# **MEMORANDUM**

Supplement No. 3 Agenda Item No. 7(B)

**TO:** Honorable Chairman Oliver G. Gilbert, III

and Members, Board of County Commissioners

**DATE:** March 19, 2024

FROM: Geri Bonzon-Keenan SUBJECT: Futher supplemental information

County Attorney to ordinance amending

regulations pertaining to the Agricultural (AU) zoning district

This supplement is being submitted to show changes to this ordinance that the Prime Sponsor, Commissioner Kionne L. McGhee, intends to propose as a floor amendment in addition to the changes made in the substitute and the amendment made at the October 11, 2023 County Infrastructure, Operations and Innovations Committee meeting. This supplement also incorporates the changes proposed in the December 12, 2023 Supplement but makes additional revisions.

Commissioner Kionne L. McGhee intends to propose the following changes to the ordinance, with page numbers referencing Agenda Item No. 7B:

- In subsection 33-279(8) on page MDC026:
  - o in paragraph (e), require event venues to comply with additional noise regulations applicable to agritourism uses being added in paragraph (27)(d) on page MDC039 (described below); and
  - o in subparagraph (h), provide that parking does not count against any limitations on the area allowed for an event venue.
- In subsection 33-279(8)(i) on pages MDC028-29, for event venues that operate entirely on land classified as agriculture and do not have new structures for the general public:
  - o remove the CU requirement and limitation on number of guests for such venues;
  - o require such venues to comply with the additional noise regulations;
  - o retain the prohibition on outdoor amplified sound between 11:00 pm and 9:00 am; and
  - o require a CU for the limited purpose of addressing offsite parking for such venues.
- In subsection 33-279(22) on page MDC032, limit the proposed exemption from maximum building height restrictions only to bin and silo structures used for the storage, mixing, and creation of grain and feed products.
- In subsection 33-279(26) on page MDC034, revise the winery, brewery, and distillery regulations to provide:
  - That such use may only have food service, preparation, or consumption, outdoor farm-related festivals, or other ancillary uses, except wholesale or retail sales of

- wine, beer, or spirits, if it annually produce a minimum of 1,250 gallons of wine, beer, spirits, or combination thereof;
- o That such uses must comply with the additional noise regulations;
- o That a full CU is required for each winery, brewery, or distillery that provides food service, preparation, or consumption, including the tasting of alcohol by the general public, or other ancillary uses except wholesale or retail sales; and
- That a certificate of use for the limited purpose of demonstrating compliance with liquid waste requirements set forth in chapter 24 is required for a winery, brewery, distillery, or combination thereof.
- In paragraph 33-279(27)(c) on pages MDC036-38, revise the proposed agritourism allowances (which are in addition to rural event venues, farm stands, and farm-related wineries, breweries, and distilleries enumerated in the ordinance) to specify that:
  - o such ancillary uses (and other ancillary uses authorized by that subsection) are only allowed as ancillary to a farm operation on land classified as agricultural;
  - o agritourism uses that do not involve construction of new or additional structures or facilities intended primarily to house, shelter, transport, other otherwise accommodate the general public do not require a certificate of use and need not be subordinate or subsidiary to the agricultural use on the property;
  - the construction of structures to accommodate the general public for the agritourism uses enumerated in subsection (27)(c)2. (farm tours, including without limitation wagon rides and farm tours on motorized vehicles; farm meals; cooking classes; agricultural workshops and other agricultural education; U-Pick; pony rides and horseback riding; animal exhibits; and seasonal activities such as pumpkin patches) is only allowed subject to the following:
    - CUs and building permits are obtained;
    - the structures take up no more than 5 percent of the ancillary use area for each 5 acres in total parcel size, provided that the maximum coverage on a single parcel shall not exceed 2.5 acres;
    - parcels that have less than 5 acres may have structures on up to 5 percent of the ancillary use area; and
    - the agritourism use only operates between 9:00 am and 11:00 pm;
    - no outdoor amplified sound is used between 11:00 pm and 9:00 am and the use complies with the additional noise regulations;
    - variances from the requirements are available through public hearing.
  - small outdoor amusements (including but not limited to pub games, inflatable waterslide pools and other small water-related or inflatable devices, zip lining, and paintball) and agritourism uses that are not enumerated in the ordinance and that involve the construction of new or additional structures or facilities intended primarily to house, shelter, transport, or otherwise accommodate members of the general public, are allowed subject to the following requirements:
    - such uses must comply with the requirements applicable to agritourism structures to accommodate the general public set forth above, except that they are exempt from the maximum coverage requirements, and they are permitted throughout the area on which ancillary uses are allowed.
    - miniature golf courses are only permitted when ancillary to a winery, brewery, or distillery;

- such uses are set back 50 feet from any property line and are visually screened from other properties and roadways;
- such uses provide the same off-street parking as is required for rural event venues;
- such uses comply with outdoor lighting requirements in section 33-4.1; and
- the maximum height for structures is 25 feet, except for lighting and zip lines.
- o variances from the agritourism requirements may be approved as non-use variances after public hearing;
- the Krome Agritourism District (KAD), which consists of AU-zoned parcels that front Krome Avenue, up to a maximum of 3,960 feet from the Krome Avenue right-of-way, regardless of whether an individual parcel extends beyond that range, is created;
- o within the KAD, the agritourism uses and agritourism structures to accommodate the general public are allowed throughout the ancillary use area and are exempt from the maximum coverage requirements, provided that they otherwise comply with the requirements set forth above for such structures and uses; and
- o products sold from mobile food service operations do not need to comply with the requirements applicable to farm stands; and
- On page MDC039, insert a new paragraph (27)(d) creating noise regulations for rural event venues authorized by subsection (8), farm-related wineries, breweries, and distilleries authorized by subsection (26), and the ancillary uses authorized by subparagraphs (27)(c) 2. and 3, including the Krome Agritourism District. The additional noise regulations provide technical standards and definitions and further provide that:
  - o sound emanating from a property with an agritourism use shall not exceed 70 dBA or 80 dBC (as defined therein), when measured from any point at least 200 feet from any exterior property line of the property with the agritourism use or from the property line of any abutting or adjacent property with a residential use or any other point on such property;
  - o sound must be measured by a sound level meter that has been properly calibrated in accordance with the standards set forth therein;
  - each minute of a noise violation and each side of the property from which a violation is measured constitutes a separate offense.
  - o fireworks are prohibited, except as authorized by state law for the sole and exclusive purpose of frightening birds from agricultural works and fish hatcheries, and each individual firework or explosion is a separate offense;
  - o obstructing or interfering with enforcement personnel is expressly prohibited;
  - o violations of noise regulations are deemed an imminent threat to public health, safety, and welfare and to constitute a public nuisance;
  - o if a property has been the subject of three or more noise violations on different days within a 12-month period, CUs may not be renewed or reissued and may be revoked, unless all outstanding violations or liens are satisfied and corrected and a \$25,000 bond is posted; and
  - o these noise regulations apply to agritourism but do not apply to bona fide agricultural production or other bona fide agricultural purposes.

- On page MDC042, insert a new paragraph (29)(f) requiring the County Mayor or County Mayor's designee to provide an annual report to the Board, without committee review, regarding violations of C.U., parking, and noise requirements in the AU District.
- In subsections 24-43.1(4) and (6) on pages MDC044-46, eliminate the proposed exemption from liquid waste review for wineries, breweries, and distilleries.
- Correct numbering and scrivener's errors and make other technical changes throughout.

The attached document shows the proposed final form of the ordinance, incorporating the changes in the substitute, the committee amendment, and the above-mentioned floor amendment.

The accompanying supplement was prepared and placed on the agenda at the request of the Prime Sponsor Commissioner Kionne L. McGhee.

Geri Bonzon-Keenan

County Attorney

GBK/jp

Approved _	Mayor	Agenda Item No.
Veto _		
Override _		

ORDINANCE NO.

**ORDINANCE** TO ZONING: RELATING **AMENDING** SECTIONS 33-1, 33-8, AND 33-14.1 AND ARTICLE XXXIII OF CHAPTER 33 OF THE CODE OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA; AMENDING REQUIREMENTS FOR ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATE OF USE (C.U.); EXEMPTING CERTAIN USES PERMITTED IN THE AGRICULTURAL (AU) ZONING DISTRICT FROM C.U. REQUIREMENTS AND CLARIFYING C.U. AND FLOODPLAIN REVIEW REQUIREMENTS FOR USES IN THE AU DISTRICT; REVISING DEFINITIONS; REVISING REQUIREMENTS FOR AQUACULTURE AND FOR USES THAT ARE ANCILLARY TO AGRICULTURAL USES, INCLUDING FARM STANDS, WINERIES, BREWERIES, AND DISTILLERIES, AND AGRITOURISM; **AUTHORIZING** MOBILE FOOD SERVICE OPERATIONS IN THE AU DISTRICT SUBJECT TO CERTAIN CONDITIONS; REVISING REGULATIONS FOR PARKING AND OUTDOOR STORAGE OF EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES IN THE AGRICULTURAL (AU) ZONING DISTRICT AND FOR OTHER USES THAT ARE TO AND DIRECTLY ANCILLARY **SUPPORTIVE** AGRICULTURE: AMENDING DIVISION 2 OF ARTICLE III OF CHAPTER 24; ALLOWING HANDLING OF FOOD AND DRINK ON AGRICULTURAL PROPERTIES WHEN SERVED BY ONSITE DOMESTIC WELL SYSTEM AND ONSITE SEWAGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL SYSTEM UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS; DELEGATING AUTHORITY TO THE DIRECTOR TO **APPROVE CERTAIN FORM** COVENANTS; **MAKING TECHNICAL** CHANGES; PROVIDING SEVERABILITY, INCLUSION IN THE CODE, AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE

