

Course ID: FIN 209B

Course: Capital Projects



#### **Ground Rules**



Be on time



Attendance



Turn off your cell phones when in class



Take breaks as needed



Participate actively in class; refrain from email and internet use



Feel free to ask questions



#### **Course Overview**

<b>Course Description</b>	This course provides a comprehensive review of the Capital Projects processes.
	<ul> <li>This course consists of the following modules:</li> <li>Module 1: Course Introduction</li> <li>Module 2: Capital Projects</li> </ul>
	Module 3: Course Summary
Training Audiences	The following audience(s), by INFORMS Security role(s), are required to complete this course prior to being granted related system access:  • Department Project Processor  • Central Project Processor  • PC Viewer  • Project Costing Reporter



### **Course Overview**

Prerequisites	Participants are required to complete the following End-User Training courses
	prior to starting this course:
	ERP 101 – Overview of ERP
	ERP 102 – INFORMS Navigation, Reporting and Online Help
	FIN 101 – Financials Fundamentals
	FIN 301 – Managing the General Ledger
Delivery Method	This course is intended to be delivered through Instructor-led Training.
<b>Estimated Duration</b>	The total duration of this course is 3 hours.



#### Course Outline

#### Content

Module 1: Course Introduction

Module 2: Capital Projects

- Lesson 1: Capital Projects
  - Lecture 1: Key Elements of Capital Projects
  - Lecture 2: How Capital Projects will reach INFORMS
  - Lecture 3: Project Statuses and Activation
  - o Lecture 4: Funds Distribution for Capital Reimbursement
  - Lecture 5: Associating to Customer Contract for Grants
- Lesson 2: Capitalization
  - Lecture 1: Asset Definition
  - Lecture 2: Projects to Assets

Module 3: Course Summary



#### Module 1: Course Introduction

#### **Module Topics**

**Course Administration and Logistics** 

**Learning Objectives** 

Roles and Responsibilities

Navigation

**Key Changes to Business Process** 

**End-to-End Business Process** 

How the Business Process fits into INFORMS and other modules

Introduction to Demonstrations, Activities, and Exercises



### Course Administration and Logistics



To receive credit for completing this course, you must record your attendance at the beginning <u>and</u> end of class



Please turn off your cell phones and refrain from checking email and the Internet while in class



Actively participate in class



Take Breaks at scheduled times



Ask questions; this is your time to learn



Be back from Breaks on time



# Learning Objectives

- Understand Capital Projects
- Understand Capitalization



## Roles and Responsibilities

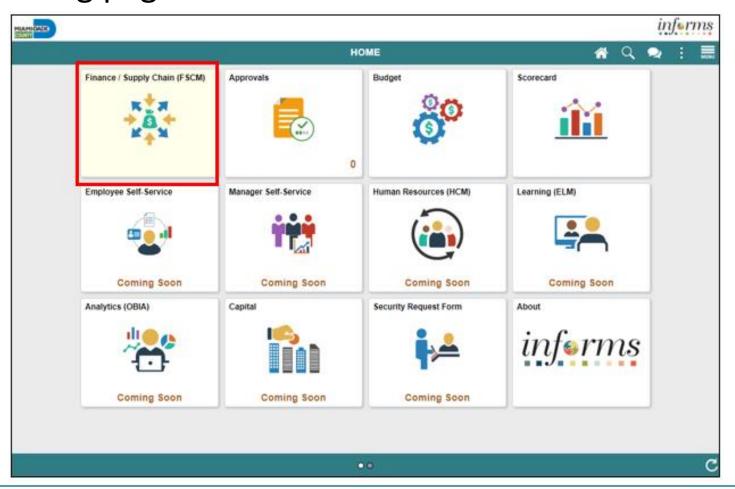
The roles and responsibilities associated with Capital Projects include:

Role	Responsibilities
Central Appropriation Processor	The Central Appropriation Processor has the ability to create Countywide controlling budget journals. This user also has access to view Appropriation transactions interfaced from Hyperion.
Department Appropriation Processor	The Department Appropriation Processor is responsible for the creation of a budget journal to request or transfer budget for the department.
PC Viewer	The PC Viewer has the ability to view all Project information.
<b>Project Costing Reporter</b>	The Project Costing Reporter has the ability to access all Project Costing (PC) batch reports and PS Query Viewer.



