134,488 (66,350) 202,452 736,095		(3,448)		36,755	10,074	 	(9,182)	 44,106	559,791
(974) (7,155) (94,171) (601,68 (974) 7,761 (40,020) (502,52 (3,448) 35,781 10,074 (1,421) 4,086 57,26 4 73,759 261,495 134,488 (66,350) 202,452 736,095					7 4		7 701	- 4 - 4	00.400
(974) 7,761 (40,020) (502,52 (3,448) 35,781 10,074 (1,421) 4,086 57,26 4 4 4 73,759 261,495 134,488 (66,350) 202,452 736,09				(07.1)			/,/61		
(3,448) 35,781 10,074 (1,421) 4,086 57,26 4 73,759 261,495 134,488 (66,350) 202,452 736,09					(7,155)		 7 704	 /	 , ,
4 73,759 261,495 134,488 (66,350) 202,452 736,09		(2 4 4 0)			10.074				/
73,759 261,495 134,488 (66,350) 202,452 736,09		(3,448)		33,781	10,074		(1,421)		
		70 750		004 405	404 400				4
	\$	73,759 70,311	\$	261,495	\$ 134,488		\$ (66,350) (67,771)	202,452 206,542	\$ 736,094 793,367

(Concluded)

NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

	Heal	th D	evelopment	Fun	d	People	e's T	ransportatio	n Fun	d
					Variance with Final	 <u> </u>			\	/ariance ith Final
	Budget		Actual		Budget	Budget		Actual		Budget
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 282,833	\$	282,832	\$	(1)	\$ 272,386	\$	282,820	\$	10,434
Special tax assessments										
Licenses and permits										
Intergovernmental revenues	2,171		2,177		6					
Charges for services	75		65		(10)					
Fines and forfeitures										
Investment income						100		2,441		2,341
Other										
Total revenues	 285,079		285,074		(5)	272,486		285,261		12,775
Expenditures:	 /		,-		(-7	 ,		, -		1 -
Policy formulation and general										
government										
Protection of people and property										
Physical environment										
Transportation						96,852		66,841		30,011
Health	5,785		5,783		2					
Human services										
Socio-economic environment										
Culture and recreation										
Capital outlay										
Debt service:										
Principal retirement										
Interest payments										
Total expenditures	 5,785		5,783		2	 96,852		66,841		30,011
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	 5,705		5,705		L	 30,032		00,041		50,011
over expenditures	279,294		279,291		(3)	175,634		218,420		42,786
Other financing sources (uses):	 210,201		210,201		(0)	110,001		210,120		12,100
Capital lease										
Transfers in	3,539		2,973		(566)					
Transfers out	(282,833)		(282,832)		1	(261,274)		(209,453)		51,821
Reserve for future expenditures	(,)		(,)			()		(,,		- ,
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	(279,294)		(279,859)		(565)	(261,274)		(209,453)		51,821
Net change in fund balances	 (, , ,		(568)		(568)	(85,640)		8,967		94,607
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventories			(-)		· /	, , , ,				*
Fund balances - beginning			568		568	85,640		99,264		13,624
Fund balances - ending							\$	108,231	\$	108,231

	P	ublic	Library Fur	nd		Community	and	Social Devel	opm	ent Fund	State Ho	usi	ng Initiatives	Pro	ogram
					Variance with Final					Variance vith Final					Variance with Final
E	Budget		Actual		Budget	Budget		Actual		Budget	 Budget		Actual		Budget
\$	71,276	\$	72,056	\$	780		\$	3,208	\$	3,208					
	1,200		1,701		501	107,314		91,393		(15,921)	\$ 1,437	\$	1,438	\$	1
	244		554		310	2,702		720		(1,982)	1,500		1,173		(327)
	100		81		(19)										
	145		816		671	21		148		127	10		241		231
						2,781		859		(1,922)					
	72,965		75,208		2,243	112,818		96,328		(16,490)	2,947		2,852		(95)

			165,758 1,157	118,766 4,055	46,992 (2,898)	6,600	6,300	300
72,105	61,160	10,945						
3,629	3,629		151	151				

75,734	64,789	10,945	167,066	122,972	44,094	6,600	6,300	300
(2,769)	10,419	13,188	(54,248)	(26,644)	27,604	(3,653)	(3,448)	205
			54,775	27,123	(27,652)			
(6,828)	(6,828)		(272)	(272)				
			(5,581)		5,581	(11,302)		11,302
(6,828)	(6,828)		48,922	26,851	(22,071)	(11,302)		11,302
(9,597)	3,591	13,188	(5,326)	207	5,533	(14,955)	(3,448)	11,507
9,597	13,846	4,249	5,326	16,572	11,246	14,955	73,759	58,804
\$	17,437 \$	17,437	\$	16,779 \$	16,779	\$	70,311 \$	70,311

NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

			entary Star	-							
		Surta	x Program			 Oth	er H	ousing Progr	Variance with Final Budget \$ 16,968 6,448 887 24,303 24,303 1,801 1,801 1,801 26,104 41,972 41,972		
					Variance						
	Budget		Actual		with Final Budget	Budget		Actual			
	Budget	,	lotuu		Buugot	Duugot		Jiotuu		Suugot	
Revenues:											
Taxes	\$ 30,000	\$	36,888	\$	6,888						
Special tax assessments											
Licenses and permits											
Intergovernmental revenues						\$ 258,417	\$	275,385	\$,	
Charges for services	11,745		11,847		102	39,648		46,096		6,448	
Fines and forfeitures											
Investment income	154		4,752		4,598	98		985		887	
Other											
Total revenues	41,899		53,487		11,588	298,163		322,466		24,303	
Expenditures:											
Policy formulation and general											
government											
Protection of people and property											
Physical environment											
Transportation											
Health											
Human services											
Socio-economic environment	17,100		16,732		368	302,746		300,945		1,801	
Culture and recreation											
Capital outlay						7,081		7,081			
Debt service:											
Principal retirement						3,889		3,889			
Interest payments						477		477			
Total expenditures	 17,100		16,732		368	314,193		312,392		1,801	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over expenditures	24,799		36,755		11,956	(16,030)		10,074		26,104	
Other financing sources (uses):											
Capital lease											
Transfers in						7,155		7,155			
Transfers out	(974)		(974)			(7,155)		(7,155)			
Reserve for future expenditures	(177,825)				177,825	(41,972)				41,972	
Total other financing	 										
sources (uses)	(178,799)		(974)		177,825	(41,972)				41,972	
Net change in fund balances	 (154,000)		35,781		189,781	(58,002)		10,074		68,076	
Increase in reserve for inventories	. ,					. ,					
Fund balances - beginning	 154,000		261,495		107,495	58,002		134,488		76,486	
Fund balances - ending	 	\$	297,276	\$	297,276		\$	144,562	\$	144,562	

	0		rk of Courts ations Fund (1)	Hurricane	Res	toration - FE	ΜΔ.	Fund	Park	s an	d Recreation	Fund	
		<u>, per (</u>		Variance with Final	 Variance			V W	Variance with Final					
	Budget		Actual	Budget	 Budget		Actual		Budget	 Budget		Actual		Budget
\$	5,329 47,158	\$	5,329 47,158		\$ 151,319	\$	151,873	\$	554	\$ 15,509	\$	13,880	\$	(1,629
	17,801		17,801											
					14		14					26		26
					540		540			103		1,031		928
	70,288		70,288		151,873		152,427		554	15,612		14,937		(675
	70,288		70,288		1,040 1,557		1,040 1,557							
		151,266		151,266										
		2,854		2,854										
					284		284							
					651		651			2,106		0.400		
					3,957		3,957			13,506		2,106 13,506		
	70,288		70,288		161,609		161,609			15,612		15,612		
					(9,736)		(9,182)		554			(675)		(675
					7,761		7,761					38		38
					7,761		7,761					38		38
					(1,975)		(1,421)		554			(637)		(637
					1,975		(66,350)		(68,325)			2,390		2,390
					 	\$	(67,771)	\$	(67,771)		\$	1,753	\$	1,753

(1) Not a legally adopted budget of the County.

NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

		Ор	eratio	onal Grant F	und		Transportation and Planning Organization Fun				
						Variance					Variance
						with Final					with Final
		Budget		Actual		Budget		Budget		Actual	Budget
Revenues:											
Taxes											
Special tax assessments											
Licenses and permits											
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	93,231	\$	85,513	\$	(7,718)	\$	6,289	\$	6,289	
Charges for services		1,785		1,624		(161)		226		226	
Fines and forfeitures						()					
Investment income				26		26					
Other		291		2,654		2,363				57	57
Total revenues		95,307		89,817		(5,490)		6,515		6,572	57
Expenditures:		50,007		00,011		(0,400)		0,010		0,012	01
Policy formulation and general											
government		5,407		5,406		1					
Protection of people and property		22,086		22,083		3					
Physical environment		4,676		4,191		485					
Transportation		4,070 7		4,131 7		-00		7.451		7.451	
Health		893		849		44		7,101		7,401	
Human services		27,759		27,758		1					
Socio-economic environment		34,996		30,049		4,947					
Culture and recreation		414		371		43					
						-10					
Capital outlay		1,481		1,481							
Debt service:											
Principal retirement											
Interest payments											
Total expenditures		97,719		92,195		5,524		7,451		7,451	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over expenditures		(2,412)		(2,378)		34		(936)		(879)	57
Other financing sources (uses):											
Capital lease											
Transfers in		2,412		2,466		54		697		697	
Transfers out											
Reserve for future expenditures											
Total other financing											
sources (uses)		2,412		2,466		54		697		697	
Net change in fund balances				88		88		(239)		(182)	57
Increase in reserve for inventories											
Fund balances - beginning	_			242		242		239		564	\$ 325
Fund balances - ending			\$	330	\$	330			\$	382	\$ 382

	Special	Assessments Fi	und	Governm	ental Services			Protec	tive Services Fu	ınd
			Variance				iance			Variance
	S	A . f 1	with Final	Devilent	A . t I		Final	Devilent	A . 6 1	with Final
<u> </u>	Budget	Actual	Budget	Budget	Actual	Bud	dget	Budget	Actual	Budget
					90		90			
\$	27,375 \$	24,047 \$	6 (3,328)							
		216	216	6,756	8,243	\$	1,487	5,315	6,371	1,056
				1,311	924		(387)	4,264	3,534	(730
		415	415	13	158		145	57	78	21
	07.075	(23)	(23)	2,371	2,349		(22)	465	465	247
	27,375	24,655	(2,720)	10,451	11,764		1,313	10,101	10,448	347
				10,596	8,549		2,047			
	8,994	8,994		6,075	4,824		1,251	15,813	15,011	802
	15 700	10 5 10	5.045					2,042	1,679	363
	15,733	10,518	5,215							
	7,656	5,195	2,461							
	110	110						201	201	
	32,493	24,817	7,676	16,671	13,373		3,298	18,056	16,891	1,165
	(5,118)	(162)	4,956	(6,220)	(1,609)		4,611	(7,955)	(6,443)	1,512
	297	381	84	2,630	2,505		(125)	5,987	5,782	(205
				(615)	(615)			(841)	(841)	
				(536)			536			
	297	381	84	1,479	1,890		411	5,146	4,941	(205
	(4,821)	219	5,040	(4,741)	281		5,022	(2,809)	(1,502)	1,307
	4,821	8,792	3,971	4,741	6,057		1,316	2,809	3,443	634
	\$	9,011 \$	9,011	\$	6,338	\$	6,338	\$	1,941	\$ 1,941

NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

	I	Economic I	Envi	ronment Pro	gra	ms Fund	Cultu	ral Programs Fi	und
						Variance			Variance
						with Final			with Final
	E	Budget		Actual		Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	4,208	\$	4,206	\$	(2)			
Special tax assessments									
Licenses and permits									
Intergovernmental revenues									
Charges for services							867	2,170	\$ 1,303
Fines and forfeitures									
Investment income				2		2	113	112	(1)
Other							10,141	9,803	(338)
Total revenues		4,208		4,208			11,121	12,085	964
Expenditures:									
Policy formulation and general									
government									
Protection of people and property									
Physical environment									
Transportation									
Health									
Human services		4,208		4,206		2			
Socio-economic environment									
Culture and recreation							39,079	32,395	6,684
Capital outlay							2,309	2,309	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement									
Interest payments									
Total expenditures		4,208		4,206		2	41,388	34,704	6,684
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures				2		2	(30,267)	(22,619)	7,648
Other financing sources (uses):									
Capital lease									
Transfers in							26,634	25,382	(1,252)
Transfers out							(18)	(16)	2
Reserve for future expenditures									
Total other financing									
sources (uses)							26,616	25,366	(1,250)
Net change in fund balances				2		2	(3,651)	2,747	6,398
Increase in reserve for inventories								4	4
Fund balances - beginning				43		43	3,651	9,420	5,769
Fund balances - ending			\$	45	\$	45	\$	5 12,171	\$ 12,171

	Tourist I	Development F	Variance	Con	vention	Development 1	Variance			Trust Fund		Variance
E	Budget	Actual	with Final Budget	Budge	t	Actual	with Final Budget		Budget	Actual		with Final Budget
				24490	•		244900					244900
	82,193 \$	84,723	2,530	\$ 96	,571 \$	90,948	(5,623)	\$	3,624	\$ 3,62	24	
	02,100 φ	04,720	2,000	φ 00	,071 φ	50,540	(0,020)	Ψ	2,303	2,30		
									1,138	1,13		
									0.007	0.00	-	
									6,037	6,03		
			= 40			0.50	0.50		3,099	3,10		
	57	799	742			353	353		2,317	2,31		
	210	111	(99)		500	125	(375)		7,283	7,28		
	82,460	85,633	3,173	97	,071	91,426	(5,645)		25,801	25,80)3	
									12,704	12,70		
									7,164			
										7,16		
									1,811	1,81		
									2,582 18	2,58	8	
	36,792	23,658	13,134						344	34		
	36,792 10,610	23,656 10,610	13,134	7	,064	4,564	2,500		344 80		14 80	
	18,842	18,842			,004 ,526	39,026	2,500		356	35		
							500					
	190	190			978	978			1,066	1,06	0	
	66,434	53,300	13,134	47	,568	44,568	3,000		26,125	26,12	25	
	16,026	32,333	16,307		,503	46,858	(2,645)		(324)	(32		
	10,020	02,000	10,007		,000	40,000	(2,040)		(024)	(02	.2)	
						6,100	6,100		10,800	10,80	0	
	(28,977)	(28,253)	724	(58	,338)	(60,179)	(1,841)		(4,267)	(4,26	67)	
	(17,796)		17,796									
	(46,773)	(28,253)	18,520		,338)	(54,079)	4,259		6,533	6,53		
	(30,747)	4,080	34,827	(8	,835)	(7,221)	1,614		6,209	6,21	1	
	30,747	35,566	4,819	8	,835	15,969	7,134		(6,209)	119,96		126,1
	\$	39,646	\$ 39,646		\$	8,748	\$ 8,748			\$ 126,17	7\$	126,1

NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

	Total S	Special Revenue	Funds
			Variance
			with Final
	Budget	Actual	Budget
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 843,091	\$ 861,395	\$ 18,304
Special tax assessments	29,678	26,350	(3,328)
Licenses and permits	1,138	1,138	
Intergovernmental revenues	642,216	634,978	(7,238)
Charges for services	124,058	132,500	8,442
Fines and forfeitures	26,575	25,440	(1,135)
Investment income	3,099	13,684	10,585
Other	24,685	25,254	569
Total revenues	 1,694,540	1,720,739	26,199
Expenditures:			
Policy formulation and general			
government	100,035	97,987	2,048
Protection of people and property	61,689	59,633	2,056
Physical environment	159,795	158,947	848
Transportation	125,479	90,253	35,226
Health	6,696	6,650	46
Human services	235,145	175,016	60,129
Socio-economic environment	381,004	373,986	7,018
Culture and recreation	184,041	163,408	20,633
Capital outlay	30,702	30,702	
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	3,889	3,889	
Interest payments	 477	477	
Total expenditures	 1,288,952	1,160,948	128,004
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	405,588	559,791	154,203
Other financing sources (uses):			
Capital lease			
Transfers in	122,687	99,163	(23,524)
Transfers out	(652,392)	(601,685)	50,707
Reserve for future expenditures	 (255,012)		255,012
Total other financing			
sources (uses)	 (784,717)	(502,522)	282,195
Net change in fund balances	(379,129)	57,269	436,398
Increase in reserve for inventories		4	4
Fund balances - beginning	 379,129	736,094	356,965
Fund balances - ending		\$ 793,367	\$ 793,367

(Concluded)

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on long-term obligations. Separate funds are maintained, as their titles indicate, to account for transactions arising from obligations of a similar nature.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS NONMAJOR COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Special	Obligations				Total
	-	General	•			Loan		Debt
	Ob	ligations		Other	Ag	reements		Service
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,329	\$	75,263	\$	18,468	\$	98,060
Investments		10,598		178,082		45,215		233,895
Delinquent taxes receivable		573		11				584
Allowance for uncollected								
delinquent taxes		(573)		(11)				(584)
Total assets	\$	14,927	\$	253,345	\$	63,683	\$	331,955
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			\$	65			\$	65
Other liabilities			Ψ	00	\$	58,360	Ψ	58,360
Total liabilities				65	Ψ	58,360		58,425
				00		30,300		50,425
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Nonspendable								
Restricted	\$	14,927		253,280		5,323		273,530
Committed		·		·				
Assigned								
Unassigned								
Total fund balances (deficits)		14,927		253,280		5,323		273,530
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$	14,927	\$	253,345	\$	63,683	\$	331,955