WHEREAS, Miami-Dade County's Comprehensive Development Master Plan ("CDMP") contains numerous policies regarding the preservation of agriculture, including Policy LU-1P, which provides that, "while continuing to protect and promote agriculture as a viable economic activity, Miami-Dade County shall explore and may authorize alternative land uses in the South Dade agricultural area which would be compatible with agricultural activities and

associated rural residential uses, and which would promote ecotourism and agritourism related to the area's agricultural and natural resource base . . . ," Policy LU-8C, which requires the County, "[t]hrough its planning, ... regulatory and [other] activities, ... [to] continue to protect and promote agriculture as a viable economic use of land in Miami-Dade County," and the Interpretation of the Land Use Plan Map policy providing, in the areas with a CDMP designation of "Agriculture," that "[t]he principal uses in this area should be agriculture, uses ancillary to and directly supportive of agriculture and farm residences," "[u]ses ancillary to and directly supportive of agriculture are defined as those uses related to preserving, processing, packaging or selling of agricultural products from Florida (except that wineries may utilize imported products for winemaking), and farm supplies, as well as sale and service of farm machinery and implements," "[u]ses that are directly supportive of agriculture but not ancillary to an on-site agricultural use may occur in this area where it can be demonstrated that the use is primarily addressing a need of the local agricultural industry or that the use significantly furthers agritourism to the agricultural area," and "to protect the agricultural industry, uses incompatible with agriculture, and uses and facilities that support or encourage urban development are not allowed in this area;" and

WHEREAS, one of the ways the County implements these CDMP policies is through the zoning regulations that apply to properties that are zoned as part of the AU, Agricultural District, as codified in article XXXIII of chapter 33 of the Code of Miami-Dade County, Florida ("Code"); and

WHEREAS, one of the primary mechanisms the County uses to ensure compliance with the County's zoning code and other ordinances, building code and life safety regulations, and other applicable codes and regulations is the requirement that businesses and other non-residential uses, as well as certain multi-family uses, each obtain a certificate of use (C.U.) before establishing or changing the use or operator, as codified in section 33-8 of the Code; and

WHEREAS, the Florida Statutes provide certain exemptions from local regulations for certain agricultural operations; and

WHEREAS, for example, section 604.50, Florida Statutes, provides an exemption from "the Florida Building Code and any county or municipal code or fee" for "any nonresidential farm building, farm fence, or farm sign," as those terms are defined therein, "that is located on lands used for bona fide agricultural purposes," which, pursuant to section 193.461, Florida Statutes, means "good faith commercial use of the land" as determined by the property appraiser, but further provides that such structures remain subject to local "code provisions implementing local, state, or federal floodplain management regulations;" and

**WHEREAS**, the County's floodplain management regulations are set forth in chapter 11C of the Code of Miami-Dade County, Florida; and

WHEREAS, section 570.85, Florida Statutes, preempts certain local government regulations relating to "agritourism activity" but expressly provides that it "does not limit the powers and duties of a local government to address substantial offsite impacts of agritourism activities or an emergency as provided in chapter 252;" and

WHEREAS, section 570.85, Florida Statutes, defines "agritourism activity" as "any agricultural related activity consistent with a bona fide farm, livestock operation, or ranch or in a working forest which allows members of the general public, for recreational, entertainment, or educational purposes, to view or enjoy activities, including farming, ranching, historical, cultural, civic, ceremonial, training and exhibition, or harvest-your-own activities and attractions ... [and] [a]n activity is an agritourism activity regardless of whether the participant paid to participate in the activity;" and

WHEREAS, section 570.86, Florida Statutes, further specifies that an agritourism activity does not include "the construction of new or additional structures or facilities intended primarily

to house, shelter, transport, or otherwise accommodate members of the general public," and thus such structures and facilities are not subject to the statutory exemptions provided for nonresidential farm buildings, farm fences, or farm signs; and

WHEREAS, consistent with those statutes, on October 6, 2020, this Board adopted Ordinance No. 20-108, which created regulations on rural event venues in the Agricultural (AU) zoning district, including the requirement to obtain a certificate of use for each such use; and

WHEREAS, although the County can continue to apply its zoning regulations to other uses in the AU District consistent with the Florida Statutes, to facilitate the establishment of uses that support agriculture as encouraged by the CDMP, this Board wishes to exempt certain agricultural uses from the requirement to obtain a C.U. prior to commencing or changing their operations, and to instead rely on enforcement to address compliance with the applicable regulations; and

WHEREAS, to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, certain agricultural uses, and other uses permitted in the AU District, will continue to require a certificate of use, where the use poses a risk of contamination to neighboring properties, surface waters, or groundwater, such as from certain operations involving the preparation and service of food to the public for consumption on the premises, or imposes significant offsite impacts, such as traffic and noise; and

WHEREAS, properly operated mobile food service operations that have self-contained utilities and do not dispose of waste on agricultural properties provide reasonable options to provide food service to the public in support of agritourism activities without presenting the same public health, safety, and welfare that other food service operations may present, and this Board thus wishes to allow mobile food service operations in the AU District when they are ancillary to an ongoing and lawfully established agricultural use; and

WHEREAS, this Board also wishes to amend the environmental regulations codified in chapter 24 of the Code to facilitate food service operations on agricultural properties that comply with the requirements of chapter 33, without the need to obtain variances from the Environmental Quality Control Board after public hearing when such properties are served by an onsite domestic well system, an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system, or both,

# BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA:

**Section 1.** The foregoing recitals are incorporated herein and are approved.

Section 2. Section 33-1 of the Code of Miami-Dade County, Florida is hereby amended to read as follows:<sup>1</sup>

#### Sec. 33-1. Definitions.

For the purpose of this chapter, the following definitions for terms used herein shall apply to all sections of this chapter unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(1) Accessory building shall mean>>: for a residential use,<< an "accessory structure," as defined in the Florida Building Code, Residential Volume[[.—Also]] >>(<< see Guesthouse and Servants' quarters>>); and, for a non-residential use, a building or structure on a lot or parcel subordinate to and not forming an integral part of the main or principal building<<.

\* \*

(5.1.2) Ancillary means that a use or structure is subordinate or subsidiary to the primary use on the same lot or parcel. An ancillary structure shall be smaller than the primary structure on the same lot or parcel. An ancillary use shall not exceed the size of the primary use, unless specifically authorized in this chapter.

Words stricken through and/or [[double bracketed]] shall be deleted. Words underscored and/or >>double arrowed<< constitute the amendment proposed. Remaining provisions are now in effect and remain unchanged.

(15.1) Brewery (farm related). An establishment[[5]] >> that is << located wholly on a >> parcel with a << farm, for the manufacture of malt liquors, such as beer and ale. The facility may have accessory uses as permitted under Section 33-279 of this chapter, including uses that permit the sale and consumption of products manufactured on site, as allowed by applicable licenses from the State of Florida Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco.

\* \* \*

(39.1) Distillery (farm related). A facility >>that is<< located wholly on a >>parcel with a<< farm >>and that is<< designed >>and used<< for the distillation of agricultural products including grains, fruits, or vegetables into liquor or spirits. The facility may have accessory uses as permitted under Section 33-279 of this chapter, including uses that permit the sale and consumption of products manufactured on site, as allowed by applicable licenses from the State of Florida Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco.

\* \* \*

- (44.1) >>Farm. A farm means the land, buildings, support facilities, machinery, and other appurtenances used in the production of any plant, as defined in s. 581.011, Florida Statutes, or animal or insect useful to humans, and includes, without limitation, any product derived therefrom, including aquaculture products. The term "farm" includes, but is not limited to, cattle or stock grazing, raising or keeping of hogs, a dairy barn, a grove, a nursery or greenhouse, horticultural farming, hydroponic or other chemical farming, poultry raising, a truck garden, a fish pool or other aquaculture, a seed drying facility, an aviary, an apiary, or a frog farm otherwise subject to section 33-13.
- (44.2)<< Farm >><u>stand</u><< [[<u>Stands</u>]]. A farm stand is a permanent or portable structure or vehicle >>, which is<< located on >><u>a parcel with</u><< an actively farmed site for the retail sale of agricultural products>>, including, without limitation, locally grown fresh fruit and vegetables and food products derived from such fruit and vegetables<<, as provided in >><u>section 33-279</u><< [[<u>Section 33-279(6.1)</u>]].

Agenda Item No. Page 7

[[(46.1) Fruit and vegetable stand. Any portable establishment for the retail sale of locally grown fresh fruit and vegetables and food products derived from such fruit and vegetables.]]

\* \* \*

(70.3) Mobile Food Service Operation. The preparation[[/]]>>,<< cooking, serving>>, or<< [[and/or]] sale of food>>, or combination thereof,<< conducted from a portable stand, vehicle>>,<< or trailer. Each such stand, vehicle>>,<< or trailer shall be considered a mobile food service operation. [[Mobile food service operations must obtain all required licenses from the State of Florida prior to operating in Miami-Dade County.]] >> This classification does not include a farm stand as provided in this chapter.<<

\* \*

(115.01) Winery (farm related). An agricultural processing facility >> that is located wholly on a parcel with a farm and that is designed and << used for fermenting and processing fruit into wine or derivative products. The facility may have accessory uses as permitted under Section 33-279 of this chapter, including uses that permit the sale and consumption of products manufactured on site, as allowed by applicable licenses from the State of Florida Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco.