### Navigation

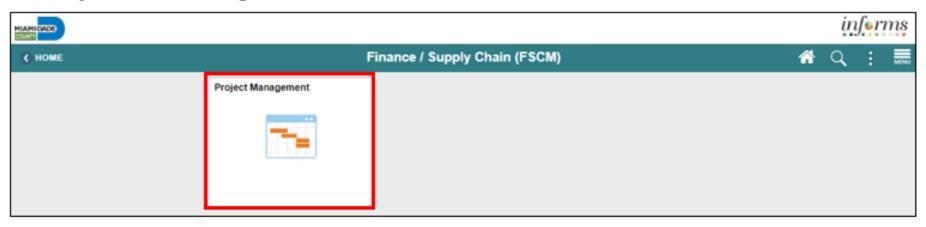
1. Login to INFORMS and select **Finance/ Supply Chain (FSCM)** from the home landing page below.



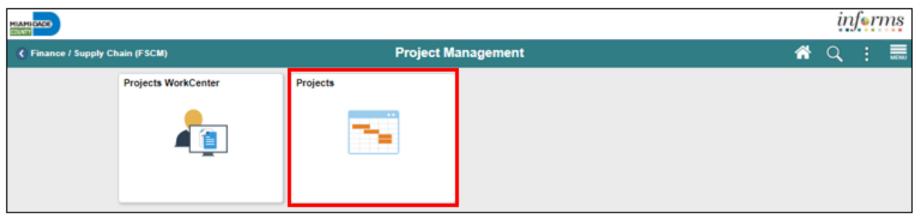


## Navigation

2. Select **Project Management** 



3. Select the **Projects** 



### Key Changes to Business Process

- Grants will require a Project
- Customer Contracts will be used to automate billing of projects expenditures to customers
- Costs will be tracked in the Project Costing module
- Project transactions will be tracked in Project Costing instead of the General Ledger
- Reports will be generated out of Customer Contracts, Billing and General Ledger



#### **End-to-End Business Process**

#### **PROJECT COSTING**



**Create Project** Department Project Processor



**Stablish Project** Activities

Department Project Processor





**Authorize Project** for Expenditures

Central Project Processor





**Create Budget** 

Department Project





Charge Transactions to **Project & Activities** 

Department AP/ Journal Entry/ PO Processors







**Collect, Distribute & Price Cost** 

Central Project Costing (PC) Batch Processor



Manage **Projects** 

Department Project Processor





The **Department Project** Processor is responsible for the creation/maintenance of Project, and Activities. This role will create budgets and have access to Project Costing reports



The Central **Project Processor** has access to view projects and activities and is responsible for activating projects created by departments.



The **Department** AP Processor is responsible for entering, researching, and deletina Vouchers.



The **Department** Journal Entry Processor is responsible for the creation of journals.



The PO Department **Processor** has the ability to create and update Purchase orders prior to final PÓ approval.



The Central **Project Costing** (PC) Batch **Processor** has the ability to run all scheduled PC batch processes and jobs.



#### Introduction to Activities and Exercises

• Participants will take part in two types of hands-on learning throughout this course.