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS NONMAJOR COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Specia	Obligations			Total
		General		.		Loan	Debt
	0	oligations		Other	Ag	reements	Service
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	129,183	\$	6,746			\$ 135,929
Special assessments-capital improvements							
Intergovernmental revenue				7,721			7,721
Investment income		1,063		12,472	\$	160	13,695
Other				4,297			4,297
Total revenues		130,246		31,236		160	161,642
Expenditures:							
Principal retirement		42,040		59,502		14,739	116,281
Interest		81,764		90,605		3,181	175,550
Other		324		5,350		53	5,727
Total expenditures		124,128		155,457		17,973	297,558
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		6,118		(124,221)		(17,813)	(135,916)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Long-term debt issued - face value							
Refunding debt - face value				177,712			177,712
Premium on long-term debt				33,884			33,884
Payments to bond escrow agents				(210,337)			(210,337)
Transfers in				139,631		20,327	159,958
Transfers out				(10,038)			(10,038)
Total other financing sources				130,852		20,327	151,179
Net changes in fund balances		6,118		6,631		2,514	15,263
Fund balances - beginning		8,809		246,649		2,809	258,267
Fund balances - ending	\$	14,927	\$	253,280	\$	5,323	\$ 273,530

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

	Special Obligations General Obligations Fire and Rescue Di Variance with Final							ons	
	G	eneral Obligat	ions			Fire	and F	lescue Di	strict
	Budget	Actual	wi		B	udget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	Duugei	Actual	-	luger		uuget		Hotuui	Buuget
Taxes	\$ 128,082	\$ 129,183	\$	1,101	\$	11	\$	11	
Special assessments-capital improvements	, , , , ,	, , ,		,	·		'		
Intergovernmental revenue									
Investment income		1,063		1,063					
Other									
Total revenues	128,082	130,246		2,164		11		11	
Expenditures:									
Principal retirement	43,740	42,040		1,700					
Interest	83,504	81,764		1,740					
Other	832	324		508					
Total expenditures	128,076	124,128		3,948					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	6	6,118		6,112		11		11	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Long-term debt issued - face value									
Refunding debt - face value									
Premium (discount) on long-term debt									
Payments to bond escrow agents									
Transfers in									
Transfers out									
Reserve for future expenditures	(6)			6					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6)			6					
Special Item:									
Net change in fund balances		6,118		6,118		11		11	
Fund balances - beginning		8,809		8,809		(11)		7	18
Fund balances - ending		\$ 14,927	\$	14,927			\$	18	\$18

•		Obligation Nchise B		s		•	ial Obligations ond Service	i		;	•	ial Obligations Inding Bonds		
			Va wi	ariance th Final	Dudaat		Actual	wi	ariance th Final	Dudaat			wi	ariance th Final
Budget	A	ctual	8	Budget	 Budget		Actual	В	ludget	 Budget		Actual		Budget
					\$ 1,430	\$	6,735	\$	5,305					
\$ 42	\$	436	\$	394	5,723		9,946		4,223	\$ 3	\$	35	\$	32
		21		21										
42		457		415	7,153		16,681		9,528	3		35		32
6,935		6,935			3,230		3,230			6,305		6,305		
8,040		4,429		3,611	34,861		34,861			2,139		2,139		
1,448		173		1,275	1,147		1,147			27		23		4
16,423		11,537		4,886	39,238		39,238			8,471		8,467		4
(16,381)	(*	11,080)		5,301	(32,085)		(22,557)		9,528	(8,468)		(8,432)		36
20,769		21,748		979	35,766		29,750		(6,016)	8,497		8,497		
(6,453)		(6,453)			(3,583)		(3,583)							
(42,195)				42,195	(86,094)				86,094	(14,358)				14,358
 (27,879)		15,295		43,174	(53,911)		26,167		80,078	(5,861)		8,497		14,358
(44,260)		4,215		48,475	(85,996)		3,610		89,606	(14,329)		65		14,394
44,260		20,509		(23,751)	 85,996		129,670		43,674	 14,329		4,940		(9,389)
	\$ 2	24,724	\$	24,724		\$	133,280	\$	133,280		\$	5,005	\$	5,005

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

		Sp	ecia	l Obligatio	ns			S	pecia	al Obligatio	ns	
		Sa	les T	Tax Reven	ue			С	ourt	house Cen	ter	
					۷	ariance					۷	ariance
					W	ith Final					w	ith Final
		Budget		Actual	E	Budget	Bud	lget		Actual	E	Budget
Revenues:												
Taxes												
Special assessments-capital improvements												
Intergovernmental revenue							\$7	,368	\$	7,721	\$	353
Investment income			\$	760	\$	760		2		523		521
Other	\$	3,190		3,115		(75)						
Total revenues		3,190		3,875		685	7	,370		8,244		874
Expenditures:												
Principal retirement		8,569		8,569			3	,705		3,705		
Interest		19,894		19,503		391	4	,900		3,573		1,327
Other		991		617		374		295		295		
Total expenditures		29,454		28,689		765	8	,900		7,573		1,327
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures		(26,264)		(24,814)		1,450	(1	,530)		671		2,201
Other financing sources (uses):												
Long-term debt issued - face value												
Refunding debt - face value		88,698		88,554		(144)						
Premium (discount) on long-term debt		13,136		13,136								
Payments to bond escrow agents	(*	101,069)		(101,069)								
Transfers in		24,653		25,258		605						
Transfers out												
Reserve for future expenditures		(32,947)				32,947	(24	,221)				24,221
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,529)		25,879		33,408	(24	,221)				24,221
Special Item:												
Net change in fund balances		(33,793)		1,065		34,858	(25	,751)		671		26,422
Fund balances - beginning		33,793		32,064		(1,729)	25	,751		23,364		(2,387)
Fund balances - ending			\$	33,129	\$	33,129			\$	24,035	\$	24,035

			al Obligatio nwater Util					l Obligatio			Sp	oecia	al Obligation Notes	ıs	
	Budget	stori	Actual	V wi	ariance th Final Budget	Budget		Actual	V wi	ram ariance ith Final Budget	Budget		Actual	wit	riance h Final udget
\$	3	\$	103	\$	100		\$	654	\$	654		\$	15	\$	15
						\$ 2,260		1,161		(1,099)					
	3		103		100	2,260		1,815		(445)			15		15
	4,975		4,975			24,729		23,458		1,271	\$ 2,325		2,325		
	2,258		2,258			23,300		22,959		341	883		883		
	20		19		1	3,433		3,065		368	25		11		14
	7,253		7,252		1	51,462		49,482		1,980	3,233		3,219		14
	(7,250)		(7,149)		101	(49,202)		(47,667)		1,535	(3,233)		(3,204)		29
						88,889 20,748		89,158 20,748		269					
						(109,269)	((109,268)		1					
	7,251		7,251			43,886	·	43,897		11	3,183		3,230		47
						(2)		(2)							
	(11,243)				11,243	(22,406)				22,406	(391)				391
	(3,992)		7,251		11,243	21,846		44,533		22,687	2,792		3,230		438
	(11,242)		102		11,344	(27,356)		(3,134)		24,222	(441)		26		467
	11,242		6,179		(5,063)	27,356		29,473		2,117	441		443		2
	, -	\$	6,281	\$	6,281	 ,	\$	26,339	\$	26,339	 	\$	469	\$	469

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

		Loan Ag	greem	nents	Тс	otal Debt Servio	ce	
				ariance th Final			-	ariance ith Final
	Budget	Actual	B	ludget	Budget	Actual		Budget
Revenues:								
Taxes					\$ 129,523	\$ 135,929	\$	6,406
Special assessments-capital improvements								
Intergovernmental revenue					7,368	7,721		353
Investment income		\$ 160	\$	160	5,773	13,695		7,922
Other					5,450	4,297		(1,153)
Total revenues		160		160	148,114	161,642		13,528
Expenditures:								
Principal retirement	\$ 14,855	14,739		116	119,368	116,281		3,087
Interest	3,181	3,181			182,960	175,550		7,410
Other	59	53		6	8,277	5,727		2,550
 Total expenditures	18,095	17,973		122	310,605	297,558		13,047
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(18,095)	(17,813)		282	(162,491)	(135,916)		26,575
Other financing sources (uses):								
Long-term debt issued - face value								
Refunding debt - face value					177,587	177,712		125
Premium (discount) on long-term debt					33,884	33,884		
Payments to bond escrow agents					(210,338)	(210,337)		1
Transfers in	17,859	20,327		2,468	161,864	159,958		(1,906)
Transfers out					(10,038)	(10,038)		
Reserve for future expenditures	(2,211)			2,211	(236,072)			236,072
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,648	20,327		4,679	(83,113)	151,179		234,292
Special Item:								-
Net change in fund balances	(2,447)	2,514		4,961	(245,604)	15,263		260,867
Fund balances - beginning	2,447	2,809		362	245,604	258,267		12,663
Fund balances - ending		\$ 5,323	\$	5,323		\$ 273,530	\$	273,530

(Concluded)

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital project funds account for financial resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital facilities and other infrastructure needs:

General Obligation Bond (G.O.B.) Projects: To account for the receipt and disbursement of bond proceeds from general obligation debt to be used for construction and/or acquisition activities for the County, other than those financed by enterprise funds.

Special Obligation Bond (S.O.B.) Projects: To account for the receipt and disbursement of bond proceeds from special obligation debt and loan agreements to be used for construction and/or acquisition activities for the County, other than those financed by enterprise funds.

Impact Fees: To account for the collection and disbursement of impact fees contributed by property owners.

Other Capital Projects: To account for all other resources (primarily from current revenues and Federal and State grants) used to finance long-lived construction projects other than those financed by enterprise funds.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	GOB Bond rojects	SOB Bond Projects	Impact Fees	er Capital Projects	Total Capital Projects
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,052	\$ 50,098	\$ 168,211	\$ 42,672	\$ 276,033
Investments	36,848	122,644	411,790	38,216	609,498
Accounts receivable	40			1,189	1,229
Due from other funds				2,252	2,252
Due from other governments				10,694	10,694
Total assets	\$ 51,940	\$ 172,742	\$ 580,001	\$ 95,023	\$ 899,706
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and					
accrued liabilities	\$ 11,542	\$ 8,151	\$ 6,748	\$ 2,501	\$ 28,942
Retainage payable	8,457	365	1,873	2,173	12,868
Due to other funds				2,252	2,252
Due to other governments	165			488	653
Unearned / deferred revenues Other liabilities				3,084	3,084
Total liabilities	 20,164	8,516	8,621	10,498	47,799
	 20,104	0,010	0,021	10,430	41,155
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue -				442	442
Total deferred inflows of resources				442	442
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					
Restricted	31,776	164,226	571,380	84,083	851,465
Unassigned	•.,•		,	0.,000	
Total fund balances (deficits)	 31,776	164,226	 571,380	 84,083	 851,465
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 51,940	\$ 172,742	\$ 580,001	\$ 95,023	\$ 899,706

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	F	GOB Bond Projects	SOB Bond Projects	Impact Fees		er Capital rojects	Total Capital Projects
Revenues:		10,000	110,000	1003			110,000
Local option gas tax					\$	1,936	\$ 1,936
Communication tax					•	,	,
Special tax assessments				\$ 132,842		141	132,983
Licenses and permits							
Intergovernmental revenue						21,945	21,945
Fines and forfeitures						295	295
Investment income	\$	1,022	\$ 2,876	11,969		1,287	17,154
Other				452		26,344	26,796
Total revenues		1,022	2,876	145,263		51,948	201,109
Expenditures:							
Policy formulation and general government		631	5,841	1,738		10,485	18,695
Protection of people and property		3,052		402		4,383	7,837
Physical environment		6,110				2,969	9,079
Transportation		551	1,533	10,470		19,709	32,263
Health		172,964	1			678	173,643
Socio-economic environment		19,913					19,913
Culture and recreation		1,528	933	320		3,841	6,622
Capital outlay		46,533	22,862	50,983		27,936	148,314
Principal retirement							
Interest							
Total expenditures		251,282	31,170	63,913		70,001	416,366
Excess (deficiency) of				-			
revenues over expenditures		(250,260)	(28,294)	81,350		(18,053)	(215,257)
Other financing sources (uses):				-			
Long-term debt issued		274,760	64,650				339,410
Premium on long-term debt		37,036	15,608				52,644
Payments to bond escrow agents							
Capital lease						11,705	11,705
Transfers in						75,946	75,946
Transfers out		(552)	(58)	(695)		(34,225)	(35,530)
Total other financing sources (uses)		311,244	80,200	(695)		53,426	444,175
Net changes in fund balances		60,984	51,906	80,655		35,373	 228,918
Fund balances - beginning		(29,208)	112,320	490,725		48,710	622,547
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$	31,776	\$ 164,226	\$ 571,380	\$	84,083	\$ 851,465

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(in thousands)

		G	ΟВ	Bond Proje	ect	5	S	ΟВ	Bond Pro	ject	S
		Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:						V	<u> </u>				Ŭ
Local option gas tax											
Special tax assessments											
Intergovernmental revenue											
Fines and forfeitures											
Investment income	\$	1,174	\$	1,022	\$	(152)	\$ 409	\$	2,876	\$	2,467
Other						. ,					
Total revenues		1,174		1,022		(152)	409		2,876		2,467
Expenditures:											
Policy formulation and general government		729		631		98	6,608		5,841		767
Protection of people and property		18,733		3,052		15,681	2,560				2,560
Physical environment		7,091		6,110		981					
Transportation		25,335		551		24,784	29,026		1,533		27,493
Health		99,286		172,964		26,322	1,110		· 1		1,109
Socio-economic environment		38,629		19,913		18,716					,
Culture and recreation		45,686		1,528		44,158	933		933		
Capital outlay		46,533		46,533		,	22,862		22,862		
Principal retirement		-,		-,			,		,		
Interest											
Total expenditures		382,022		251,282		130,740	63,099		31,170		31,929
Excess (deficiency) of		,-		- , -		, -			- , -		- /
revenues over expenditures	((380,848)		(250,260)		130,588	(62,690)		(28,294)		34,396
Other financing sources (uses):		()		(, ,		,	(* /***)		(- , - ,		- ,
Long-term debt issued		381,783		274,760		(107,023)	39,614		64,650		25,036
Premium on long-term debt		,		37,036		37,036	,-		15,608		15,608
Capital lease				- ,		- ,			-,		-,
Transfers in											
Transfers out		(935)		(552)		383	(58)		(58)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		380,848		311,244		(69,604)	39,556		80,200		40,644
Net changes in fund balances				60,984		60,984	(23,134)		51,906		75,040
Fund balances - beginning				(29,208)		(29,208)	23,134		112,320		89,186
Fund balances - ending			\$	31,776	\$		_0,.01	\$	164,226	\$	164,226

		Impact Fees	6	Other	Capital Pro	jects	Tota	I Capital Pro	jects
		Astual	Variance with Final	Duduct	A	Variance with Final	Dudaat	Antoni	Variance with Final
B	Budget	Actual	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget
۴	00.450	¢ 400.040	¢ 40.000		\$ 1,936	\$ 1,936	00.450	\$ 1,936	\$ 1,936
\$	89,150	\$ 132,842	\$ 43,692	40.000	141	141	89,150	132,983	43,833
				18,938	21,945	3,007	18,938	21,945	3,007
					295	295		295	295
	145	11,969	11,824		1,287	1,287	1,728	17,154	15,426
		452	452	17,571	26,344	8,773	17,571	26,796	9,225
	89,295	145,263	55,968	36,509	51,948	15,439	127,387	201,109	73,722
	45 007	4 700	42.000	40.070	40 405	2 200	00.077	40.005	40 400
	15,667	1,738	13,929	13,873	10,485	3,388	36,877	18,695	18,182
	38,112	402	37,710	4,383	4,383	5 500	63,788	7,837	55,951
		40.470	000.074	8,469	2,969	5,500	15,560	9,079	6,481
	280,341	10,470	269,871	33,123	19,709	13,414	367,825	32,263	335,562
				1,611	678	933	202,007	173,643	28,364
							38,629	19,913	18,716
	26,030	320	25,710	9,858	3,841	6,017	82,507	6,622	75,885
	50,983	50,983		27,936	27,936		148,314	148,314	
	411,133	63,913	347,220	99,253	70,001	29,252	955,507	416,366	539,141
(321,838)	81,350	403,188	(62,744)	(18,053)	44,691	(828,120)	(215,257)	612,863
							421,397	339,410	(81,987)
								52,644	52,644
					11,705	11,705		11,705	11,705
				103,243	75,946	(27,297)	103,243	75,946	(27,297)
	(695)	(695))	(59,785)	(34,225)	25,560	(61,473)	(35,530)	25,943
	(695)	(695))	43,458	53,426	9,968	463,167	444,175	(18,992)
(322,533)	80,655	403,188	(19,286)	35,373	54,659	(364,953)	228,918	593,871
	322,533	490,725	168,192	19,286	48,710	29,424	364,953	622,547	257,594
		\$ 571,380	\$ 571,380		\$ 84,083	\$ 84,083		\$ 851,465	\$ 851,465

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NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used to support County programs.

Zoo Miami (formerly Metrozoo) Permanent Fund: To account for the principal trust amount received for the benefit of the Zoo, and the related interest income. Only the interest portion may be used to support Zoo operations.

Libraries Permanent Fund: To account for the principal trust amount received for the benefit of the County libraries, and the related interest income. Only the interest portion may be used to support library operations.

NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Per	o Miami manent Fund	Pern	oraries nanent und	Per	Total manent ⁻ unds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	861	\$	143	\$	1,004
Investments		2,110		352		2,462
Total assets	\$	2,971	\$	495	\$	3,466
Liabilies and Fund Balances: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			\$	3	\$	3
Total liabilities				3		3
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	\$	2,781		479		3,260
Restricted		190		13		203
Total fund balances		2,971		492		3,463
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,971	\$	495	\$	3,466

NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Per	Miami manent und	Perm	raries nanent und	Per	Fotal manent unds
Revenues:						
Investment income	\$	58	\$	10	\$	68
Total revenues		58		10		68
Expenditures:						
Culture and recreation				5		5
Total expenditures				5		5
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		58		5		63
Net change in fund balances		58		5		63
Fund balancesbeginning		2,913		487		3,400
Fund balancesending	\$	2,971	\$	492	\$	3,463

NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Z	oo Mia	mi	Permane	ent	Fund	L	ibrarie	es P	Permane	nt Fu	und		Total	Per	manent	Funds	
						ariance th Final						riance h Final					Varia with F	
	B	udget		Actual	E	ludget	Вι	udget		Actual	В	udget	В	udget		Actual	Budg	get
Revenues:																		
Investment income	\$	58	\$	58			\$	10	\$	10			\$	68	\$	68		
Total revenues		58		58				10		10				68		68		
Expenditures:																		
Culture and recreation								5		5				5		5		
Total expenditures								5		5				5		5		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																		
over expenditures		58		58				5		5				63		63		
Net change in fund balances		58		58				5		5				63		63		
Fund balancesbeginning		(58)		2,913	\$	2,971		(5)		487	\$	492		(63)		3,400	\$3,	,463
Fund balancesending		. ,	\$	2,971	\$	2,971			\$	492	\$	492			\$	3,463	\$3,	,463

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds are used by the County to account for the operations of those services rendered to the general public where the intent is to recover costs or generate revenues through user charges. These activities are accounted for in a manner similar to private business enterprise. The County maintains the following Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:

Rickenbacker Causeway Fund: Accounts for the Rickenbacker Causeway operations. The Rickenbacker Causeway includes bridges and roadways that connect the City of Miami and the Village of Key Biscayne.

Venetian Causeway Fund: Accounts for the Venetian Causeway operations. The Venetian Causeway is a bridge that connects the City of Miami and the City of Miami Beach.

Vizcaya Art Museum: Accounts for the Vizcaya Art Museum, a major tourist attraction.

Section 8 Allocation Properties: Accounts for the operation of residential rental properties provided to low-income families, assisted by US HUD under the Section 8 Special Allocation program.

Mixed Income Properties: Accounts for the operation of rental properties funded by market rents paid by tenants.

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (in thousands)

		enbacker useway		Venetian Causeway		Vizcaya Art Museum		Section 8 Allocation Properties		xed Income Properties	Total
Assets:	Uu	asenay		auseway		Musculli		Troperties		Toperties	Total
Current assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,826	\$	711	\$		\$	8,667	\$	4,505 \$	21,045
Investments		6,917		7,407		3					14,327
Accounts receivable, net		1				780		15		4	800
Due from other funds						622					622
Due from other governments		261		135							396
Other current assets						261		72		73	406
Total unrestricted assets		10,005		8,253		6,002		8,754		4,582	37,596
Restricted assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents		623						130		508	1,261
Investments		1,742		466		2,868					5,076
Total restricted assets		2,365		466		2,868		130		508	6,337
Total current assets		12,370		8,719		8,870		8,884		5,090	43,933
Non current assets											
Capital assets:											
Land		16				219		354		4,126	4,715
Buildings and building improvements, net		721		193		29,116		8,526		26,199	64,755
Machinery and equipment, net		1,025		482		4,771		4		349	6,631
Infrastructure, net		43,137		17,614							60,751
Construction in progress		2,848		114		592					3,554
Total capital assets, net		47,747		18,403		34,698		8,884		30,674	140,406
Other non current assets:											
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		2,757		3,026							5,783
Restricted long-term investments		6,416		1,274							7,690
Total non current assets		56,920		22,703		34,698		8,884		30,674	153,879
Total assets		69,290		31,422		43,568		17,768		35,764	197,812
Deferred Outflows of Resources:											
		258		238							496
Deferred loss on refunding				230							
Deferred outflows - OPEB		34									34
Deferred outflows - pensions	<u> </u>	331	¢	24.000	¢	43,568	\$	17 700	\$	25.704 0	331
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	69,913	\$	31,660	\$	43,300	þ	17,768	þ	35,764 \$	198,673
Liabilities:											
Current liabilities payable from current assets:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	163	\$	58	\$	1,019	\$	132	\$	116 \$	1,488
Compensated absences		86									86
Due to other funds		1									1
Due to other governments		365									365
Other current liabilities		1,083		24				147		554	1,808
Total current liabilities payable from current assets		1,698		82		1,019		279		670	3,748
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:											
Current portion of bonds loans and notes payable		989		351							1,340
Accrued interest payable		753		116							869
Unearned revenue						780					780
Other current liabilities		623									623
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets		2,365		467		780					3,612
Long-term liabilities:		2,000		-101		100					0,012
Bonds, loans and notes payable, net		37,802		9,957							47,759
Compensated absences		446		3,351							446
•		440									440
Net pension liability: Florida Retirement System (FRS)		821									821
		213									
Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS)											213
Total other postemployment benefits		278								4.007	278
Other long-term liabilities		365		0.057						4,027	4,392
Total long-term liabilities		39,925		9,957		1 700		070		4,027	53,909
Total liabilities		43,988		10,506		1,799		279		4,697	61,269
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Deferred inflows- other postemployment benefits		11									11
Deferred inflows - pensions		67									67
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	\$	44,066	\$	10,506	\$	1,799	\$	279	\$	4,697 \$	61,347
	-	,500	,	,	•	.,	+	2.0		.,	- 1,6 11
Net Position:	-				^				~		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,220	\$	12,849	\$	34,698	\$	8,884	\$	26,610 \$	92,261
Restricted for:											
Debt service		780		134							914
Grants and other purposes		9,376				2,947					12,323
Unrestricted		6,471		8,171		4,124		8,605		4,457	31,828
Total net position	\$	25,847	\$	21,154		41,769	\$	17,489	\$	31,067 \$	137,326

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	 kenbacker auseway	Venetian Causeway	Vizcaya Art Museum	Section 8 Allocation Properties	N	lixed Income Properties	Total
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 11,193	\$ 6,286	\$ 8,865	\$ 7,589	\$	9,287	\$ 43,220
Operating expenses:							
Personnel costs	1,755	947	6,498	2,536		2,836	14,572
Contractual services	2,008	1,461	1,418	2,521		2,293	9,701
Material and supplies	32	18	202				252
Other	32	8	1,598				1,638
Operating expenses before depreciation	 3,827	2,434	9,716	5,057		5,129	26,163
Depreciation (expense)	 (4,012)	(3,890)	(1,551)	(558)		(1,017)	(11,028)
Operating income (loss)	 3,354	(38)	(2,402)	1,974		3,141	6,029
Non-operating revenues (expenses):							
Investment income	488	250	305	21		23	1,087
Interest expense	(1,632)	(380)				(7)	(2,019)
Other, net	(2,421)	(24)					(2,445)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 (3,565)	(154)	305	21		16	(3,377)
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions	 (211)	(192)	(2,097)	1,995		3,157	2,652
Transfers in			2,500				2,500
Capital contributions	51	47					98
Change in net position	 (160)	(145)	403	1,995		3,157	5,250
Net position- beginning	26,007	21,299	41,366	15,494		27,910	132,076
Net position- ending	\$ 25,847	\$ 21,154	\$ 41,769	\$ 17,489	\$	31,067	\$ 137,326

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (in thousands)

		enbacker useway		Venetian Causeway		Vizcaya Art Museum		Section 8 Allocation Properties		lixed Income Properties	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:											
Cash received from customers and tenants	\$	11,890	\$	6,740		7,734	\$	7,581	\$	9,289 \$	43,234
Cash paid to suppliers		(2,373)		(1,542)		(3,422)		(5,034)		(5,089)	(17,460)
Cash paid to employees for services		(1,456)		(937)		(6,498)					(8,891)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		8,061		4,261		(2,186)		2,547		4,200	16,883
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:											
Other non-operating related expenses		(2,421)		(24)							(2,445)
Transfers in from other funds						2,500					2,500
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		(2,421)		(24)		2,500					55
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:											
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		4,984		4,600						(22)	9,584
Principal payments - bonds, loans, notes and advances payable		(5,943)		(4,952)						(36)	(10,931)
Payment to escrow for refunding bonds											
Proceeds for extinguishment of debt											
Payment to other governments		(1.00.1)		(540)						(7)	(2.4.4)
Interest paid		(1,894)		(540)		(1.000)		(7)		(7)	(2,441)
Purchase and construction of capital assets		(2,232)		(86)		(1,062)		(7)		(3,588)	(6,975)
Capital contributed by federal, state and local		51		47							98
Other non-operating		(= 00.0		(00.0)		(1.000)				(0.00.0)	(10.007)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(5,034)		(931)		(1,062)		(7)		(3,631)	(10,665)
Cash flows from investing activities:		004		(1 700)		(00)					(1.0.1.)
Sale (purchase) of investments securities		824		(1,783)		(82)					(1,041)
Interest and dividends on investments		488		250		305		21		23	1,087
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		1,312		(1,533)		223		21		23	46
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,918		1,773		(525)		2,561		592	6,319
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		4,288	<u> </u>	1,964	_	4,861	_	6,236	<u> </u>	4,421	21,770
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	6,206	\$	3,737	\$	4,336	\$	8,797	\$	5,013 \$	28,089
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	3,354	\$	(38)	\$	(2,402)	\$	1,974	\$	3,141 \$	6,029
Depreciation expense		4,012		3,890		1,551		558		1,017	11,028
(Increase) decrease in assets:		.,•		0,000		1,001				.,	1,020
Accounts receivable, net		1		18		(622)		(10)		(2)	(615)
Other current assets						(182)		(8)		(6)	(196)
Due from other governments		778		412		(537)		(-)		(-)	653
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:						()					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		74		(45)		(22)		26		31	64
Due to other governments		(365)		()		()					(365)
Unearned revenue		(82)		24		198		1		5	146
Customer Deposits						(170)					(170)
Compensated absences		155				()					155
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows		126									126
Other long-term liabilities		8						6		14	28
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	8,061	\$	4,261	\$	(2,186)	\$	2,547	\$	4,200 \$	16,883
Neverthe office of the office of the Art free											
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:	•										010
Capital, construction and related liabilities	\$	619		4 700							619
Net Change in the fair value of investments		(824)		1,783							959
Capital contributions		(050)		(000)							(400)
Deferred gain (loss) on refunding		(258)		(238)							(496)
Capitalized interest		100									10-
Amortization of bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs Pension Related Liability Decrease in other liabilities		108		29							137

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee or agency capacity for employees, individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units. The County administers the following fiduciary funds:

Agency Funds:

Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts Fund: To account for funds received, maintained, and distributed by the Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts in his capacity as custodian to the State and County judicial systems.

Tax Collector Fund: To account for the collection and distribution of ad-valorem taxes and personal property taxes to the appropriate taxing districts. The fund is also used to account for the collection of motor vehicle registration fees and sales of other State of Florida licenses, the proceeds of which are remitted to the State.

Other Agency Funds: To account for various monies placed in escrow pending timed distributions.

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	an	Clerk f Circuit d County Courts	С	Tax ollector Fund	Other Agency Funds	Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	179,060	\$	24,328	\$ 19,751	\$ 223,139
Investments				59,564	47,488	107,052
Delinquent taxes receivable				19,639		19,639
Allowance for uncollected						
delinquent taxes				(19,639)		(19,639)
Performance bonds				. ,	381,661	381,661
Other current assets		65				65
Total assets	\$	179,125	\$	83,892	\$ 448,900	\$ 711,917
Liabilities:						
Due to other governments and entities	\$	179,125	\$	83,892	\$ 448,900	\$ 711,917
Total liabilities	\$	179,125	\$	83,892	\$ 448,900	\$ 711,917

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Balance ctober 1, 2018		Additions	г	eductions		Balance otember 30, 2019
CLERK OF CIRCUIT AND COUNTY COURTS		2010		Auditions	L	euuclions		2013
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	186,913	\$	891,313	\$	899,166	\$	179,060
Other current assets	Ŷ	100,010	Ψ	3.054	Ŷ	3.093	Ψ	65
Total assets	\$	187,017	\$	894,367	\$	902,259	\$	179,125
Liabilities:		- ,-		,		,	,	-, -
Due to other governments	\$	187,017	\$	913,121	\$	921,013	\$	179,125
Total liabilities	\$	187,017	\$	913,121	\$	921,013	\$	179,125
TAX COLLECTOR FUND		,	Ŧ	,	Ŧ		Ŧ	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,818	\$	24,329	\$	14,818	\$	24,329
Investments	Ψ	55,745	Ψ	59,563	Ψ	55,745	Ψ	59,563
Delinquent taxes receivable		29,784		00,000		10,145		19,639
Allowance for uncollected delinguent taxes		(29,784)		10,145		,		(19,639
Total assets	\$	70,563	\$	94,037	\$	80,708	\$	83,892
Liabilities:		,		,		,		,
Due to other governments	\$	70,563	\$	81,432	\$	68,103	\$	83,892
Total liabilities	\$	70,563	\$	81,432	\$	68,103	\$	83,892
OTHER AGENCY FUNDS		-,		- , -		,	,	,
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,163	\$	17,754	\$	18,163	\$	17,754
Investments	•	66,366	Ŧ	49,485	Ŧ	66,366	Ŧ	49,485
Performance bonds		337,498		80,886		36,723		381,661
Total assets	\$	422,027	\$	148,125	\$	121,252	\$	448,900
Liabilities:						· · ·		· · ·
Due to other governments and entities	\$	422,027	\$	198,667	\$	171,794	\$	448,900
Total liabilities	\$	422,027	\$	198,667	\$	171,794	\$	448,900
TOTALS-ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	219,894	\$	933,396	\$	932,147	\$	221,143
Investments		122,111		109,048		122,111	,	109,048
Delinquent taxes receivable		29,784		,		10,145		19,639
Allowance for uncollected delinguent taxes		(29,784)		10,145		-, -		(19,639
Performance bonds		337,498		80,886		36,723		381,661
Other current assets		104		3,054		3,093		65
Total assets	\$	679,607	\$	1,136,529	\$	1,104,219	\$	711,917
Liabilities:								
Due to other governments and entities	\$	679,607	\$	1,193,220	\$	1,160,910	\$	711,917
Total liabilities	\$	679,607	\$	1,193,220	\$	1,160,910	\$	711,917

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STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of Miami-Dade County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and financial condition have changed over time	. 216
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its most significant revenue source, property taxes	. 222
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the County's current debt burden and the County's ability to issue additional debt	. 227
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the socioeconomic environment within which the County operates	. 236
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services it provides and the activities it performs	. 238
Miscellaneous Information These schedules provide supplemental data and statistics to readers of the County's financial statements	. 244

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement 34 in Fiscal Year 2001-2002. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

	2010	2011	_	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses											
Governmental activities:											
Policy formulation and general government	\$ 404,166	\$ 420,168	\$	372,116	\$ 366,658	\$ 395,986	\$ 412,732	\$ 413,520	\$ 409,690	\$ 555,125	\$ 587,115
Protection of people and property	1,355,080	1,348,346		1,248,933	1,291,885	1,322,768	1,366,439	1,508,595	1,723,657	1,779,977	2,064,130
Physical environment	110,244	99,187		87,684	90,705	89,168	106,515	111,370	100,319	106,789	261,949
Transportation (streets and roads)	275,850	142,294		161,961	145,233	172,051	173,194	161,370	175,643	169,810	192,108
Health	50,358	44,450		37,090	75,520	74,240	148,497	122,998	139,007	186,597	240,247
Human Services	343,072	348,388		367,871	267,649	153,118	148,709	159,674	158,591	172,082	178,007
Socio-economic environment	454,934	451,640		412,920	481,942	424,816	392,826	417,320	445,907	466,685	494,329
Culture and recreation	331,388	307,378		338,102	354,880	306,245	353,002	375,611	365,124	365,696	381,388
Interest on long-term debt	171,935	167,816		188,595	186,014	184,203	182,007	167,143	183,502	187,564	187,806
Total governmental activities expenses	 3,497,027	3,329,667		3,215,272	3,260,486	3,122,595	3,283,921	3,437,601	3,701,440	3,990,325	4,587,079
Business-type activities:											
Mass transit	\$ 571,930	\$ 568,231	\$	591,925	\$ 629,754	\$ 627,492	\$ 659,262	\$ 654,692	\$ 659,929	\$ 671,099	\$ 701,716
Solid waste collection	95,834	96,612		94,221	96,353	101,823	100,665	101,806	116,645	244,124	(42,935)
Solid waste disposal	157,831	162,372		164,318	160,466	137,454	145,310	132,102	143,514	154,872	164,703
Seaport	110,984	108,036		104,345	110,482	133,119	136,440	142,298	150,522	154,725	158,684
Aviation	706,488	886,842		884,284	955,781	954,202	996,130	952,937	963,826	998,836	1,010,032
Water	244,014	233,492		222,969	233,822	242,847	252,757	263,173	260,148	275,209	291,823
Sewer	344,864	341,600		348,423	362,620	389,815	412,355	369,753	359,037	413,645	473,522
Public health	1,797,429	1,778,023		1,559,246	1,517,417	1,530,466	1,606,408	1,768,218	1,866,804	1,938,853	2,052,473
Other	23,632	25,646		26,383	33,417	30,117	32,235	34,472	35,283	42,708	39,210
Total business-type activities expenses	 4,053,006	4,200,854		3,996,114	4,100,112	4,147,335	4,341,562	4,419,451	4,555,708	4,894,071	4,849,228
Total primary government expenses	\$ 7,550,033	\$ 7,530,521	\$	7,211,386	\$ 7,360,598	\$ 7,269,930	\$ 7,625,483	\$ 7,857,052	\$ 8,257,148	\$ 8,884,396	\$ 9,436,307
Program Revenues											
Governmental activities:											
Charges for services:											
Policy formulation and general government	\$ 123,786	\$ 124,421	\$	113,919	\$ 114,753	\$ 79,665	\$ 123,527	\$ 128,599	\$ 113,017	\$ 167,979	\$ 263,181
Protection of people and property	192,885	227,711		221,442	224,203	282,673	248,838	239,003	269,650	289,136	309,121
Physical environment	83,955	81,518		91,560	93,392	95,997	100,845	100,011	89,593	93,594	102,902
Transportation (streets and roads)	11,242	13,145		16,364	14,545	14,374	3,670	6,841	7,367	8,469	7,979
Health	8,853	9,166		9,883	11,676	10,600	10,563	11,148	11,629	11,543	12,454
Human Services	196	1,292		1.052	645	452	584	143	508	585	823
Socio-economic environment	35,784	51,765		60,066	29,959	36,295	35,356	38,747	51,717	61,217	60,233
Culture and recreation	49,288	51,082		56,975	59,290	63,233	62,039	60,292	64,081	67,920	64,001
Operating grants and contributions	697,892	706,157		688,108	656,840	449,476	472,161	479,702	484,298	527,444	727,911
Capital grants and contributions	71,572	138,130		57,772	86,698	116,827	181,578	146,548	153,850	161,374	175,489
						110.027		140.040		101.374	