\* \* \*

Section 3. Section 33-8 of the Code of Miami-Dade County, Florida, is hereby amended to read as follows:

#### Sec. 33-8. - Certificate of use.

(a) No structure[[5]] other than a single-family [[residence]] or duplex >>dwelling<<[[5]] shall be used>>, no<< [[or any]] existing use >>other than a single-family or duplex dwelling shall be<< enlarged, [[or any]] >>and no<< new use >>shall be<< made of any land, body of water, or structure, without first obtaining>>, on a form prescribed by the Director,<< a certificate of use (C.U.) therefor from the Department >>as required by this section<<.

- >>(b) Except as expressly provided in this section or elsewhere in this chapter or code, a<< [[Said]] certificate of use shall be required for each >>non-residential use<< [[individual business]] and each multi-family building located within unincorporated Miami-Dade County >>and any other area over which Miami-Dade County exercises zoning jurisdiction<<.
- [[(b)]] >>(c)<< In the event there is a question as to the legality of a use, the Director may require inspections, affidavits>>,<< and such other information >>the Director<< [[he]] may deem appropriate or necessary to establish the legality of the use >>or verify representations in an application for a C.U.<<, before a certificate of use will be issued>>, reissued, or renewed<<.
- >>(d) The Director<< [[Additionally, the Department]] shall have the right to periodically inspect premises at any reasonable time to ensure the existence of a current and valid C.U., and to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions under which a C.U. was issued.
- [[(e)]]>>(e)<< The person or entity listed upon a Certificate of Title issued pursuant to Chapter 45, Florida Statutes as the purchaser of a single-family residence, condominium unit, townhouse or duplex shall obtain a C.U. from the Department prior to offering said residence for sale, transfer or other alienation. The C.U. required by this subsection (c) shall be for the purpose of determining whether or not the residence in question complies with all building codes and zoning codes applicable to the residence and to provide a disclosure of those findings. The Director shall require disclosure by requiring an inspection of the property by personnel authorized to conduct such inspections by the Director and to subsequently record in the public records of Miami-Dade County the inspection report. Said report shall include a good faith estimate of the cost to repair or remedy all code violations disclosed by the inspection. The Director shall prescribe the form of the inspection report and disclosure to ensure compliance with the intent of this section. Upon the recording of the inspection report and estimate in the public records of Miami-Dade County, the Director is authorized to issue the C.U. required by this subsection (c). The Director shall refer any County Code violations disclosed in the report to the proper County Department for enforcement action. County Departments are authorized to collect fees for inspections and other

administrative costs and/or for the issuance of the C.U., as maybe applicable, and as established in the Departments' approved schedule of fees.

- >>(f)<< Except for C.U.s required by code or zoning resolution to be renewed annually >>or that are<<[[, and except for C.U.s]] issued on a temporary basis, certificates of use shall remain valid for an unlimited time unless revoked for cause.
- >>(g) A<< [[The]] C.U. is only valid for the specific address, business name, corporate name>>,<< and type of business for which it was issued. A new C.U. shall be required for>>:<< any changes in[[;]] use, name, ownership, expansion of square footage occupied, >>or<< [[the]] inclusion of additional uses[[;]]>>:<< or when changes to >>a<< [[the]] structure have been approved by final building inspection.
- >>(h)<< No certificate of use shall be >><u>construed to authorize use</u> of a property<< [[utilized]] in a manner contrary to the regulations contained in this chapter.

**Section 4.** Section 33-14.1 of the Code of Miami-Dade County, Florida, is hereby amended to read as follows:

## Sec. 33-14.1. Mobile operations.

- (A) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, mobile banking operations, mobile sales operations, and mobile food service operations (collectively, mobile operations, and all as defined in Section 33-1) are permissible on private property subject to the following conditions:
  - (1) Mobile operations are permissible only in the following zoning districts:
    - >>(a)<< BU, IU, urban center, urban area, and GU (where trended for industrial or business use)[[. Mobile operations are also permissible in]]>>;
    - (b) << residential zoning districts on properties having a current certificate of use as a museum, hospital, school, or religious facility, provided such use does not operate

- more frequently than once per week and no longer than three consecutive days>>; or
- (c) In the AU District as provided in section 33-279<<.
- (2) Mobile operations may only be conducted from 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. on weekdays and from 7:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. on weekends.
- (3) Mobile operations shall not be located in any driveway aisles, no parking zones, landscaped area, loading areas, or parking lanes, nor may mobile operations impede the on-site circulation of motor vehicles.
- (4) Mobile operations shall not be located in required parking spaces unless the number of spaces exceeds the minimum amount required for other uses on the property. The utilization of an off-street parking space for the operation of a mobile operation must not cause the site to become deficient in required off-street parking.
- (5) Mobile operations shall not be located on the public right-of-way.
- (6) Mobile operations are permissible on vacant, unimproved property only when approved as a special event pursuant to the standards for Mobile Food Service Operations Special Event set forth in Section 33-13.
- (7) Mobile operations shall be located a minimum of 20 feet from the property line of an existing residential use, except that mobile operations may be located at a minimum of 10 feet from the property line if the residential use is separated by a six foot high masonry wall.
- (8) The total space dedicated to the mobile operation and vending area shall not exceed an area of 600 square feet.
- (9) Alcoholic beverage sales and use of sound amplification devices are prohibited.
- (10) Electric service connection to an on-site approved outlet is permitted provided that no wiring or cables are run beyond the vending area or pose any danger to the patrons. For purposes of this requirement, the vending area includes the space taken up by: a portable stand, vehicle, or trailer; signs; equipment;

- products; and any tents, tarpaulins, canopies, or awnings.
- (11) A Certificate of Use (CU) must be obtained by the property owner to permit mobile operations on the site>>, except as provided in section 33-279<<. A site plan or survey shall be submitted indicating the following:
  - (a) Location of the individual mobile operations and associated vending area. Mobile operations shall be located so as to minimize the impacts on adjacent residential uses.
  - (b) Location of improvements on the site.
  - (c) Location of on-site parking areas.
  - (d) Rights-of-way, internal circulation and ingress and egress.
- (12) Signage associated with the mobile operation shall be confined to the mobile operation and authorized vending area. Signage attached to the mobile unit shall be permitted. Detached signage shall be limited to one sign not exceeding nine (9) square feet.
- (13) The number of mobile operations permissible on a site at any one time shall be limited as follows:
  - (a) One mobile operation may be permitted on each site which contains a minimum of 10,000 square feet of net lot area.
  - (b) An additional mobile operation may be permitted for each additional 50,000 square feet of net lot area, up to a maximum of three [[(3)]] mobile operations per site.
  - (c) Mobile operations in excess of these thresholds may only be permitted as a special event pursuant to the standards for Mobile Food Service Operations Special Event set forth in Section 33-13.
- >>(14) Mobile food service operations must obtain all required licenses from the State of Florida prior to operating in Miami-Dade County.<<
- (B) If it is found that a mobile operation is operating in manner not consistent with >> the requirements of this code or, where applicable, << the representations made in the application package provided to the Department, the

- Director shall have the authority to revoke the CU for the mobile operation immediately.
- (C) Except as otherwise provided in this Code, it is unlawful to conduct mobile operations in any outdoor location without first obtaining a CU in accordance with the provisions of this Section.
- (D) The operator of a mobile operation must be able to produce for inspection: a copy of a letter or other written communication from the property owner or representative that authorizes the mobile operation and, for mobile food service operators, a copy of the applicant's required State license for food service establishments.
- (E) Mobile operations located at County parks, sports stadiums or racetracks during events shall be exempt from the requirements of this section but must otherwise comply with all other applicable requirements in this Code.

Section 5. Article XXXIII of Chapter 33 of the Code of Miami-Dade County, Florida, is hereby amended to read as follows:

### ARTICLE XXXIII. AU, AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT

# Sec. 33-279. - Uses permitted.

No land, body of water, or structure shall be maintained, used, or permitted to be used, and no structure shall be hereafter maintained, erected, constructed, moved, reconstructed, structurally altered, or be permitted to be maintained, erected, constructed, moved, reconstructed, or structurally altered in an AU District, which is designed, arranged, or intended to be used or occupied for any purpose, except for one or more of the following uses:

- (1) All uses, except golf courses, permitted in the RU-1, EU-M>>,<< or EU-1 Districts and subject to the restrictions thereof not inconsistent with this article.
- >> (2)<< [(1.1)] A bed and breakfast establishment shall be permitted subject to the following limitations:

\* \*

- [[(2)]]>>(3)<< Barns>>, including, without limitation, pole barns,<< [[and]] sheds>>,<< and packing facilities, in accordance with the following conditions:
  - (a) Barns and sheds used for cattle or stock and ancillary feed storage[[;]]>>,<< provided >> that<<< such barns and sheds>>:
    - 1.<< shall not be used for hogs>>; and
    - 2.<< [[and]] shall not be permitted [[unless approved after public hearing if located]] within >>250<< [[two hundred fifty (250)]] feet of a residence under different ownership or [[if located within two hundred fifty (250) feet]] of an RU[[,]] or EU District >>unless approved after public hearing<<.
  - (b) Barns, sheds, or other buildings used for the storage of equipment, feed, fertilizer, produce, or other items, as ancillary to a >> farm << use permitted in this section [[and]] >> is permitted << only in accordance with the following unless approved after public hearing or as otherwise provided in Section 604.50, Florida Statutes, for nonresidential farm buildings:
    - 1. Such buildings shall be related to the agricultural use conducted on the property upon which the buildings are located; and
    - 2. Such structures shall be located at least 50 feet from any residence under different ownership and any RU or EU zoned property.
    - >>3.<< It is provided, however, that a lawfully-established structure or building shall not be required to be removed based on any subsequent changes in ownership, zoning classification, or development on any adjacent property.
  - (c) >>Packing of fruits and vegetables within a packing facility shall be permitted where ancillary to an ongoing and lawfully established agricultural use conducted on the property upon which the packing facility is located, where the agricultural use encompasses at least 51 percent of the property, and in accordance with the following:<<
    - 1. Small packing facilities used for the packing of fruit and vegetables upon compliance with >>all of << the following conditions:
      - a. [[Such use shall be accessory to an agricultural use conducted on the