Training Activities



Training Exercises



### Module 1: Course Introduction Summary

#### **Module Topics**

**Course Administration and Logistics** 

**Learning Objectives** 

Roles and Responsibilities

Navigation

**Key Changes to Business Process** 

**End-to-End Business Process** 

How the Business Process fits into INFORMS and other modules

Introduction to Demonstrations, Activities, and Exercises



# Module 2: Capital Projects

#### **Module Topics**

Module Introduction

Lesson 1: Capital Projects

Lesson 2: Capitalization

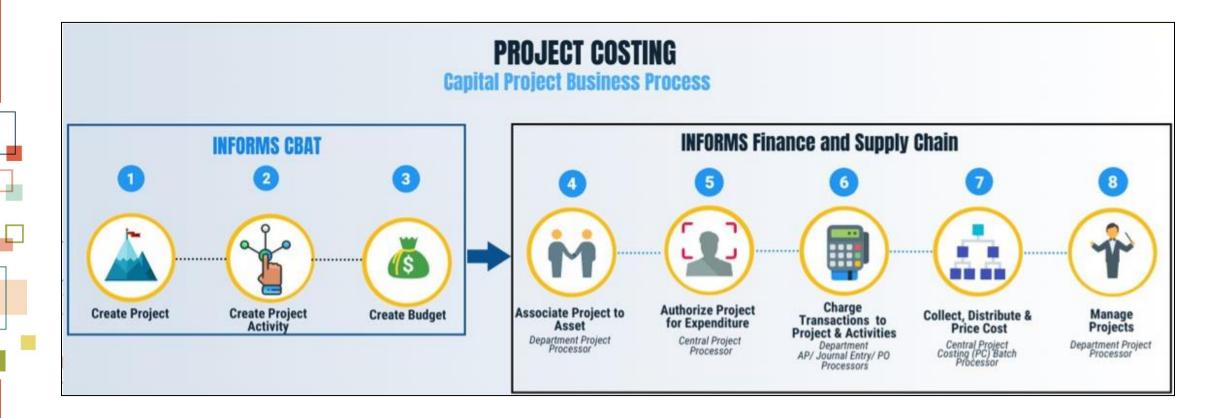


## Lesson 1: Capital Projects

- Key Elements of a Capital Project
- How Capital Projects will come into INFORMS
- Project Statuses and Activation
- Funds Distribution for Capital Reimbursement
- Associating to Customer Contract for Grants

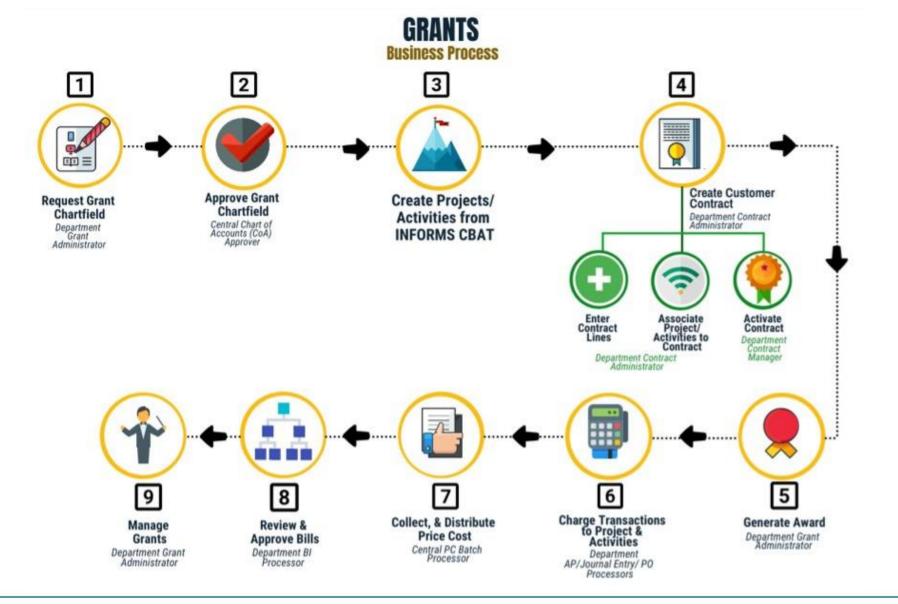


#### Lesson 1: Business Process Overview





#### Lesson 1: Business Process Overview



# Lesson 1: Key Terms

Term	Definition
Capital Project	A Project that manages the transaction of costs associated with assets from inception to cost value adjustment to retirement.
Capitalization Funds Distribution	The inclusion of cost into the asset value from inception through its life.
Funds Distribution Rate Set	The redistribution of project costs to multiple funding courses.
Reporting Entity	The classification for reporting of Capital Projects. All capital projects will either be tagged as Governmental or Enterprise.
Retainage	Retainage is a percent of gross invoice amount withheld by the County from a supplier invoice payment, based on the contract.
Resource Type	An identifier that helps identify the purpose of the project transaction.