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Mass transit	\$ 105,819 \$	110,818 \$	115,466 \$	120,512 \$	125,961 \$	126,455 \$	118,144 \$	100,359 \$	91,328 \$	95,230
Solid waste collection	150,661	143,173	142,717	136,252	144,658	144,761	148,241	149,523	158,625	159,765
Solid waste disposal	118,471	123,771	123,440	126,604	116,739	122,609	119,898	121,924	120,565	109,914
Seaport	104,085	109,146	103,578	109,177	126,144	136,086	143,864	166,756	155,928	165,592
Aviation	573,504	661,616	736,718	764,458	795,886	794,383	830,703	804,724	821,509	820,562
Water	245,122	253,696	251,130	248,312	263,613	285,438	291,043	316,045	323,744	328,052
Sewer	273,273	291,964	285,172	300,096	315,237	327,878	368,739	391,287	388,105	406,399
Public health	1,328,941	1,347,076	1,212,270	1,187,971	1,173,158	1,252,551	1,314,337	1,421,639	1,488,601	1,561,013
Other	23,224	24,401	24,398	25,382	26,975	28,589	30,459	32,560	41,095	43,220
Operating grants and contributions	86,524	265,888	251,312	267,454	260,014	315,304	363,835	304,391	634,992	329,963
Capital grants and contributions	379,731	151,849	102,345	110,095	219,688	278,177	175,453	229,633	204,826	323,036
Total business-type activities program revenues	 3,389,355	3,483,398	3,348,546	3,396,313	3,568,073	3,812,231	3,904,716	4,038,841	4,429,318	4,342,746
Total primary government revenues	\$ 4,664,808 \$	4,887,785 \$	4,665,687 \$	4,688,314 \$	4,717,665 \$	5,051,392 \$	5,115,750 \$	5,284,551 \$	5,818,579 \$	6,066,840
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (2,221,574) \$	(1,925,280) \$	(1,898,131) \$	(1,968,485) \$	(1,973,003) \$	(2,044,760) \$	(2,226,567) \$	(2,455,730) \$	(2,601,064) \$	(2,862,985)
Business-type activities	(663,651)	(717,456)	(647,568)	(703,799)	(579,262)	(529,331)	(514,735)	(516,867)	(464,754)	(506,482)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (2,885,225) \$	(2,642,736) \$	(2,545,699) \$	(2,672,284) \$	(2,552,265) \$	(2,574,091) \$	(2,741,302) \$	(2,972,597) \$	(3,065,818) \$	(3,369,467)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 1,550,330 \$	1,511,645 \$	1,297,333 \$	1,264,643 \$	1,351,331 \$	1,468,496 \$	1,585,671 \$	1,731,538 \$	1,882,876 \$	2,030,044
Sales surtax	353,419	378,621	404,958	432,297	456,058	484,160	503,395	511,814	549,985	565,652
Utility taxes	72,693	76,290	75,938	80,801	88,660	88,378	91,999	94,628	100,515	99,982
Other taxes	211,259	231,498	220,446	266,981	279,048	292,854	293,283	292,945	308,109	314,859
Intergovernmental revenues, unrestricted	280,326	296,100	308,849	324,405	332,126	338,957	343,113	348,029	362,017	306,479
Franchise fees	45,059	31,608	37,925	35,536	24,934	25,683	25,311	19,115	28,167	24,581
Earnings on investments	21,771	16,928	38,595	(5,660)	8,334	39,958	32,323	(10,744)	8,085	48,649
Miscellaneous	6,708	6,326	4,549	8,929	14,804	7,827	(28,276)	9,727	13,922	19,340
Special Item - Contribution to Basketball Properties Ltd.					(140,000)					
Transfersinternal activities	 (629,588)	(575,969)	(634,387)	(662,761)	(686,514)	(736,286)	(792,308)	(817,443)	(824,292)	(863,420)
Total governmental activities	 1,911,977	1,973,047	1,754,206	1,745,171	1,728,781	2,010,027	2,054,511	2,179,609	2,429,384	2,546,166
Business-type activities:										
Earnings on investments	\$ 29,415 \$	11,919 \$	27,934 -\$	21,060 \$	10,938 \$	30,738 \$	4,693 \$	1,219 \$	24,685 \$	77,628
Miscellaneous	14,354								35,287	50,832
Special item - Contribution to Port Tunnel				(29,250)	(173,194)					
Transfersinternal activities	629,588	575,997	634,387	662,761	686,514	736,286	792,308	817,443	824,292	863,420
Total business-type activities	 673,357	587,916	662,321	612,451	524,258	767,024	797,001	818,662	884,264	991,880
Total primary government	\$ 2,585,334 \$	2,560,963 \$	2,416,527 \$	2,357,622 \$	2,253,039 \$	2,777,051 \$	2,851,512 \$	2,998,271 \$	3,313,648 \$	3,538,046
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ (309,597) \$	47,767 \$	(143,925) \$	(223,314) \$	(244,222) \$	(34,733) \$	(172,056) \$	(276,121) \$	(171,680) \$	(316,819)
Business-type activities	9,706	(129,540)	14,753	(91,348)	(55,004)	237,693	282,266	301,795	419,510	485,398
Total primary government	\$ (299,891) \$	(81,773) \$	(129,172) \$	(314,662) \$	(299,226) \$	202,960 \$	110,210 \$	25,674 \$	247,830 \$	168,579

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues:											
Taxes	\$	2,184,334 \$	2,198,526 \$	1,998,675 \$	2,045,049 \$	2,175,568 \$	2,334,359 \$	2,474,826 \$	2,630,925 \$	2,841,487 \$	3,010,533
Special tax assessments		31,622	39,883	53,955	81,808	109,778	147,496	130,695	138,316	158,944	159,333
Licenses and permits		111,403	95,740	110,331	108,066	98,724	106,352	107,546	98,325	121,890	118,913
Intergovernmental revenues		970,938	1,046,399	979,045	930,562	779,822	781,701	808,020	812,108	833,682	972,127
Charges for services		351,583	407,871	393,562	392,759	403,972	407,697	418,721	458,720	537,068	642,757
Fines and forfeitures		28,841	31,264	34,964	36,931	34,394	45,557	33,978	31,350	30,371	48,475
Investment income		32,704	20,252	16,993	13,544	19,223	5,954	5,856	16,105	37,290	69,570
Other		177,039	145,204	152,562	168,944	140,370	167,474	134,899	136,767	136,054	135,498
Total revenues		3,888,464	3,985,139	3,740,087	3,777,663	3,761,851	3,996,590	4,114,541	4,322,616	4,696,786	5,157,206
Expenditures:											· · ·
Current:											
Policy formulation and general government	\$	446,241 \$	441,103 \$	394,498 \$	366,043 \$	370,298 \$	378,774 \$	392,956 \$	399,297 \$	465,413 \$	561,193
Protection of people and property		1,302,551	1,317,648	1,249,030	1,246,999	1,299,618	1,342,002	1,394,598	1,523,523	1,578,088	1,662,861
Physical environment		108,590	96,659	87,622	90,500	84,849	98,508	106,241	95,946	100,830	249,663
Transportation		227,226	92.346	109,231	90,334	116,769	116,400	106,570	114,513	137,560	139,921
Health		49,335	43,245	36,338	74,343	74,372	147,290	122,240	137,214	184,620	238,881
Human services		341,665	347,597	327,642	284,701	156,581	153,513	162,170	164,818	167,039	175,016
Socio-economic environment		445,949	443,794	403,112	473,069	415,250	381,856	415,532	433,845	432,009	482,767
Culture and recreation		308,301	284,033	314,776	328,688	279,919	313,171	338,386	323,726	330,245	329,796
Debt service:		000,001	201,000	011,110	020,000	2.0,010	0.0,	000,000	020,120	000,210	020,100
Principal retirement		84,250	103.406	100,993	106,040	118.083	107,940	179,119	125,752	141.537	126,641
Interest		117,815	128,730	138,752	147,020	157,206	159,091	161,245	172,384	178,957	176,659
Other		570	6,263	2,303	6,655	2,891	14,624	12,317	2,005	4,320	5,727
Capital outlay		449,150	420,263	235,024	213,898	197,536	261,863	243,627	180,934	202,103	218,103
Total expenditures		3,881,643	3,725,087	3,399,321	3,428,290	3,273,372	3,475,032	3,635,001	3,673,957	3,922,721	4,367,228
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		-,,	-,,	-,,	-,,	-,	-,,	-,,	-,		.,
over expenditures	\$	6.821 \$	260.052 \$	340.766 \$	349.373 \$	488.479 \$	521.558 \$	479.540 \$	648.659 \$	774.065 \$	789,978
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	Ŷ	0,021 ¥	200,002 ¢	010,700 φ	010,070 Q	100,110 ¢	021,000 φ	110,010 Q	010,000 φ	11 1,000 · ¢	100,010
Long-term debt issued		194,864	541,642	120,412	832,079	186,930	302,215	261,550	136,491	211,512	339,410
Refunding Debt - face value		104,004	041,042	120,412	002,010	100,500	330.682	887,319	59,673	77.145	177,712
Premium (discount) on long-term debt		2,070	18,371	14,006	56,256	1,573	75,346	218,919	4,999	10,370	86,528
Payments to bond escrow agents		2,070	(326,974)	14,000	(630,041)	(28,561)	(387,106)	(1,001,619)	43,875	22,049	(210,337)
Capital leases			(520,574)		2,884	19,653	18,680	13,507	(63,097)	(74,075)	30,372
Transfers in		366,708	317,875	313,872	336,246	377,679	341,459	325,744	324,795	363,611	398,299
Transfers out		(996,296)	(893,844)	(948,259)	(999,007)	(1,064,193)	(1,077,745)	(1,118,052)	(1,142,238)	(1,187,903)	(1,261,719)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(432,654)	(342,930)	(499,969)	(401,583)	(506,919)	(396,469)	(412,632)	(635,502)	(577,291)	(439,735)
Special Item:		(432,034)	(342,330)	(433,303)	(401,303)	(300,313)	(330,403)	(412,052)	(000,002)	(311,231)	(433,733)
Proceeds from swaps restructuring						30,000					
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(425,833) \$	(82,878) \$	(159,203) \$	(52,210) \$	11,560 \$	125,089 \$	66,908 \$	13,157 \$	196,774 \$	350,243
net Ghange III Fullu Dalalices	φ	(420,000) \$	(02,070) \$	(109,200) \$	(52,210) \$	11,000 Φ	120,009 Φ	00,900 \$	13,137 Q	190,774 Q	300,243
Debt Service as a Percentage of											
Noncapital Expenditures		5.89%	7.02%	7.58%	7.87%	8.95%	8.31%	10.04%	8.54%	8.61%	7.31%
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·											

FINANCIAL TRENDS

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program										
Governmental activities:										
Policy formulation and general government	\$ 147,911 \$	138,175 \$	125,215 \$	131,636 \$	102,320 \$	148,065 \$	150,880 \$	127,968 \$	181,989 \$	279,033
Protection of people and property	221,909	248,276	260,448	257,362	311,964	295,647	279,764	309,031	333,412	503,614
Physical environment	95,003	91,410	100,524	97,667	99,757	104,115	107,008	95,351	111,263	131,094
Transportation (streets and roads)	70,087	99,075	87,751	94,215	121,137	156,306	154,352	161,447	180,658	190,101
Health	10,904	11,529	11,965	13,926	13,070	12,724	13,399	13,399	14,460	14,631
Human Services	314,285	322,199	298,338	258,297	129,694	129,921	138,353	140,929	141,474	152,041
Socio-economic environment	340,287	390,357	360,866	349,415	282,021	302,512	283,945	307,442	327,861	342,499
Culture and recreation	75,067	103,366	72,034	89,483	89,629	89,871	83,333	90,143	98,144	111,081
Subtotal governmental activities	 1,275,453	1,404,387	1,317,141	1,292,001	1,149,592	1,239,161	1,211,034	1,245,710	1,389,261	1,724,094
Business-type activities:										
Mass transit	\$ 325,637 \$	266,470 \$	248,338 \$	264,147 \$	267,559 \$	295,213 \$	295,101 \$	297,101 \$	291,778 \$	288,108
Solid waste collection	150,661	143,173	142,717	138,936	145,395	146,774	148,535	150,097	162,167	160,217
Solid waste disposal	118,471	123,771	123,440	126,604	116,739	122,609	119,898	121,924	120,565	109,914
Seaport	115,881	116,048	117,085	122,332	214,060	183,730	147,687	177,030	176,977	192,027
Aviation	734,583	817,157	852,653	905,088	913,598	968,806	959,712	944,652	1,279,529	981,959
Water	268,656	286,406	276,903	266,263	302,104	324,662	334,897	343,282	340,639	349,167
Sewer	297,837	308,707	311,824	330,176	361,313	387,250	429,951	428,616	399,540	418,991
Public health	1,351,593	1,377,925	1,240,584	1,215,203	1,207,476	1,348,330	1,428,005	1,543,030	1,616,815	1,801,490
Other	26,036	43,741	35,002	27,564	39,829	34,857	40,930	33,109	41,308	40,873
Subtotal business-type activities	 3,389,355	3,483,398	3,348,546	3,396,313	3,568,073	3,812,231	3,904,716	4,038,841	4,429,318	4,342,746
Total primary government	\$ 4,664,808 \$	4,887,785 \$	4,665,687 \$	4,688,314 \$	4,717,665 \$	5,051,392 \$	5,115,750 \$	5,284,551 \$	5,818,579 \$	6,066,840

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

	2010 Restated
General Fund	
Reserved	\$ 220,050
Unreserved	77,630
Total General Fund	\$ 297,680
All Other Governmental Funds	
Reserved	\$ 784,144
Unreserved, reported in:	
Special revenue funds	284,135
Capital projects funds	537,484
Permanent funds	468
Fotal all other governmental funds	\$ 1,606,231

New presentation due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 - Fund Balance Reporting:

		2011		2012		2013	2014	2015	2016		2017		2018		2019
General Fund:															
Nonspendable	\$	35,472	\$	32,370	\$	25,018	\$ 22,240	\$ 22,102	\$ 22,582	\$	24,269	\$	22,944	\$	24,325
Restricted		103,801		96,146		95,690	86,500	84,245	82,013		81,276		74,879		79,418
Committed		9,313		8,230		6,122	3,137	777	848		831		3,196		4,443
Assigned		148,163		149,953		148,080	122,047	143,812	174,584		194,201		183,157		242,742
Unassigned		64,166		71,159		59,349	69,990	80,078	81,322		64,195		146,762		123,049
Total General Funds	\$	360,915	\$	357,858	\$	334,259	\$ 303,914	\$ 331,014	\$ 361,349	\$	364,772	\$	430,938	\$	473,977
Fire Rescue Fund:		2011		2012		2013	 2014	 2015	 2016		2017 *		2018		2019
Nonspendable		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$	6,725	\$	6,794	\$	6,132
Restricted		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		26,883		32,704		43,042
Unassigned		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						(7,733)
Total Fire Rescue Fund	_									\$	33,608	\$	39,498	\$	41,441
	20	11 Restated	20	12 Restated		2013	2014	2015	2016		2017 *		2018		2019
All other Governmental Funds:															
Nonspendable	\$	129,294	\$	12,974	\$	16,908	\$ 15,878	\$ 13,928	\$ 12,806	\$	6,177	\$	5,117	\$	5,830
Restricted		1,330,596		1,369,722		1,350,121	1,391,259	1,466,493	1,518,398		1,501,576		1,710,749		1,983,766
Unassigned				(14,582)		(27,297)	(26,395)	(1,521)	(16,406)		(15,373)		(95,558)		(67,771)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	1,459,890	\$	1,368,114	\$	1,339,732	\$ 1,380,742	\$ 1,478,900	\$ 1,514,798	\$	1,492,380	\$	1,620,308	\$	1,921,825

* In FY 2017, the Fire Rescue Fund met the criteria to be reported as a major fund.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

	Restated	Restated	Restated	Restated	Restated					
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017*	2018*	2019
Governmental activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,285,046	§ 1,153,571 §	1,060,781	808,811	\$ 1,259,890 \$	1,172,668 \$	1,310,398 \$	1.286.326 \$	1,208,296 \$	1,235,473
Restricted	1,078,054	1,179,461	1,099,697	1,137,010	1,206,664	1,281,658	1,390,695	1,463,239	1,664,317	1,855,503
Unrestricted	(359,245)	(279,010)	(255,008)	(305,123)	(2,509,362)	(2,531,867)	(2,950,546)	(3,251,476)	(3,843,329)	(4,378,511)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 2,003,855	\$ 2,054,022	5 1,905,470	5 1,640,698	\$ (42,808) \$	(77,541) \$	(249,453) \$	(501,911) \$	(970,716) \$	(1,287,535)
Business-type activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 3.489.315	\$ 3,659,107	3,419,857	3,081,941	\$ 3,123,294 \$	3,263,744 \$	3,293,107 \$	3.470.402 \$	3,890,986 \$	4,073,428
Restricted	1,077,221	898,051	905,562	938,141	1,020,797	1,134,498	1,351,630	1,217,103	1,307,859	1,487,172
Unrestricted	285,937	165,775	404,511	556,713	(70,991)	(87,449)	(51,678)	207,349	(82,158)	41,485
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 4,852,473	\$ 4,722,933	4,729,930	4,576,795	\$ 4,073,100 \$	4,310,793 \$	4,593,059 \$	4,894,854 \$	5,116,687 \$	5,602,085
Primary government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 4,774,361	\$ 4,787,455	4,480,638	3,890,752	\$ 4,383,184 \$	4,436,412 \$	4,603,505 \$	4,561,407 \$	4,608,197 \$	5,308,901
Restricted	2,155,275	2,102,735	2,005,259	2,075,151	2,227,461	2,416,156	2,742,325	2,680,342	2,972,176	3,342,675
Unrestricted	(73,308)	(115,635)	149,503	251,590	(2,580,353)	(2,619,316)	(3,002,224)	(2,848,806)	(3,434,402)	(4,337,026)
Total primary government net position	\$ 6,856,328	\$ 6,774,555	6,635,400	6,217,493	\$ 4,030,292 \$	4,233,252 \$	4,343,606 \$	4,392,943 \$	4,145,971 \$	4,314,550

* The Net Position for the primary government for fiscal years 2018 and 2017 include a decrease in Net Invested in Capital Assets and an increase in unrestricted of \$491.1M and \$462.3M respectively.