- property upon which the packing facility is located and said agricultural use must encompass fifty-one (51) percent or more of the property.
- b.]] The packing facility shall be located at least >> 100 << [[one hundred (100)]] feet from any property line.
- >><u>b.</u><[[e.]] The small packing facility shall not exceed >><u>3,500</u><< [[three thousand five hundred (3,500)]] square feet.
- 2. Large packing facilities used for the packing of fruit and vegetables upon compliance with all of the following conditions:
  - a. [[Such use shall be accessory to an agricultural use conducted on the entire property upon which the parking facility is located, and said agricultural use must encompass fifty-one (51) percent or more of the property.
  - b.]] The lot upon which the packing facility is located shall not be less than ten [[(10)]] acres.
  - >><u>b.</u><<[[e-]] Packing operations shall be discontinued if the farm or grove use is abandoned.
  - >><u>c.</u><<[[d.]] Incidental cleaning, storage>>,<< and shipping of the fruit and vegetables is permitted.
  - >><u>d.</u><< [[e.]] Outside storage of refrigerated containers is prohibited unless the refrigeration system is powered by electricity>>, subject to section 33-279.3<<.
  - >><u>e.</u><< The parking of >><u>vehicles shall</u>
    comply with section 33-279.3<<

    [[trucks with refrigeration powered
    by means other than electricity is
    permitted on a temporary basis only
    until the truck is loaded for delivery]].
  - f. The packing facility shall be  $>> \underline{at}$   $\underline{least \ 100} << [[\underline{one \ hundred \ (100)}]]$ feet from any property line.

- g. Site plan approval is secured [[from the Department]] >> pursuant to section 33-310.4<<.
- h. [[Upon compliance with all conditions enumerated, a]] >> A << certificate of use >> pursuant to section 33-8 shall be obtained. << [[and occupancy is secured from the Building and Zoning Department.]]
- 3. The term >>"<<pre>packing facility>>"<< shall</pre> include>>:<< any building, lean-to, pole barn>>,<< or open area utilized [[by the farmer or grove owner]] in the course of packing fruit or vegetables>>;<< [[as well as]] any areas>>,<< whether or not within a building>>,<< used for the cleaning of produce, storing of [[trucks, equipment,]] coolers, refrigerated containers, packing crates>>,<< or other items used in the packing operation>>;<< and >>storage and << parking of any vehicles >> and equipment allowed pursuant to section 33-279.3<< [[including employee cars and trucks used by the farmer or grove owner to transport the produce to or from the site as well as any trucks on the property being loaded for the purpose of transporting the produce onto or off the property]].
- >>4. The sale, shipping, and marketing of products packed at such facility is allowed as ancillary to a packing operation.
- (d) Except for a large packing facility, a certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required for the uses authorized by this subsection.
- (4)<< [[(3)]] Cattle or stock grazing (not including hog raising). >> A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required for cattle or stock grazing.
- (5)<< [[(3.1)]] *Commercial Vehicle Storage* as defined in Section 33-1, subject to the following conditions:

\* \* \*

>>(6)<< [[(4)]] Raising or keeping of [[two]] hogs [[per site.]]>>, subject to the following:

- (a) << Hog farms and hog raising[[5]] in excess of two hogs per site[[5]] shall be permitted only upon approval after public hearing >> and shall require a certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8.
- (b) Such use shall not be permitted within 250 feet of a residence under different ownership, or of an RU or EU District, unless approved after public hearing.
- (c) A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required for raising or keeping of up to two hogs per site <<.
- >>(7)<< [[(5)]] Dairy >> barn<< [[barns shall be subject to approval by public hearing, if to]]>>, meaning a barn used for the sole purpose of housing, feeding, and milking cattle, subject to the following:
  - (a) Such use shall only << be located within >> 250 << [[fifty (50)]] feet of a residence under separate and different ownership or [[if to be located]] within >> 500 << [[five hundred (500)]] feet of an RU[[, EU-M,]] or EU District boundary >> if approved after public hearing.
  - (b) A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall:
    - 1. not be required for a dairy barn that does not require public hearing; and
    - <u>be required for a dairy barn requiring a public hearing for approval</u><<.
- >>(8)<< [[(5.1)]] A rural event venue shall be permitted, subject to the following conditions and limitations:
  - (a) The property on which the use is located:
    - is being used, in whole or in part, for >><u>a</u>
       <u>farm</u><< [[<del>bona fide agricultural purposes and includes land that is classified as such by the Property Appraiser</del>]]; or
    - 2. includes a bed and breakfast establishment that complies with this section; or
    - 3. is designated historic, in whole or in part, by the County pursuant to Chapter 16A, or has been specifically recognized by other ordinance or resolution of the Board of County Commissioners as having unique historical or cultural value.
  - (b) Except for properties designated historic, in whole or in part, by the County or otherwise recognized

- pursuant to paragraph (a)(3), the property shall have a minimum size of five gross acres.
- (c) The maximum number of guests or attendees allowed shall be 150 for properties that are less than 10 gross acres and 300 for properties that are 10 gross acres or more.
- (d) The number of events on each property shall be limited to one event per day, and shall not exceed three events per week.
- (e) Events shall only take place between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 11:00 p.m., and no outdoor amplified sound shall be allowed between the hours of 11:00 p.m. and 9:00 a.m. >> In addition, the use shall comply with the noise regulations set forth in paragraph (27)(d).<<
- (f) Portable toilets shall be provided, commensurate with the number of guests, unless the property has adequate restroom facilities that are connected to the sanitary sewer system.
- (g) All lighting installations in connection with a rural event venue shall be designed to minimize direct spillage, sky glow, and hazardous interference with vehicular traffic on adjacent rights-of-way and all adjacent properties, which may be achieved through the use of down-turned lights, light shields, building screening, landscaping, or other similar elements.
- (h) An annually-renewable >><u>certificate of use</u><< [[CU]] for each such facility is obtained >><u>pursuant to section 33-8</u><< upon demonstrating compliance with this subsection. For each >><u>certificate of use</u><< [[CU]] or renewal, a complete application for a rural event venue shall be submitted to the Department and shall include the following:
  - 1. Description of events and proposed schedule;
  - 2. Hours of operation;
  - 3. Frequency of events;
  - 4. Maximum number of guests;
  - 5. Number of parking spaces, which are not required to be paved >> and shall not count against any limitations on the area allowed

<u>for ancillary uses</u><< but which shall at a minimum comply with the following:

- a. One parking space is provided for every four guests.
- b. No parking shall be permitted on road rights-of-way; and
- c. Required parking spaces shall be provided on site, except as allowed in subparagraph (5)(d).
- d. Required parking spaces may be provided off site only upon demonstration of the following as part of the CU application:
  - i. Parking is located within one mile of the subject property; and
  - ii. A signed statement of consent from the owner of each offsite parking property, including the terms of usage; and
  - iii. The types of services, such as valet or shuttle, that will be provided to transport guests to the event venue; and
  - iv. A parking and circulation plan for the offsite property, including the location of shuttle or valet pick-up;
- 6. Site plan depicting parking, traffic circulation, sanitation and refuse facilities, and portable toilets or restrooms connected to the sanitary sewer system; and
- 7. Upon renewal of a CU, the Director may require additional conditions or site plan modifications to address offsite impacts related to traffic, such as requiring the site plan to be reconfigured to increase traffic queuing onsite.
- (i) Notwithstanding the foregoing, when a rural event venue>>, except for its parking area,<< is entirely contained within land classified as agricultural land by the Property Appraiser, only the following simplified conditions and limitations to address substantial offsite impacts and emergencies shall apply to the event venue use:

- 1. >>No outdoor amplified sound shall be allowed between the hours of 11:00 p.m. and 9:00 a.m., and the use shall comply with the noise regulations set forth in paragraph (27)(d)<< [[The number of events on each property shall only be limited as to events with outdoor amplified sound or events with more than 50 guests or attendees, and the eumulative number of such events on a property shall be limited to one event per day, and shall not exceed three events per week.]]
- 2. The use shall>>:
  - i. comply with [[the conditions and limitations in paragraphs (e) (h)]]>>paragraph (g) above regarding lighting;
  - ii. provide sufficient portable toilets or other lawful sanitation facilities commensurate with the number of guests;
  - <u>iii.</u> <u>provide parking that complies with</u> <u>subparagraph (h)(5)</u><< above[[5]] >>; and
  - iv. provide sufficient emergency vehicle access to serve all guests and attendees. <<[[, except that for the initial CU or renewal application:
  - i. The frequency of events required under paragraph (h)(3) need only identify events with either amplified outdoor sound or more than 50 guests of attendees.
  - ii. The maximum number of guests need not be provided.
  - iii. The site plan required under paragraph (h)(6) need only depict (a) emergency vehicle access and (b) portable toilets or restrooms connected to the sanitary sewer system.
  - iv. If parking will be provided entirely onsite, it need not be depicted on the site plan, provided that the CU application contains a certification that all parking will be provided and contained on site, within the

boundaries of the property, and not on road right-of-way or on offsite property; alternatively, the CU application shall include information showing compliance with paragraph (h)(5)(d) above related to off-site parking.