# Lecture 1: Key Elements of Capital Projects

Capital projects have virtually the same elements as Operating and Grants projects, except for the following Key Elements:

- Project Creation
- Project Type
- Project Statuses
- Project Manager

- Retainage
- Funds Distribution
- Capital Rate Set
- Programs



# Lecture 2: How Capital Projects will reach INFORMS

- Creations and updates of Projects and Activities will be done in CBAT and interface to INFORMS
- Capital Projects will have activities that provide additional funding and tracking
- Activities will be a predefined list managed by OMB in CBAT.
- Data from CBAT will be loaded into Project Costing Delivered Interface tables once per fiscal year
  - Any updates interfaced outside the yearly load cycle will be changes on the project manager or special circumstances to be defined by OMB
- The delivered INFORMS interface process will be used for loading the projects and activities
  - Once the load is successful, the project's status will update to Budgeted



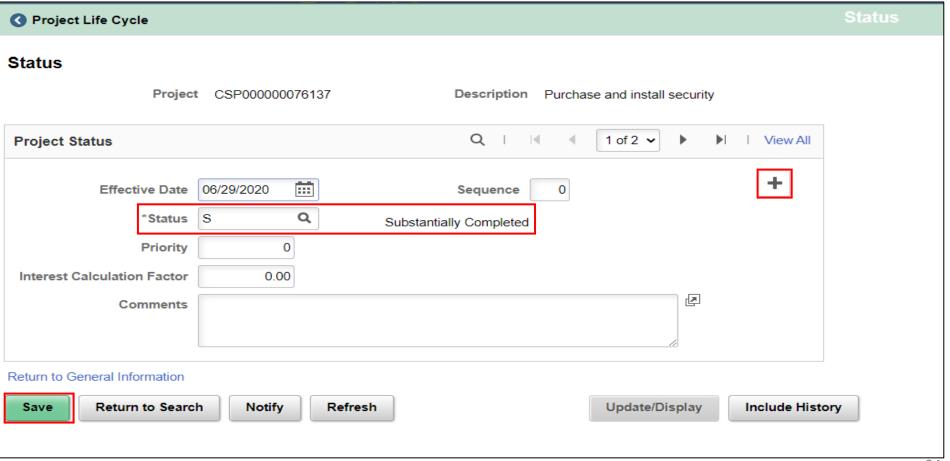
### Lecture 3: Project Statuses and Activation

- The process for Project Activation:
  - When loaded from CBAT/Angular
    - Project comes with status B for Budgeted
  - Central Finance review for correctness
  - Reporting Entity is set-up
  - Project is Activated
- Three project statuses are only available for Capital projects:
  - Substantially Completed
    - Completed by the Project Manager
  - Finance Review
    - Completed by the Department's Finance
  - In Service
    - Fixed Assets



### Lecture 3: Project Statuses and Activation

 Navigation: Finance/Supply Chain (FSCM) > Project Management > Projects > Add/View My Project > Project Status link





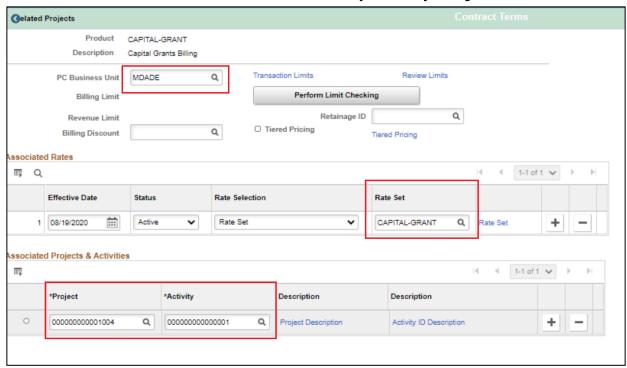
# Lecture 4: Funds Distribution for Capital Reimbursement

- The cost and the retainage rows on funds distribution will be divided into CTY and RMG pairs
  - RMG rows will be billed to the customer
  - CTY rows will be the cost absorbed by the County
- A component of Retainage for Capital not present in Grants
  - Retainage Reduction
  - Retainage Adjustment
  - Retainage Release
- Labor Reimbursement
  - If there is labor to be reimbursed for the capital project, this will need its fund's distribution rule in conjunction with the retainage rule



# Lecture 5: Associating to Customer Contract for Grants Capital Projects

- Only Capital Reimbursements will need to go through Contracts for Customer Billing
- Only difference from the Grant Contract is to select the Capital Product and use CAPITAL-GRANT rate set to associate the capital projects on the contract terms