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA REVENUE CAPACITY

ACTUAL VALUE AND ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands)

					Total Actual					
Fiscal Year		Real Property		_	and Assessed		Exemptions ^a		Total	
Ended		Commercial / Industrial	Government /	Personal Property / Centrally Assessed	Value of Taxable	Real Property - Amendment 10	Real Property -	Personal Property / Centrally Assessed		Total Direct
September 30,	Residential Property	Property	Institutional	Property	Property	Excluded Value ^b	Other Exemptions		Value	Tax Rate
2010	\$ 204,558,802	\$ 63,836,984	\$ 23,228,078	\$ 15,570,290	\$ 307,194,154	\$ 36,876,680	\$ 53,394,520	\$ 5,474,737	\$ 211,448,217	7.424
2011	160,866,687	57,774,400	23,438,756	15,472,772	257,552,615	15,861,969	52,348,084	5,436,067	183,906,495	8.367
2012	157,542,515	55,104,068	23,721,709	15,328,770	251,697,062	14,229,202	51,971,081	5,453,966	180,042,813	7.295
2013	160,175,268	56,439,801	23,527,174	15,572,148	255,714,390	13,507,069	52,941,254	5,334,992	183,931,076	7.135
2014	168,994,844	57,759,674	23,096,629	17,238,830	267,089,978	14,756,461	55,380,823	5,555,738	191,396,956	7.256
2015	196,063,548	61,020,542	24,451,075	18,050,702	299,585,867	25,683,760	62,359,146	5,676,420	205,866,541	7.316
2016	225,419,272	68,407,631	26,216,817	18,447,758	338,491,478	36,988,381	70,316,704	5,659,546	225,526,848	7.283
2017	251,922,449	74,772,583	28,085,673	18,992,073	373,772,777	46,537,562	74,497,769	5,705,672	247,031,774	7.209
2018	268,024,739	81,589,778	29,629,048	19,489,946	398,733,512	50,050,209	74,238,845	5,819,653	268,624,804	7.198
2019 ^c	280,291,822	87,286,260	30,206,220	20,145,146	417,929,448	51,811,573	74,785,838	5,947,123	285,384,915	7.264

Source: Miami-Dade County Office of the Property Appraiser

Note: Property in the County is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at actual market value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Total actual and assessed values for each year reflect the Final Tax Roll certified for the previous year.

^a Exemptions for real property include: \$25,000 homestead exemption; an additional \$25,000 homestead exemption (excluding School Board taxes) starting in FY 2009; widows/widowers exemption; governmental exemption; disability/blind age 65 and older exemption; institutional exemption; economic development exemption and other exemptions as allowed by law.

^b Amendment 10 was an amendment to the Florida Constitution in 1992 which capped the assessed value of properties with homestead exemption to increases of 3% per year or the Consumer Price Index, whichever is less (193.155, F.S.).

^c Total actual and assessed values for FY 2019 reflect the Final 2018 Tax Roll certified on June 28, 2019.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
County Direct Rates									
Countywide Operating	4.8379	5.4275	4.8050	4.7035	4.7035	4.6669	4.6669	4.6669	4.6669
Fire and Rescue Service District	2.1851	2.5753	2.4496	2.4496	2.4496	2.4207	2.4207	2.4207	2.4207
Public Library System	0.3822	0.2840	0.1795	0.1725	0.1725	0.2840	0.2840	0.2840	0.2840
Total rates subject to statutory limit	7.4052	8.2868	7.4341	7.3256	7.3256	7.3716	7.3716	7.3716	7.3716
Statutory limit ¹	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000
Unincorporated Municipal Service Area (UMSA)	2.0083	2.2980	2.0083	1.9283	1.9283	1.9283	1.9283	1.9283	1.9283
County debt service	0.2850	0.4450	0.2850	0.2850	0.4220	0.4500	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000
Fire and Rescue debt service	0.0420	0.0200	0.0131	0.0131	0.0127	0.0114	0.0086	0.0075	0.0075
Total direct rate ²	7.4240	8.3670	7.2950	7.1350	7.2560	7.3160	7.2830	7.2090	7.1980
Overlapping Rates:									
Children's Trust Rate	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.4673
Miami Downtown Development Authority Rate	0.5000	0.5000	0.4780	0.4780	0.4780	0.4780	0.4681	0.4681	0.4681
School Board Rates									
General	7.6980	7.8640	7.7650	7.7650	7.6440	7.7750	7.1380	7.1380	6.7740
Debt service	0.2970	0.3850	0.2400	0.2330	0.3330	0.1990	0.1840	0.1840	0.2200
Total Schools Board rates	7.9950	8.2490	8.0050	7.9980	7.9770	7.9740	7.3220	7.3220	6.9940
State Rates									
South Florida Water Management	0.5346	0.5346	0.3739	0.3676	0.3523	0.1577	0.1359	0.1359	0.1275
Environmental Projects	0.0894	0.0894	0.0624	0.0613	0.0587	0.0548	0.0471	0.0471	0.0441
Okeechobee Basin	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.1717	0.1477	0.1477	0.1384
Florida Inland Navigation District	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0320	0.0320	0.0320
Total State rates	0.6585	0.6585	0.4708	0.4634	0.4455	0.4187	0.3627	0.3627	0.3420

Municipalities - next page

Notes:

Miami-Dade County and the other thirty-five municipalities and all other townships and unincorporated areas therein have: (1) no personal income tax, (2) no gross receipts tax, (3) no inheritance tax, (4) no gift tax, and (5) no commuter tax.

¹ The combined Countywide General, Fire Rescue and Library rates may not exceed the Florida statutory limit of \$10.000 per \$1,000 of assessed value. Other statutory limits are \$10.000 for the School Board and \$1.000 for the State.

² "Total Direct Rate" is the weighted average of all individual County direct rates based on the proportion of their respective tax rolls to the countywide rolls. For FY 2019, the "Total Direct Rate" was adjusted based on the Final 2018 Tax Roll certified on June 28, 2019.

Source: Miami-Dade County Office of the Property Appraiser.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (Unaudited)(continued)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Municipalities:									
Aventura	1.726	1.726	1.726	1.726	1.726	1.726	1.726	1.726	1.726
Bay Harbor Island	4.412	5.297	5.297	5.297	5.250	4.900	4.400	3.999	3.720 ¹
Bal Harbour	2.527	2.557	2.447	2.268	1.919	2.061	1.965	1.965	1.965
Biscayne Park	8.890	8.993	8.900	9.500	9.700	9.700	9.700	9.700	9.700
Coral Gables	5.895	6.072	5.869	5.669	5.629	5.589	5.559	5.559	5.559
Cutler Bay	2.589	2.589	2.570	2.570	2.570	2.391	2.391	2.391	2.432 ¹
Doral	2.447	2.447	2.438	2.222	1.928	1.928	1.900	1.900	1.900
El Portal	7.844	7.900	8.300	8.300	8.300	8.300	8.300	8.300	8.300
Florida City	7.750	7.750	7.750	7.750	7.590	7.590	7.186	7.186	7.186
Golden Beach	8.500	7.014	6.980	6.995	7.113	7.245	7.396	7.480	7.480
Hialeah	6.540	6.540	6.540	6.302	6.302	6.302	6.302	6.302	6.302
Hialeah Gardens	4.900	5.460	5.588	5.381	5.381	5.161	5.161	5.161	5.161
Homestead	6.292	6.292	6.292	6.244	5.922	5.922	5.922	5.922	5.922
Indian Creek	6.950	1.804	2.720	7.952	6.950	7.674	6.950	6.609	6.400 ¹
Islandia	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Key Biscayne	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.100
Medley	5.650	5.650	5.650	5.585	5.380	6.380	5.500	5.400	6.300 ¹
Miami	8.834	7.674	7.571	7.571	7.615	7.647	7.647	7.437	7.587 ¹
Miami Beach	6.769	6.216	6.166	6.091	5.863	5.794	5.709	5.722	5.729 ¹
Miami Gardens	5.373	5.714	6.562	6.362	6.936	6.936	6.936	6.936	6.936
Miami Lakes	2.447	2.370	2.352	2.352	2.352	2.352	2.335	2.335	2.313 ¹
Miami Shores	8.706	8.000	8.000	8.000	8.000	8.000	7.900	7.900	7.900
Miami Springs	6.592	6.471	6.740	6.995	7.671	7.671	7.500	7.358	7.350 ¹
North Bay Village	4.799	4.777	4.777	4.777	5.474	5.474	4.843	5.650	5.520
North Miami	7.497	8.196	8.196	8.100	7.934	7.934	7.500	7.500	7.500
North Miami Beach	7.573	6.604	6.604	6.604	6.604	6.604	6.500	6.400	6.300 ¹
Opa Locka	8.300	8.800	9.153	9.100	9.089	8.500	10.000	9.000	9.800 ¹
Palmetto Bay	2.447	2.447	2.447	2.447	2.447	2.447	2.329	2.329	2.239
Pinecrest	2.104	2.104	2.200	2.200	2.200	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.399 ¹
South Miami	4.953	4.953	4.666	4.364	4.364	4.364	4.300	4.300	4.300
Sunny Isles Beach	2.650	2.886	2.886	2.800	2.700	2.600	2.400	2.300	2.200 ¹
Surfside	4.733	5.603	5.500	5.300	5.200	5.029	5.014	4.800	4.500
Sweetwater	3.925	4.662	2.920	2.920	2.920	2.749	4.500	4.215	3.995 ¹
Virginia Gardens	4.423	5.749	5.423	5.423	5.423	5.150	5.150	5.150	5.100 ¹
West Miami	6.738	6.886	6.886	6.886	6.886	6.886	6.886	6.886	6.886

Source: Miami-Dade County, Office of the Property Appraiser.

Notes:

¹ Information has been revised

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

					the Fiscal Year of Levy]	Tatal Callest	iana ta Data
				uie i	Levy		Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal Year	First Certification		Final Certification			Collections in		
Ended	Taxes Levied for	Adjustment to	Taxes Levied for	Amount	Percentage of	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of
September 30,	the Fiscal Year	Tax Roll ^(a)	the Fiscal Year	Collected	Levy (%)	(b)	Collected (b)	Levy (%) ^(b)
2010	\$ 1,640,101	\$ 70,181	\$ 1,569,920	\$ 1,518,040	96.70%	\$ 34,645	\$ 1,552,685	98.90%
2011	1,605,094	66,562	1,538,532	1,493,745	97.09%	32,682	1,526,427	99.21%
2012 ^(c)	1,360,362	47,072	1,313,290	1,293,321	98.48%	1,348	1,294,669	98.58%
2013 ^(c)	1,358,240	46,070	1,312,170	1,279,630	97.52%	(10,805)	1,268,825	96.70%
2014	1,423,800	34,959	1,388,841	1,356,782	97.69%	(14,256)	1,342,526	94.29%
2015	1,537,869	32,242	1,505,627	1,468,415	97.53%	(12,153)	1,456,262	94.69%
2016	1,673,606	31,130	1,642,476	1,584,175	96.45%	1,633	1,585,808	96.55%
2017 ^(d)	1,803,918	23,011	1,780,908	1,716,727	96.40%	3,777	1,720,504	96.61%
2018 ^(e)	1,958,887	25,272	1,933,615	1,861,638	96.28%	7,020	1,868,658	96.64%
2019 ^(f)	2,106,081	32,862	2,073,220	2,002,756	96.60%	-	2,002,756	96.60%

Source: Miami-Dade County Finance Department-Tax Collector Division and Miami-Dade County Office of the Property Appraiser

^(a) Adjustments to the tax roll are made by the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser and Value Adjustment Board.

^(b) Information has been revised

(c) Prior to FY 2012 VAB petitioners were not required to pay their property taxes until the VAB hearing was completed. Due to the historically high volume of VAB appeals, the hearings overlapped two fiscal years before payment was required. Prior to FY 2012 "Collections in Subsequent Years" reflect collections of VAB appealed accounts received in the subsequent fiscal year. Beginning in FY 2012 (2011 Tax Roll) statutory change required that no less than 75% of ad valorem tax be paid by corrections the tax delinquency date of April 1st before a VAB appeal could be heard. And, if taxes were paid in full, any tax refund resulting from a VAB correction issued after April 1 also requires interest to be paid at 1% per month accruing from April 1 to resolution on the refunded amount. Thus, more collections occur within the fiscal year of levy and subsequent year collection reflects reductions to collection due to VAB and PA corrections as well as interest paid on VAB.

^(d) Taxes levied in FY 2017 were adjusted to reflect the Final 2016 Certified Tax Roll in June 22, 2017.

^(e) Taxes levied in FY 2018 were adjusted to reflect the Final 2017 Certified Tax Roll in June 26, 2018.

^(f) Taxes levied in FY 2019 were adjusted to reflect the Final 2018 Certified Tax Roll in June 28, 2019.

Notes:

Tax notices are mailed on or before November 1 of each year with the following discounts allowed:

4% if paid in November

3% if paid in December

2% if paid in January

1% if paid in February

If paid in March, no discount applies.

Taxes are delinquent in April.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES BY COMPONENT (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands)

Fiscal Year											incorporated Municipal	Т	otal Taxes
Ended	c	Countywide	Fire	Rescue	P	ublic Library	County Debt	Fi	re Rescue Debt	s	ervice Area	Le	vied for the
September 30,		Operating	Servi	ce District		System	Service		Service		(UMSA)	F	iscal Year
2010	\$	1,022,965	\$	276,185	\$	73,593	\$ 60,263	\$	5,309	\$	131,605	\$	1,569,920
2011		998,152		280,690		47,724	81,838		2,180		127,948		1,538,532
2012		923,319		278,865		30,960	82,859		1,446		106,351		1,423,800
2013		865,120		262,947		28,969	52,420		1,406		101,307		1,312,169
2014		900,236		272,255		30,205	80,823		1,412		103,911		1,388,842
2015		960,508		287,296		53,454	92,665		1,353		110,352		1,505,628
2016		1,052,511		310,169		58,641	101,538		1,102		118,515		1,642,476
2017		1,152,873		336,643		64,456	98,900		1,043		126,993		1,780,908
2018		1,253,645		364,617		69,812	107,541		1,130		136,870		1,933,615
2019 ^a		1,331,863		388,616		73,881	132,638		-		146,222		2,073,220

Total actual and assessed values for each year reflect the Final Tax Roll certified for the previous year.