- v. Upon renewal of a CU, the Director may require additional conditions to address substantial offsite impacts related to traffic, such as requiring more traffic queuing onsite.]
- 3. >> A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 is not required, except that a CU for the limited purpose of demonstrating compliance with subparagraph (h)(5)(d) above shall be obtained where parking is provided off site.
- 4.<< These simplified conditions and limitations shall apply when the land classified as agricultural land is only a portion of a larger property, provided that the rural event venue is entirely contained within land classified as agricultural land.
- (j) Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, within the Horse Country area bounded on the north by S.W. 40th Street/Bird Road, bounded on the east by the Florida Turnpike, bounded on the south by S.W. 72nd Street, and bounded on the west by S.W. 127th Avenue, which was designated as an Area or Facility of Countywide Significance pursuant to Resolution No. R-429-16, the following shall apply:
  - 1. A rural event venue shall only be permitted when it is entirely contained within land classified as agricultural land by the Property Appraiser, and only in accordance with paragraph (i) above.
  - 2. For any such permitted rural event venues, outdoor amplified sound shall not be permitted during the operating hours of any religious facility, school, or hospital located within a 500-foot radius of the rural event venue.

- >>(9)<< [[(6)]] Farms. >> This classification is for a type of farm not otherwise enumerated in this section. A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required.
- (10) << [[(6.1)]] Farm stands may be permitted in the area designated >> "Agriculture" << [[agriculture]] on the Adopted Land Use Plan Map of the Comprehensive Development Master Plan>>, or as provided in sections 33-279.1, and << upon compliance with the following conditions:
  - (a) Such [[farm]] stand shall be >>ancillary << [[accessory]] to >>a farm that encompasses << [[a bonafide, actively farmed and harvested agricultural erop or crops, and said agricultural erops must encompass] 51 percent or more of the property.
  - >>(b)<< The [[farm]] stand shall be operated only by the party engaged in the >>farm use<< [[production of the crops]] on that property.
  - >>(c)<< The stand shall be operated only during the period of time that [[the crops are being produced on]] >>the farm is in operation on<< the site[[, and the farm]]>>.
    - <u>1.</u> <u>The</u><< stand use shall be discontinued when [[farming]] >> the farm use<< on the property is abandoned.
    - >>2. <u>A farm</u><< [[Farming on the property]] shall not be deemed abandoned if the property is fallow between seasonal growing periods. [[Agricultural products sold shall not be limited to products grown on the property.]]
  - >>(d)<< [[(b)]] Refrigerated storage area(s) are prohibited unless the refrigeration system is powered by electricity.
  - >>(e)<< [[(e)]] A minimum of six [[(6)]] parking spaces shall be provided; said spaces shall be located a minimum of >>35<< [[thirty-five (35)]] feet from right-of-way pavement. >>Such parking areas are not required to be paved and shall not count against any limitations on the area allowed for a farm stand.
  - (<u>f</u>)<< [[<del>(d)</del>]] The stand shall be located on the property with the following setbacks:
    - 1. From right-of-way pavement>>, 60 << [[sixty (60)]] feet;
    - 2. From rear property line, >><u>25</u><< [[twenty-five (25)]] feet;

- 3. From side street property line, >>25<< [[twenty-five (25)]] feet; and
- 4. From interior side property line, >><u>100</u><< [[<del>one hundred (100)</del>]] feet.
- >>(g)<< [[(e)]] The stand shall be>>:<< a permanent structure of at least one open side; an open-sided, portable stand, trailer, or vehicle; or a self-propelled uni-body truck.
- >>(h)<< [[(f)]] The maximum size of the stand shall not exceed >>3,500<< [[one thousand five hundred (1,500)]] square feet. Refrigerated storage area(s) shall be included in computing the size of the stand.
- [[(g)]] >>(i) Products prepared or sold at the stand shall comply with the following:
  - 1.
    Agricultural and food products may be offered for retail sale, provided that more than 51 percent of the products offered for sale shall be derived from crops grown in Miami-Dade County or animals raised in Miami-Dade County.
  - >>2. Agricultural products sold at the stand are not limited to products grown on the property where the stand is located.
  - <u>3.</u> <u>Products may include souvenirs or other</u> items that promote the farm.
- (j)<< [[(h)]] The hours of operation of the [[farm]] stand shall be limited to between 6:30 a.m. and 9:00 p.m.
- >>(k) This section shall not be construed to prohibit a farm stand from using only self-contained utilities. It is provided, however, that use of utilities is subject to compliance with other provisions of this code and applicable state and federal law.
- (1) A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall be required where the use involves food service or preparation but shall not be required for other uses authorized by this subsection.

- >>(12)<<[[(7)]] Groves. >> A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required for a grove.
- (13)<< [[(8)]] Greenhouses[[5]]>>or<< nurseries[[—commercial]]. >>A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required for a greenhouse or nursery, but such uses shall be subject to compliance with chapter 581, Florida Statutes, as

applicable.

- (14)<< [[(9)]] Dude ranches and riding academies shall be permitted only upon approval after public hearing >> and shall require a certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8.
- (15)<< [[(10)]] Horticultural farming—commercial. >><u>A</u> certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required for horticultural farming.
- (16)<< [[(11)]] Hydroponics or other chemical farming. >><u>A</u> certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required for hydroponics or other chemical farming.<<
- [[(12) Nurseries horticultural.
- (13)]]>>(17) Poultry raising, subject to the following:
  - (a) << The raising of >> 100 << [[one hundred (100)]] poultry, or more, shall be considered as commercial poultry raising.
  - >>(b)<< Buildings housing poultry must be at least >>500<< [[five hundred (500)]] feet from any EU or RU District boundary, and at least >>50<< [[fifty (50)]] feet from any residence under separate ownership on any adjacent property.
  - >>(c) A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required.<<

\* \* \*

>>(19)<< [[(14)]] Truck gardens>>, meaning the cultivation of vegetable crops for market or for sale directly to consumers.

A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required<<.

- >>(22)<< [[(17)]] Fish pools >><u>and other aquaculture, subject to</u> the following:
  - (a) The location of all structures used for aquaculture or uses ancillary to and directly supportive of aquaculture << shall conform to setbacks for accessory buildings, as provided in >> section << [[Section]] 33-282(b)>>, but bin and silo structures used for the storage, mixing, and creation of grain and feed products shall be exempt from the

- maximum building height restriction set forth in section 33-283(b)<<.
- >>(b) Each aquaculture operation shall comply with chapter 597 of the Florida Statutes.
- (c) A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required.

- >>(25)<< [[(20)]] Seed drying facility >> is only permitted<< on a parcel of land not less than >> 10<< [[ten (10)]] acres gross [[shall be permitted as a special exception upon approval after public hearing]]. >> A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required.<<
- [[(21) Wineries]] >>(26) Farm-related wineries
  breweries>>,<< and distilleries [[(farm related))] as defined in Section 33-1, subject to the following conditions:</p>
  - (a) [[A farm winery, brewery, or distillery]] >> Such uses << may use local or imported >> agricultural << [[farm]] products and shall be located on a site with a farm, which may include direct sales to the public on a U-Pick Farm.
  - (b) A farm brewery or distillery not on a site with a winery shall not exceed production of 250,000 gallons of malted beverage/beer or 125,000 gallons of distilled spirits respectively.
  - (c) The property upon which the farm and farm winery, brewery, [[er]] distillery>>, or combination thereof, << is located shall not be less than five [[(5)]] acres gross.
  - (d) Such a farm winery, brewery, [[or]] distillery>>, or combination thereof<< may be open to the public for events and activities related to the preserving, processing, packaging>>,<< or selling of agricultural products from Florida>>,<< including tours, product tasting, festivals, parties>>,<< and other similar events.
  - (e) >> Parking shall comply with the following, except as provided for farm-related festivals:
    - 1.
      Off-street parking requirements for the tasting and sales areas shall be calculated at one parking space for every 250 square feet of gross floor area or fractional part thereof.
    - >><u>2.</u><< Office and other use areas shall have offstreet parking spaces provided for such areas

as otherwise provided in this Code. [[In addition to the aforementioned parking requirements, at the time of application for ZIP, parking for indoor or outdoor farm-related festivals shall be determined by the Director and such requirements shall be based on the number of people that can reasonably be assumed to be on such premises at one (1) time. Said determination shall be calculated on a basis of one (1) parking space for each four (4) persons.]]

- >>3. Parking areas are not required to be paved and shall not count against any limitations on the area allowed for ancillary uses.<<
- (f) Food service, preparation>>,<< and consumption, including table service, shall be >><u>ancillary</u><< [[accessory]] to the production of wine, beer>>,<< [[ort]] distilled spirits>>, or combination thereof<<<.
- (g) The hours of retail sales operation for the farmrelated winery, brewery, [[ex]] distillery>>, or combination thereof<< shall not extend beyond 11:00 p.m.
- (h) Outdoor farm-related festivals shall be allowable>>,<< [[on properties having a current Certificate of Use for a farm-related winery, brewery, or distillery]] provided:
  - (1) No such [[outdoor farm-related]] festival shall be more than three [[(3)]] days long.
  - (2) A Zoning Improvement Permit (ZIP) [[for outdoor farm related festivals]] shall be obtained for each festival.
  - >>(3) As part of the ZIP review process, the Director shall determine the required parking for each farm-related festival, which determination shall be based on the number of people that can reasonably be assumed to be lawfully on such premises at one time for the festival use and shall be calculated on a basis of one parking space for each four persons.
  - (4)<< No more than a total of six [[(6)]] outdoor farm-related festivals shall be held per calendar year per farm.
  - >>(5)<< Such outdoor farm-related festivals shall be restricted to >>between the hours of 9:00

<u>a.m.</u> and 11:00 p.m. << [[daylight hours]] only.