#### Lesson 1: Activities and Exercises



# Lesson 2: Capitalization

# ASSET CREATION & MAINTENANCE

**Business Process** 



#### **Record Asset Acquisition**

 Asset Creation - Can be created online, through a spreadsheet template or integrated from PO-Receipt/AP Voucher or Project Costing (Capital Projects)

#### **Maintain Asset**

- Adjustments/Transfers/ Re categorizations Cost and Quantity adjustments can be done online or through the Mass Change functionality. As per A.O. 8-2, transfer of assets will be limited to within the AM BU (Intra Departmental) only. Re categorizing assets triggers a change to the accounting entries.
- Retire/Disposal Retirement can be done either partial or full retirement based on disposal codes

#### **Physical Inventory**

- Asset Physical Inventory (PI) can be done through Auto scheduled or Manual PI events
- Asset Maintenance and Services Transactions can be recorded in the system by Custodian and Emplid
- Fluid applications can be used to conduct Asset Physical inventory through hand-held devices



#### **Depreciate Asset**

 Depreciation will be calculated based on Asset Profile attributes and useful life attached to an asset)

#### **Accounting Entries**

- Accounting entries are recorded by Transaction Types i.e. Add, Adjust, Transfer, Recategorize, Retire/Dispose and depreciation expenses and sent to GL via journal generator
- Asset accounting entries will be generated only for the CAFR Ledger







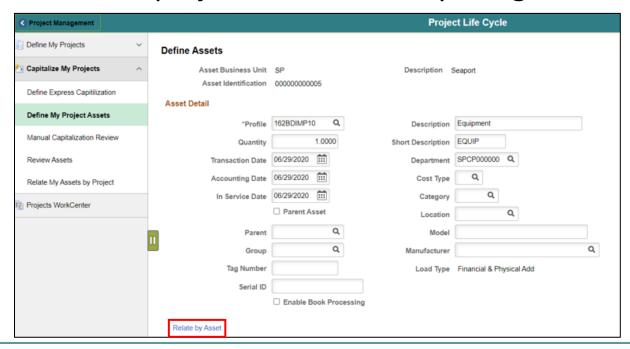


# Lesson 2: Key Terms

Term	Definition
Asset Integration Rules	The asset integration rules that you establish at the business unit level appear as default values when you create projects. You can override the default asset integration rules at the project level.  Activities inherit asset integration rules from the project level.
Asset ID	The Unique Identification used by the system to hold information for Assets.
Asset Profile	An asset profile is a template that contains standard depreciation criteria for an asset type and its corresponding asset books. The information established in an asset profile can be used as default values when you're adding assets to the system.
Capital Project	A Project that manages the transaction of costs associated with assets from inception to cost value adjustment to retirement.
Capitalization	The inclusion of cost into the asset value from inception through its life.

#### Lecture 1: Asset Definition

- INFORMS Project Costing manages the transaction costs associated with assets from inception to cost value adjustment to retirement
- Full lifecycle asset management provides detailed cost control, from defining the physical asset to placing it in service, maintaining it and retiring it
- Assets can be created from project transactions by using manual capitalization





#### Lecture 2: Projects to Asset

The process can accomplish these tasks that are associated with capitalizing project assets:

- 1. Summarize transactions by profile or asset
- 2. Populate PeopleSoft Asset Management Loader tables with a summarized profile or asset data
- 3. Reverse summarized profiles when summarizing by an asset if needed

All these are done through the process that is automatically run-in schedule



#### Lesson 2: Activities and Exercises



# Module 2: Capital Projects Summary

#### **Module Topics**

Module Introduction

Lesson 1: Capital Projects

Lesson 2: Capitalization



### **Course Content Summary**

Users should be able to:

- Understand Capital Projects
- Understand Capitalization

## Additional Training and Job Aids

Users may be eligible to take the following training courses based on their INFORMS roles:

- FIN 210 Create and Amend Contracts
- FIN 211 Create and Maintain Grants

Users also have the following resources available:

#### **User Productivity Kits (UPKs)**

Project Status Update for Capital Projects

For additional information, be sure to visit:

• Miamidade.gov/informs





Congratulations on successfully completing the Capital Projects course!

FIN 209B – Capital Projects