^a Taxes levied in FY 2019 reflect the Final 2018 Tax Roll certified June 28, 2019.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS (Unaudited) CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

			2019				2010	
		Taxable Assessed Value		Percent of Total Taxable Assessed	Ass	Taxable sessed Value		Percent of Total Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	Business or Use	(in thousands)	Rank	Value	(in	thousands)	Rank	Value
Florida Power & Light Company	Utility	\$ 5,978,907	1	2.10%	\$	3,141,911	1	1.49%
BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Utility	581,469	2	0.20%		623,054	2	0.29%
SDG Dadeland Associates Inc.	Commerce	428,000	3	0.15%		341,200	4	0.16%
Aventura Mall Venture	Commerce	426,324	4	0.15%		316,800	5	0.15%
Ponte Gadea Biscayne LLC	Real Estate	394,750	5	0.14%				
The Graham Companies	Real Estate	378,114	6	0.13%		369,766	3	0.17%
Dolphin Mall Assoc LTD Partnership	Commerce	351,675	7	0.12%		259,200	8	0.12%
Oak Plaza Associates (DEL) LLC	Real Estate	338,976	8	0.12%				
Fountainbleau Florida Hotel LLC	Hotels	328,679	9	0.12%				
Brickell City Centre Retail LLC	Commerce	288,260	10	0.10%				
Teachers Insurance & Annual Association of America	Commerce					255,054	9	0.12%
Metropolitan Life Insurance Co	Real Estate					231,471	10	0.11%
200 S Biscayne TIC LLC	Real Estate					304,500	6	0.14%
MB Redevelopment	Real Estate					280,000	7	0.13%
Total		\$ 9,495,154	=	3.33%	\$	6,122,956	-	2.90%
Total Net Assessed Real and Personal Property Value (in								
thousands) ^a		\$ 285,384,915			\$	211,448,217		

Source: Miami-Dade County Office of the Property Appraiser

Note:

^a For FY 2019 'Total Net Assessed Real and Personal Property Value' is estimated based on the Final Certified 2018 Tax Roll made on June 28, 2019.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	General Obligation Bonds (a)	Special Obligation Bonds	Boi	ecial Obligation nds from Direct Placements			Loa	ans and notes payable	Ca	pital Leases
2010	\$ 881,276	\$ 2,461,903					\$	232,112	\$	10,223
2011	1,062,146	2,472,276						202,112		46,367
2012	1,043,496	2,583,023			\$	34,525		143,361		50,455
2013	1,179,986	2,620,722				31,361		119,174		63,928
2014	1,313,548	2,671,646				28,022		102,810		79,015
2015	1,599,673	2,632,450				24,633		85,897		47,823
2016	1,803,144	2,720,412				21,094		68,912		54,637
2017	1,889,478	2,677,277				17,480		52,726		89,415
2018	2,013,020	2,667,308				13,691		47,561		97,916
2019	2,278,634	2,688,747	\$	15,130		9,802		42,249		97,033
			Busi	ness-Type Activ	ities	6				

	General	Special					-			Percentage of	
Fiscal Year Ended	Obligation	Obligation			Lo	ans and Notes			Total Primary	Personal Income	
September 30,	Bonds (a)	Bonds	Re	evenue Bonds		Payable		Capital Leases	Government	(b)	Per Capita (b)
2010	\$ 365,655	\$ 111,567	\$	9,349,617	\$	532,959	Ş	\$ 204,575	\$ 14,149,887	15%	5.52
2011	351,130	184,571		9,209,189		615,837		182,656	14,326,284	14%	5.59
2012	341,500	177,204		9,481,748		519,624		163,035	14,537,971	14%	5.67
2013	332,360	163,137		9,919,133		518,727		134,996	15,083,524	15%	5.88
2014	322,805	157,601		9,960,557		518,546		126,203	15,280,753	14%	5.96
2015	323,815	143,563		10,149,493		505,539			15,512,886	13%	5.85
2016	312,552	1,243,783		8,877,798		478,592			15,580,924	13%	5.78
2017	300,930	1,224,193		8,676,294		465,806		25,737	15,419,336	12%	5.72
2018	288,828	1,407,682		8,935,327		439,167		164,878	16,075,378	12%	5.86
2019	276,023	1,371,744		9,279,552		424,232		253,073	16,736,219	(1)	6.02

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

a General Obligation Bonds in the Business-Type Activities for FY 2019 includes \$64.8 million of Seaport General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011C and \$203.4 million of Double-Barreled Aviation Bonds, Series 2010. The Bonds are payable from ad valorem taxes levied on all taxable property of the County to the extent that net available revenues from the Seaport and Aviation are insufficient to pay debt service.

b See the Demographics and Economic Statistics schedule in this section for personal income and population data.

Legend:

(1) The personal income data for 2019 is unavailable from the U.S. Department of Commerce as of this report date.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

		Gene	ral Bonded Debt Outs	standing			
Fiscal Year Ended	General Obligation Bonds in Governmental	General Obligation Bonds in Business-Type	Total General Obligation Bonded	Less: Amounts Restricted to Repayment of		Percentage of Actual Value of Taxable Property	
September 30,	Activities	Activities (a)	Debt	Principal	Total	(b)	Per Capita (c)
2010	\$ 881,276	\$ 365,655	\$ 1,246,931	\$ 42,180	\$ 1,204,751	0.39%	470
2011	1,062,146	351,130	1,413,276	62,014	1,351,262	0.52%	537
2012	1,043,496	341,500	1,384,996	39,098	1,345,898	0.53%	528
2013	1,179,986	332,360	1,512,346	30,025	1,482,321	0.58%	578
2014	1,313,548	322,805	1,636,353	31,360	1,604,993	0.60%	621
2015	1,599,673	323,815	1,923,488	29,480	1,894,008	0.63%	714
2016	1,803,144	312,552	2,115,696	34,121	2,081,575	0.61%	772
2017	1,889,478	300,930	2,190,408	48,155	2,142,253	0.57%	781
2018	2,013,020	288,828	2,301,848	53,800	2,248,048	0.56%	809
2019	2,278,634	276,023	2,554,657	59,755	2,494,902	0.60%	887

Note:

As per the Florida Constitution, there is no limit on the amount of ad valorem taxes a county may levy for the payment of general obligation bonds.

a General Obligation Bonds in the Business-Type Activities for FY 2019 includes \$64.8 million of Seaport General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011C and \$203.4 million of Double-Barreled Aviation Bonds, Series 2010. The Bonds are payable from ad valorem taxes levied on all taxable property of the County to the extent that net available revenues from the Seaport and Aviation are insufficient to pay debt service.

b The value of taxable property can be found in the Schedule for Actual Value and Assessed Value of Taxable Property in this section.

c Population data can be found in the Schedule for Demographic and Economic Statistics in this section.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

Guaranteed Entitlement Bonds

		Guarante	 Entitlement Rev	/er				 Actual Debt	Se	rvice	
Fiscal Year	F	Receipts as a County	Receipts as a Municipality (UMSA)		Total Gross Pledged Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2010	\$	5,895	\$ 48,210	9	54,105		\$ 54,105	\$ 8,805	\$	4,828	3.97
2011		5,895	48,210		54,105		54,105	9,245		4,388	3.97
2012		5,895	48,210		54,105		54,105	9,705		3,925	3.97
2013		5,895	48,210		54,105		54,105	10,160		3,470	3.97
2014		5,895	48,210		54,105		54,105	10,665		2,963	3.97
2015		5,895	48,210		54,105		54,105	11,200		2,429	3.97
2016		5,895	48,210		54,105		54,105	11,765		1,869	3.97
2017		5,895	48,210		54,105		54,105	12,345		1,281	3.97
2018		5,895	48,210		54,105		54,105	12,950		680	3.97

Pledged revenues: Payable from the guaranteed portion of the State revenue sharing receipts.

The pledged revenue schedules were prepared as per GASB 44 "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section". The statement does not require the use of the coverage formulas stipulated in their bond covenants because the purpose is to help the user assess the County's ability to generate sufficient resources to pay debt, rather than to demonstrate legal compliance. Therefore, the schedules herein presented do not necessarily represent legal compliance. Debt Service requirements were met in fiscal year 2018

Professional Sports Franchise Facilities Tax Revenue Bonds

	Professional Sports Franchise		Tourist	Total Gross			 Actual Debt	Serv	ice	
	Franchise Facilities Tax	De	velopment Tax	Pledged	Less: Operating	Net Available				
Fiscal Year	Revenues		Revenues	Revenues	Expenses	Resources	Principal	h	nterest	Coverage
2010	\$ 7,689	\$	15,384	\$ 23,073		\$ 23,073		\$	3,584	6.44
2011	9,009		18,025	27,033		27,033			4,930	5.48
2012	9,697		19,395	29,092		29,092	\$ 1,379		4,864	4.66
2013	11,290		22,583	33,873		33,621	2,080		4,842	4.86
2014	11,521		23,042	34,563		33,621	3,135		4,771	4.86
2015	12,527		25,054	37,581		37,581	4,020		4,752	4.28
2016	12,719		25,437	38,156		38,156	4,695		5,210	3.85
2017	12,843		25,689	38,532		38,532	5,395		5,996	3.38
2018	15,056		30,116	45,172		45,172	6,155		6,482	3.57
2019	15,553		31,118	46,671		46,671	6,935		4,429	4.11

Pledged revenues: Payable from a 1% professional sports franchise facilities tax and a 2% tourist development tax on the rental of facilities such as hotels, motels and apartments, for a period of six months or less.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

Aster Dall Comdan

Courthouse Center / Juvenile Courthouse Center Bonds

				Actual De	bt S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	otal Gross Pledged Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses	et Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2010	\$ 9,700		\$ 9,700	\$ 2,260	\$	3,752	1.61
2011	10,995		10,995	2,360		3,650	1.83
2012	12,493		12,493	2,460		3,516	2.09
2013	14,434		14,434	2,565		3,404	2.42
2014	10,759		10,759	2,685		3,599	1.71
2015	8,344		8,344	3,225		3,883	1.17
2016	7,955		7,955	3,320		3,566	1.16
2017	7,594		7,594	3,435		3,463	1.10
2018	7,491		7,491	3,565		3,552	1.05
2019	7,747		7,747	3,705		3,573	1.06

Pledged revenues: Ordinance 09-72 enacted September 1, 2009 to collect \$30 traffic surcharge revenues of which \$15 will be used to pay principal and interest on bonds issued for the Juvenile Courthouse Projects.

The pledged revenue schedules were prepared as per GASB 44 "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section". The statement does not require the use of the coverage formulas stipulated in their bond covenants because the purpose is to help the user assess the County's ability to generate sufficient resources to pay debt, rather than to demonstrate legal compliance. Therefore, the schedules herein presented do not necessarily represent legal compliance.

	Total Gross				 Actual De	bt S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	I	otal Gross Pledged devenues	Less: Operating Expenses	Available esources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2010	\$	113,953	-	\$ 113,953	\$ 5,770	\$	7,516	8.58
2011		116,398		116,398	6,020		7,267	8.76
2012		116,862		116,862	3,315		4,189	15.57
2013		120,601		120,601	6,675		5,793	9.67
2014		126,015		126,015	6,955		5,527	10.10
2015		122,313		122,313	7,275		5,201	9.80
2016		122,839		122,839	7,585		4,878	9.86
2017		125,891		125,891	6,860		2,664	13.22
2018		128,811		128,811	6,070		2,384	15.24
2019		124,272		124,272	6,305		2,139	14.72

Public Service Tax Revenue Bonds

Pledged revenues: Payable from the Public Service Tax levied by the County in the unincorporated areas of the County upon purchase of electricity, gas, coal, fuel oil, water service, and telecommunications.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

Stormwater Utility Fees Bonds

iniwater ounty	 Donao			Actual De	ervice	_	
Fiscal Year	otal Gross Pledged Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2010	\$ 31,125	2,678	\$ 28,447	\$ 3,035	\$	4,584	3.73
2011	31,400	2,516	28,884	3,145		4,474	3.79
2012	31,074	2,352	28,722	3,265		4,356	3.77
2013	31,461	2,035	29,426	3,390		4,229	3.84
2014	29,784	2,002	27,782	5,643		1,771	3.75
2015	31,750	1,911	29,839	4,318		2,916	4.12
2016	32,160	1,947	30,213	4,491		2,741	4.18
2017	32,519	1,605	30,914	4,649		2,585	4.27
2018	33,049	2,355	30,694	4,812		2,424	4.24
2019	40,186	2,327	37.859	4.975		2,258	5.23

Pledged revenues: Payable from Stormwater Utility Fees collected from residential and nonresidential developed property in the County.

The pledged revenue schedules were prepared as per GASB 44 "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section". The statement does not require the use of the coverage formulas stipulated in their bond covenants because the purpose is to help the user assess the County's ability to generate sufficient resources to pay debt, rather than to demonstrate legal compliance. Therefore, the schedules herein presented do not necessarily represent legal compliance.

				Actual De	bt S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	Fotal Gross Pledged Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses	 let Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2010	\$ 142,390		\$ 142,390	\$ 4,449	\$	11,761	8.78
2011	159,138		159,138	9,644		11,260	7.61
2012	171,600		171,600	10,380		11,590	7.81
2013	186,903		186,903	11,235		18,051	6.38
2014	196,355		196,355			32,078	6.12
2015	209,166		209,166	6,440		34,692	5.09
2016	216,606		216,606	4,105		34,513	5.61
2017	216,849		216,849			31,588	6.86
2018	235,203		235,203	2,615		34,946	6.26
2019	238,359		238,359	3,230		34,861	6.26

Convention Development Tax Bonds

Pledged revenues: Payable from a lien on two-thirds of the receipts, net of administrative costs, of the Convention Development Tax to be received by the County. This tax is 3% of the total consideration charged for the leasing and letting of transient rental accommodations within the County.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

Astual Daht Camilaa

Aviation Revenue Bonds

								Actual De	ervice	_	
Fiscal Year	Gros	s Revenues		Less: Operating Expenses		Net Available Resources		Principal		Interest	Coverage
2010	\$	638,347	\$	361,633	\$	276,714	\$	59,815	\$	124,229	1.50
2011		739,996		373,538		366,458		59,520		169,515	1.60
2012		824,886		370,290		454,596		62,995		222,213	1.59
2013		868,802		384,004		484,798		67,020		255,009	1.51
2014		893,574		385,969		507,605		83,920		235,882	1.59
2015		892,846		402,831		490,015		93,435		213,593	1.60
2016		925,548		415,554		509,994		96,630		210,756	1.66
2017		913,151		429,974		483,177		118,115		181,953	1.61
2018		931,800		454,871		476,929		126,190		175,136	1.58
2019		947,457		480,910		466,547		135,145		169,795	1.53

Pledged revenues: Aviation Revenue Bonds are payable by the net revenues of the Port Authority Properties. In addition, the net revenues are pledged towards Aviation General Obligation Bonds. Principal payments for the GOB bonds were \$5.175 million and interest payments were \$10.256 million in fiscal year 2019.

The pledged revenue schedules were prepared as per GASB 44 "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section". The statement does not require the use of the coverage formulas stipulated in their bond covenants because the purpose is to help the user assess the County's ability to generate sufficient resources to pay debt, rather than to demonstrate legal compliance. Therefore, the schedules herein presented do not necessarily represent legal compliance.

Public Facilities Revenue Bonds

					Actual De	ervice	_	
Fiscal Year	Gros	s Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2010	\$	1,689,089	\$ 1,697,787	\$ (8,698)	\$ 6,715	\$	16,946	(0.37)
2011		1,706,344	1,709,013	(2,669)	7,020		14,997	(0.12)
2012		1,576,899	1,484,459	92,440	7,325		17,925	3.66
2013		1,564,784	1,439,320	125,464	7,645		17,147	5.06
2014		1,554,070	1,456,997	97,073	8,005		16,073	4.03
2015		1,670,089	1,536,287	133,802	8,855		14,533	5.72
2016		1,785,158	1,699,541	85,617	8,175		15,219	3.66
2017		1,896,442	1,794,031	102,411	8,555		14,193	4.50
2018		1,970,804	1,860,006	110,798	8,985		13,766	4.87
2019		2,082,212	1,978,723	103.489	9.710		13.327	4.49

Pledged revenues: Payable solely from gross revenues of the Public Health Trust ("PHT").

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

Astual Daht Camilaa

Seaport Revenue Bonds

					Actual De	bt S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	Gros	s Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2010	\$	105,334	\$ 68,272	\$ 37,062	\$ 3,620	\$	3,192	5.44
2011		109,150	67,259	41,891	5,475		2,916	4.99
2012		103,751	59,550	44,201	5,815		2,584	5.26
2013		111,595	65,911	45,684	6,140		2,950	5.03
2014		126,144	64,341	61,803	6,490		11,896	3.36
2015		136,086	66,700	69,386	6,875		22,410	2.37
2016		143,864	71,267	72,597	7,050		22,562	2.45
2017		166,756	79,575	87,181	1,095		23,540	3.54
2018		155,928	80,384	75,544	6,840		24,352	2.42
2019		165,592	85,840	79,752	7,130		24,749	2.50

Pledged revenues: Seaport Revenue Bonds are payable solely from net revenues of the Seaport Department. In addition, the net revenues are pledged towards Seaport General Obligation Bonds. Principal payments for the GOB bonds were \$6.585 million and interest payments were \$3.121 million in fiscal year 2019.

The pledged revenue schedules were prepared as per GASB 44 "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section". The statement does not require the use of the coverage formulas stipulated in their bond covenants because the purpose is to help the user assess the County's ability to generate sufficient resources to pay debt, rather than to demonstrate legal compliance. Therefore, the schedules herein presented do not necessarily represent legal compliance.

Solid Waste System Bonds

iu waste Syste	-					Actual De	ervice	-	
Fiscal Year	Gross	s Revenues		Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2010	\$	269,132	\$	212,316	\$ 56,816	\$ 13,890	\$	6,223	2.82
2011		266,944		220,199	46,745	11,517		7,232	2.49
2012		266,944		223,085	43,859	11,503		7,246	2.34
2013		262,856		231,862	30,994	11,486		7,270	1.65
2014		261,397		218,498	42,899	11,523		7,248	2.29
2015		267,370		218,200	49,170	11,576		7,208	2.62
2016		268,139		221,460	46,679	9,655		3,003	3.69
2017		271,447		234,390	37,057	12,480		3,324	2.34
2018		282,294		243,637	38,657	8,995		2,800	3.28
2019		275,677		249,475	26,202	9,320		2,405	2.23

Pledged revenues: Payable from net operating revenues of the Solid Waste System.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands)

Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds

	·			Actual D	ebt Service	
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Resources	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2010	\$ 518,395	\$ 349,632	\$ 168,763	\$ 45,385	5 \$ 69,268	1.47
2011	545,660	340,077	205,583	48,035	5 97,710	1.41
2012	536,302	325,077	211,225	50,275	93,919	1.46
2013	548,408	339,975	208,433	54,650	91,561	1.43
2014	578,850	349,863	228,987	59,745	5 103,364	1.40
2015	613,316	368,907	244,409	62,640	94,076	1.56
2016	659,782	388,488	271,294	65,735	95,459	1.68
2017	707,332	398,530	308,802	68,990	92,205	1.92
2018	711,849	412,782	299,067	71,055	5 100,241	1.75
2019	734,451	442,225	292,226	74,720	107,819	1.60

Pledged revenues: Payable from net operating revenues of the County's Water and Wastewater System.