- (i) The use of mechanically amplified outdoor entertainment shall be prohibited from 11:00 p.m. to 9:00 a.m.>>, and the use shall comply with the noise regulations set forth in paragraph (27)(d).<<
- (j) The winery, brewery, [[or]] distillery>>, or combination thereof<< shall not be located in the East Everglades Area of Environmental Concern as that area is described in Chapter 33B, Code of Miami-Dade County.
- >>(k) The winery, brewery, distillery, or combination thereof may have ancillary indoor and outdoor pub games, ancillary miniature golf courses of no more than 1.5 acres, and other ancillary uses as permitted under this section, including uses that permit the sale and consumption of products as allowed by applicable licenses from the State of Florida Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco.
- (1) The winery, brewery, distillery, or combination thereof shall not be permitted to have food service, preparation, or consumption, outdoor farm-related festivals, or other ancillary uses except wholesale or retail sales of wine, beer, or spirits, unless it annually produces a minimum of 1,250 gallons of wine, beer, or spirits.
- (m) A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall be required for such winery, brewery, distillery, or combination thereof, if it includes food service, preparation, or consumption, including tasting of alcohol by the general public, or other ancillary uses except wholesale or retail sales of wine, beer, or spirits. A certificate of use shall also be required for such winery, brewery, distillery, or combination thereof, for the limited purpose of demonstrating compliance with liquid waste requirements set forth in chapter 24. A certificate of use shall not be required for other uses permitted by this subsection.
- (27)<< [[(22)]] Uses ancillary to and directly supportive of agriculture >> not otherwise enumerated above and as set forth in this subsection<<.
  - (a) *Definitions*. For purposes of this subsection, >>subsections (28) and (29) <<[[subsection (23)]], and Section 33-279.3, the following definitions shall apply:

- 1. "Agriculture" or "agricultural" includes, without limitation: horticulture; floriculture; viticulture; aquaculture, including algaculture; pisciculture; apiculture; forestry; dairy farming; keeping or farming of livestock>>,<< [[ex]] poultry>>, or other animals useful to humans<<<; and sod farming.
- 2. >> "Agritourism" means any agricultural related activity consistent with a bona fide farm, livestock operation, or ranch or in a working forest which allows members of the general public, for recreational, entertainment, or educational purposes, to view or enjoy activities, including farming, ranching, historical, cultural, civic, ceremonial, training and exhibition, or harvest-your-own activities and attractions.
  - i. Except as expressly provided in this section, an agritourism activity does not include the construction of new or additional structures or facilities intended primarily to house, shelter, transport, or otherwise accommodate members of the general public.
  - ii. An activity is an agritourism activity regardless of whether the participant paid to participate in the activity.
- 3.
  "Farm equipment" means, in accordance with >> sections << [[Sections]] 316.003 and 604.40, Florida Statutes (2020), tractors or farm implements that are primarily designed for or primarily used in agriculture.</p>
  - i. This term includes, without limitation, the following: farm tractor; all-terrain vehicle; combine; harvester; backhoe; front loader; implements plow: mower: husbandry; irrigation trucks; and any other equipment that is used on a farm that is not required by the State of Florida to be registered as a motor vehicle.
  - ii. This term includes such other implements as determined by the Director to be primarily designed for

- or used in agriculture and not for offroad construction, mining, utility, or industrial purposes.
- iii. This term excludes: equipment designed for or used in off-road construction, mining, utility, and industrial purposes; and Category 3 vehicles as defined in >>section<<[[Section]] 33-124.1.
- [[3.]]>>4.<< "Farm supplies" means materials, other than farm equipment, that are primarily designed for or primarily used in agriculture.
- (b) General requirements. Except as provided in this article for outdoor storage, maintenance, and repair of farm equipment, distribution vehicles, and other classified vehicles, all uses enumerated in this subsection shall be subject to the following requirements:
  - 1. Each use shall only be authorized on a property that:
    - i. Is designated Agriculture on the Comprehensive Development Master Plan Land Use Plan Map; and
    - ii. Contains land that has been classified by the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser as agricultural land>>, except as provided in this section<<.
  - 2. >> Except as provided in this subsection or section 33-279.3, a certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall not be required for uses authorized by this subsection << [[The property or business owner shall obtain from the Department an annually renewable certificate of use for each use]].
- (c) The following uses shall be permitted when ancillary to >> a farm operation on land classified as agricultural pursuant to section 193.461, Florida Statutes << [[an ongoing and lawfully established agricultural use]]:
  - 1. The packing, processing, or sale of agricultural goods or products produced within the State of Florida >> and not otherwise enumerated in this section <<.
  - 2. Farm tours, >> including without limitation wagon rides and farm tours on motorized vehicles; << farm meals>>; <<[[7]] cooking

classes>>;<<[[5]] agricultural workshops[[5]] >>and other<< agricultural education>>;<< [[and agritourism, including]] U-Pick>>;<<[[5]] pony rides[[5]] and horseback riding>>; animal exhibits; and seasonal activities such as pumpkin patches.

- i. Except as provided in subsections (8), (26) or elsewhere in this section where stricter provisions may be provided, where an agritourism use does not involve construction of new or additional structures or facilities intended primarily to house, shelter, transport, or otherwise accommodate members of the general public:
  - a. Off-street parking for such use shall be provided in accordance with subsection (8)(h)5. governing rural event venues;
  - b. a certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 is not required, except that a CU for the limited purpose of demonstrating compliance with subparagraph (8)(h)5.d. shall be obtained where parking is provided off site; and
  - c. the agritourism use need not be subordinate or subsidiary to the agricultural use on the parcel.
- ii. The construction of new or additional structures or facilities intended primarily to house, shelter, transport, or otherwise accommodate members of the general public is permitted for the ancillary uses enumerated in this subparagraph 2, subject to all the following:
  - a. A certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 is obtained to demonstrate that the proposed structure or facility allows members of the general

purposes, to view or enjoy agriculture-related activities, including farming, ranching, historical, cultural, civic, ceremonial, training and exhibition, or harvest-your-own activities and attractions. The structure or facility complies with the Florida Building Code, chapter 24 of this code, and other regulations applicable to construction of such structure or facility.

<u>b.</u>

public, for recreational, entertainment, or educational

- c. Structures for such uses shall be limited to no more than 5 percent of the ancillary use area for each 5 acres in total parcel size, provided that the maximum coverage on a single parcel shall not exceed 2.5 acres of structures.

  Parcels of less than 5 total acres may have structures on up to 5 percent of the ancillary use area.
- d. Off-street parking for such ancillary uses shall be provided in accordance with subsection (8)(h)5. governing rural event venues. Parking shall not count toward the maximum coverage limitation above.
- e. The use shall only operate between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 11:00 p.m., no outdoor amplified sound shall be allowed between the hours of 11:00 p.m. and 9:00 a.m., and the use shall comply with the noise regulations set forth in paragraph (27)(d).

- f. Uses and structures allowed by this subparagraph 2 shall be allowed on properties of less than five acres, subject to compliance with other requirements of section 33-280 applicable to agricultural uses on less than five acres.
- iii. Relief from the requirements of this subparagraph 2 may be approved as a non-use variance pursuant to subsection 33-311(A)(4)(b).
- 3. Small scale outdoor amusements, including but not limited to pub games, inflatable waterslide pools and other small water-related or inflatable devices, zip lining, and paintball, and agritourism uses that are not otherwise enumerated above or in this section and that involve the construction of new or additional structures or facilities intended primarily to house, shelter, transport, or otherwise accommodate members of the general public, are permitted only in accordance with the following:
  - i. Such uses shall comply with subparagraph (c)2.ii. and may obtain variances in accordance with subparagraph (c)2.iii. above.
  - iii. Miniature golf courses are only permitted when ancillary to a winery, brewery, distillery, or combination thereof.
  - iv. The ancillary use shall be operated only by the party engaged in the primary agricultural use on the property.
  - v. All such ancillary uses shall be set back 50 feet from any property line and shall be visually screened with vegetation from all other properties or roadways other than for permitted signage.
  - vi. Off-street parking for such ancillary uses shall be provided in accordance with subsection (8)(h)5. governing rural event venues.

- vii. Such uses shall comply with the outdoor lighting requirements of section 33-4.1
- viii. The maximum height for such structures, excluding lighting and zip lines, shall be 25 feet.
- <u>4.</u> Krome Agritourism District (KAD).
  - i. The Krome Agritourism District (KAD) consists of AU District parcels that front on Krome Avenue, up to a maximum of 3,960 feet from the exterior boundary of the Krome Avenue right-of-way, regardless of whether an individual parcel extends beyond that range. Only a parcel that fronts on Krome Avenue may be considered part of the KAD.
  - ii. Within the KAD, the ancillary uses authorized by subparagraphs (c)2. and 3. above are permitted subject to the requirements set forth therein, except that structures for such uses may be located throughout the area on which ancillary uses are established and shall not be subject to the maximum coverage limitations in subparagraph (c)2.ii.<.
- >><u>5.</u><<[[3]]. Farmers' markets, >><u>meaning sales</u>
  <u>from multiple vendors and</u><< restricted to the
  sale of fruits, vegetables, live farm animals,
  [[and]] plants, [[as well as]] >><u>and</u><<
  products derived directly therefrom>>, and
  souvenirs or other items that promote the
  farm<<.
- >>6.<<[[4-]] Uses determined by the Director to be similar to those enumerated in subparagraphs (1)—(3) above. In determining similarity between a proposed use and the uses enumerated above, the Director shall be guided by whether the proposed use is ancillary to and directly supportive of agriculture.
- >><u>7.</u><<[[<del>5.</del>]] The sale and service of farm equipment and farm supplies.
- >><u>8.</u><<[[<del>6.</del>]] Outdoor storage, maintenance, and repair of farm equipment, distribution

- vehicles, and other classified vehicles, only in accordance with this subsection and with Section 33-279.3; it is provided, however, that such use may be a primary use on a lot as provided therein.
- >>9. Box lunch distribution to serve employees of the farm, as provided in section 33-14 for industrial and manufacturing plants and commercial uses.
- 10. Mobile food service operations, only in accordance with the following:
  - <u>i.</u> Each such operation complies with section 33-14.1; and
  - ii. The mobile food service operation may use self-contained utilities, including but not limited to gas, water, and waste disposal, except for electrical connections permitted by section 33-14.1; and
  - iii. The storage, processing, or disposal of solid or liquid waste, as defined in sections 24-5 or 15-1, including, but not limited to, any vegetable or animal product used in, or a byproduct of, the cooking, food preparation, or cleaning process, from any such operation, shall be subject to compliance with all applicable requirements of chapters 15 and 24.
  - iv. Overnight storage of a mobile food service vehicle is permitted on the agricultural property on which it is used only where the vehicle is owned and operated by the property owner.

    All other vehicle storage is subject to section 33-279.3.
  - v. Such mobile food service operations shall only be permitted outside the Urban Development Boundary.
- (d) Noise regulations. In addition to the regulations set forth in sections 21-28 and 21-28.1 and any other applicable noise regulations, rural event venues authorized by subsection (8), farm-related wineries, breweries, and distilleries authorized by subsection (26), and the ancillary uses authorized by

subparagraph (27)(c) 2. and 3. above shall comply with the following:

- 1. Sound emanating from the property with the agritourism use shall not exceed 70 dBA or 80 dBC, when measured:
  - i. from any point at least 200 feet from any exterior property line of the property with the agritourism use; or
  - ii. from the property line of any abutting or adjacent property with a residential use, or from any other point on such abutting or adjacent property.
- 2. Measurement shall be performed by a sound level meter that has been calibrated using a sound level meter calibrator at the measurement site prior to measurement.
- 3. A violation of this requirement shall be presumed to occur if sound exceeds the foregoing limitations for a continuous duration of one minute within any 5-minute period. Each minute of violation and each side of the property from which a violation is measured shall constitute a separate offense.
- 4. In addition to the foregoing, the use of fireworks shall be deemed a violation of this paragraph (d), except to the extent authorized by section 791.07, Florida Statutes, for the sole and exclusive purpose of frightening birds from agricultural works and fish hatcheries. Each individual firework or explosion shall constitute a separate offense.
- 5. Violations of any applicable noise regulations are deemed to be an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare and to constitute a public nuisance.
- 6. No individual shall impede, obstruct, delay, resist, or in any manner interfere with any authorized personnel engaged in the execution of duties pursuant to this section. This prohibition extends to any actions that would prevent, hinder, or attempt to hinder personnel from performing their responsibilities under these noise regulations, including but not limited to the investigation of noise complaints, enforcement of noise

- limits, and monitoring of compliance with issued permits.
- 7. If a property has been the subject of three or more noise violations on different days within the preceding 12 months, the Director shall not issue or renew, and may revoke, a CU for a use referenced above in this paragraph (d) unless:
  - i. All outstanding violations or liens are first satisfied and corrected; and
  - ii. A bond in the amount of \$25,000.00 is provided to the Department, in a form approved by the Director. The bond shall be subject to forfeiture for future violations, as set forth in this section.
- 8. When determining whether a property has three or more violations within the preceding 12 months, if one or more unresolved citations that will affect the decision regarding the CU are pending, the Director may issue or renew a CU on a provisional basis and for a limited time, which may be extended by the Director for good cause shown
- 9. <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
  - <u>i.</u> <u>Amplified sound means sound the volume of which is increased via electronic or other means.</u>
  - <u>ii.</u> <u>Decibel (dB) means the unit for sound</u> amplitude as defined in ANSI S1.1-2013, as may be amended.
  - iii. dB(A) means A-weighted sound pressure level in decibels, as defined in ANSI S1.4-1983, as may be amended, simulating human ear response at moderate levels without amplified low frequencies.
  - iv. dB(C) means C-weighted sound pressure level in decibels, as defined in ANSI S1.4-1983, as may be amended, which is more sensitive to low frequencies than A-weighting.
  - v. Sound level meter calibrator means a device for field sound level meter

- calibration checks, conforming to ANSI S1.40 or IEC 60942.
- Sound level meter means equipment vi. for sound measurement adhering to ANSI or IEC Type 1 or Type 2 standards.
- These noise regulations apply to agritourism 10. uses but shall not apply to bona fide agricultural production or other bona fide agricultural purposes as defined in section 193.461, Florida Statutes.
- (28) << [[(23)]] The sale of farm supplies and farm equipment, together with general retail items, subject to the following requirements:
  - Administrative site plan review and approval (a) pursuant to >>section << [[Section]] 33-310.4 >> and a certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 are << [[is]] required.

- >>(29) General provisions relating to farms.
  - For uses allowed pursuant to this article where (a) located on a property with, or ancillary to, a farm, the primary agricultural use shall be one of the following uses enumerated in this section:
    - Cattle or stock grazing (not including hog 1. raising).
    - Raising or keeping of hogs. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.
    - Dairy barn.
    - Farm.
    - Grove.
    - Greenhouses or nurseries.
    - Horticultural farming—commercial.
    - Hydroponics or other chemical farming.
    - 9. Poultry raising.
    - 10. Truck garden.
    - Fish pool or other aquaculture. 11.
    - Seed drying facility. 12.
  - Obtaining an agricultural classification as provided (b) in section 193.461, Florida Statutes, as may be amended, is not required to demonstrate compliance with this subsection. It is provided, however, that compliance with this section shall not be construed to require the property appraiser to classify a

- property or portion thereof as agricultural and shall not be considered as evidence of compliance with the requirements of section 193.461, Florida Statutes.
- (c) For uses that this section exempts from obtaining a certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8, the following shall apply:
  - 1. Building permits shall be obtained for any structure that is not a nonresidential farm building, farm sign, or farm fence, as defined in section 604.50, Florida Statutes.
  - 2. Where the use involves a structure that is exempt from the Florida Building Code, floodplain management review pursuant to section 11C-3 shall be required.
  - 3. It is provided, however, that, notwithstanding chapter 11C or any other provision of this code to the contrary, floodplain management review shall not be required for the following structures when located outside of a special flood hazard area and coastal high hazard area and when they are accessory buildings for an ongoing and lawfully established agricultural use: pre-manufactured sheds; site-built sheds; cargo containers; and pole barns and other structures that are open on at least one side.
- (d) For uses that provide food service to the public:
  - 1. Where such uses do not provide bathrooms in a permanent building, sufficient portable toilets to accommodate the public shall be provided.
  - 2. Where such uses provide bathrooms in a permanent building:
    - <u>i.</u> the bathrooms shall be served by a public water main and a public sanitary sewer system; or
    - ii. where a public water main is not available, the bathroom shall be served by a legally established domestic well approved pursuant to chapter 24, and where a public sanitary sewer system is not available, the bathroom shall be served by a legally established onsite sewage treatment and disposal system approved pursuant to chapter 24.

- (e) Presumption of compliance. For uses that require a minimum percentage of products to come from certain areas or sources, the use shall be presumed to comply with such requirement, subject to rebuttal by the Department, where the property owner or tenant presents to the Department: executed contracts, manifests, bills of lading, load tenders, confirmations of tender, proofs of delivery, payment records, or any combination thereof, to establish that the products were obtained from the required area or source.
- (f) <u>Voluntary certificate of use</u>. A use that does not require a certificate of use pursuant to section 33-8 shall be deemed to comply with this section where:
  - 1. The property owner has:
    - i. voluntarily obtained from the Department such a C.U. after submitting an application that contains the information required by this paragraph; or
    - ii. has previously obtained a C.U. for a similar use based on presenting substantially similar information, as determined by the Department.
  - 2. To comply with this paragraph (f), the application for voluntary C.U. shall include a site plan or sketch, subject to the Department's approval, that identifies:
    - i. the location and size of the primary agricultural use or uses;
    - <u>ii.</u> <u>the location and size of any ancillary</u> use or uses;
    - iii. the location of all structures for agricultural uses and ancillary uses, respectively, including demonstrating compliance with applicable setback standards; and
    - <u>iv.</u> <u>the location and type of required</u> visual buffering.
- (g) Annual report required. The County Mayor or the County Mayor's designee shall provide an annual report to the Board of County Commissioners regarding violations of C.U., parking, and noise requirements in the AU District over the preceding year. Such report shall be placed on an available agenda of the full Board without committee review

pursuant to rule 5.06(j) of the Board's Rules of Procedure <<

Sec. 33-279.2. - Agricultural Uses Permitted in Areas Located Outside the Urban Development Boundary, Designated Agriculture on the Comprehensive Development Master Plan and Zoned EU, RU, BU or IU.

Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in Chapter 33 of this Code, the agricultural uses provided in this Section are permissible in areas zoned EU, RU, BU>>,<< and IU that are designated Agriculture on the Comprehensive Development Master Plan Land Use Plan Map and that are located outside of the Urban Development Boundary.