The pledged revenue schedules were prepared as per GASB 44 "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section". The statement does not require the use of the coverage formulas stipulated in their bond covenants because the purpose is to help the user assess the County's ability to generate sufficient resources to pay debt, rather than to demonstrate legal compliance. Therefore, the schedules herein presented do not necessarily represent legal compliance.

Transit System Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds

·····,····					 Actual De	bt S	ervice		
Fiscal Year	Gros	s Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses	Available esources	Principal		Interest	Coverage	
2010	\$	141,333		\$ 141,333	\$ 7,250	\$	40,930	2.93	
2011		151,438		151,438	7,610		54,293	2.45	
2012		161,982		161,982	13,695		57,495	2.28	
2013		170,506		170,506	17,610		77,085	1.80	
2014		182,413		182,413	18,305		77,631	1.90	
2015		193,664		193,664	26,640		77,688	1.86	
2016		201,353		201,353	26,905		75,684	1.96	
2017		204,729		204,729	28,965		70,994	2.05	
2018		219,984		219,984	30,195		71,465	2.16	
2019		226,256		226,256	32,270		81,874	1.98	

Pledged revenues: Payable from the transit system 1/2 cent sales surtax.

Gross revenues in this schedule are 80% of the Transit sales surtax proceeds. The other 20% is paid out to municipalities. The pledged revenue schedules were prepared as per GASB 44 "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section". The statement does not require the use of the coverage formulas stipulated in their bond covenants because the purpose is to help the user assess the County's ability to generate sufficient resources to pay debt, rather than to demonstrate legal compliance. Therefore, the schedules herein presented do not necessarily represent legal compliance.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands)

Rickenbacker Causeway Revenue Bonds

			1 0551				Actual De	bt S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	Gross	Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses		Net Available Resources		Principal		Interest	Coverage
2014	\$	8,171	\$ 4,277	\$	3,894					N/A
2015		8,985	3,422		5,563	\$	525	\$	1,625	2.59
2016		9,791	3,258		6,533		545		1,525	3.16
2017		9,659	2,725		6,934		565		1,503	3.35
2018		12,780	3,811		8,969		590		1,480	4.33
2019		11,681	3,827		7,854		615		1,457	3.79

Pledged revenues: Payable from the net revenue of the Causeways.

The pledged revenue schedules were prepared as per GASB 44 "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section". The statement does not require the use of the coverage formulas stipulated in their bond covenants because the purpose is to help the user assess the County's ability to generate sufficient resources to pay debt, rather than to demonstrate legal compliance. Therefore, the schedules herein presented do not necessarily represent legal compliance.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (Unaudited) LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

		Total Personal		Average		
		Income	Per Capita	Unemployment	Civilian Labor	
Year	Population	(in thousands)	Personal Income	Rate	Force	Median Age
2010	2,563,885	\$ 92,227,399	\$ 35,972	12.0%	1,257,324	38
2011	2,516,515	97,815,794	38,870	12.7%	1,300,030	38
2012	2,551,255	100,688,604	39,466	9.7%	1,290,751	39
2013	2,565,685	104,373,301	40,680	8.9%	1,289,617	39
2014	2,586,290	111,528,866	43,123	7.2%	1,282,854	39
2015	2,653,934	116,553,169		6.2%	1,321,033	40
2016	2,696,353	123,276,064	45,440	5.8%	1,334,404	40
2017	2,743,095	131,244,442	^a 47,813 ^a	5.0%	1,375,376	40
2018	2,779,322	138,138,976	50,022	3.6%	1,363,766	40
2019	2,812,130	(1)	(1)	2.9%	1,463,774	40

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Economics and Statistics Administration, Bureau of Economic Analysis/Regional Economic Information System Florida Agency for Workforce Innovation, Labor Market Statistics Miami-Dade County Department of Regulatory and Economic Resources, Research Section University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research

Note: ^a Data has been revised by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Legend: (1) Information unavailable as of the date of this report.

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (Unaudited) CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2016 ¹			2007	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
E I.		D	Total County	-		Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Miami-Dade County Public Schools	31,000	1	2.32%	50,000	1	4.19%
Miami-Dade County	24,692	2	1.85%	32,000	2	2.68%
U.S. Federal Government	19,300	3	1.45%	19,800	3	1.66%
Florida State Government	19,200	4	1.44%	16,200	4	1.36%
University of Miami	13,864	5	1.04%	10,170	7	0.85%
Baptist Health South Florida	13,369	6	1.00%	11,257	5	0.94%
American Airlines	11,773	7	0.88%	9,000	9	0.75%
Jackson Health System	8,163	8	0.61%	10,000	8	0.84%
Florida International University	4,951	9	0.37%			
City of Miami	3,820	10	0.29%	4,297	15	0.36%
Mount Sinai Medical Center	3,402	11	0.25%			
Florida Power & Light Company	3,011	12	0.23%			
Miami Children's Hospital	2,991	13	0.22%			
Homestead AFB	2,810	14	0.21%			
Miami-Dade College	2,572	15	0.19%	6,004	11	0.50%
Precision Response Corporation				6,000	12	0.50%
United Parcel Service				6,123	10	0.51%
Bell South Corporation - Florida				5,500	13	0.46%
Winn Dixie Stores				4,833	14	0.41%
Publix Super Markets				11,000	6	0.92%
Total	164,918		12.35%	202,184		16.93%

Source: The Beacon Council, Miami, Florida, Miami Business Profile

¹ Information is based on data from year 2016. The data for years 2017, 2018, and 2019 is not available as of the date of this report.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

-	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program										
Policy formulation and general government	3,652	3,394	2,237	2,185	2,357	2,368	2,528	2,595	2,641	2,780
Protection of people and property	10,825	10,778	10,039	9,982	9,773	9,750	10,006	10,138	10,211	10,413
Physical environment	490	485	1,011	979	959	938	929	957	978	996
Transportation (streets and roads)	934	912	821	792	914	894	562	506	660	626
Health	105	119	111	113	173	146	146	204	251	259
Human Services	1,254	1,197	1,741	1,649	1,356	1,341	1,407	1,442	1,447	1,436
Socio-economic environment	190	161	39	40	40	39	36	38	40	41
Culture and recreation	1,824	1,658	1,534	1,432	1,434	1,368	1,526	1,533	1,582	1,733
Mass Transit	3,201	3,199	3,235	3,235	3,235	3,247	3,339	3,175	3,371	3,278
Solid Waste Collection	693	683	583	583	553	503	569	536	538	493
Solid Waste Disposal	265	257	249	258	268	240	278	302	310	366
Seaport	417	417	377	266	362	349	331	325	325	345
Aviation	1,435	1,255	1,206	1,227	1,227	1,256	1,284	1,324	1,366	1,400
Water	1,164	1,106	1,102	1,090	1,154	1,159	1,231	1,082	1,144	1,140
Sewer	1,312	1,256	1,269	1,259	1,325	1,332	1,395	1,384	1,409	1,394
Public Health Trust	11,810	11,108	10,057	9,968	10,141	10,668	11,493	12,126	12,339	12,500
Other	448	448	530	499	507	497	423	424	420	420
Total	40,019	38,433	36,141	35,557	35,778	36,095	37,483	38,091	39,032	39,620

Source: Miami-Dade County, Florida, Business Plan, Adopted Budget, and Five-Year Financial Outlook (various years), Miami-Dade County Office of Strategic Business Management.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	201 7 ¹	2018 ¹	2019 ²
Protection of people and property										
Corrections and Rehabilitation										
Average daily inmate population	5,803	5,509	5,170	4,957	4,692	4,301	3,905	3,952	4,184	4,500
Annual inmate meals served	7.164M	6.884M	6.311M	6.369M	6.100M	5.522M	4.912M	4.688M	5.400M	5.400M
Average length of stay per inmate (in days)	20.6	22	22.6	22.6	23.2	23.0	23.4	26.0	27.0	29.0
Monthly bookings	8,559	7,480	7,058	6,829	6,175	5,463	5,075	4,673	4,657	5,000
Fire Rescue Department										
Average response time for life-threatening emergencies inside urban areas (in										
minutes)	7.50	8.05	8.12	8.17	8.23	8.28	8.34	8.48	9.04	8.50
Average response time for structure fires (in minutes)	6.25	6.4	6.35	6.43	6.58	7.08	7.00	7.05	7.30	7.00
Annual total calls dispatched	234,534	237,062	236,224	239,861	242,773	255,098	260,438	260,744	253,579	263,000
Juvenile Services Department (JSD)										
Percentage of Youth Successfully Completing Treatment Plans	80%	80%	81%	78%	77%	77%	81%	81%	78%	80%
Arrests processed at the JSD	7,129	6,380	5,649	4,751	4,092	3,669	3,504	3,095	2,637	3,000
Number of arrested juveniles who qualify and receive JSD diversion services	3,794	3,797	3,262	3,205	3,263	2,904	2,469	2,284	2,449	2,250
Police										
Crimes and clearance rate - homicides	56%	60%	46%	48%	41%	48%	54%	50%	65%	48%
Crimes and clearance rate - robberies	29%	34%	35%	31%	33%	28%	24%	28%	31%	28%
Crimes and clearance rate - sex crimes	91%	107%	88%	116%	67%	50%	58%	63%	56%	45%
Average emergency response time (in minutes)	5.22	5.17	5.16	5.18	5.20	5.30	5.49	5.74	5.58	6.45
Transportation (streets and roads)										
Department of Transportation & Public Works										
Road miles maintained	3,594	3,581	3,573	3,206	3,201	3,198	3,557	3,556	3,539	3,566
Traffic signals	3,683	3,742	2,827	2,858	2,857	2,871	2,883	2,758	2,911	2,912
Number of street lights maintained by the County	23,001	24,282	24,227	24,622	24,662	24,592	25,126	25,949	26,377	26,551
Physical environment										
Environmental Resources Management										
Operating permit inspections	12,285	12,692	12,294	12,616	6,737	5,422	5,022	6,515	6,703	1,064
Trees provided to residents through Adopt-a-Tree program	11,819	6,600	1,494	10,606	7,125	4,550	8,244	3,106	8,986	8,410
Health										
Animal Services										
Number of pets adopted	8,334	8,093	7,253	8,874	9,259	9,825	9,158	9,674	9,534	9,000
Dog licenses issued	194,490	188,766	196,378	193,897	199,603	201,420	207,648	215,810	221,055	216,000
Shelter intake	35,905	31,662	31,226	28,748	30,028	29,295	29,049	29,276	29,519	28,000

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 ¹	2018 ¹	2019 ²
Human Services										
Human Services	1.385	1.385	1,441	1.663	1.787	1,950	1,810	1,972	1,965	2,000
Domestic violence victims provided shelter and advocacy Community Action Agency	1,305	1,303	1,441	1,005	1,707	1,950	1,010	1,972	1,900	2,000
Clients served at community centers	372,345	238,000	178,000	78,000	78,354	62,513	65,749	60,663	64,196	62,050
Socio-economic environment										
Housing Agency										
Occupancy rate in public housing	91%	93%	95%	91%	93%	94%	96%	94%	95%	95%
Housing and Community Development										
Agencies funded through the CDBG/HOME Request for										
Application (RFA) process	97	80	97	133	108	89	50	60	62	63
Economic Advocacy Trust										
Number of Housing Assistance Loans approved	146	241	256	248	356	429	410	291	282	261
Cases referred to Teen Court	454	619	527	511	471	453	404	298	218	300
Culture and recreation										
Library										
Number of registered borrowers	1,126,078	1,009,887	1,084,841	1,153,318	1,075,972	1,096,667	971,461	1,334,628	1,318,929	1,454,253
Parks										
Zoo Miami (Miami Metrozoo) attendance	810,998	840,878	882,813	955,240	914,139	972,454	903,867	931,931	964,878	908,054
Deering Estate Gate Admissions	56,140	62,578	58,619	70,707	73,680	76,659	72,780	65,666	73,200	70,544
Golf rounds	210,784	203,314	196,131	196,709	195,868	199,706	171,415	166,625	166,101	173,725
Marina utilization	92%	90%	88%	92%	97%	99%	100%	101%	102%	101%
Summer camp registrations	7,463	8,934	8,844	12,283	8,528	8,416	8,756	8,602	7,128	7,166
After school registrations at park facilities	1,754	1,936	1,912	2,270	2,053	1,611	1,971	1,194	1,309	1,825
Mass transit										
Daily riders - Metrobus	225,075	241,200	248,772	250,200	244,748	231,024	208,010	186,607	167,344	160,648
Daily riders - Metrorail	59,700	61,988	64,087	70,900	73,065	74,398	72,896	68,075	65,587	63,440
Daily riders - Metromover	26,683	29,700	29,566	30,900	32,117	32,159	33,511	30,817	28,624	28,535
Solid waste collection										
Waste collected (tons)	668,218	640,895	658,463	675,430	716,454	732,707	771,650	818,408	813,302	811,180
Number of household and commercial customers	327,892	328,353	327,771	328,043	329,886	332,077	330,591	338,210	341,508	339,531
Solid waste disposal										
Trash disposed (net tons)	1.46M	1.48M	1.57M	1.49M	1.72M	1,826,276	1,787,053	1,772,846	2,028,166	1,860,337

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 ¹	2018 ¹	2019 ²
Seaport										
Number of cruise ship passengers	4.145M	4.018M	3.77M	4.080M	4.939M	4.915M	4.980M	5.341M	5.592M	6.824M
Cargo tons transited	7.389M	8.222M	8.108M	7.981M	7.699M	8.613M	8.778M	9.160M	9.612M	10.053M
Ships (visits)	2,383	2,663	2,370	2,179	2,263	2,483	1,725	2,150	2,205	2,249
Aviation										
Number of passengers at Miami International Airport (MIA)	35.030M	37.633M	39.564M	40.115M	40.845M	43.347M	44.902M	43.726M	44.938M	45.812M
Cargo tons	1.992M	2.007M	2.101M	2.135M	2.187M	2.206M	2.220M	2.248M	2.369M	2.348M
Number of flight arrivals and departures at MIA	363,322	386,233	389,919	393,355	397,261	405,896	413,401	407,160	415,781	415,032
Water										
Number of customers	420,367	422,016	424.764	428,631	432,315	436,862	441,059	443,615	447,209	449,985
Water pumped (millions of gallons)	114,355	113,190	112,535	113,341	109,104	112,832	116,821	118,042	117,154	117,586
Sewer										
Number of customers	338,368	339,927	342,539	346,285	349,778	354,006	357,882	361,055	363,444	366,069
Wastewater treated (millions of gallons)	107,461	98,092	121,627	111,970	115,772	106,820	115,281	112,458	109,544	108,962
Public health										
Number of hospital admissions	72,518	69,374	60,203	57,876	56,432	58,092	63,728	65,762	65,138	63,290
Number of outpatient visits	548,395	554,578	343,089	334,622	305,437	314,949	357,944	287,597	316,825	320,262
Total patient days	445,825	434,418	381,850	398,162	388,183	405,974	446,504	449,938	434,756	428,665
Uninsured patient days	149,739	154,018	68,191	53,278	57,072	56,440	59,165	57,144	62,189	54,938
Legend: N/A = not available										
Source: Various Miami-Dade County departments										

Source: Various Miami-Dade County departments Note:

1. FY 2017 and FY 2018 were updated to reflect actual amounts.

2. FY 2019 is based on budgetary estimates.

CAPITAL ASSET INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Protection of people and property										
Police Department	10	10	13	10	10	10	14	10	10	10
Police stations (owned)	13	13		13	13	13	14	13	13	13
Police vehicles	3,251	N/A	3,479	3,118	3,222	3,381	3,333	3,163	3,250	3,309
Fire Department										
Fire suppression stations	55	55	53	56	60	60	60	59	57	70
Pumpers/fire engines	35	39	56	N/A	55	55	55	56	57	59
Socio-economic environment Culture and recreation										
Parks and Recreation										
Parks acreage	12,848	N/A	12,825	12,825	12,825	13,565	15,573	13,600	13,611	13,681
Libraries	,• .•		,0_0	,0_0	,0_0	,	,	,	,	
Library facilities	51	52	51	51	51	49	49	50	50	50
Mass transit										
Miles of rail	23	23	25	29	25	23	23	25	25	25
Number of Metrorail stations	22	22	22	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Number of buses	991	828	829	824	824	823	847	815	762	754
Solid waste collection										
Solid waste packers and equipment	544	524	487	474	502	511	477	567	583	597

CAPITAL ASSET INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

_										
_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Seaport										
Passenger terminals	12	7	7	12	12	12	12	12	8	9
Gantry cranes	9	9	9	9	13	13	13	13	13	13
Aviation										
Number of airports	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of runways at MIA	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
		•	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	
Water										
Water treatment plants	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Water mains (miles)	5,907	5,922	5,983	5,988	6,004	6,035	6,131	6,264	6,269	6,271
	452	452	454	454	464	464	461	461	464	481
Water treatment capacity (million gallons per day)										
Water supply wells	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	103	100	100
Course										
Sewer	0.075	0.005	4 000		4 070		4 4 9 5			
Sanitary sewers (miles)	3,975	3,995	4,036	4,048	4,072	4,110	4,165	4,184	4,191	4,191
Wastewater treatment plants	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Wastewater treatment capacity (million gallons per day)	368	368	376	376	376	376	376	376	376	376
Wastewater pump stations	1,039	1,039	1,039	1,042	1,047	1,047	1,049	1,049	1,052	1,041
	,		•	•	-	-	•	-	•	-

Legend: N/A = not available

Source: Various Miami-Dade County departments and Miami-Dade County, Florida, Business Plan, Adopted Budget, and Five-Year Financial Outlook

GENERAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE (Unaudited)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands)

Fiscal Year		General	Local	Communication,	F	ranchise,		Inte	rgovernmenta			All Other
ended		Property	Option Gas	Utility, and		License,			Revenue		-	Revenue
September 30,	Total	Taxes	Taxes	Business Taxes	a	nd Permits	Sales Tax		Sharing	Other		Sources *
2010	\$ 1,970,270	\$ 1,134,363	\$ 51,768	\$ 122,649	\$	106,366	\$ 111,092	\$	75,402	\$ 14,507	\$	354,123
2011	1,960,949	1,101,953	54,270	124,955		94,660	123,264		76,957	14,351		370,539
2012	1,835,771	957,396	52,005	125,128		109,340	131,392		79,487	14,652		366,371
2013	1,820,685	927,848	53,482	128,402		107,055	140,449		82,652	14,461		366,336
2014	1,887,265	973,484	54,125	133,907		97,695	148,654		86,306	14,893		378,201
2015	1,998,143	1,040,952	56,675	130,271		105,188	157,047		91,053	15,238		401,719
2016	2,087,215	1,125,991	56,113	130,884		106,440	162,740		92,747	15,778		396,522
2017	2,211,962	1,238,819	58,150	133,844		97,232	163,323		95,454	15,899		409,241
2018	2,436,926	1,347,721	57,029	138,927		120,742	174,312		100,495	16,144		481,556
2019	2,602,818	1,440,272	59,033	133,805		117,775	176,298		114,714	16,471		544,450

* All other revenue sources excluding operating transfers in.

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES BY FUNCTION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					(in thousands)							
		Policy										
		Formulation		Protection				Health				
Fiscal Year		and		of People				and Socio-	Culture			
ended		General		and	Physical			economic	and	Capital	Ot	her financing
September 30,	Total	Government		Property	Environment	Transportation	E	Environment	Recreation	Outlay	SO	urces (uses)*
2010	\$ 1,970,204	\$ 330,68	7 \$	852,139	\$ 66,810	\$ 34,159	\$	102,864	\$ 87,911	\$ 20,304	\$	475,330
2011	1,898,144	312,12	0	889,596	66,752	29,878		88,178	101,557	25,225		384,838
2012	1,839,667	280,88	8	838,081	64,861	19,427		72,778	106,641	24,135		432,856
2013	1,844,065	254,96	0	841,611	63,615	18,687		118,523	110,556	27,607		408,506
2014	1,916,899	262,40	4	885,172	68,209	21,937		109,642	119,559	34,160		415,816
2015	1,970,905	272,40	4	913,979	72,513	21,407		99,609	121,794	35,059		434,140
2016	2,068,221	303,39	1	949,411	73,175	18,070		113,768	133,397	29,862		447,147
2017	2,232,600	309,65	3	1,037,710	79,823	17,252		133,149	145,756	36,386		472,871
2018	2,374,647	368,97	5	1,051,651	77,772	19,896		139,562	146,694	34,333		535,764
2019	2,579,826	444,51	1	1,114,855	81,637	17,405		147,456	159,761	31,435		582,766

*Represents net transfers and capital lease arrangements.

TAX INCREMENT DISTRICTS (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands)

			SE											7th			North				
		South	Overtown/	Pa	ark West		City			Florida	South	Naranja		Avenue	Midtown	North	Miami	West			79th
District		Pointe	Park West	A	Addition	Omni	Center	H	omestead	City	Miami	Lakes		Corridor	Miami	Miami	Beach	Perrine	Opa-Locka	ı	Street
		Miami					Miami			Florida	South					North	N. Miami				
Junicipality		Beach	Miami		Miami	Miami	Beach	ł	Iomestead	City	Miami	N/A		N/A	Miami	Miami	Beach	N/A	Opa-Locka		N/A
Base year																					
(created)		1976	1982		1985	1986	19	92	1993	1994	1998	200	2	2003	2004	2004	2004	2006	201	3	201
Base assessment	\$	59,637	\$ 78,306	\$	37,462	\$ 246,899	\$ 292,5	72 \$	85,619 \$	42,804	\$ 68,437	5 131,29	3\$	54,233 \$	29,282 \$	870,434	\$ 235,289	\$ 431,320	\$ 123,62	28 \$	395,15
Revenue																					
County -	2010 \$	15,817	\$ 3,956		N/A	\$ 5,195	\$ 13,54	12 \$	1,786 \$	1,049		,	3\$	309 \$							
	2011	16,054	4,865		N/A	3,853	14,78	35	1,484	934	660	66	3	284	695	393	447	233			
	2012	14,471	3,147		N/A	1,760	12,9	24	1,021	647	510	51	8	240	636	152	177				
	2013	14,896	3,709		N/A	3,651	13,1	34	962	653	519	44	2	231	1,080	(61)	183				
	2014	16,177	3,956		N/A	4,176	15,9	18	801	648	536	53	0	204	1,290	191	202				
	2015	18,339	5,054	\$	81	4,449	16,1	98	790	596	526	62	8	225	1,654	303	194				
	2016	4,470	6,027		212	5,663	18,9	16	915	663	598	69	4	268	1,782	391	289		\$ 2	27	
	2017	11,425	6,719		222	6,601	22,2	00	1,002	742	686	89	2	297	1,949	449	411	33	7	2\$	1
	2018	22,315	6,920		261	6,943	22,4	22	1,090	720	742	1,07	4	365	2,556	601	550	128	11	6	24
	2019	19,383	6,810		391	7,331	23,84	13	1,201	794	802	1,42	25	416	2,597	454	711	290	17	'4	43
Municipality -	2010 \$	18,804	\$ 7,019		N/A	\$ 8,759	\$ 16,9	46 \$	2,419 \$	1,738	\$ 643	5 56	3\$	128 \$	2,404 \$	4,207	\$ 1,171	\$ 190			
	2011	19,276	7,152		N/A	6,352	18,3	78	1,857	1,445	632	28	1	120	1,658	2,118	606	99			
	2012	19,249	6,126		N/A	4,107	18,3	38	1,551	1,236	1,087	21	7	101	1,028	1,373	415				
	2013	20,591	6,853		N/A	6,475	19,18	38	1,480	1,274	1,037	18	0	94	1,759	1,134	435				
	2014	21,474	7,526		N/A	7,201	19,93	35	1,152	1,122	1,048	21	7	83	2,102	812	336				
	2015	23,493	8,608	\$	132	7,944	21,43	35	1,789	1,094	553	26	0	93	2,737	1,102	395				
	2016	26,270	9,874		347	9,829	24,5	65	1,227	1,088	597	28	7	111	3,074	1,868	505		\$ 51	7	
	2017		11,254		385	11,039	28,8	55	1,328	1,197	646	36	9	123	3,341	2,436	654	13	15	54 \$	
	2018		11,586		531	11,985	29,4	14	1,428	1,172	696	36	9	123	4,175	3,180	787	13	26	62	4
	2019		11,741		720	12,543	31,0	00	1,562	1,313	746	58	9	172	4,266	4,177	970	120	38	81	17

Source: Miami-Dade County, Office of Strategic Budget and Management.

INSURANCE IN FORCE (Unaudited) AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Type of Coverage	Insurer	Policy Period	Premium
ART INSURANCE:	Lloyds of London	04/17/19 - 04/17/20	\$ 3,02
AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY:			
Executive Vehicles	National Indemnity Company of the South	01/18/19 - 01/18/20	54,840
AVIATION:			
Airport Liability	Various Companies	10/01/18 - 10/01/19	505,246
Aircraft Hull and Liability	Global Aerospace	01/08/19 - 01/08/20	312,656
Unmanned Aircraft (Drone)	Global Aerospace	01/10/19 - 01/10/20	742
CRIME:			
Crime Policy	Fidelity & Deposit Co.	08/19/19 - 08/19/20	114,293
Crime Policy/WASAD	Fidelity & Deposit Co.	11/25/18 - 11/25/19	2,042
HEALTH/LIFE COVERAGES:			
Accidental Death Insurance	Minnesota Life	01/01/19 - 01/01/20	165,668
Older Americans Volunteer Program	Various Companies	07/01/19 - 07/01/20	4,374
PBA Survivors Benefit Trust	Minnesota Life	01/01/19 - 01/01/20	151,800
MARINE COVERAGE:			
Hull Insurance	Great American Insurance Company of New York	02/10/19 - 02/10/20	25,102
TULIP	Atlantic Specialty Insurance Company	04/22/19 - 04/22/20	Varies
PROPERTY INSURANCE:			
Countywide Program	Various Companies	04/15/19 - 04/15/20	10,766,707
Boiler & Machinery	Federal Insurance Co.	04/15/19 - 04/15/20	149,406
Water and Sewer Department	Various Companies	03/02/19 - 03/02/20	2,166,300
Miami-Dade Housing Agency	Various Companies	07/01/19 - 07/01/20	412,504
Public Works Solid Waste Department	Various Companies	04/15/19 - 04/15/20	1,643,697
Fine Arts - Vizcaya	Lloyds of London	04/15/19 - 04/15/20	28,905
Terrorism	Lloyds of London	04/15/19 - 04/15/20	180,000
Verde Gardens	Various Companies	06/01/19 - 06/01/20	90,511
Flood	NFIP	Various	1,085,545
Forced Placed- PHCD	Lloyds of London	Various	21,869
Forced Placed- NSP	Lloyds of London	Various	1,553
SELF INSURANCE FUND:			
Automobile Liability	Self Insurance Fund	Continuous	
Police Professional Liability	Self Insurance Fund	Continuous	
Public Liability	Self Insurance Fund	Continuous	
Workers Compensation	Self Insurance Fund	Continuous	

Source: Miami-Dade County General Services Administration, Risk Management Division, ISD.

PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Commercial Co	onstructio	on (1)	Residenti	al Constru	ction (1)					Real	Property Value (3)		
-	Number			Number			- Bank	Savings						
	of		Value	of		Value	Depo	osits (2)	Co	ommercial	R	esidential	No	ontaxable
Year	Buildings	(in th	ousands)	Units	(in the	ousands)	(in n	nillions)	(in t	housands)	(in	thousands)	(in t	housands)
2010	231	\$	184,566	1,453	\$	129,129	\$	80,352	\$	45,391,928	\$	204,558,802	\$	48,598,065
2011	120		54,001	1,963		182,480		82,935		61,227,950		160,866,687		48,224,847
2012	95		130,148	1,535		187,533		91,040		55,104,068		157,542,515		47,440,391
2013	105		81,734	2,387		309,243		95,058		56,439,801		160,175,268		46,727,536
2014	137		242,138	1,932		265,791		102,382		57,759,674		168,994,844		46,306,532
2015	94		74,157	3,472		451,617		114,771		61,020,542		196,063,548		46,546,919
2016	83		176,969	2,064		324,500		124,821		68,425,909		225,419,272		47,172,355
2017	92		408,257	2,259		467,543		127,675		74,772,583		251,922,449		48,888,519
2018	117		173,258	2,886		638,408		128,388		81,589,778		268,024,739		50,750,564
2019 ^A	132		133,329	3,195		460,048		131,441		87,286,260		280,291,822		52,037,572

Source:

(1) Miami-Dade County Building Department. Unincorporated Area only.

(2) Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation deposits of all FDIC insured institutions as of June 30.

(3) Miami-Dade County, Office of the Property Appraiser.

Total actual and assessed values for each year reflect the Final Tax Roll certified for the previous year.

^A For FY 2019, Real Property Value, total actual and assessed values reflect the Final 2018 Tax Roll certified on June 28, 2019.

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY TOURISM (Unaudited)

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(in thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	2012 ^ª	2013	2014	2015 ^b	2016	2017 ^b	2018 °
Number of Visitors										
Domestic	6,252	6,544	6,948	7,075	7,087	7,303	7,990	8,100	8,062	8,248
International	5,684	6,060	6,496	6,833	7,132	7,260	7,506	7,624	7,798	7,692
Total	11,936	12,604	13,444	13,908	14,219	14,563	15,496	15,724	15,860	15,940
International										
Visitors by Region										
European Countries	1,279	1,307	1,325	1,368	1,332	1,430	1,515	1,524	1,664	1,817
Caribbean Countries	682	688	703	719	719	755	799	808	905	583
Latin American Countries	3,067	3,362	3,721	3,986	4,300	4,254	4,355	4,422	4,305	2,546
Canada/Other	656	703	748	761	781	820	837	870	925	833
Total	5,684	6,060	6,497	6,834	7,132	7,260	7,506	7,624	7,799	5,779

Source: Greater Miami Convention and Visitors Bureau, Miami-Dade County Department of Regulatory and Economic Resources, Research Section

^a For FY 2012, information was updated with the Greater Miami and the Beaches 2012 Visitor Industry Overview

^b For FY 2015 and 2017, information was updated with the Greater Miami and the Beaches 2017 Visitor Industry Overview

^c For FY 2018, "Day Trippers" were included as a new market of focus that is not displayed on the International Visitors by Region

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY TOURISM ECONOMIC IMPACT (Unaudited)

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(in millions)

	2009	2010		2011		2012 ^a		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	:	2018 "
D (1)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•		•	•		•		•	- 005	•	- 000	•	0.405	•	0 700	•	0.445
Domestic	\$ 5,954	\$ 6,4	185	\$ 7,089	\$	7,482	\$	7,840	\$	7,885	\$	7,990	\$	9,435	\$	9,782	\$	6,115
International	11,157	12,4	129	14,529		15,183		15,954		15,966		15,496		16,065		15,724		9,558
Florida Resident																		2,215
Total	\$ 17,111	\$ 18,9	914	\$ 21,618	\$	22,665	\$	23,794	\$	23,851	\$	23,486	\$	25,500	\$	25,506	\$	17,888

Source: Greater Miami Convention and Visitors Bureau.

^a For FY 2012, information was updated with the Greater Miami and the Beaches 2012 Visitor Industry Overview

^o For FY 2018, "Florida Resident" was a new focus point included in total expenditures

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY TOURISM TAX COLLECTION (Unaudited) LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(in thousands)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Tourist Development Tax	\$ 16,526	\$ 19.493	\$ 20.327	\$ 22.463	\$ 24.268	\$ 26,205	\$ 26.013	\$ 27.429	\$ 30,758	\$ 32,454
Convention Development Tax	47,766	55,682	60,424	66,879	72,440	78,993	79,768	81,555	90,661	93,391
Tourist Development Surtax	5,247	6,161	6,505	6,988	7,447	7,578	8,011	8,035	8,370	8,899
Professional Sports Facility Tax	8,263	9,746	10,164	11,231	12,134	13,103	13,006	13,715	15,379	16,227
Homeless and Spouse Abuse Tax	16,348	18,307	19,776	20,674	22,513	24,319	25,517	26,413	29,018	30,680
Total	\$ 94,150	\$ 109,389	\$ 117,195	\$ 128,235	\$ 138,803	\$ 150,198	\$ 152,315	\$ 157,147	\$ 174,187	\$ 181,651

Note: Actual year tax collected by facilities as follows:

Tourist Development Tax - 2% on living rentals for six months or less; excludes Miami Beach, Surfside and Bal Harbour.

Convention Development Tax - 3% on living rentals for six months or less; excludes Surfside and Bal Harbour.

Tourist Development Surtax - 2% on food and beverage sold in hotels and motels; excludes Miami Beach, Surfside and Bal Harbour,

effective July 1, 1990.

Professional Sports Facility Tax - 1% on living rentals for six months or less; excludes Miami Beach, Surfside and Bal Harbour, effective January 1, 1991.

Homeless and Spouse Abuse Tax - 1% on food and beverages sold in establishments except motels and hotels, having gross annual revenues greater than \$400,000, licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on premises, excluding Miami Beach, Surfside and Bal Harbour, effective October 1, 1993.

Source: Miami-Dade County Finance Department, Tax Collector's Division.

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY

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ALL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CAN BE FOUND AT THE MIAMI-DADE COUNTY TRANSPARENCY WEB SITE:

http://www.miamidade.gov/transparency/financial-reports.asp

OR INDIVIDUAL MIAMI-DADE COUNTY DEPARTMENT WEB SITES:

TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

OVERTOWN TRANSIT VILLAGE 701 N.W. 1ST COURT, SUITE 1700 MIAMI, FLORIDA 33136 http://www.miamidade.gov/transit/annual-financial-reports.asp

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

2525 N.W. 62ND STREET, 5TH FLOOR MIAMI, FLORIDA, 33147 http://www.miamidade.gov/solidwaste/publications.asp

SEAPORT DEPARTMENT

1015 NORTH AMERICA WAY MIAMI, FLORIDA, 33132 http://www.miamidade.gov/portmiami/annual-reports.asp

AVIATION DEPARTMENT

MIAMI INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT PO Box 025504 MIAMI, FLORIDA 33102-5504 http://www.miami-airport.com/annual_report.asp

WATER AND SEWER DEPARTMENT

3071 S.W. 38TH AVENUE MIAMI, FLORIDA 33146 http://www.miamidade.gov/water/publications-reports.asp

PUBLIC HEALTH TRUST

1611 N.W. 12TH AVENUE WEST WING 1ST FLOOR, ROOM 108D MIAMI, FLORIDA 33136

PUBLIC HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

701 N.W. 1st Court MIAMI, FLORIDA 33136 http://www.miamidade.gov/housing/publications-reports.asp About the Cover

Selected scenes from locations in Miami-Dade County.

Photograph courtesy of: Miami-Dade Communication Department

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