\* \* \*

- (c) For all properties subject to this Section:
  - (1) The property shall conform to the minimum lot size and setback requirements of the underlying zoning district.
  - (2) Agricultural uses on the property shall not be subject to the underlying zoning district's landscaping and lot coverage requirements.
  - (3) >> Agricultural uses shall be governed by section 33-279 as to certificates of use, zoning improvement permits, and floodplain review< [[A Zoning Improvement Permit shall be obtained prior to establishing any agricultural use]].
  - >>(4) This section shall not be construed to limit the use of the property in accordance with the underlying zoning district to the extent permitted by the CDMP.<<

\* \* \*

**Section 6.** Division 2 of article III of chapter 24 of the Code of Miami-Dade County,

Florida, is hereby amended to read as follows:

## DIVISION 2. - WELLFIELD PROTECTION, DOMESTIC WELL SYSTEMS AND POTABLE WATER STANDARDS

\* \* \*

## Sec. 24-43.1. Liquid waste disposal and potable water supply systems.

\* \* \*

(4) Nonresidential land uses with potable water or OSTDS with only domestic sewage. Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, no County or municipal officer, agent, employee, or board shall approve, grant or issue any building permit, certificate of use or occupancy (except for changes in ownership for facilities that do not require an operating permit pursuant to Section 24-18), municipal occupational license (except for changes in ownership for facilities that do not require an operating permit pursuant to Section 24-18), platting action (final plat, waiver of plat, or equivalent municipal platting action), development agreement subject to the Florida Local Government Development Agreement Act, zoning action (district boundary change, unusual use, special exception, use variance, or equivalent municipal zoning action), or other development order or development permit for any nonresidential land use served or to be served by any source of potable water supply or an OSTDS without obtaining the Director's prior written approval pursuant to this subsection.

Furthermore, notwithstanding any provision of this code, no person shall construct, utilize, operate, occupy, or cause, allow, let, permit, or suffer to be constructed, utilized, operated, or occupied, any nonresidential land use served or to be served by any source of potable water or an OSTDS without obtaining the Director's prior written approval. >> It is provided, however, that a farm stand or a mobile food service operation ancillary to a farm is not subject to this subsection where such use utilizies only self-contained utilities and complies with section 33-279.<

Written approval shall only be issued if it is demonstrated that the only liquid waste (excluding liquid wastes associated with >> the following: << the processing of agricultural produce in agricultural packing houses [[and liquid wastes associated with]] >> :< [[an]] agricultural >> vehicles or << [[vehicle or,]] agricultural equipment maintenance facilities[[5]]>> :mobile food service operations with only

self-contained utilities and ancillary to a farm or farm stands with only self-contained utilities, provided that such uses comply with section 33-279; or << stormwater and water used within a self-contained water recycling car wash facility, provided said facility does not backwash the recycling filters) that shall be generated, disposed of, discharged, or stored on the property shall be domestic sewage discharged into an OSTDS that complies with section 24-42.7, that the property is not within a feasible distance for public water mains and public sanitary sewers, and only:

- (a) After the owner of the property (excluding property upon which an agricultural vehicle or agricultural equipment maintenance facility operates) submits to the Director [[or the Director's designee]] a covenant running with the land executed by the owner of the property in favor of Miami-Dade County >>that<< [[which]] provides that the only liquid waste (>>except for those liquid wastes excluded by this subsection (4) above<< [[excluding liquid wastes associated with the processing of agricultural produce in agricultural packing houses and liquid wastes associated with agricultural vehicle or agricultural equipment maintenance facilities, stormwater and water used within a self-contained water recycling car wash facility, provided said facility does not backwash the recycling filters]]) which shall be generated, disposed of, discharged, or stored on the property shall be domestic sewage discharged into >> an OSTDS << [[a septic tank]].
  - >>(i)<< Said covenants shall be in a form(s) prescribed by the Director [[and approved by the Board of County Commissioners]].
  - >>(ii)<< The covenants shall be recorded by the Department at the expense of the owner of the property>>.
  - (iii) The Director is authorized to accept modifications of previously approved covenants to conform to this paragraph (4)(c)<<; and

\* \* \*

- (c) If the Director or the Director's designee determines that the existing nonresidential land use for the property or the nonresidential land use requested for the property is served or to be served by an onsite domestic well system and [[a septic tank]] >> an OSTDS << and is not one [[(1)]] or more of the following nonresidential land uses:
  - (i) Establishments [[primarily]] engaged in the handling of food and drink>>; it is provided, however, that the preparation, cooking, or table service of food or drink when ancillary to a farm to the extent permitted in section 33-279 may be permitted << [[except factory prepackaged products and agricultural crops and, food preparation facilities on agricultural properties which serve the prepared food and drink on site]].

\* \* \*

Other nonresidential land uses without public water, public (6) sanitary sewer, or both. Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, no County or municipal officer, agent, employee, or board shall approve, grant or issue any building permit, certificate of use, certificate of occupancy, municipal occupational license, platting action (final plat, waiver of plat or equivalent municipal platting action), development agreement subject to the Florida Local Government Development Agreement Act, zoning action (district boundary change, unusual use, special exception, use variance, or equivalent municipal zoning action), or other development order or development permit for any nonresidential land use served or to be served by any >>method for<< [[liquid waste]] storage, disposal, or treatment [[method]] >>of liquid waste (excluding liquid wastes associated with the following: the processing of agricultural produce in agricultural packing houses; agricultural vehicles or agricultural equipment maintenance facilities; or mobile food service operations with only selfcontained utilities and ancillary to a farm or farm stands with only self-contained utilities, provided that such uses comply with section 33-279) << other than public sanitary sewers, or by any source of potable water supply other than a public

water main, without obtaining the Director's prior written approval.

Furthermore, notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, no person shall construct, utilize, operate, occupy, or cause, allow, let, permit, or suffer to be operated, constructed, utilized, or occupied, nonresidential land use served by any >>method for<< [[liquid waste]] storage, disposal, or treatment [[method]] >>of liquid waste (except for those liquid wastes excluded by this subsection (6) above)<<, other than public sanitary sewers or any source of potable water supply other than a public water main, without obtaining the Director's prior written approval. >>It is provided, however, that a farm stand or a mobile food service operation ancillary to a farm is not subject to this subsection where such use utilizies only self-contained utilities and complies with section 33-279.<<

Such written approval shall only be issued if one or more of the following is met:

\* \*

## Sec. 24-43.2. Regulation of on-site domestic well systems and other water supply wells.

(1) Regulation of on-site domestic well systems generally.

Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, no County or municipal officer, agent, employee, or board shall approve, grant or issue any building permit, certificate of use or occupancy (except for changes in ownership), municipal occupational license (except for changes in ownership), platting action (final plat, waiver of plat equivalent municipal platting development agreement subject to the Florida Local Government Development Agreement Act, zoning action (district boundary change, unusual use, special exception, use variance, or equivalent municipal zoning action), or other development order or development permit for any land use served or to be served by an on-site domestic well system without obtaining the Director's prior written approval.

Furthermore, notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, no person shall construct, utilize, operate, occupy, or cause, allow, let, permit, or suffer to be constructed, utilized, operated, or occupied, any land use served or to be served by a domestic well system without obtaining the Director's prior written approval.

Such written approval shall only be issued if the Director determines all of the following are met:

- (i) the existing or requested land use for the property complies with Section 24-43.1; and
- (ii) the installation of a public water main to serve the property from the nearest available point of connection to an available public water main is not within feasible distance for public water mains; and
- (iii) the groundwater at the site does not require treatment [[in-order]] to meet the primary drinking water quality standards specified in Chapter >>62-550<< [[62-55]], Florida Administrative Code, as same may be amended from time to time; and
- (iv) the groundwater at the site does not contain more than 250 milligrams per liter (mg/l) of chlorides at a depth of 30 feet from ground elevation>>; and
- (v) for establishments engaged in the preparation, cooking, or table service of food or drink when ancillary to a farm to the extent permitted in section 33-279, the following additional requirements:
  - 1. the on-site domestic well water treatment system or treatment train is designed for land uses within the cone of influence of the well based on the maximum day flow rate, but not less than 1/8-mile;
  - 2. the on-site domestic well system includes mechanical, electrical, and component reliability to assure uninterrupted supply and treatment;
  - 3. the Director has given written approval for monitoring plans for the following, including sampling frequency for primary and secondary

Agenda Item No. Page 45

## drinking water standards:

- where groundwater a. contamination has been identified within 1/8-mile, a sentinel groundwater plan. monitoring which includes monitoring wells and sampling contaminants identified; and
- <u>b.</u> <u>a raw (untreated) and treated</u> water monitoring plan; and
- 4. the Director has given written approval for a water treatment system operation and maintenance plan, which includes a Class D or higher Operator performing site visits at a rate of 2 visits per week for a total of 1 hour per week; and
- 5. the system includes a disinfection system that provides 4-log removal or inactivation of pathogens with an inactivation ratio equal to or greater than one based on peak hourly flow rate.
- 6. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, a mobile food service operation that complies with section 33-279 is not subject to this section.<<

\* \* \*

Section 7. Section 33-279 of the Code shall be renumbered pursuant to the revisions in section 2 above.

**Section 8.** If any section, subsection, sentence, clause or provision of this ordinance is held invalid, the remainder of this ordinance shall not be affected by such invalidity.

Section 9. It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners, and it is hereby ordained that the provisions of this ordinance, including any sunset provision, shall become and be made a part of the Code of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The sections of this ordinance may

Agenda Item No. Page 46

be renumbered or relettered to accomplish such intention, and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or other appropriate word.

Section 10. This ordinance shall become effective ten (10) days after the date of enactment unless vetoed by the Mayor, and if vetoed, shall become effective only upon an override by this Board.

PASSED AND ADOP	TED:
Approved by County A to form and legal suffice	
Prepared by:	
Dennis A. Kerbel	
Prime Sponsor:	Commissioner Kionne L. McGhee